"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,904. ... NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1915.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and tomorrow; moderate to fresh northwest winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 16.

WILL WILSON RUN? WASHINGTON ASKS

Capital Speculates Over His Plans—Hears He May Not Seek Renomination.

LEWIS STIRS MUCH TALK

Hint That Bryan May Seek Nomination, with Prohibition as His Chief Plank.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—In the minds of many politicians, the most significant thing in the national political situation is the fact that nobody knows, apparently, whether President Wilson will agree to be the candidate of the Democratic Party for the Presidential office in 1916. While Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois, in spite of the fact that he is the Democratic whip of the Senate, is not regarded as a spokesman for the White House, still considerable importance is being given to his assertion at the Jefferson Day dinner in New York last week that President Wilson would not be a candidate to succeed himself if all his policies were carried out before the political campaign of next year.

No especial significance would be attached to what was said by Senator Lewis if it were not for the fact that it fitted in with the guarded expressions of some of those who are closest to the White House. The impression has been gathered from these expressions that while the President has not said in any definite way whether he would care for another term, he was not at all certain that the Presidential office was attractive enough to make it worth while for him to go through another four years as Chief Executive of the nation. His life in the White House has been somewhat lonely, and it has been saddened in a way to take from it much of that satisfaction in the office that has been felt by most of his predecessors.

Mr. Wilson's friends know this and one of the closest of them has made the statement: "It is not at all certain that the President will care to run again."

The preparations for next year's national political battle that are being made by the Democratic managers all indicate the expectation that Mr. Wilson will be the Presidential candidate. But whether these men are going ahead with their plans on the basis of positive assurance from the White House that Mr. Wilson will enter the lists has not appeared, and in some quarters there is a disposition to believe that too much significance is being attached to the fact that the preliminary program for the national campaign centres around the accomplishments of the Administration. It is pointed out that no other course is open to the Democratic managers, as even if some other man than Mr. Wilson is the party's standard bearer in 1916, he must necessarily wage his contest on what has been done by the party since it has been in control of all branches of the Government.

At least one old friend of Secretary Bryan, who holds an official place in Washington, seems to be convinced that President Wilson will not be a candidate to succeed himself, and this friend of the Secretary of State is confident that Mr. Bryan will endeavor to capture a majority of votes in the nominating convention. An ex-United States Senator, a close political associate of Champ Clark, is authority for the statement that if Mr. Wilson declines to enter the Presidential contest, Mr. Clark will seek the nomination. Mr. Clark has said publicly that if Mr. Wilson wants the nomination in 1916 he can have it, and it has been made plain that Mr. Clark is not to be regarded as an aspirant for Presidential honors if Mr. Wilson cares to lead his party again.

Certain circumstances have aroused suspicion in the minds of political observers that Secretary Bryan contemplates making an effort to obtain the Democratic Presidential nomination next year—always, however, with the proviso that President Wilson will not take it. There is no doubt in the minds of well-informed persons here that Mr. Bryan is intensely loyal to the President's interests, political, official, and personal. In fact, he has given evidence not only of the most complete desire to do everything that would work to the success of the Wilson policies but has shown that he has a regard for the President that amounts to strong affection.

This loyalty of Mr. Bryan is understood and appreciated by the President, who has not hesitated to speak in the highest terms of his Secretary of State. On several occasions he has shown resentment of what he construed as criticism of Mr. Bryan.

What has impressed the politicians in connection with the preliminaries to the next Democratic campaign is that Mr. Bryan is engaged in an effort to make prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquors a major political issue. This course on his part has given rise to the belief that he is proceeding on the theory that if Mr. Wilson should decline to become the Presidential candidate Mr. Bryan would be able to seek the nomination with prohibition as his paramount plank.

The Anti-Saloon League of America, which has established quarters here and is engaged in an active propaganda in the interest of nation-wide prohibition, in a formal statement tonight takes issue with those who have assumed that President Wilson still adheres to the position he held when he was Governor of New Jersey, that the liquor question was a local question and not national.

The statement of the Anti-Saloon League was issued by Dr. P. A. Baker, its general superintendent. In part it says:

"Somebody seems to be greatly overworking a letter written by President Wilson, when Governor of New Jersey, to Dr. Shannon, when superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New Jersey, back in May, 1911, in which the President advocated the policy of local option in dealing with the liquor traffic—local option then, as now, being an issue in that State.

"These busy folk who insist on holding the President to these primary policies of years ago overlook the fact that in July of the same year the President wrote another letter to E. W. Grogin of Texas while a State-wide fight was on there, in which he said he believed that for some States State-wide prohibition was possible and desirable and that he had no reason to doubt, from what I know of the circumstances, that State-wide prohibition is both practicable and desirable in Texas.'

"The effort to make it appear that the President favors only a local option policy which has been abandoned in many States because public sentiment has outgrown it, in the face of his declared belief in a State-wide prohibition under certain conditions, is certainly very unfair to the President, for it assumes that his attitude on the question today is necessarily the same as his attitude four years ago in the face of the tremendous strides made in the growth of public sentiment."

FINDS TURTLE BAY NO JAPANESE BASE

Our Naval Investigator Discovers Widespread Report Is Without Foundation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Commander Noble E. Irwin of the United States cruiser New Orleans sent a telegram from Turtle Bay, Mexico, to Secretary Daniels this afternoon which satisfied Government officials that no foundation existed for the story spread broadcast from the Pacific Coast last week that Japanese warships had occupied Turtle Bay and established a naval base on its shores.

Today's message was not transmitted through Commander Irwin's superior officer, Admiral Thomas Benton Howard, in command of the United States Pacific fleet at Mazatlan, but was sent direct by radio to San Diego and thence overland by telegraph to Washington. This was in accordance with instructions that had been given to Commander Irwin through Admiral Howard, to whom Commander Irwin also has reported the facts.

Commander Irwin reported in today's message to the Navy Department that the activity of the Japanese in Turtle Bay was due solely to the efforts being made to salvage the Japanese cruiser Asama, which went on the rocks there on Dec. 14.

He spoke of no warships being in the bay except the Asama. He reported that the Asama was still aground, and that the commander of that vessel informed him that it was expected that the cruiser would be floated in the first week in May. Commander Irwin said that, besides the Asama, the vessels in Turtle Bay were a Japanese supply ship, a Japanese repair ship, two British colliers, a Japanese fishing schooner, and two Japanese fishing boats.

Commander Irwin was en route on the New Orleans from San Diego to Mazatlan and was instructed to call at Turtle Bay, to pay a visit of courtesy and offer to give help to the Asama if desired, and, incidentally, to report the facts. The report made by him confirms the view the Administration has held all along, that the presence of the Japanese vessels in the bay was due wholly to the operations for raising the Asama.

STOP NEWPORT NEWS SHIPS

Allies' Fleet Off the Capes Examines All Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, April 18.—No longer can the allied warships of the Virginia capes be charged with being asleep at the post of duty, and if another German raider from the high seas attempts to make the haven of Hampton Roads it will have to be even more cunning in seamanship and endowed with greater luck than the Kronprinz Wilhelm. The guarding warships are taking no chances this time, and night and day are holding up all out and ingoing steamers except the well known liners making regular calls.

Incoming steamer commanders today reported that they had been halted by these warships when within from ten to fifteen miles of the Capes and closely scrutinized before being allowed to continue in. It is also reported that all outgoing steamers have been subjected to the same close observation. Beach residents report that at night the warships draw in much closer to the shore and keep their searchlights continually going. Four of these warships are still guarding the Capes, and today thousands visited the beach resorts in order to catch glimpses of the ships. Two were said to be visible at times during the day.

It is admitted today that Capt. Thierfelder's request for extra precautions in guarding the Kronprinz Wilhelm is due to the receipt of letters threatening or warning him that the German raider was in danger of being blown up with a bomb.

All approaches to the pier of the Wilhelm are closely guarded by artillerymen, while the main gateway is occupied by a machine gun and its operating squad. The United States naval tug Rocket blocks the entrance to the Wilhelm's slip, and at night two naval launches, one equipped with a small rapid-fire gun, patrol the waters leading to the pier.

Examination of the Kronprinz Wilhelm today indicated that she was drawing too much water aft to enter the dry dock. An attempt will be made tomorrow to dock the vessel for survey by the United States Naval Board, but it may be necessary to allow her to take on more coal to lower her bow.

FOR A FEDERAL QUARANTINE.

Ex-President Taft and Others to Urge Transfer from State.

A meeting will be held in the New York Academy of Medicine tomorrow night for the purpose of urging that the Quarantine station of the Port of New York be transferred from the State authorities to the United States Public Health Service, because of conditions in Europe brought about by the war. Ex-President Taft will speak on "The Relation of the National Government to Quarantine and Other Public Health Agencies."

Henry James, Jr., recently returned from a tour of inspection in the warring countries, and Dr. William C. Woodward, Health Officer of the District of Columbia, will discuss various phases of the subject.

RESCUE ENTANGLED DIVER.

Comrades' Heroic Work—Three Lines Now on the F-4.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Diver William F. Loughman, who became entangled in the lines attached to the sunken submarine F-4 Saturday while working under 200 feet of water in Honolulu harbor, has been rescued safely and is unharmed by his trying experience.

Rear Admiral Moore cabled the Navy Department tonight the news of Loughman's release by the heroic efforts, lasting four hours, of comrades who went to his assistance.

"The lines attached to the F-4 seem clear," Admiral Moore's message said. "Three lines have been passed forward and secured to pontoons."

Naval officers said tonight another line must be made fast to the F-4 before the vessel could be lifted.

ROOSEVELT SMILING, BUT BARNES GRIM

Both Arrive in Syracuse on the Same Train, Ready for $50,000 "Boss" Libel Trial.

NO POLITICS, COUNSEL SAY

Merely a "Man-to-Man" Suit for Redress for Injury—Republicans Predominate Among Veniremen.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 18.—Theodore Roosevelt and William Barnes, the principals in the big libel suit which is scheduled to come to trial tomorrow in the Supreme Court here, arrived in the city tonight. The Colonel and Mr. Barnes rode in the same train. With the former Republican State Chairman was William M. Ivins, the New York lawyer, who leads the Barnes legal battery.

Mr. Barnes, on his arrival, went to the Onondaga Hotel. Colonel Roosevelt was met by Horace S. Wilkinson, Progressive leader of Onondaga County, and whisked in an automobile to Mr. Wilkinson's country home to remain for a day or two.

Colonel Roosevelt and Mr. Barnes arrived on the Southwestern Limited at 10:05 o'clock. Several hundred persons were at the station, and when the Colonel's black slouch hat became visible there was a short cheer. The Colonel, smiling, was pushed through the crowd by Mr. Wilkinson before Mr. Barnes, who had ridden in the car behind the Colonel's, had a chance to come up with him.

The crowd did not recognize the former State Chairman. Accompanied by Mr. Ivins, William Brannan, his private secretary, and Hugh Hastings, ex-State Historian, who is with the Ivins forces, he hastened to the hotel which is to be his headquarters during the trial. Mr. Barnes's expression was grim. He appeared anxious for the battle.

Both principals refused to say anything for publication. The Colonel said: "All statements now and during the trial will be made by my counsel, John M. Bowers."

On the trip here the Colonel kept close to his stateroom. Mr. Barnes had made a reservation on Car 51, but when the train reached Albany he found the Colonel was in that car. While Mr. Barnes was having a wordy war with the conductor on the platform, right under the Colonel's window, Mr. Roosevelt looked down upon his enemy with a blank expression, and made no sign that he recognized him. Finally Mr. Barnes and his party obtained seats in Car 49, adjoining the Colonel's.

No Politics, Says Ivins.

Soon after his arrival, Mr. Ivins, chief counsel for Mr. Barnes, issued this statement:

"I notice in today's newspapers that considerable space is given to the question of the political significance of the action of Mr. Barnes against Mr. Roosevelt. I have heretofore declined to talk about the suit, believing that the place to state and try the issues involved was in the courtroom and not in the press. But I believe it my duty to my client to say that this suit is not a political one, and is quite without political significance, so far as either he or I can see.

"The case is a very simple one between man and man, just like any other where a plaintiff claims that he has been robbed of his property and of his right. Unless men who are treated lawlessly appeal to the law and apply the law we should have no law at all. The fact is that the very existence of law depends upon the determination of each individual to maintain his rights and property when wilfully, wantonly, and ruthlessly attacked.

"It is quite indifferent to the good citizen determined to perform his duty whether the occasion for lawlessness grew out of a political controversy or the opportunity offered a highwayman by a dark street and a blackjack. The result is a struggle for law and for that alone and has no political, class, religious or other significance whatever. Its significance is purely that which inheres in a demand for justice as a matter of principle and without regard to or calculation of political consequences. A man's reputation and right to public esteem are personal properties which he must protect like any other if he does not wish tamely to acquiesce in robbery and take a course of submission which, if generally adopted by all men, would mean the destruction of society itself."

Mr. Ivins added that, following the severance of personal relations between Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Barnes, the ex-President began a persistent attack on the latter. This attack culminated, he said, with the charge of the existence of a bipartisan political combination between Mr. Barnes and Charles F. Murphy. Mr. Barnes then was forced, Mr. Ivins continued, to seek redress in the courts or permit the allegations to stand as true. For this reason, he declared, the issue was one of justice and not politics.

John M. Bowers, counsel for Colonel Roosevelt, said tonight: "All my life I have made it a practice not to discuss in the newspapers the cases in which I am engaged. I shall not depart from that custom now. I should not say even this much, save that there has been a disposition to make the issue in this case a political one, when it really is a simple case of defamation of character."

When Mr. Ivins was asked if there was a chance of the case being settled out of court he said: "All such talk is arrant nonsense."

A story is current here tonight that Colonel Roosevelt, in a brief to be filed with the court tomorrow on a motion to have the case dismissed, will plead that he did not intend to infer, in his statement regarding Barnes, that the latter was personally corrupt, but that Barnes and Charles F. Murphy were partners in many political deals.

Mr. Bowers to Cross Examine.

During the afternoon the local Roosevelt lawyers, Oliver D. Burden and Stewart M. Hancock, with William H. Van Benschoten, of the New York firm of Bowers & Sands, which has charge of the Colonel's case, held a conference at which it was practically settled that Mr. Burden should examine the talesmen for the jury, while the opening address should be made by Mr. Van Benschoten. Mr. Bowers is to take care of the cross-examination of witnesses.

The Barnes counsel are secretive, but it is likely that William M. Barnum,

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If There Never Should Be Another War, What Then?

Professor Franklin H. Giddings of Columbia University discusses this interesting theme in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

Order next Sunday's Times today of your newsdealer.
The Times is always sold out early.

3 DEAD, SCORE HURT IN MOTOR ACCIDENTS

A. T. Terhune and Wife Killed Under Upset Auto Near Mt. Arlington, N. J.

MME. MATZENAUER INJURED

Thrown Out with Husband and Two Others—Car Dives Through House in Patchogue.

Three persons were killed and a score were injured yesterday in automobile and motor cycle accidents in New York and New Jersey.

Alfred T. Terhune, manager of the F. H. Crane Sash Company in Passaic, N. J., and his wife, who was a descendant of the Post family of revolutionary history, were killed when their automobile turned over in the Chaplin Road near Nolan's Point, half a mile west of Mount Arlington, N. J. With them was their son Roger, 6 years old, who was seriously injured.

Among those injured elsewhere were Mme. Margaret Matzenauer, prima donna of the Metropolitan Opera House; her husband, Eduardo Ferrari-Fontana, one of the tenors of the Metropolitan; Mme. Delia M. Valeri, singing teacher, and her husband, August Valeri. All four were thrown from an automobile that collided with another car in Queens Boulevard near Woodside, L. I.

Automobile Wrecks a House.

The most unusual accident of the day occurred early in the morning in Patchogue, L. I., when a seven-passenger touring car crashed into the frame dwelling house of Mrs. Grace Terrell, tore away a corner of the building and passed through the parlor on the ground floor, throwing everyone in the house out of bed. None of the three men in the car was seriously injured, and the damage done to the house was greater than that to the automobile.

William Engle, a farmer living at Nolan's Point, N. J., was standing in front of his home, looking along Chaplin Road where it begins to rise on Hexamer Hill, in the morning, when he saw a runabout carrying Mr. and Mrs. Terhune and their son approaching from the direction of Passaic. A larger automobile was going in the opposite direction. Both machines were moving at high speed. Engle saw Mr. Terhune turn his car to the right to pass the approaching automobile and, as the outer wheels slid off the road into the soft dirt at the side, wrench his steering gear in an effort to get back on hard ground.

The momentum of the little automobile was too much for the sharp turn. The car rose in the air and pitched over, falling upside down and covering its three occupants. Engle ran down the hill and as he approached the wrecked automobile, he could see no sign of life. As he stopped by its side, the little boy, cut and bruised, crawled out from under the inverted seat. Engle carried the child to the roadside, an then attempted to turn the automobile over, but he was unable to do so. The automobile that Mr. Terhune had avoided had passed out of sight, its occupants ignorant of the accident.

Husband and Wife Dead.

Assistance was given soon from passing automobiles and several men living at the Point, and the little runabout was put on its wheels. Mr. and Mrs. Terhune were found lifeless. Dr. Charles D. Gordon of Mount Arlington said that their necks had been broken and that they had been instantly killed. The boy was taken to the Mount Arlington Hotel and later to his home in Passaic, where his brother and two sisters live. They are Miss Helen Terhune, a nurse in the Passaic General Hospital; Miss Edith Terhune; and Floyd Terhune. Mr. and Mrs. Terhune were on their way to Lake Hopatcong, where they have a Summer home. He was 49 years old, and his wife a few years younger.

Benjamin L. Stratt of 639 South Fifty-second Street, Philadelphia, was killed and five other persons were injured in the afternoon, when their automobile skidded and turned turtle in the White Horse Pike near Egg Harbor, N. J. Meyer Meyerson, Mr. Stratt's business partner, suffered concussion of the brain and was taken to a hospital in a serious condition. Mr. Stratt's wife suffered severely from the shock of the accident and of her husband's death. The others injured were Harry M. Gosch of 1421 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, who is the owner of the automobile; his wife, and Mrs. Meyer Meyerson.

The party had been to Atlantic City and were returning to Philadelphia in Mr. Gosch's new six-pasenger touring car. He was at the wheel and the car upset when he attempted to turn out to pass an automobile approaching him. Mr. Stratt was pinned beneath his seat.

Stratt and Meyerson were manufacturers of women's underwear at 50 North Third Street, Philadelphia. Besides his wife, Mr. Stratt is survived by six children.

Thrown Out of Bed.

Mrs. Grace Terrell, her son, John Terrell, and two daughters, the Misses Grace and Josephine Terrell, were all sleeping soundly in their home at Jayne Avenue and Oak Street, Patchogue, at 3:30 o'clock in the morning. The young women, who are 22 and 20 years old, were in their bedroom, on the second floor, at the northwest corner of the house over the parlor. Mrs. Terhune and her son were in their rooms on the ground floor.

Suddenly there was a terrific crash, the whole house shook violently, and the floor of the young women's room sank a foot. They were thrown from their bed, and when found a few minutes later they were lying on the floor clasped in each other's arms, waiting in terror for a second shock. They were sure, they said later, that an earthquake had shaken the house. Mrs. Terrell and her son also were pitched from their beds to the floor, and at first feared an earthquake.

The cause of the shock was a heavy touring car owned and driven by Edwin Weeks, a garage keeper of Patchogue. In the automobile with him were Benjamin Graham, proprietor of the Bart-

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BRITISH E-15 LOST IN DARDANELLES

Submarine Runs Ashore and Turks Capture Her Crew—Seven Are Missing.

TWO HYDROPLANES SUNK

Turks Report This and Other Allied Reverses in the Recent Attacks Upon the Strait.

LONDON, April 18.—The British, as an offset to their success in destroying a Turkish torpedo boat which attacked the transport Manitou off Chios yesterday, lost the submarine E-15, which, while carrying out a difficult reconnoissance in the Dardanelles mine field, ran ashore on Kephez Point, the crew being made prisoners. According to the Turkish report, seven of the crew are missing.

An official statement issued in Constantinople says:

> The British submarine E-15 has been sunk in the Dardanelles east of Karanlik. Three officers and twenty-one men of the crew of thirty-one were rescued by the Turks. Among them was the former British Vice Consul at Dardanelles.

An official statement from the British Admiralty issued tonight gives the substance of a further report concerning the loss of life aboard the transport Manitou, which was attacked by a Turkish torpedo boat in the Aegean Sea. The report shows that twenty-four men were drowned, instead of 100, as at first reported, and that twenty-seven others are missing. The transport itself was not damaged.

The loss of life was due to the capsizing of one boat in the water and of another while it was being lowered, owing to the breaking of a davit.

In Egypt British airmen have been dropping bombs on the Turkish encampment near the border, while a French cruiser, the fire of which was directed by a seaplane, has been throwing shells on the Turks near El Arish, where the army for the invasion of Egypt has its headquarters.

These operations were undertaken presumably to harass the Turks, as the latter have not shown any intention of attacking the British since their last repulse along the Suez Canal.

Reuter's Athens correspondent says the bombardment of the Dardanelles was resumed Saturday. A Turkish aeroplane also circled over Tenedos, and unsuccessfully aimed bombs at several warships. Allied seaplanes pursued the Turkish aircraft, which escaped.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17, (by wireless to Berlin and London, April 18.)—The following Turkish official statement regarding recent operations at the Dardanelles was given out here tonight:

> On the afternoon of April 14 the English battleship Majestic bombarded a land position near Gaba Tepeh on Saros Bay. The fire was returned and the Majestic was forced to retire.
>
> On the following afternoon the Majestic attacked our advanced batteries, but was struck three times. The warship retired and was replaced by the British battleship Swiftsure, which continued the bombardment without result.
>
> On the nights between the 13th and 15th of April enemy torpedo boats tried to penetrate the Dardanelles. They were easily repulsed. German aviators dropped bombs which struck and exploded on enemy coal steamers.
>
> Main Headquarters reports that yesterday an enemy hydroplane was damaged by Turkish fire and fell into the sea. A second hydroplane attempted to salve it and was sunk by our fire. An English armored cruiser, which tugged away the damaged machine, was struck by our shells. The cruiser with the hydroplane withdrew.

CHURCHILL DENIES RUMORS.

No Injury to Dardanelles Ships for a Month, He Says.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Monday, April 19.—Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, has written to the Newspaper Proprietors' Association:

"There has been no naval action of any kind in the North Sea during the last month, nor has there been any action of any kind in the Dardanelles other than local bombardment and reconnoissances by single ships. Since the 16th of last month up to the present moment there have only been two or three men hit at th Dardanelles, and no loss or injury to French or British ships. All rumors to the contrary are untrue and baseless."

NO PEACE MOVE BY POPE.

Denial Made That He Sounded Russia on the Subject.

ROME, April 18, (via Paris, April 19.)—The Corriere d'Italia, in an article inspired by the Vatican, contradicts the statement in The London Daily Mail, sent by a Petrograd correspondent, that peace suggestions to Russia have come from the Pope at the instance of private persons in Austria-Hungary.

According to the article published in The London Mail, the Pope's communication asked whether, if Austria were willing, Russia would enter into negotiations with a view to peace. The Corriere d'Italia says: "No Pontifical act could serve as the least foundation for such a statement, which must be deplored."

The Giornale d'Italia says Emperor Franz Josef and Pope Benedict have exchanged autograph letters through special couriers, the contents of which are kept strictly secret.

POPE REMOVES GERLACH.

Interpreter at von Wiegand Audience to Leave the Vatican.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—The Pope's private chamberlain, Mgr. Gerlach, who is an Austrian and acted as interpreter at the Pope's audience with Karl H. von Wiegand, has been asked to resign his post at the Pontifical court.

He will probably be sent to a secluded parish in Austria.

DERNBURG LETTER A BID FOR PEACE?

Taken as a Possible Indication of Germany's Willingness to Discuss Terms.

ATTRIBUTED TO VON BUELOW

But Dernburg Says He Wrote It Himself, Knowing, However, the Sentiment of Berlin.

WOULD NEUTRALIZE CANAL

Panama Waterway Involved in Free Sea Proposal—Great Interest Here and in Washington.

Berlin Discussing Peace Conditions

COPENHAGEN, April 19.—The National Tidende's Budapest correspondent sends an interview with Count Julius Andrassy, former Hungarian Premier, who has just returned from a series of conferences in Berlin. Count Andassy is quoted as saying that the subject of the conferences was peace and peace conditions.

"Unfortunately," Count Andrassy added, "the people in Berlin do not seem to understand that no real result can be expected in the present war. The only result possible is no result.

"Only a surprise attack, such as the one in Belgium, can be completely successful under modern conditions of warfare. I expect only one good outcome from this war, namely, that it will make war impossible in the future."

AMSTERDAM, Monday, April 19.—The Cologne correspondent of The Tijd, discussing peace conditions, says:

"There is no serious thought in competent circles in Germany of retaining Belgium. Within a few weeks some surprising statements on this matter may be expected.

"The leaders of German opinion are now agreed that the aim of the war will have been reached as soon as Germany's national existence is guaranteed and her colonies secured."

The letter of Dr. Bernnard Dernburg, ex-Colonial Secretary of Germany, in which he proposed as a basis of peace satisfactory to Germany the "neutralization of the seas," in times of war as well as peace, by a concert of the powers, aroused great interest yesterday as pointing to a possible willingness of Germany at this time to discuss terms upon which the conflict in Europe might be brought to a termination.

In this letter, read at a pro-German mass meeting in Portland, Me., Saturday night and given wide circulation through the press, Dr. Dernburg advanced ideas which in the main amounted to these proposals:

1. The freedom or neutralization of the high seas in time of war.
2. An open door policy regarding colonies under which German trade with the colonies of other empires, notably the British, would not be hampered by the preferential tariffs now accorded the mother country.
3. Failing the granting of demands 1 and 2 and the smoothing of the German paths of commerce through Belgium without British interference, Germany's retention of Belgium as a natural foreland and commercial doorway to the western seas.
4. The safety, which would seem to mean now the return, to Germany of German colonies, into which Germany could pour her increasing population.
5. A free hand for German activity along lines already tapped in Asia Minor and Africa.

In his argument Dr. Dernburg asserted that the advantages accruing to Germany from permanently retaining the land which it had taken in Europe could be disregarded if all the other German demands, especially a guaranteed free sea, were fully complied with in making peace and "the natural commercial relations of Belgium and Germany were considered in a just and workable form."

In connection with the neutral free sea which he proposed, Dr. Dernburg made a point of including the "narrows," and in elaborating upon his letter last night he said he meant to include in the term "narrows" all waterways, such as the Panama and Suez Canals. He said that in case of the United States being engaged in war the warships of the enemy of this country would not have a right to pass through the Panama Canal, and he added significantly that the warships of no other nation would enjoy that right.

Added significance attached to Dr. Dernburg's letter from the fact that peace discussions have simultaneously appeared from various sources in Europe as if indicating a possible desire on the part of Germany to put out feelers for peace.

Sees Hand of von Buelow.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, who was suggested as the next Republican Presidential candidate at a Lotos Club dinner in his honor Saturday night, read the Dernburg letter with interest, making several remarks regarding his impressions of it as he read. One of these remarks was:

"Dernburg didn't write this letter himself; he couldn't. It came from a far stronger hand than Dernburg's."

Dr. Butler said later that he couldn't think of any man who could have written it except Prince von Bülow, the German Ambassador to Italy, who is presumably now in Rome.

"This thing is extremely subtle," said Dr. Butler. "It sounds like von Bülow. He is supposed to be one of their thinkers at the present time, and is probably one of the few who could have done anything like this."

Dr. Butler was emphatic in his assertion that the document had not been written originally in German, but was

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AUSTRIA'S OVERTURES TO ITALY FRUITLESS

Fail to Agree on Territorial Concessions, Despite Germany's Efforts, Rome Hears.

ROME, April 18.—From an authoritative source it is learned that notwithstanding Germany's efforts, Italy and Austria have failed to reach an agreement with reference to territorial concessions.

Many reports have been current respecting the proposals said to have been made by influential Austrians anxious to preserve peace with Italy, for the temporary disposition of the Province of Trent, provided Austria consented to cede it to Italy. The latest proposal, according to these reports, was that the territory be ceded to the Pope and that the Pontiff turn the territory over to Italy after the war.

Prince von Buelow, the German Ambassador at Rome, is said to have frowned upon this suggestion because he feared that it would be a new source of friction between Austria and Italy, something which he had been striving to eliminate.

Earlier suggestions regarding he disposition of Trent were that it be ceded to Germany, to hold until the end of the war, or that it be occupied until that time by Switzerland, with the agreement in either case that the territory should eventually become Italian.

LONDON, Monday, April 19.—It is again stated that the German efforts to bring about an accord between Austria and Italy have failed, a report which if confirmed, is likely to magnify in the eyes of the Italians the frontier incident which occurred yesterday.

According to the latest report a patrol of Austrians, passing over Italian territory, actually fired upon the Italian troops, who repulsed them, and in return penetrated into Austrian territory.

ALLIED AIR RAIDERS HOVER OVER SINAI

Fly From the Suez Canal to El Sirr, Dropping Bombs on Turks' Tents.

CAIRO, (via London,) April 18.—The following official communication was issued today:

> On the 15th three aeroplanes made a flight from the canal to El Sirr, some twenty-five miles south of El Arish (in the Sinai Peninsula) dropping bombs, which were effective. From 150 to 200 tents were seen. The distance flown was more than 170 miles.
>
> No other enemy troops were seen this side of El Sirr, though one or two small posts of about twenty men are known to exist.
>
> On the same date a French cruiser bombarded a camp near El Arish, a seaplane directing the fire. No large number of troops was seen, though enemy guns opened fire both on the cruiser and the seaplane. Neither was hit, however.
>
> On the 17th a French cruiser, again assisted by a seaplane, bombarded the enemy's camp well to the south of Ghazzeh, (the ancient Gaza,) a town some forty miles southwest of Jerusalem. Considerable damage was done.

AMERICANS ANNOYED BY ITALIAN POLICE

Rev. Walter Lowrie and Miss Edith Deacon Recently Detained as Suspected Spies.

ROME, April 18.—The police watch on foreigners recently has become closer and as a result mistakes are occurring of which some Americans are the victims temporarily. One of these errors involved the Rev. Walter Lowrie, formerly of Newport, R. I., and now rector of the American Church at Rome.

Mr. Lowrie was stopped by the police while traveling on behalf of Americans who had sent relief funds for the victims of the recent earthquake. He was asked to show the papers which he carried. When he produced the list containing the names of the Americans with the figures showing the amount of their donations the situation became graver, as the police thought the writing was in code. Finally the mistake was discovered and Mr. Lowrie was released with apologies.

It is not long ago that Albert Van Buren, Director of the American Academy in Rome, was arrested here as a German spy, being released when the error was made apparent.

PALERMO, Sicily, April 18.—Miss Edith Deacon of Boston and Newport, R. I., daughter of Mrs. Florence Baldwin and sister of Princess Antoine Albert Radziwill, recently was suspected of being a spy while traveling at Girgenti. Miss Deacon sent a dispatch to Thomas Nelson Page, American Ambassador to Italy, explaining her predicament. The Ambassador applied to the Italian Minister of the Interior and the matter was immediately cleared up, it being shown to the Girgenti authorities that their suspicions were groundless.

KNEW WAR WAS CERTAIN.

Paris Paper Asserts the German Ambassador Was Warned by July 20.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 18.—The Petit Parisien asserts that the German Ambassador to Paris, Baron von Schoen, knew that war was certain from July 20, despite his constant optimistic statements to the Paris press.

Baroness von Schoen on the 20th sought an interview with a high-placed Frenchman who said he was too busy to receive her until the 24th. She insisted upon seeing him, saying: "I cannot wait until then. I must leave with my daughter day after tomorrow." Whereupon the Frenchman received her.

Two days later she bade an affecting farewell to the whole embassy staff and departed incognita for the German frontier.

RUSSIANS TAKE 70,000 PRISONERS

Petrograd Also Says 30 Cannon and 200 Machine Guns Were Captured in Carpathians.

VICTORY CALLED COMPLETE

75 Miles of Principal Mountain Chain Held and the Advance Continues.

OPPOSED BY 300,000 MEN

Attacks of Austro-German Armies Reported to Have Been Repulsed with Huge Losses.

PETROGRAD, April 18.—Seventy-five miles of the principal chain of the Carpathians carried by storm and 70,000 prisoners, including 900 officers, taken, with 30 field guns and 200 machine guns, represent the tangible result for the Russians of the tremendous struggle which has been waged for the gateways of Hungary since the beginning of March. This definite information was contained in the following official review of the campaign issued from General Headquarters tonight:

"At the beginning of March in the principal chain of the Carpathians we held only the region of the Dukla passes, where our lines formed an exterior angle. All other passes, of Lupkow and further east, were in the hands of the enemy.

"In view of this situation, the further task of developing, before the season of bad roads due to melting snows began, our position in the Carpathians, which dominated the outlets into the Hungarian plains, was assigned to our armies.

"About the period indicated, the great Austrian forces, which had been concentrated for the purpose of relieving Przemysl, were in a position between Lupkow and Uzsok passes. It was for this sector that our grand attack was planned. Our troops had to carry out a frontal attack under very difficult conditions of terrain. To facilitate their attack, therefore, an auxiliary attack was decided upon on a front in the direction of Bartfeld, as far as Lupkow.

"This secondary attack was opened March 19 and was completely developed. On March 23 and 28 our troops had already begun their principal attack in the direction of Balligrod, enveloping the enemy's positions from west of Lupkow Pass, and on the east, near the source of the San.

Desperate Resistance Offered.

"The enemy opposed a most desperate resistance to our offensive. They had brought up every available man on the front from the direction of Bartfeld as far as Uzsok Pass, including even German troops and numbers of cavalrymen fighting on foot. The enemy's effectiveness on this front exceeded 300 battalions. (An Austrian or German battalion numbers 1,000 men.) Moreover, our troops had to overcome great natural difficulties at every step.

"Nevertheless, by April 5—that is, eighteen days after the opening of our offensive—the bravery of our troops enabled us to complete the task assigned and we had seized the principal chain of the Carpathians on a front between Reghetov and Volosate, of 110 versts, (about 75 miles.)

"The fighting subsequently has been in the nature of actions in detail, intended to consolidate the successes we won.

Tells of Foe's Huge Losses.

"To sum up, on the whole Carpathian front, between March 18 and April 12, the enemy has suffered enormous losses and has left in our hands in prisoners alone at least 70,000 men, including about 900 officers. Further, we have captured thirty guns and 200 machine guns.

"On April 16 the actions in the Carpathians were concentrated in the direction of Rostoki. The enemy, despite the enormous losses suffered, delivered in the course of that day no fewer than sixteen attacks in great strength. These attacks, all of which were absolutely barren of result, were made against the heights we have occupied further to the east of Telepotch.

"Our troops during the night of April 16-17, after a desperate fight, stormed and captured a height to the southeast of the village of Poden, where we took many prisoners. Three counter-attacks delivered by the enemy against this height were repulsed.

"In the other sectors all along the front there has been no change."

Technically on Hungarian Soil.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, April 18, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—Fighting in the Carpathians on the main line of the Russian advance has been concentrated on the narrow section lying between the villages of Telepoche and Zuella. The latter is situated fourteen miles almost due south of Balligrod, and Telepoche is four miles west by north of Zuella. The scene of this fight, which has been in progress for a couple of days only, is twenty miles from Homonna, so that the Russians already are technically in Hungarian territory.

After a series of stubborn bayonet fights the Russians took possession of the fortified positions of the enemy on the heights and captured 1,140 soldiers, 24 officers, and 3 Maxims. In a number of counter-attacks the enemy lost very heavily without gaining any advantages.

In the Stryi-Munkacs direction, where very large forces of Germans are operating, attacks upon the heights captured by the Russians appear to continue with hardly any intermission, and are resolutely flung back. I have seen letters from both officers and men in this region, and all alike reflect that assurance of victory which goes so far to make success in war.

"We do not get so many German prisoners as Austrians," says one officer, "but we are killing probably more, and they will have to clear out."

Liveliness is again manifested between Mariampol and Calvaria, where advance guards of the German forces have appeared.

BREAD RIOTS IN AUSTRIA.

Demonstrations Against the War Said to be Increasing.

VERONA, April 18.—Travelers from the interior of Austria bring reports of increasing unrest resulting from the insufficiency of the bread allowance which, although it has been increased, still is considered inadequate.

Demonstrations against the war are said to be increasing in number and violence, especially in Vienna and at points in Bohemia, where mobs are reported to have sacked storehouses in which were stocks of provisions for the army.

TRENCHES AROUND VIENNA.

Budapest Also Reported to be Fortified Against Russians.

LONDON, Monday, April 19.—"A reliable person, who has just arrived from Austria and Hungary," says The London Times's Bucharest correspondent, "declares that Vienna and Budapest both are strongly fortified.

"On the left bank of the Danube Vienna is protected by long lines of trenches, barricades, and barbed wire entanglements. Fourteen million dollars have been spent on fortifications."

Extra Term for Hungarian M. P.'s.

VENICE, April 18.—As the terms of members of the Hungarian Parliament expire on June 20, the Government will introduce a bill at the session opening tomorrow extending the terms, by mandate of Parliament, for another year. This will not prevent Parliament's dissolution if the war ends before June, 1916.

GERMANS OFFER EXCHANGES

Release a French Deputy to Confer with His Government.

PARIS, April 18.—Deputy Léon Pasqual, who is a Captain of chasseurs, has arrived in Paris, after seven months' captivity in the German fortress of Torgau, to which he was taken after the fall of Maubeuge.

The German authorities have charged him to discuss with the French Government the exchange of army doctors and French and Belgian civil prisoners.

RUSSIA TO HAVE CONSTANTINOPLE

Professor Mulikoff Says Allies Have Written Agreement for Disposal of Turkish Capital.

TO DISMEMBER AUSTRIA

Serbia and Greece to Get Territory —Guarantees to Bulgaria— Italy Might Share.

ROME, April 18 (via Paris, April 19.)—The Sunday Messaggero publishes today an interview had in Petrograd by its correspondent with Professor Paul N. Milukoff, leader of the Constitutionalist Democratic Party in the Russian Duma. Professor Milukoff said Russia was ready to fight for one year, or two years, if necessary. The momentary successes of the Germans did not disturb Russia's patience, as the people knew that this was a war of resistance and wearing down, and that time was the best ally of Russia.

The Russian program, Professor Milukoff continued, was liberty in the Black Sea, with the possession of the strait leading from it, evidently implying that Russia purposed to occupy Constantinople in the event of the success of the Allies. A written agreement in this sense, Professor Milukoff said, already had been concluded between Great Britain, France, and Russia. He was not sure whether this agreement included the islands of Tenedos and Imbros, which, according to the Conference of London in 1913, it was decided should belong to the power of the strait.

Professor Milukoff said the many international interests centred in Constantinople would be protected by Russia. An international commission would solve the question of the Ottoman public debt. International commerce through the strait would be guaranteed even during war. The six vilayets comprising Armenia would become autonomous under the suzerainty of Russia. Some persons were advocating that Cilicia, the ancient division of Asia Minor, bordering on the Mediterranean and now belonging to the Turkish vilayet of Adana, be added to Armenia, thus giving Armenia an opening on the Mediterranean with ports at Alexandretta or Mersina.

M. Milukoff expressed the firm belief that the present war would be the end of Turkey and would result in the dismemberment of Austria. Greece, he said, perhaps would have Smyrna with the little hinterland inhabited by the Greeks, and besides the coast of Asia Minor facing Mitylene and Chios. Another great Islamitic empire was probable under British rule, going from Egypt to India, with the latter country the seat of the Caliphate.

The principle of nationality, M. Milukoff continued, would be strictly enforced at the end of the war concerning Austria. Thus, he said, Serbia would have Bosnia and Herzegovina, with the Dalmatian coast south of the Narenta River. Croatia would be independent, with the Dalmatian coast north of the Narenta River, and Bohemia also independent, while old Rumanian territory would be added to Rumania. Galicia, M. Milukoff said, would be annexed by Russia to form part of Poland, which would become autonomous.

Russia, he added, also would grant equal rights to the Jews, although this step was much opposed, especially by the military party.

M. Milukoff said he thought Bulgaria would join the Allies after having received the same amount of money as the loan she had contracted in Germany. Russia had offered to Bulgaria that part of Macedonia which, according to the Serbo-Bulgarian treaty of 1912, was assigned to her, and also the territory occupied by the Bulgarians in Greek Macedonia, like Kastoria, Vodena, and Fiorina. The Bulgarians had asked in addition for the districts of Uskup and Kumanovo.

"The agreement between Bulgaria and Rumania," said M. Milukoff, "was perfected on the basis of the protocol signed in Petrograd, under which Rumania would return to Bulgaria the territory taken after the second Balkan war, while because she had remained neutral the Triple Entente already had guaranteed to Bulgaria that they would reconquer Adrianople and extend her frontier to the Tnos-Media line."

If Italy joined the Allies, M. Milukoff said, she would have, if the Allies were victorious, Trent, Trieste, and Pola, and in addition a share in Asia Minor.

THE OFFICIAL REPORTS OF WAR OPERATIONS

France.

PARIS, (Night Report).—The day was relatively calm, being marked mainly by artillery actions and local infantry engagements.

In the valley of the Aisne, at the Bois de St. Mord, the enemy attacked our trenches at the close of the afternoon, but was promptly stopped by our artillery, while a bayonet charge inflicted severe losses on the enemy.

In Champagne, to the northwest of Perthes, the Germans were compelled to evacuate an excavation which they had been occupying close to our lines. By the explosion of mines, followed by an attack, we captured sixty meters of enemy trenches.

In the Woevre there was only cannonading.

In Lorraine the Germans delivered, in the environs of the forest of Parroy, several minor attacks, with weak effectives, particularly near Bures, Mouracourt, Embermenil and St. Martin, but were easily repulsed.

In Alsace the Germans thrice attacked, without success, our trenches on Little Reich-Ackerkopf. We, on our part, made fresh progress in the region of Schnepfen-Riethkopf.

One of our aeroplanes, after a brilliant pursuit, brought down a German aeroplane, which fell within the enemy's lines in Belgium between Langemarck and Passachendaele.

(Day Report)—In the Vosges a German attack, prepared for by a violent bombardment and carried out by a battalion against our positions northwest of Orbey, Alsace, (fourteen miles northwest of Colmar,) was repulsed. The Germans left many dead in front of our trenches and we made about forty prisoners.

"A Belgian aeroplane brought down a German aeroplane, near Roulers. In the same region one of our small squadrons successfully bombarded an aviation ground.

Germany.

BERLIN.—In the western theatre: The English, after having caused several explosions by means of mines, penetrated last night into our positions in the hills, close to the northern bank of the canal southeast of Ypres, but were repulsed again immediately by a counter attack, except from three of the craters they occupied. The fighting continues.

In the Champagne the French blew up a trench next to a position we captured the day before yesterday, but without gaining any advantage.

Between the Meuse and the Moselle there have been only artillery battles.

In the Vosges we took possession of an advanced French position situated on a ridge of hills southwest of Stossweler.

Southwest of Metzeral our advanced posts were withdrawn toward their points of support before a superior enemy force.

In the eastern theatre the situation remains unchanged.

Austria.

VIENNA.—The general situation is unchanged. In the Chrpathians, in the wooded mountains near Enagypolany, Zeloe, and Telepotch, Russian attacks were viciously repulsed. Seven officers and 1,425 men were captured.

On the other fronts there were only artillery engagements.

In the southern sphere of war there were no events of importance. The Serbian artillery fire from the region of Belgrade was successfully answered.

Russia.

[The official report is printed in another column.]

DARED ALLIED FLEET FOR THREE WEEKS

Turkish Torpedo Boat Escaped from the Dardanelles and Threatened Transports.

HAD GERMAN OFFICERS

These, Prisoners on Chios Now, in Hiding from a Hostile Refugee Populace.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHIOS, April 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—After three weeks spent in playing hide-and-seek with the allied fleet at the mouth of the Dardanelles, the Demir Hissar, a Turkish torpedo boat of ninety-seven tons, lies a wreck on the shore of Kallamoti Bay, in this island.

The small size of the boat must not be taken as any criterion of the importance of the incident. The Demir Hissar was the only Turkish vessel which succeeded in eluding the Allies' watch at the outlet from the strait, and she was in a position to inflict terrible damage in the neighborhood. This was, indeed, her special mission, according to statements made by several members of her crew.

It is nearly a month since she slipped through the strait into the open sea to lurk for transports. A few days ago her chance came. Near Tenedos she fell in with a troopship, and, if German and Turkish officers are to be believed, actually fired two torpedoes, neither of which took effect. At any rate the attack served to reveal her presence, and the daring little Demir Hissar fled precipitately southward, making for the Gulf of Smyrna, where she hoped to take shelter under the guns of the fortress. Headed off by British and French warships, she turned westward and steamed between Psara and the coast of Chios, with the British men-of-war in hot pursuit. Being speedy and a very small mark for gunfire, she kept the lead for some time.

This was Friday morning. Her pursuers kept up a dropping fire, sending about thirty shells after her, until at 2 o'clock in the afternoon her commander ran her ashore near the south end of the Island of Chios, taking the precaution before he did so of throwing overboard all his torpedoes and ammunition. Scrambling ashore as best they could, the officers and crew were immediately taken in charge by the Greek coast patrols, who had been watching the chase. The prisoners were thirty-four in number, and were found to include seven Germans, two being officers, three petty officers and two seamen. The officers were formerly attached to the Goeben, and their presence would appear to corroborate the statement that that vessel has been disarmed in order that her guns may be placed in the Dardanelles forts, and is now little more than a hulk. Among the seamen now interned here is a Jew who was pressed into service.

Officers and men find themselves in a singularly inhospitable country, for Chios has a population at the present moment of nearly 30,000 refugees from the mainland. So fierce was the hostile demonstration, particularly against the German officers when they appeared in public yesterday evening, that they will not now leave the Hotel Constantinople, where they have been quartered.

So far as can be ascertained, the Demir Hissar, during the three weeks she was at liberty, lay concealed in the daytime in inlets of the deeply indented and rocky coast of Asia Minor, keeping a respectful distance from the Dardanelles fleet and making nightly excursions toward the supposed route of the troop ships. Her presence had been known to the allied commanders for some time, and the closest watch was being kept for her.

PILLAGE IN SMYRNA DISTRICT.

Christians Murdered at Vourla—An Appeal to America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MITYLENE, Friday, April 16, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Merchants who arrived last night from Smyrna draw a gloomy picture of the state of things in the district surrounding that city. While Smyrna itself is quiet, pillage and murder are rife in the villages and smaller towns of the littoral, all Christians going in danger of their lives. At Vourla a Greek notable and others have been killed.

Large Turkish reinforcements arrived last week and defense works are being constructed with the utmost energy, particularly near Vourla. Several more German officers reached Smyrna a few days ago and have taken over the direction of defense preparations.

SYRACUSE, Sicily, (via Paris,) April 18.—Travelers arriving here from Asia Minor say that bands of Mussulman brigands are committing all kinds of outrages in Smyrna, pillaging, burning property, killing and taking hostages.

The people bringing this report say the Europeans in Smyrna urgently ask the assistance of the United States cruiser Tennessee, now in eastern waters, or any other force or influence which America can exercise.

PAPERS DISAGREE ON BALLIN LETTER

Cologne Gazette Contradicts London Times's Text, Which Put War Blame on Russia.

QUOTES A NEW LETTER

This, According to The Times, Was Never Received by Mr. Walter, to Whom It Was Addressed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, April 19.—The Times prints this morning an Amsterdam message quoting The Cologne Gazette as denying the authenticity of a passage which The Times published from a letter written to it by Herr Ballin on Aug. 2. This passage, which declared that "Russia alone must carry the full weight of responsibility for the war," was requoted by The Times last Thursday as proving Herr Ballin's inconsistency in the von Wiegand interview in attributing the blame to England.

According to The Cologne Gazette, Herr Ballin's letter, which was addressed to Mr. Walter, one of The Times' proprietors, who had been Ballin's guest during Kiel week, shortly before, read as follows:

My Dear Mr. Walter:

On my return from a journey I found your friendly letter of July 3, for which I thank you most warmly. In the few weeks which have elapsed since the sunny days of Kiel week a change of such incalculable significance has been effected that one can hardly grasp it. Perhaps only a few hours will still elapse before the last fatal decision, and yet one still cannot believe that only because Austria was compelled by year-long provocations to undertake a kind of punitive expedition against Serbia, Russia, and Germany, and perhaps also France and Italy, and possibly even England, will become involved in a world war, by which none of these countries can gain anything, but through which values to an extent of which the human mind is unable to form a conception would be destroyed.

It is not my task to investigate individually the grounds for this sudden change in events. I would only emphasize one, and I should be grateful to you if you would find room for this (my view) in your valued paper, as I see the opinion is disseminated that Germany wishes to wage this war, not as a war of defense, but as a so-called preventive of war; that is, as a war which, without any special cause, is conjured up only with the thought that the time for waging a war is favorable.

I hope the people of England will not give credit to so slanderous an opinion, for it is known in England through numerous personal relations with leading men in Germany that the German people can see that its great interests in world trade and world commerce will thrive and flourish only with peace. It is equally well known that all the efforts of the German Kaiser and his Chancellor are directed towards rendering our relations to foreign peoples peaceable and friendly. Every one who knows the German Kaiser will share my opinion that it most grossly contradicts his religious views to draw the sword unless it be for honor and the welfare of his people, and that the thought of a preventative war is inconceivable for a man of his views.

May diplomacy succeed in this last hour in the great work of the maintenance of peace.

The Times states that this letter was never received by Mr. Walter or at The Times office. It says:

"The letter which we did receive and have more than once published was telegraphed in German by Herr Ballin to the Hamburg-Amerika offices in London on Aug. 2. It was translated by Count von Wengersky, London representative of the Hamburg-Amerika Company, and delivered by him personally to Mr. Walter in Herr Ballin's name. Its receipt was formally acknowledged by a telegram."

The Most Famous Cigarette in the World

Vafiadis VAH-FEE-AH-DIS

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FOR "SECRET" DIPLOMACY.

Lord Cromer Defends It—Doubts Democracy Means Peace.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

London, Monday, April 19.—Lord Cromer, in a letter to THE TIMES discussing the question, "Does Democracy Mean Peace?" says:

"It may be joyfully acknowledged that so far as can be judged by all outward appearances, the present trend of democratic opinion is distinctly toward peace. Nevertheless, it is unquestionably a fact that all lessons of history go to show that the rule of demos is no surer guarantee against war than that of oligarchs or desposts."

Lord Cromer then adduces arguments from Greek and Roman history and events of more recent times and says:

"One of the results of the reign of ultra-democracy during the French revolution was far from mitigating, to stimplate human passions and to foster the desire for territorial aggrandisement."

Lord Cromer proceeds to discuss the constant invectives against what is called secret diplomacy.

"It is very generally held," he says, "that by taking the direction of international affairs to a greater extent than at present out of the hands of individuals and submitting them to a constant and somewhat extreme degree of popular control, a sure guarantee for peace would be secured.

"I was behind the scenes of the diplomatic stage for a quarter of a century, and my experience is that there have never been any important 'secrets' in British diplomacy which from the point of view of public morality or policy could not unobjectionably have been proclaimed on the housetops, and, moreover, that the efforts of that diplomacy had been steadfastly, and often very successfully, directed in order to insure the maintenance of peace."

"It was Lord Lyons who during the early sixties was mainly instrumental in preventing the calamity of war between Great Britain and the United States, and he has left on record his deliberate opinion that if at the time the irresponsible opinion of both countries had had greater material facilities for mutual attack and defense it would have been scarcely possible to avoid war."

Lord Cromer concludes:

"The only semblance of a reproach which can reasonably be leveled against recent British diplomacy is that the present war might have been avoided if the intention of the British Government to resist German aggression had been more clearly and firmly stated at the earlier stage of negotiations, but it can scarcely be doubted that if this had been done the very same individuals who are now disposed to criticise British diplomacy for not maintaining the peace of Europe would have raised a violent outcry on the plea that diplomatic action had tended to precipitate the war."

GARROS GETS THIRD VICTIM.

French Aviator Brings Down a German Aeroplane Near Ypres.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTH OF FRANCE, April 18.—Garros, the famous French airman, started in pursuit of a German aviator at 10 o'clock this morning, at Langemarck, between Ypres and Dixmude. eH was able to bring down his adversary, whose machine collapsed at a height of 2,000 feet and fell within the German lines. The French artillery at once opened fire on the spot where the aeroplane fell, and it is believed that both the pilot and the observer must have been killed.

This is the third German aircraft Garros has brought down within three weeks.

DERNBURG LETTER A BID FOR PEACE?

Continued from Page 1.

published in its original form. Von Bülow, he said, wrote fluently in both English and French. After finishing the article, Dr. Butler said:

"I have stopped reading the things Dr. Dernburg says, as a general rule. It is apparent, though, that this has a great deal more weight than a personal opinion of Dr. Dernburg, and I wouldn't attempt to enter into a discussion of the subject without first making a thorough study of the document. The proposal about a neutral sea involves a complete upsetting of all of the present doctrine of international law. Many phases of international law, in fact, enter into the document, and I shall discuss them with friends who are authorities on that subject.

"One point, however, which Dr. Dernburg skims over, is the sanction of the plan for neutral seas. The seas long have been considered neutral beyond the three-mile limit. He doesn't say anything about who is going to enforce absolute neutrality on all waters.

"Another important question which a cursory reading of the document suggests is that of the effect which such a plan as this would have on the Panama Canal and other waters of similar character. If all of the 'narrows' on the globe are to be made 'neutral waters' what are we to do about Panama? Shall it be opened to all ships at all times?"

Should Except the Canals.

James M. Beck, one of the foremost authorities on international law, said that he had not yet had time to give a careful reading to the Dernburg letter, but that in reading it over hurriedly the references to neutral seas and neutral narrows had attracted his attention.

"The whole document is very interesting and suggestive," Mr. Beck said, "but, without making a careful study of it, I would not care to discuss it in detail. Regarding the neutral narrows, if Dr. Dernburg meant them to include such waters as the Panama and other canals, I think that it would be only reasonable for him to draw a distinction between the open seas which God Almighty made and a canal such as the Panama Canal which our good dollars made, and I think that neutrals responsible for the construction of such waters certainly should have a say in the matter of what rights they are to have in them."

Frederic R. Coudert, who is also considered exceptionally well versed in matters of international law, said that he had found the document most interesting, especially as regarded its bearing on established international law. But the principal features of the document were in no way new, Mr. Coudert said.

"The same sort of proposition was advanced by Napoleon, in 1807, when he complained of British supremacy on the sea," said Mr. Coudert. "The proposition was all very well from Napoleon's standpoint, for the English Navy was interfering rather seriously with his plans. Neutrals, too, would have been glad at the time to adopt a scheme which would enable them to ship more goods.

"In our own civil war, too, neutrals would have been delighted at an unlimited opportunity to supply the South with arms and food, and undoubtedly the Confederates would have been extremely well pleased. Also, the war might still be going on. Such a plan would in all cases prevent a great nation from using its most effective weapon to starve out another nation.

Would Mean Naval Disarmament.

"Neutral seas would, of course, mean naval disarmament, except for certain coast defenses. Inland nations always have attempted to neutralize this great war power of other nations. If such a policy had been adopted a little over a hundred years ago, 'for the sake of humanity,' as I am told Dr. Dernburg puts it, there probably would be no Germany today, for if it had not been for England's naval power at that time Napoleon, with the greatest armies then on the Continent, could have made France the dominating influence in Europe. It was the English fleet that saved Germany.

"Such disarmament on the sea as is proposed would have no good effect in the general matter of disarmament. It would only make necessary land armament far more extensive than is now necessary and would prove a great boon to militarism. Ultimately, in the natural order of things, the dominating power on the Continent of Europe would be the power with the greatest army. If it had not been for Britain's navy in the present war, assuming that prepared, Germany could defeat the unprepared Allies on land, Germany would soon be that dominating influence in Europe. Summed up, it is a case of whose ox is gored.

"Concerning Dr. Dernburg's comments on the open door trade policy for colonies, it would appear that the Germans now have little to complain of on this score. England has adopted a free trade policy to a greater extent than any other country. The Germans have constantly boasted that they could ship their goods direct to England and undersell the English.

"There are many interesting points in the letter. It contains many points which would be interesting when compared with arguments that have been advanced by interested persons in past conflicts."

Mr. Coudert said that he intended to preserve the article and study its relationship to similar documents that previous wars had produced. He had been at a loss for an adequate topic for a talk he is to make Thursday evening before the Philadelphia Bar Association, he said, and he thanked Dr. Dernburg for supplying him with a topic for the occasion.

"My Letter," Dernberg Says.

Dr. Dernburg, who, in sending the "neutral sea" letter to Portland to be read in his absence, explained that he was unable personally to attend the mass meeting because of the illness of Mrs. Dernburg, was seen in his apartment at the Ritz-Carlton last night. He laughed heartily when told that the letter had aroused wide comment. Asked if he personally was the author of the letter, or if it had emanated from some official source, Dr. Dernburg said:

"I found myself unable to attend the meeting in Maine. Two of the men who had gotten up the mass meeting in Portland called on me before the meeting and when I told them I could not attend urged me to do something to keep from disappointing the audience, for they had advertised the meeting extensively. And so I sat down at my typewriter there," indicating a typewriter in a corner, "and wrote the letter myself.

"While the letter was not, in a strict sense, official in any manner whatsoever, it expressed what were my sentiments regarding the basis on which lasting peace could be procured and expressed what I was confident were the sentiments of the leaders in Germany on this subject. I know the views of these men through long personal association with them, through the exchange of ideas on such subjects, and through holding for a long time an important post in the Government.

"The basis of peace set forth in my letter was not meant to be a basis of peace which would be of advantage to either side in the present war or to any individual nation. It was meant to represent a basis which would be of the greatest benefit to all nations, to the world at large. France would benefit as much as Germany from such a basis of peace. All nations would be benefited by it.

"Regarding the part about neutral seas and narrows, I did mean to include all canals as well as the seas. Your rights in the Panama Canal in the event you were at with another nation? The other nation would not have a right to pass warships through the canal—neither would anybody else. The plan was meant to be one by which the seas would be disarmed.

"The English would be most benefited by a neutral sea policy—in spite of their dreadnoughts. Where are those dreadnoughts now? Where will they be soon? Well, those that are not sunk will be subjects for the British Museum. Their usefulness will have passed. It is the submarine that has brought about this change. Already the British dreadnoughts are packed away in oil and cotton in 'safe' harbors. Instead of twenty-nine submarines, Germany soon will have a hundred.

"Some great change in the international view of the proprietorship of the seas must be brought about as a consequence to the advent of the submarine and the passing of the dreadnought. Many submarines can be built for the price of one dreadnought, but they are essentially coast fighting ships, and must find a place in the future only as coast defenses, while the open seas must belong to everybody.

"A plan of this nature would open the door of sea commerce to the world."

Seeks Trade of Colonies.

In his letter, Dr. Dernburg said that a free sea would be useless unless combined with freedom of cable and mail communication with all countries, and that, to an even greater extent, the open sea would demand an open commercial and fiscal policy.

"This meant," he wrote, "that while every nation must have the right, for commercial and fiscal purposes, to impose whatever duties it thinks fit, those duties must be equal for all exports and imports for whatever destination and from whatever source."

"England has her great colonies in Africa, Australia, and North America," he said last night, in elaborating this subject, "and Germany has no colony in which white men can thrive. While other countries were exporting men, Germany exported goods, until walls were built up to keep her goods away from places where her competition was distasteful. These walls should be torn down for the benefit of all nations alike. Then every manufacturer's goods, no matter what nation he belonged to, would have to stand on its merits.

"The consequence of this open world trade would be increased contact and understanding among the peoples of the world, and would result in a friendlier spirit among the different nations. It would serve more than anything else to destroy nationalism and create a world empire in which all strove for honest supremacy."

Asked if he did not think the peace terms he had outlined would work great benefit to Germany in particular, Dr. Dernburg said they would work great benefit to everybody, and that he believed a basis of peace along similar lines would be necessary if peace were to last for any considerable time after the conclusion of the present war.

"I do not say that these are the things that caused the present war," he said, "but while we are at it these are things which should be cleared up and settled finally by the present war to prevent a recurrence of conditions that make war necessary."

WASHINGTON TAKES LETTER SERIOUSLY

Regarded as Manifestly Inspired, With Belgium as Crux of Whole Matter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—There was much talk here today about the letter of Dr. Bernard Dernburg, in which he gave, "with full authority," as he put it, a "perfectly sincere statement of the true position of Germany" regarding possible terms of peace. Indeed, though nobody talked for publication, the only persons keeping strict silence were officials of the Government, who are held close by President Wilson's orders, forbidding discussion of the war.

While some British sympathizers were inclined to scout Dr. Dernburg's expressions as the personal remarks of a ready letter writer, there was strong suggestion in other quarters that the former German Minister transmitted rather than wrote this particular communication. In his position, much as Dr. Dernburg has iterated his unofficial capacity, it was thought incredible that he would have submitted in writing views so seriously presented, without the previous approval of his Government. It is not supposed that his letter embodies Germany's last word on the subject; indeed, such a supposition would make the value of his communication difficult to perceive. But his letter is thought to set out the things Germany earnestly desires along with certain other things that she would finally drop around the table of the peace conferees, to show her disinterestedness or her wish for a settlement.

Dr. Dernburg's letter was regarded today as scattering his ideas of Germany's probable demands at random through a rather lengthy document. But a careful reading suggests that these demands, all so closely related, were really interspersed with passing comment for the conscious purpose of giving them a casual air. If that was the purpose, the author of the doctor's letter did his work well, according to opinion here.

Dr. Dernburg's reference to Germany's determination to retain Belgium as a necessary commercial gateway, unless the seas were to be kept open and an opportunity for Colonial trade be offered to her, is regarded here as the key to the whole matter. They open the way for German relinquishment of Belgium and the restoration of her integrity, to which the Allies have pledged themselves.

After setting forth these conditions regarding Belgium's restoration, Dr. Dernburg added demands concerning German colonies and German trade in Asia Minor and Africa. These hang with demands that went before as part of a general demand for commercial guarantees, in return for which Germany would relinquish all claim to territorial acquisition.

If the letter was important, it was contended here, its importance lay in this: That Germany was asking only that the status quo ante be restored, with the addition of treaty stipulations regarding freedom of the seas and trade with the colonies of Great Britain in particular and other nations in general.

Where the Shoe Pinches.

The British view of Dr. Dernburg's demand for the freedom of the seas, which goes to the extent of wishing to neutralize the seas altogether and permit free commerce across them, even in war, is that Germany simply indicates where her shoe pinches in the present juncture. According to this point of view, if the neutralization of the seas could be effected by a treaty in such a way as to take the treaty out of the basket of "scraps of paper," treaties could be made that would prevent war. And this is regarded as impossible.

The view of that demand, however, does not destroy its significance as interpreted by others. Even if the neutralization of the seas, which just now would permit Germany to buy munitions in the United States, was impossible, a demand for it might open the way to negotiations that would rather result in definite aspects of the demands being granted, or to the inclusion in the terms of peace some expressions generally friendly to this idea that might be welcome to German pride. Very vague expressions along this line might be held at home to justify, for instance, the German submarine warfare against trade with the British Isles.

The same moderate view is taken in this quarter regarding Dr. Dernburg's references to an "open door" policy toward colonies. This demand, if granted, would destroy the cohesion of the British Empire by severing the strongest physical tie between the Imperial Government and the self-governing dominions. But while Germany undoubtedly would like to enjoy freer trade opportunities with the British colonies generally or with the French colonies in Africa, it is not believed that Germany expects such a wide surrender. And if the whole demand were finally dropped "in a spirit of concession," even German sympathizers would not be disappointed.

As to the German demands regarding her own colonies and the continuance of her activities in Asia Minor and Africa, they can be construed at their face value, it was contended, as demands simply for the restoration of conditions before the war. Dr. Dernburg referred to what he called "British unwisdom" in showing consideration for the colonial growth in Africa of France, a country with a retrogressing population, at the expense of Germany, which is sorely in need of an outlet for her people.

His reference to Asia Minor, it was suggested, might have been intended to carry a similar though more prudently veiled hint regarding Russian aspirations toward the Dardanelles, which would give the Czar the control of Asia Minor.

Belgium the Crux.

But as viewed here, the discussion all comes back to Belgium. There is the German threat, directed against England, and there is the hint of Germany's greatest concession. The British view on this point is that the German claim that Belgium is a necessary commercial channel for Germany is insincere, since Hamburg and Bremen give the needed commercial outlet. Germany's need of Belgium, according to this view, is military, and German military plans through Belgium point, like Napoleon's pistol, at the heart of Britain.

This view of the Belgian question is scarcely denied by Germans in unofficial conversations. And this is the point of the Dernburg letter. The Allies have promised to restore Belgium and exact indemnity of Germany. Great Britain's military security requires a Belgian buffer. Germany makes no mention of indemnity, but—at least in the Dernburg letter—she does offer to withdraw from Belgium. This offer seems to gain added significance from its tender in a letter that sets forth the impossibility (almost) of Germany's relinquishing a country conquered at the cost of so much blood and treasure.

The British insist that this offer, grateful as it must be to them as indicating a possible weakening in German ambition, is outside of consideration, as the Germans will be expelled from Belgium without negotiations, at the sword's point. But it is not thought that the possibility of a peaceful evacuation will be thrown away on that account.

The weakest phase in Dr. Dernburg's communication seems to be, according to a critical opinion here, that, while he begins by insisting that the peace to be desirod is one that will carry in its terms some hope of permanency, the demands he makes really settle nothing.

Aside from what are regarded as the impossible aspects of the demands regarding "open doors" into the colonies of other empires and the neutralization of all oceans, these demands, it is contended, come down to nothing but a restoration of the conditions out of which the war arose. The question then is, according to what is said in some quarters, does Germany by any chance regard the Allies as so fearful of defeat that such a settlement would win favor with them, or does Germany hope to separate England at this late day by special concessions not expressly set forth in the Dernburg letter?

Without going into the chances of German success in this direction, the letter, it is contended, seems to lend itself to the second view. References to colonies, it was said, might be regarded as coming naturally from a former Imperial Minister for the Colonies, but this alone seemed insufficient to explain Dr. Dernburg's preoccupations in this direction. His references to French colonization seemed to imply that Great Britain had more to expect from co-operation with Germany in the foreign field, and there might be the hint of a similar invidious comparison with Russia in regard to Asia Minor, with all the implications carried in its nearness to the Dardanelles.

ROOSEVELT AND TAFT SILENT.

Resfuse to Comment on Dr. Dernburg's Suggestions.

Colonel Roosevelt was asked about the Dernburg proposals as he was leaving Grand Central Station at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Syracuse to attend the Barnes libel suit, but the Colonel had "nothing to say."

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 18.—William H. Taft today declined to comment on Dr. Dernburg's letter, saying he would need time to digest it. He referred to a speech which he expected to deliver in Chicago in May, and said he would cover the matter then.

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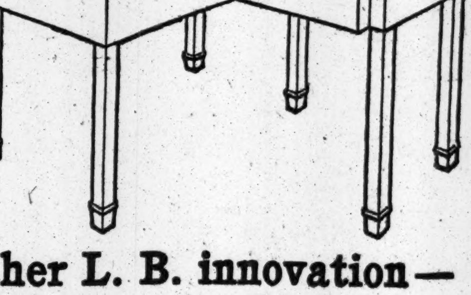
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EMBARGO ON COTTON DECLARED EFFECTIVE

Nothing Could Be Gained by Calling It Contraband, British Attorney General Asserts.

LONDON, April 18.—That cotton is being kept out of Germany and Austria as effectively as if it had been declared absolute contraband is the tenor of a reply addressed by Attorney General Simon to a conference of chemists and engineers who raised the question whether the action taken by the Government was sufficient to make it certain that no cotton would reach those countries. In his letter the official says:

"The Attorney General ventures to suggest that those for whom you write may be under some misapprehension either as to the law of contraband or as to the steps which in fact are being taken under the Order in Council of March 11. The steps which are being taken under authority of the Order in Council have been extremely effective in stopping cotton from reaching Germany, and the declaration of cotton as contraband would not alter the result in the very least so far as preventing cotton reaching Germany is concerned.

"If an article is declared to be absolute contraband it can be stopped from going to a German port, and can be stopped even from going to an adjoining neutral port if it is in course of transit through that neutral port to an enemy country. These are exactly the circumstances in which, under the Order of Council of March 11, any article can be stopped, whether it is contraband or not, and, of course, this Order in Council is being put into force in all proper cases. To imagine that since that date anything can be gained so far as stopping the entrance of cotton into Germany is concerned by calling it contraband is, in effect, to suppose that a blockade is rendered more effective if you add that specified contraband article will not be allowed to break that blockade. A blockade stops all articles, whether they are contraband or not, and therefore any additional rulings would not have any practical consequences. What is true of Germany, of course, is equally true of Austria.

"Your memorialists will no doubt readily believe that there may be good reasons of quite a different kind for not making cotton contraband in view of the precedent which would thereby be created, but as a practical matter in the present war any stoppage of cotton secured by calling it contraband is equally secured by the Order in Council.

SALE OF THE GEORGIA.

One New Owner Said to be a Partner of Counsel to German Consulate.

Maurice Leon, commenting on the sale and transfer of the steamship Georgia, said last night that the sale of the Georgia by the Hamburg-American Line to the newly formed Housatonic Steamship Company and her transfer to the American flag were similar to the earlier action in the case of the German steamship Alexandra in San Francisco. The Alexandra was sold to the Sacramento Company. She loaded in San Francisco with coal at $7 a ton for a Chilean port where coal was worth $5 a ton, and allowed herself to be "captured" by the German warships, which used the coal. Although the steamship was under the American flag, Mr. Leon pointed out, no application for redress has been made to Washington.

The Dacia, now in the French prize court, was sold to Edward N. Breitung, Mr. Leon said, for $165,000, which, according to William G. Sickel, Director of the Hamburg-American Line, was far below her value. When questioned later about the rumored sale of the Georgia, Mr. Sickel said it would be preposterous because she was a more valuable ship to the company than the Dacia. Following this, he has sold the Georgia for $85,000.

"I do not know Edward F. Geer, billed as the President of the Housatonic Steamship Company," added Mr. Leon, "but another incorporator, Edward Sanford, is a law partner of Charles S. Haight of 27 William Street, who is the maritime counsel for the Hamburg-American Line and the German Consulate."

SANK A TORPEDO BOAT.

Captain of Dutch Vessel Tells of Accident Off Yarmouth.

BOSTON, April 18.—A story of the sinking of a British torpedo boat in a collision with his vessel was told by Captain Teensma of the Dutch steamer Kinderdijk, which arrived today from Rotterdam via New York.

According to Captain Teensma, the accident, which occurred off Yarmouth, England, some months ago, was due to the torpedo boat's attempt to cross the steamer's bows. The war vessel went down with a large hole in her side, but boats from the Kinderdijk picked up the crew and no lives were lost.

Captain Teensma said that a secret inquiry made by a British naval board absolved him from all blame for the disaster, and he was allowed to proceed to Rotterdam.

SUNK WITHOUT WARNING.

Crew of Torpedoed Greek Ship Escape—Aviators Attack Trawlers.

LONDON, April 18.—The crew of the Greek steamer Ellispontos, torpedoed yesterday by a submarine five miles west of the North Hinder Lightship, has arrived at Flushing. The Captain, who was taken to a hospital badly wounded, said his steamer was torpedoed without warning. The crew got away in boats, however, and rowed to the lightship.

It is reported from North Hinder that German aviators yesterday tried to drop bombs on two British trawlers and fired on them, but without result.

The Ellispontos, which left Ymuiden, Holland, Saturday, for Montevideo, Uruguay, was a vessel of 1,923 tons. Her crew numbered twenty-one men.

BRITISH MINES WIN TRENCHES AT YPRES

German Positions Blown Up, the Attacking Forces Occupy the Craters.

FRENCH ALSO MAKE GAINS

Take Trenches in Champagne and Advance in Alsace—Germans Seize a Vosges Position.

LONDON, April 18.—The British and French continue their policy of attacking at widely separated points along the front. Thus the British last night, having mined the German positions southeast of Ypres, won some ground, holding three of the craters their mines had created, despite German counter-attacks. The French, by a similar expedient, captured a short stretch of German trenches in Champagne and also advanced in Alsace, according to their official reports.

The Germans, too, assert that they have taken one advanced French position in the Vosges, and deny that the French gained any advantage in the Champagne fighting.

PARIS, April 18.—Tonight's statement of operations, issued by the War Office, says in part:

In the valley of the Aisne, at the Bois de St. Mord, the enemy attacked our trenches at the close of the afternoon, but was promptly stopped by our artillery, while a bayonet charge inflicted severe loss upon him.

In Champagne, to the northwest of Perthes, the Germans were compelled to evacuate an excavation which they had been occupying close to our lines. By the explosion of mines, followed by an attack, we captured sixty meters of enemy trenches.

In Lorraine the Germans delivered, in the environs of the forest of Parroy, several minor attacks, with weak effectives, particularly near Bures, Mouracourt, Embermenil, and St. Martin, but were easily repulsed.

In Alsace the Germans thrice attacked, without success, our trenches on Little Reichackerkopf. We on our part made fresh progress in the region of Schnepfen and Riethkopf.

AVIATORS ACTIVE AT YPRES.

Fair Weather Tempts Observers of Both Armies to Flights.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, (via London,) April 18.—The mud element which has so hampered both armies during the Winter operations in France and Belgium now has practically disappeared along the British front. Dismal rainy days have given way to almost unbroken weeks of sunshine, which has dried up the roads, trenches, and lines of communication, making the soldier's life a paradise compared with former conditions.

With the coming of clearer weather there also has been a marked increase in the number of aeroplane reconnoissances on both sides, as a cloudless atmosphere is just what the observers want. Half a dozen aircraft manoeuvred over Ypres all Saturday afternoon. The majority were British, attempting to bring down a German flier who was trying to spot batteries at the rear of the British lines.

The sky was unflecked anywhere, except by the cotton wool flakes of bursting shrapnel as anti-aircraft guns sought the fliers. Although the duels continued for hours, no machine on either side was brought down.

Living amid the ruins of the Cloth Hall and other structures, the population of Ypres, almost daily under German shell fire, seldom turned their eyes heavenward. So sated with war are all civilians that the graceful craft were unnoticed as they swerved, rose, circled, and winged for vantage points.

Broadly speaking, there has been no change in the British front since Neuve Chapelle, trench warfare continuing along the whole line, with only a few casualties here and there daily.

The Associated Press correspondent, spending the afternoon in the British trenches at Plogsteert, less than 100 yards from the German line, found the contending armies comparatively inactive. The men, secure behind ramparts of sandbags, merely did some sniping occasionally, and now and then set loose a trench mortar.

As one peered through a periscope, no sign of a living human being could be seen along the German line, though now and then bullets **whizzed from** loopholes, either singing close overhead or striking the sandbags with a vicious thud. No man dares to show even the top of his head. The danger was emphasized when the correspondent, thrusting the periscope higher than was necessary, drew a bullet which seemed almost to graze the instrument. Nearby stood a young British officer, calmly firing through a loophole at an opening in the rival trench, aiming, loading, and commenting on hits and misses much as a man might at target practice.

This sort of thing has persisted for weeks, and generally describes the condition along the entire front. The monotony is relieved only by such dashes as those which took place at Neuve Chapelle or the actions of the French, who are now engaged at certain places. Artillery, both German and British, is keeping up only a desultory fire, shells crisscrossing and swishing overhead at intervals day and night.

At one point where the trenches are less than 200 yards apart the correspondent saw three British shells fall in the German lines, one striking in a trench and hurling débris high into the air. The Germans lately have been using their artillery less than the British, failing to reply even to persistent shelling except where from their many observation posts they sight movements in the British lines.

FIERCE FIGHT IN CHAMPAGNE.

Third of a Prussian Guard Regiment and 300 French Killed.

PARIS, April 18.—A charge by a regiment of French infantry over a network of strongly fortified trenches, which resulted in the gain of 1,000 yards at Bois Jaune Brules, near Le Mesnil-les-Hurlus, is described by an eyewitness in an official statement issued today by the War Office. The French attack was prepared by sappers, who dug into the first line of trenches and killed the occupants with hand grenades. The three men who survived were made prisoners.

"The Germans, surprised, were unable to defend their front," says the eyewitness, "and the French advance guard was installed in the first line. A general attack followed immediately. The fighting was hand-to-hand, and few shots were fired. The Germans were scarcely able to utilize their hand grenades and were obliged to retire precipitately.

"Pushing their advantage, the French infantry captured a strong redoubt in the centre of the woods. They then pushed out to the right to broaden the front captured.

"The Third Regiment of the Prussian Guard offered a stubborn resistance, trying to deceive the French by sending forward troops dressed in the burnouses (woolen cloaks) of Moroccan riflemen taken from the dead. This ruse was discovered after a brief interval. Machine guns, which were brought up, mowed down line after line of the advancing Prussians, until the ground was strewn with bodies. More than a third of the soldiers in this regiment of the Guard were killed. The French losses were 300 killed, including several officers."

THE WAR SITUATION.

Considerable activity is manifested by the Allies along their entire line from Ypres to the Swiss frontier. This has probably been the result of the strong French offense against the St. Mihiel angle, the object being to find, if possible, a point in the German line that has been weakened to reinforce the salient. Although from this viewpoint the attacks have not been successful, they have been able to advance, and in the Vosges Mountains to take a position that will be of local advantage later. This is a commanding hill between the confluence of the Fecht River and a branch of that river which, flowing north, meets the Fecht at Meltzeral.

Gains of this character at points of such minor importance that they are shown only on large-scale maps seem of no value, but this is not generally so. The Germans occupy a strongly intrenched line, the trenches on the firing line being a few hundred yards in advance of the supporting trenches. An advance of a hundred or two yards over a given width means that this advanced post has been driven into the firing line and the firing line, in turn, driven to the support trenches which afford the nearest shelter. If the attack is sufficiently pressed the retreat of the firing line may become so rapid that the support becomes involved and the entire line gives way, the distance varying with the pressure of the attack and the character of the country.

This is what happened at Neuve Chapelle. The country to the rear of the German line at this point was low and flat and offered little natural cover. Therefore, when the line of support gave way with the rush of the firing line's retreat the Germans were compelled to fall back nearly four miles under fire before a location was found where they could reform and reintrench in comparative safety. Therefore, wherever an advance is made by one side or the other and trenches are taken it means that additional trenches must be dug, possibly under fire and with the loss that usually attends such an operation.

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From Ypres increased activity by the British troops is reported. This is of interest principally because the British have been inactive for nearly six weeks. London reports of British movements have contained little more than elaboration on the fighting at Neuve Chapelle. It would almost appear as if official London, by painting a strong picture of this success, were trying to prepare the British public for the losses that were sure to be sustained in the next attempt to advance. It is almost certain that this advance will not be long delayed. The new activity at Ypres may presage its advent.

In the Carpathians the Russians are still attacking with the same determination that has marked their campaign since its inception. During the Spring thaw, however, both the north and south slopes of the Carpathians are turned into cascades, which make the mountain roads worse, if possible, than in Winter, when they are choked with snow drifts. Therefore the fighting is restricted to localities where conditions permit movements on a comparatively small scale.

Inasmuch so much of the fighting in the immediate future will be for the possession of the East Besked passes, a description of the principal topographical features surrounding these passes may give a clearer conception of their relative importance and a general grasp of the problem with which Russia is confronted.

The two passes for which the most severe fighting has taken place are Lupkow and Uzok, both railroad passes and both necessary to a Russian invasion of Hungary. At Lupkow the mountains are much inferior in height to those at Uzok. The rise from the Galician Valley to Lupkow over the railroad route is gradual and easy. As in all the railroad passes, the final passage at the summit is through tunnels, in this case two in number, the longest being less than a quarter of a mile. The railroad is singularly free from bridges, the route being stepped into the mountain side or going through the hills. It would, therefore, be almost impossible for the Austrians to destroy the railroad running through Lupkow or to injure it so that it could not be repaired in a few days. The country generally around Lupkow is fairly open and only lightly wooded.

Uzok Pass presents a striking contrast in almost every particular. The rise of the railroad from Galicia is much more rapid, the summit is much higher, and the neighboring hills much steeper and more difficult of ascent. The road passes through several long tunnels in crossing the summit, and in the descent toward Hungary passes over several bridges. The country is rather thickly wooded on both slopes, necessitating attacks along a rather narrow front. The long tunnels and bridges offer vital points of attack, and, if destroyed, will take a long time to repair.

Lupkow, then, would seem the most logical place for a concentrated attack. But Russia has nearly 2,000,000 men on this front, and 2,000,000 men with their ammunition and other supplies will need over 600 carloads of food a day. It would be manifestly impossible to feed the Russian army by means of a single road. Both passes, then, are necessary to a successful descent into the plains.

BOMB KILLS OR WOUNDS 30.

Terrible Effect at Amiens Shows Germans Are Using High Explosive.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTHERN FRANCE, April 18 (Despatch to The London Daily Express.)—At Amiens on Friday thirty persons, mostly civilians, were killed or wounded by a single bomb, dropped from a Taube, which proves that the Germans are using more deadly explosives than ever before. Twenty-two houses were destroyed outright and many others were seriously damaged.

Several incidents show the effects of Germany's newest explosive. Mme. Bellident, 63 years of age, who lived in the Rue de Gautier, was decapitated at a distance of 200 feet. Mme. Hélène Dupontruen, while at work a hundred feet from the explosion, was struck by a piece of ragged steel and also decapitated.

WORRIES OVER GOLD EXODUS

Italian Journal Alarmed at Our Growing Trade.

ROME, April 18, (via Paris, Monday, April 19.)—The Giornale d'Itala, in a review of the financial situation in Europe, expresses anxiety at the exodus of gold from the old to the new continent. It points out that owing to the enormous excess of exportations from the United States since the beginning of the war, that country, from being the debtor, has become a creditor of Europe, and Europe has been obliged to pay the United States considerable sums daily, as everything now imported from that country, especially food supplies, arms, and munitions, must be paid for in cash.

SEEK EQUALITY FOR JEWS.

Campaign Begun for Representation at Peace Congress After War.

The National Women's Committee for Jewish Rights in Belligerent Countries held yesterday, at the Forward Building, 175 East Broadway, the first of a series of conventions to be held throughout the world to agitate for equal rights for Jews, especially in Russia. Over 200 delegates, representing 177 Jewish labor organizations, with a membership of over 300,000, attended.

Chairman A. I. Shiplikoff said a demand would be made for Jewish representation at the Peace Congress when the European war is ended.

"This will be a universal equal rights movement of the Jewish masses throughout the world," he added, "and the leaders of the movement expect that in view of the general unanimity of the demand for equal rights on the part of the Jews of the world, the Jews will be placed on a basis with all other citizens."

Congressman Meyer London expressed the hope that the American people would lend an ear to the cause of the persecuted Jews throughout the world. He stated that he expected that the Socialist Parties of Europe would adopt the demands of the Jewish congresses and place them on their program.

Dr. Max Goldfarb of the Jewish Socialist Federation, in announcing the program of the Jewish propagandists, said:

"First, there will be a campaign of information among the American people concerning the conditions of the Jews. This campaign will be carried on by means of literature, demonstrations, and petitions to Congress and to authoritative bodies in Europe which are likely to have influence in the final peace congress to be held at the end of the war."

The committee which met yesterday consists of the representatives of the United Hebrew Trades, with 250,000 members; the Workmen's Circle, with 50,000 members; the Jewish Socialist Federation, and other Jewish bodies.

REICHSBANK'S GOLD GAIN

$2,004,500 Up to April 15—Deposits Fall $36,013,000.

BERLIN (via London), April 18.—The Reichsbank's statement up to April 15 shows increases in metal stocks, Treasury certificates and notes of other banks of 380,048,000 marks ($95,012,000); gold, 8,018,000 marks ($2,004,500); Treasury bills, 9,458,000 marks ($2,364,500).

The following decreases are shown: Discounts, 789,403,000 marks ($197,350,750); loans, 162,000 marks ($40,500); notes in circulation, 252,912,000 marks ($63,228,000); deposits, 144,052,000 marks ($36,013,000).

Greek Prince in Italy, Off to Paris.

BRINDISI, Italy, April 18.—Prince George, brother of King Constantine of Greece, landed here yesterday and shortly afterward left for Paris.

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WAR PROSPERITY FELT IN ENGLAND

Nearly All Industries Working at Top Speed—Unemployment Has Vanished.

MANY SCANDALS EXPECTED

On Enormous Government Orders—Hopes That "Artificial" Prosperity May be Permanent.

LONDON, April 8, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Examination of the extent to which the business life of England has been disrupted by the war produces some unexpected results. First of all, the war has eliminated entirely, for the moment, the problem of unemployment. No able-bodied person need be idle. Although the first half of the year 1914 was a time of declining business in England, the second half saw many of the industries working at high pressure to satisfy the war demands of Great Britain and her allies. The most notable exceptions are the cotton trade and industries concerned with the production of luxuries.

The cotton industry passed through one of the worst periods within memory, but a decided improvement has since set in, and Lancashire has now begun to get the benefit of a number of Government orders.

As against the semi-paralysis in the cotton trade, woolen and worsted factories have experienced difficulty in keeping pace with the tremendous orders for clothing for the armies. The Belfast linen trade has been active, as have been the boot and shoe and other leather industries.

The building trade has been more active than might have been expected. One item of importance was the construction of army huts and hospitals. Construction and repairing of warships have offset the decline in mercantile tonnage in the shipyards. The iron and steel industry has been kept busy by the demand for every kind of armament and weapon of offense.

So far as can be ascertained the number of business failures has not been abnormal, the moratorium having enabled weak firms to tide over the difficult period. New enterprise in England, it is authoritatively claimed, has been stimulated by a campaign for capturing German trade, where possible, still.

Many trades have diverted their energies to the manufacture of war materials. Clockmakers, for example, are doing a large business in mechanism for guns and many cycle, motor and kindred firms are manufacturing ammunition. The war has created a demand for motors that has more than offset the diminished demand for pleasure cars. It is needless to speak of the profits of the armament firms; while the tremendous freights now ruling are sufficient to pay the higher insurance charges and working costs and have increased profits for shipowners. The coal owners also are said to be reaping unusual profits, though the congestion on the railroads is in part responsible for the high price of household coal, which now forms the subject of agitation in all the papers.

Reports of companies owning large retail stores show a considerable decline in profits since the war, but in recent months there is a marked tendency toward improvement.

More than one case has come to light of large sums of money being made by contractors at the expense of the Government, and it is predicted that numerous scandals will be disclosed after the war is over, for with the countless number and immense size of the contracts now being issued, the Government has found it impossible to guard against such a state of things. The Government has appointed Sir George Gibb, a prominent railroad man, as official fighter of graft. Already the fabulous commission earned by a recently appointed agent for lumber purchases has been brought to the notice of the House of Commons, and it is probable many similar cases could be found, but not on such a preposterous scale.

Measured by actual results, the misfortune of the war has not yet taken effect. It is believed, however, that the degree of prosperity which exists will prove to be artificial and temporary, although it is not difficult to find in England economic authority for very optimistic views of the future, in the event that the Allies win.

MORE "DEADLY GAS."

German Prisoner Tells of Plans to Asphyxiate British Troops.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, (via London,) April 18.—The oft-repeated but hitherto unauthenticated report that the Germans are using deadly gases in their trench warfare has received confirmation from a German prisoner, speaking voluntarily to a British staff officer.

The officer related to The Associated Press correspondent the description given by this prisoner of three-foot cylinders charged with an unknown gas which the Germans purposed releasing at some expedient time, the plan being to kill or stupefy the British, if possible. The discharge of these cylinders, the German said, was to be followed by a vigorous infantry attack.

"The prisoner exhibited cotton waste," said the officer, "which he said had been supplied to the Germans soldiers with which to plug their noses and prevent the gas from killing them also. It is not quite clear to me, however, why a shift of the wind wouldn't turn the tables, blowing the gas into the German trenches instead of ours."

ASSAIL NEW YORK'S PRESS.

American Truth Society Hears Newspapers Favor England.

The New York newspapers were enthusiastically condemned last night at the first of a series of meetings of a public forum, held at the Cort Theatre under the auspices of the American Truth Society. This institution announces itself as "a non-partisan patriotic society, knowing no race, creed, or color," and its purpose "to propagate true Americanism." The theatre was about a third full, and most of those present appeared to be of German extraction.

Jeremiah A. O'Leary, President of the society, spoke on the shortcomings of the press. Mr. O'Leary, who is a lawyer and was formerly active in Irish societies, was introduced by Robert P. Sachs, Secretary of the American Truth Society, as "the man who had taken the lead in restoring the people to their proper function in democratic government." The New York papers, according to Mr. O'Leary, treat the citizens "as those on whom they have the foot of tyranny down on their necks."

The Evening Post had made some effort, he said, to tell the truth, and "The Fatherland" was highly recommended. Other papers were treated in detail. Most of the papers published in English came in for severe criticism. Lantern slides showing various headlines were thrown on a screen and criticised. Those of The World and Herald were condemned particularly. The Evening Sun's editorials were attacked; The Herald's cartoons were held up to execration, and a person referred to as "the headliner," and sometimes as "the English headliner," on THE TIMES, Tribune, and Sun was accused of feeling sorrow every time he had to chronicle a reverse for the Allies, and of thinking up something else to offset it. One questioner wanted to know if there was any way of finding out more about THE TIMES than was brought out at the Senatorial inquiry in Washington into "influences" that defeated the ship purchase bill.

"England," said Mr. O'Leary, "has over $15,000,000,000 invested in this country. To protect these investments she must control American public opinion. The sameness in the doubt cast by New York papers on the early reports of the fall of Liége and their publishing of the rumor that two German submarines were sunk when the U-9 torpedoed three British armored cruisers indicate to my mind a preconcerted plan among all the New York papers for the deliberate invention of stories to offset news unfavorable to English interests. It is also the preconcerted policy of the New York papers to libel all public meetings supporting views contrary to their own." Mr. O'Leary recommended a Federal commission to control the press "in the interest of the preservation of the morals of the American people."

GLADSTONE SHOT BY SNIPER

Struck by Bullet While on Trench Trying to Locate the Man.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

CHESTER, England, April 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—News reached Hawarden today of the manner in which W. G. C. Gladstone, a grandson of the late Premier, met his death at the front while serving as Second Lieutenant in the First Royal Welsh Fusiliers Battalion. It appears he went into the trenches last Sunday. On Tuesday he was on the parapet of a trench endeavoring to locate a sniper, when he was shot in the forehead. A doctor was with him very quickly, but he never regained consciousness. He suffered no pain.

Paying tribute to Lieut. Gladstone's "extraordinary dutifulness and courage," the rector of Hawarden in his sermon this morning quoted a letter sent by Lieut. Gladstone from the trenches to his mother. This read:

"Really, you will be wrong if you regret my going, for I am very glad and proud to have gone to the front. It is not the length of existence that counts, but what is achieved during that distance, however short."

"VEGETABLES" WERE GUNS.

Accident Reveals to Swiss a Consignment of Weapons to Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, April 18, (Dispatch to The London Daily Express.)—As an outcome of an accident to a closed wagon which was passing through Brigue yesterday marked "Vegetables, Genoa to Germany," the wagon was found to be full of mitrailleuses of American manufacture. The wagon was detached from the train and sequestrated at Como.

Seven wagons containing copper, antimony and sulphur consigned to Frankfort have been seized by the Italian authorities and confiscated.

WILL PAY FOR THE KATWYK.

Germany Does Not Defend Torpedoing of Netherlands Steamer.

BERLIN, April 18, (By Wireless Telegraphy to Sayville, N. Y.)—Among the items given out for publication today by the Overseas News Agency was the following:

"An official investigation of the torpedoing of the Dutch steamer Katwyk near the North Hinder Lightship in the North Sea on April 14 is still pending. If it is shown the vessel was sunk by a German boat Germany will be ready at once to pay damages and apologize, according to the provisions of international law. No tension between Holland and Germany is feared."

JAPANESE LEADING REBELS IN CHINA

Bands Appear Near Tsing-tao and Are Protected by Japanese Troops, Peking Complains.

DR. SUN'S AGENTS EXECUTED

Negotiations Over Tokio's Demands Await Sir Edward Grey's Statement on British Attitude.

PEKING, Monday, April 19.—Considering the fact that the Japanese gave assistance to Dr. Sun Yat-sen in his rebellion against President Yuan Shih-kai and that Dr. Sun retired to Tokio after the revolt was put down, the report is credited in official circles here that Hung-Hutze bands from South Manchuria, led by Japanese, are now marauding on the Shantung Peninsula in the vicinity of Tsing-tao, with banners inscribed, "Vanguard of the Army Against Yung Shih-kai."

The Chinese Government lodged another protest with Tokio on Saturday regarding the reported movement of Japanese troops in Shantung, and also, it is understood, alleging that Japanese troops prevented Chinese troops from pursuing bands of brigands near Tsing, in neutral territory north of Tsing,tao.

Chinese Government reports are said to confirm the newspaper accounts of an alleged agreement between Dr. Sun and Japanese agents for Japanese support with money, arms, and men for another revolution.

Numerous executions in several centres, including Peking, of emissaries of Dr. Sun are now taking place, the law in China not being sufficiently advanced to give these men fair trials. Little beyond the denunciation of alleged offenders by detectives is necessary to bring about an execution.

The attitude of the Japanese plenipotentiaries at Saturday's conference on Japan's demands to China has led Chinese officials to believe that Japan is marking time until the answer in the House of Commons by Sir Edward Grey of a series of questions put to him divulges Great Britain's attitude. The plenipotentiaries on Saturday again went over the Hanyehping Mines, South Manchuria, and Eastern Mongolia questions, but without reaching any conclusion. Mr. Hioki, the Japanese Minister, intimated that he might not receive further instructions from Tokio by the time of the next meeting on Tuesday.

A mandate signed by President Yuan Shih-kai early in April denounced Dr. Sun Yat-sen, who was the first Provisional President of China, for plotting another revolution, and warned the military and civil Governors to take vigorously precautionary measures. Agents of Dr. Sun, detectives reported, had been sent to the Yangtse districts and the coast provinces to create disturbances during China's negotiations with Japan. Many of the members of the revolutionary party have publicly denounced the Japanese demands upon China, but Dr. Sun has refrained from doing so.

Dr. Sun has resided in Tokio since the last Chinese rebellion with a price set on his head by the Chinese Government.

THINKS JAPAN IS AGGRIEVED.

Dr. Benninghoff Tells Effect of "Our Change of Front."

Dr. H. B. Benninghoff of Waseda University, Japan, who has spent the last eight years in the Far East, preached in Calvary Baptist Church yesterday on "Japan's Challenge."

"The time has come for us to put ourselves in the shoes of the Japanese and see how the world looks from their place of vision," he said. "Japan is a great nation with great prospects. Her rapid advancement has made her self-conscious and has stimulated her with an ambition that cannot and should not be suppressed.

"To America, first of all, is Japan's challenge, because America, first of all, had a hand in her awakening. America opened her eyelids and showed her the wonders of civilization, and America has furnished more educational and moral stimulus to modern Japan than all of the other countries put together. We have given her material help, and we sympathized with her in her struggles of a few years ago, and at our change of front Japan feels justly aggrieved. We seem to have changed our national ideals of equality, and the Japanese people wonder at our present cold and inhospitable attitude.

"There is but one thing for us to do—treat these people as our neighbors and brothers. Fair treatment is all that they ask. It is time for us to face this situation squarely and fairly, and when we do so the problem that perplexes us will no longer exist. Is our treaty guaranteeing the Japanese immigrants the same rights as those of other countries, but a scrap of paper?"

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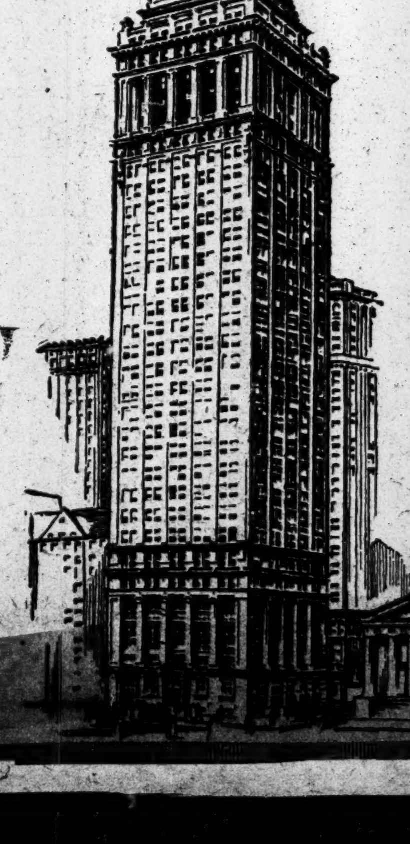

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BROWN WARNS STATE TO TIGHTEN ITS PURSE

Foresees an Annual Budget of $80,000,000 with the Revenues Strained.

DIRECT TAXES THREATENING

Believes Annual Levy Will Exceed $20,000,000 Unless New Sources of Revenue Are Found.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 18.—Within five years, according to Senate Leader Elon R. Brown, the annual bills for State expenditures will be $75,000,000 to $80,000,000 annually, if the State continues activities to which it already is committed.

The forecast of the Senate leader is embodied in a statement giving a complete survey of the financial situation of the State and some fiscal history to show how the State budgets have soared since 1882, in which year less than $8,000,000 was required to keep the State's administrative machinery moving. The statement was issued by Senator Brown as an answer to the critics, who insist that the State can get along this year without a direct tax and a justification for his demand that the Legislature shall find new sources of indirect revenue.

In his statement Senator Brown points out that the State has about run to the end of its financial rope and that while its credit still is unimpaired, a limit has been reached which will render any new bond issue, in addition to those to which the State already is committed, out of the question.

Senator Brown calls attention to the fact that the bonded debt of the municipalities is about $1,000,000,000 and that the bonds either issued or to be issued in the next five years to meet expenditures to which the State is committed aggregate $245,000,000. Senator Brown points out that this involves a 12.5-per cent. mortgage on the assessed valuation of all the taxable property in the State.

In the entire State, for taxation purposes, there is property of the total value of $11,000,000,000, approximately. But persons who for years have been in close touch with the system of taxation in vogue throughout the State assert that this total is ridicuously low and that while in New York City property in many instances is assessed as high as 25 per cent. above the price it would bring in the market, property in the rural counties is assessed for purposes of taxation at less than 50 per cent. of its market value.

Senator Brown points to the Federal income tax, of which New York State furnished more than $19,000,000 last year, and the internal revenue tax on alcoholic beverages, to which this State is contributing annually, in round numbers, $36,000,000, as heavy drains on the taxpayers. The time has come, according to the Senate leader, when all thought of new public enterprizes must be abandoned and sources of new revenue sought for activities to which the State already is pledged.

Budget's Enormous Growth.

In his statement Senator Brown said:

"Our present condition can best be understood by considering changes that have occurred in the functions of the State during the last thirty years. Mr. Bryce says in his 'American Commonwealth':

"'The budget of the State is seldom large in proportion to the wealth of its inhabitants, because the chief burden of administration is borne not by the State, but by its subdivisions, the counties, and still more by the cities and townships. * * * In 1882 only seven States raised for State purposes a revenue exceeding $2,000,000. In that year the revenue of New York was $7,690,416, (population about 5,200,000).'

"New York's revenue in 1914 was $50,289,689.62, of which $7,701,271.81 was raised by the 1913 tax of .58 mills and $42,588,417.81 by indirect taxes. The tax rate in 1882 was 2.45 mills. Of the $7,690,416 revenue in 1882, $6,820,022 was raised by direct taxation upon the assessed valuation of the State, then amounting to $2,783,000,000. The assessed value of the State now is upward of $11,000,000,000, and the rate of 2.45 mills imposed in 1882 would have produced more than $27,000,000 in 1914. This burden would now be intolerable, because of the vast increase of local indebtedness and taxes.

"From the report of the State Board of Tax Commissioners for 1913, it appears that the total bonded debt of all the local subdivisions of the State was $1,345,000,000; the sinking funds amounted to $305,000,000, leaving a net bonded debt of $1,040,000, or the equivalent of a 10 per cent. mortgage upon the entire assessed value of the property of the State.

State's Bonded Debt.

"The State's bonded debt in 1882 was $9,000,000. The $101,000,000 for canals, $19,000,000 for canal terminals, and $100,000,000 for highways are to be supplemented with $25,000,000 to finish the canal system. The State's bonded debt will thus reach $245,000,000, and be a second mortgage of 2½ per cent. upon the assessed value of the State over and above the 10 per cent. mortgage imposed locally.

"This means that the State and its localities have gone the limit in incurring bonded indebtedness. New schemes involving expenditures must be restricted to the annual revenues of the State. Otherwise the State will soon be in the condition of the City of New York. Another course may not mean bankruptcy and repudiation, but it will mean placing New York in the column of the debt-ridden States of Europe. It doesn't mean that yet. The State's credit is good. Its sinking funds have been defended against all raids, but it should cease to incur debt for new commitments.

"The tate has also increased its expenses by undertaking the care of the insane; by caring for prisoners formerly kept in county jails and penitentiaries, and by the building and maintenance of an extensive system of charitable institutions. The State has acquired 1,500,000 acres of land in the forest preserve; it has bought and maintains twenty-five parks, monuments, and battle grounds. It has established the Departments of Labor, Workmen's Compensation, Agriculture, Conservation, Highways, and Public ervice, and greatly increased its activities and expenditures for the public health. While many of these activities have superseded local functions, their assumption by the State has not checked local expenditure.

"The State's policies thus established will require revenues for the next fiscal year between $55,000,000 and $60,000,000, and a direct State tax of not less than $15,000,000. Worse than that, if the State maintains the different branches of public service to which it is thus committed, the State budget will, under strictly economical administration reach $70,000,000, and probably $75,000,000 within five years. Of the total bond issue of $245,000,000 now authorized, only $159,000,000 has been issued, but the balance must be issued within five years. The interest and sinking fund charges on these bonds will be $15,000,000 annually.

"The highway system to which the State is now committed contemplates the building of 9,000 miles of highway, of which 3,000 miles are not yet constructed. They must be kept in repair when constructed. This will cost on the average $1,000 per mile annually, involving an annual expenditure of $9,000,000 for highway maintenance as a permanent charge for the highways contemplated under existing plans of improvement.

"In spite of all economies, departments established and functions assumed grow in expense. While the increase in expenses is frequently excessive, some increase is unavoidable. The cost of the administrative, agricultural, penal, curative, and charitable departments increased in the ten years from 1905 to 1914 from $10,000,000 to $16,000,000, or 60 per cent. (Controller's report, 1915, Pages 120-123.) If allowed to increase at the same rate for the next five years, these departments will cost $21,000,000 annually.

"In the ten years from 1905 to 1914, the cost of the legislative, judicial, regulative, educational, and defensive departments increased from $10,000,000 to $18,000,000, or 80 per cent. If this ratio of increase continues, these departments will in five years cost $25,000,000 annually.

Expense of New Projects.

"I have not taken into account in these estimates the increased cost of new enterprises in the departments of labor, health, and workingmen's compensation. Unless the State refuses to carry on the enterprises to which it is now committed, these and other miscellaneous departments may in the course of five years involve an expenditure of $10,000,000 annually. This would bring the total State expenditure at the end of five years up to $80,000,000.

"By finding the simplest plan of administration and adhering to it, by putting men who know about the State's affairs in office and keeping them there, by economy, by the reduction of padded payrolls, and by setting a firm face against new State functions, this increase may be checked and the annual appropriations possibly held to $70,00,000 or $750,000,000 for this decade, but that is the best that can be hoped for.

"If preparation is not made to foot these bills by further indirect revenue, the State must be prepared for a direct tax levy within five years of from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000 annually. It is unfortunate in this crisis that the taxpaying capacity in New York is lessened by the national income tax, which bears so unequally on our citizens. This State paid last year to the national Government on this tax $19,970,397.58, or one-third part of the levy upon the entire nation. If the State had shown the same aversion to the income tax amendment that it now shows to a direct tax and the levy of new indirect taxes, the burden might have been avoided."

After a discussion of "burdens" which have been imposed upon the industries and wealth of the State, Senator Brown concludes:

"To hold down the direct tax and to meet the State's interests, it is essential that indirect taxes be levied. The taxes from a secured debts law can be multiplied at least four times without resort to offensive inquisition. Massachusetts is doing it now. An additional levy of two mills annually upon mortgages hereafter presented for record would soon produce a considerable revenue.

"Every alleged piece of constructive legislation during the last four years has added a heavy burden to the State Treasury. We are not now in a position to enact such legislation. The great need of this hour is retrenchment and economy. Laws and appropriations in defiance of this necessity are not constructive, but destructive.

"Those who speak with so much confidence of the progress of the State from the assumption of new functions, must not forget that this commonwealth is now 140 years old, and each year of its life must be credited on an average with three-fourths of 1 per cent of its enduring constructive legislation. That body of legislation is the work of six generations, and the structure can be now more imperiled than served by doubtful extensions. The principal service and not seldom the only great service government can render is administration—honest, economical, unspectacular administration. That service was not rendered during the past four years, and we are now engaged in the painful process of correcting the condition in which we found the State on Jan. 1, 1915."

STARTS FIGHT ON BIG TAX.

Senator Wagner Tells How $18,000,000 Levy Can be Avoided.

Senator Robert F. Wagner and Assemblyman Alfred E. Smith, Democratic leaders in the Legislature, issued a joint statement last night, in which they said they would make an appeal this week to all of the representatives of the city, irrespective of their political affiliations, to stand firmly against the enactment of the proposed law to levy a direct tax of $18,000,000. They asked every citizen to join in the protest and compel the Legislature to abandon, in the closing days of the session, a measure which would prove "a calamity to our citizens."

"The present appropriation bills as passed by the Assembly and now before the Senate," the statement reads, "provide for an increased expenditure of about $20,000,000, and an increased tax of about $18,000,0000. This embodies the greatest misuse of political power in our State's history."

The closing paragraph of the statement says that the direct tax can be avoided in this manner:

"If the Senate and Governor, in response to a sense of public duty, will eliminate from the general appropriation bill the $2,000,000 which is unecessary, and will reduce the supply bill by about $3,000,000, a reduction which can be made without working any hardship to any interest, and will deny the request for new construction to the extent of $4,500,000, and provide the $8,500,000 asked for the completion of the Barge Canal by means of a referendum act, the $18,000,000 direct tax will be unnecessary."

Much Apparatus for Taxicab Fire.

At a small fire in a taxicab, caused by back-firing, last night three fire engines, two trucks, a water tower, a patrol wagon, Deputy Chief Ross, Engine Chief Callagy, Fire Chief McLean of Holyoke, Mass.; Chief Keenan of Hartford, Conn.; Chiefs Foster and Kane of Pittsburgh, and a crowd of 700 persons gathered. A hand extinguisher disposed of the blaze, that did only $100 worth of damage. Henry Striefler of 223 East Forty-sixth Street was driving his empty taxicab up the driveway of the Pennsylvania Station, Seventh Avenue and Thirty-third Street, when an explosion in the carburetor started the fire. It was thought at first that the station was on fire.

WHITMAN MUST RULE ON BIG GRAB BILLS

Senate Threatens Assembly's Pork Barrel Measures and Executive Must Arbitrate.

HAYWARD PLEADS AGAIN

Urges Action in Service Board Matter—High Speed Legislation in Closing Days.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 18.—Governor Charles S. Whitman must go on record this week for or against special local appropriation measures, otherwise known as "pork barrel" bills. The Assembly has passed special bills apropriating almost $2,000,000 for those Republican members who will be candidates this Fall to succeed themselves. Members of the Senate, who do not have to go before the voters this year, have expressed their hostility to many of these bills. Senator Brown has said that they would "be trimmed to the bone."

On the other hand, the Senate is determined to force the Assembly to pass the measure consolidating the Labor Department and the Workmen's Compensation Commission. The Assembly doesn't favor this bill, but as a club over their heads, the Senate holds the power to cut out the special appropriations.

It seems possible that there will be a deadlock over these special bills and the Governor must arbitrate. He has a strong aversion to interfering in local matters, but he must face the issue that has arisen. The Assembly leaders will tell Governor Whitman that if he opposes their measures, his action may cost his party control of the Assembly in 1916.

The Senate, it is expected, will cut the canal appropriation from $8,000,000 to less than $4,000,000. The general appropriation bill of $32,500,000 that passed the Assembly, it is expected, will be cut.

With Governor Whitman still holding up most of the appointments at his disposal, Public Service Commissioner William Hayward, who was counsel to the Thompson Investigating Committee, came to Albany today to urge the executive to take action in the matter of the charges against Messrs. McCall, Williams, Cram, and Wood of the First District.

The Governor wishes to defer action until after final adjournment of the Legislature so that he can name men of his own choosing without reference to the wishes of the Senate. He is by no means committed to the dismissal of any of the Commissioners, and has been advised by political friends that the State at large would not look kindly upon the removal of any of the Democratic Commissioners on the evidence at hand.

The report of the Thompson committee will go to the Legislature tomorrow night. It is very mild and has been framed so as to contain an "indictment rather than a conviction," according to Senator George F. Thompson, the Chairman. In other words, the responsibility of removing any of the Commissioners is placed upon the Governor. If necessary to obtain the jobs, the Senate Republican leaders have ready for passage an ouster bill giving the Governor arbitrary power to remove two Commissioners in each district. The Governor, if the bill should pass now, would not have to name the new Commissioners until after final adjournment.

While no resolution has been adopted fixing the hour of final adjournment of the session, it has been tentatively agreed by the leaders of both houses to adjourn Friday noon. This means that the legislative machinery will run at top speed this week.

Administration leaders are much pleased over the recent decision of the United States Supreme Court that the franchises of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company are liable to taxation. This means an annual revenue to the State of $350,000, and in addition relieves the State from the necessity of refunding $2,494,000.

No law imposing an annual tax on secured debts will be passed this year. It is likely that during the recess of the Legislature an investigation will be made by a commission with a view to the enactment of a law imposing an annual tax on secured debts and mortgages.

The Administration bill to replace the three Superintendents of Elections by a single official will be considered by both houses this week. The Hospital Reorganization bill has not yet reached the Assembly. Three measures to curtail the powers of the Health Department have passed the Assembly, but not the Senate. The Hinman bill to supplant many boards in control of charitable institutions has passed the Assembly, but awaits upper house action. There has been no action in either house on the Argetsinger bill to place the State Insurance Fund under a manager, removing it from the control of the Workmen's Compensation Commission.

Early this week a bill providing for the direct tax of $18,000,000 will be introduced and put through both houses before adjournment. This tax will not be collected in New York City until next year.

An Administration bill which will have hard sledding is the Sullivan measure doubling the registration fees for automobiles. It has been on the Assembly calendar for three weeks. It is up for final passage in the Assembly on Tuesday. The Administration had hoped for $2,000,000 additional revenue from this source.

Gov. Whitman signed the Conservation Commission Reorganization bill yesterday, and it is expected that tomorrow night he will send to the Senate the nomination of George D. Pratt of Brooklyn to replace the present three Democratic Commissioners.

SAXE WORKS WITH PURDY.

Forecasts Harmony Between City and State Tax Authorities.

Martin Saxe, newly appointed President of the State Tax Commission, yesterday said that harmony and co-operation between State and city tax authorities had been introduced as one of the first results of Governor Whitman's reorganization of the administration of the tax law by the establishment of the State Tax Department.

Immediately upon Mr. Saxe's taking office Lawson Purdy, President of the City Department of Taxes and Assessments, wrote him as follows:

> I am greatly pleased that the Governor has appointed you President of the State Tax Commission. I have taken great interest in the bill to enlarge the powers of the State Tax Commission. The bill contains provisions which have been advocated for a number of years by those interested in a good administration of the tax laws. The amendments which have been made by the Legislature to the bill as originally introduced do not, in my opinion, materially affect the powers of the board. The bill as passed marks a great step in advance for this State. I wish you and your associates a very successful administration.

Mr. Saxe held a conference with Mr. Purdy on Saturday as a result of which plans were outlined for improvements in the special franchise assessments of corporation taxes.

HARRISON ISSUES HIS FINAL MESSAGE

Retiring Mayor of Chicago Reviews the Twelve Years of His Official Service.

FOR PUBLIC OWNERSHIP

Successful Republican, William H. Thompson, Will Take Office in a Few Days.

CHICAGO, April 18.—In his annual message, made public today, Mayor Carter H. Harrison, a Democrat, who is to make way for his Republican successor, William Hale Thompson, within a few days, reviews the twelve years he served Chicago as Chief Executive.

The message, which the Mayor called his final official word to the people of Chicago, calls public ownership of public utilities the taxpayers only safety; refers to vice segregation as a failure; discloses some of the difficulties of the Mayor's job, and contains a mass of statistics.

"The more I see of private ownership of public utilities the more I am convinced that there is but one safe and sane plan for the public to adopt, namely, to set its mind with determination upon public ownership, and not to deviate by a hair's breadth from the most direct course by which it may be attained."

In accounting for the closing of the segregated vice districts of Chicago in 1912, the message says: "Segregation does not segregate. Medical supervision does not protect. The breaking up of the segregated districts has not spread the social evil into the residence districts, as was feared would be the result."

KEEP 30,000 ON STRIKE.

Too Late to Arbitrate Now, Chicago Employers Say.

CHICAGO, April 18.—Officers of the Carpenters' Contractors' Association today rejected an offer of the Carpenters' Union officials to send to arbitration the strike for an increase in wages. The contractors said that they had tried to arbitrate the question of wages for the last six months, and that the strike had been called by the union officials without even submitting the employers' final proposal to the workmen. They said that the employers were as well able to fight the wage question out with the unions now as they would be later.

The employers' proposal, which the union officials rejected, provided for a wage increase of 2½ cents an hour. The men are striking for an increase from 65 cents to 75 cents an hour. More than 30,000 men are on strike, union men assert, and there are 1,100 sheet-metal workers locked out because of their failure to sign the joint agreement under which the building trades operate.

ROOSEVELT SMILING, BUT BARNES GRIM

Continued from Page 1.

the Syracuse lawyer, will do the jury selecting for his client, while tho other work will devolve upon Mr. Ivins.

There was talk here today that the case might not come to trial; that Supreme Court Justice William S. Andrews, who is to preside, may dismiss it when Mr. Roosevelt's counsel make a motion to that effect at the opening. Those who have followed the situation carefully, however, do not consider such a ruling probable. For calling Mr. Barnes a corruptionist and a bass Colonel Roosevelt has pleaded justification, and has scores of witnesses under subpoena to testify for him. Certainly no eleventh hour hitch has occurred to upset or postpone the proceedings.

The first action to be taken when the court opens is to select a jury. The local lawyers on both sides have gone over the list of seventy-five men composing the panel, and the character, sympathies, and political leanings of each one will be scrutinized with the utmost care. Both sides will try to select men who are open-minded and who display no antagonism toward their clients. On the panel are forty-one Republicans, fourteen Democrats, eleven Progressives, three Prohibitionists, and six whose politics are not known. There are nineteen farmers, and the rest are merchants, clerks, mechanics, manufacturers, and laborers.

Law clerks with bundles of documents bearing on the case arrived in town today, and the local legal lights who have been retained have been busy sorting the papers. As Colonel Roosevelt's answer to the Barnes complaint has reference to the operations of the various Republican and Democratic bosses since the Colonel was Governor, and as he has touched upon many political happenings during that time, it is expected that the court will allow him latitude to go more or less thoroughly into each subject. If the court is indulgent in this regard it will result in prolonging the trial.

Mr. Barnes's lawyers will make a hard fight to keep all matters extraneous to the subject at issue out of the proceedings, and to limit the case entirely to the statement Mr. Roosevelt issued last July attacking Mr. Barnes, and on which the suit is based. In that statement Colonel Roosevelt referred to Mr. Barnes as controlling, with Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall, the "all-powerful invisible government which is responsible for the maladministration and corruption in public offices of the State." The statement also contained other references to Mr. Barnes as a "boss."

In his answer to the complaint Colonel Roosevelt denied that by giving out the statement Mr Barnes was damaged to the extent of $50,000 or any other sum. He says, further, that his motive in saying the things he did was "in an endeavor as a citizen to advance the cause of good, honest, and efficient government in this State, and without any malice, expressed or implied, toward either the plaintiff or any other person."

3 DEAD, SCORE HURT IN MOTOR ACCIDENTS

Continued from Page 1.

lett House in Patchogue, and Le Roy Ackery of Patchogue. They were all thrown from the car when it struck the house, but none of them was seriously injured.

The automobile had raced down Jayne Avenue, headed straight for the house, going fifty miles an hour. Weeks said afterward that he intended to turn into Oak Street, but that when he reached the corner his steering gear broke and he was unable to manage the machine. The Terrell home is only some twenty-five feet from the roadway, and Weeks did not succeed in shutting off his power before the automobile struck the northwest corner of the building.

The supporting pillars of the house were torn away, the walls caved in, and the automobile crashed through the parlor, knocking over furniture and breaking out into the yard at the west side of the house. Plaster fell in every room, and the four occupants were cut and bruised by it. Mrs. Terrell suffered such a severe shock that a physician was called in to treat her.

Mme. Matzenauer Hurt.

Mme. Matzenauer, her husband, and the Valeris left her home at 12 East Ninety-fourth Street in the morning to go to Long Beach, L. I., in an automobile owned by John Steible of 43 West Forty-eighth Street and driven by Peter O'Connor, a chauffeur, of 151 West Ninety-ninth Street. The car was going along the Queens Boulevard at the entrance to Calvary Cemetery when O'Connor saw a trolley car of the Manhattan & Queens Traction Company approaching. The car stopped to discharge passengers and O'Connor swung out to avoid them. As he did so, another automobile, owned and driven by Walter Clancey of 285 Greenpoint Avenue, Long Island City, which O'Connor had not seen, drove from behind the trolley car and the two machines collided.

All of the persons in the car with Mme. Matzenauer were thrown to the road. Mme. Matzenauer fell on her face and suffered severe cuts and bruises. Her legs were also badly lacerated. Ferrari-Fontana received painful bruises on the legs. Mr. Valeri and his wife were also cut and bruised, but O'Connor and Clancey were practically uninjured. The injured were treated at Bruer's Hotel in Woodside by Dr. Reeves of St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, and all of them were able to go to their homes in Steible's automobile. Both Mme. Matzenauer and Ferrari-Fontana had concluded their engagements at the Metropolitan for the season.

Bert Taezkes, 20 years old, a lithographer, of 414 Fifth Street, was riding on the front, and Joseph Scellu of 169 East Fourth Street, was riding on the rear of a motor cycle when one of its forks broke at 161st Street and Broadway, and both were thrown to the street. Taezkes, who fell beside the machine, was getting up to his feet when the gasoline tank exploded, covering him with burning oil.

Taezkes tried to beat out the flames and ran toward a crowd which the accident had attracted toward the corner, but the onlookers were afraid that their clothes would catch fire and would not help him. Finally Policemen Gamble and Luecher of the West 152d Street Station put out the flames on Taezkes by wrapping their coats about him. He had become unconscious, and was taken to Washington Heights Hospital in a serious condition.

Motorcycle Injures Two.

Harry Lowenkorn, 24 years old, a salesman of 201 West 120th Street, who was riding a motorcycle in the afternoon at 185th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, ran into an automobile driven by E. E. Mapes of 211 Broadway. The motorcycle bounded away from the automobile, unseating the rider, and ran upon the sidewalk, where it struck Frieda Mildenberger, 20 years old, of 570 Audubon Avenue. Both were taken to the Washington Heights Hospital, Lowenkorn suffering from injuries to the left hip and the body, and the girl suffering from contusions.

Mrs. Anna Utermoble of 157 West 116th Street was thrown from an automobile, driven by her husband, Herbert, when it was in collision in the afternoon at 124th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue with a machine driven by Peter J. Maloney of 625 West 156th Street. She was taken to St. Luke's Hospital.

Rachel Moss of 11 West 116th Street was knocked down at Fifth Avenue and 115th Street by a motor cycle, ridden by Lewis Peters of 625 West 138th Street. She was taken to Harlem Hospital, suffering from contusions of the legs and arms.

As the leading carriages at the funeral of Mrs. John H. Perlee, a wealthy woman of Somerville, N. J., were making a turn at North Bridge and Main Streets, Somerville, an automobile racing around the corner struck the carriage in which the Rev. Isaac P. Brokaw, the Rev. Herman Hageman, and Rhinelander Garrison were riding.

The carriage was partly overturned and the occupants were bruised, while the automobile with a crumpled mudguard and a broken light became stalled in the gutter. The police refused to arrest the driver of the automobile, who they said was a prominent man who was learning to drive a machine. He refused to tell who he was. The number of the car was 57,148 N. J.

Louis Magni, 30 years old, of 267 Market Street, Newark, was run down by an automobile when riding a bicycle in Washington Street, near Court Street, Newark. He suffered contusions and lacerations and was taken to the City Hospital. The automobile was owned by S. G. Schwartz of 827 Broad Street, Newark, and operated by S. J. Unger of the same address.

Girl on Sidewalk Run Down.

An automobile driven by Edwin E. Mates of 2,211 Broadway, last night knocked down Harry Lowenkrohs of 201 West 120th Street at St. Nicholas Avenue and 181st Street and then charged up on the sidewalk and struck Miss Frieda Mulberger of 510 Audubon Avenue. Lowenkrohs was taken to Washington Heights Hospital suffering from a possible fracture of the hip. Miss Mulberger suffered bruises and lacerations and went home.

Thomas Sylvester, of 2,936 West Third Street, Coney Island, who was trying out a new motor cycle on the Brighton Beach race track, lost control of the machine yesterday, and it smashed through a picket fence on the inside of the track into a crowd of spectators. George Schroeder, 11 years old, of 2,867 East Third Street, Coney Island, and Charles Shea, 19, were knocked down by the motor cycle. Shea suffered a fracture of the right leg, and Schroeder concussion of the brain.

Anna Krakauer, 26 years old, of 348 Roebling Street, Brooklyn, was run over on Surf Avenue, Coney Island, by an automobile driven by Albert Gebwan of the Hotel Cumberland, Manhattan. She was treated for a sprained ankle by an ambulance surgeon and sent home.

As Thomas Madden, 21 years old, of 1,891 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, was riding a bicycle along Coney Island Avenue, near the Prospect Park Police Station in the evening, Michael Boccacio, 28 years old, of 152 Spencer Street, Brooklyn, stepped in front of him and was knocked down. Madden jumped off of his seat and stepped up to Boccacio to apologize, but Boccacio, in a rage, stabbed the cyclist in the chest with a pocket knife. Boccacio fled but was caught and made a prisoner, charged with felonious assault. Madden's wound was treated a the Kings County Hospital, after which he went to his home.

"YOUR MONEY"

No Owner of a building operation should forget for one moment that his money, during the conduct of that operation, will be spent by the contractor.

It is therefore of first importance to hire a contractor who is best competent to spend that money judiciously and to the Owner's advantage.

And we have no hesitation in recommending ourselves for the task.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

Beginning Monday, April 19.
OUR SPECIAL GRILL DINNER
(To Order)
Potage Julienne
½ Broiled Lobster
½ Stuffed Roast Squab Chicken
Peas *Potatoes Rissolees*
Ice Cream
Demi-tasse
Red Wine $1.00
(Menu Changed Daily)
5th Avenue Restaurant
The Dollar Dinner With Wine
Also a la Carte
ENTRANCE 24th ST.

TURN YOUR SHIRT TAILS INTO DRAWERS

OLUS

¶ The only thing in the world that will get there without apparently moving is a shirtail. You know where—up!!

¶ Every shirtail is doing it—Ask the man!

¶ Obviate discomfort—What good is a shirtail anyway?

¶ That means OLUS—the shirt with drawers attached—same price as the ordinary shirt because the tail material is used for drawers—sensible economy with endless hours of comfort.

¶ If "OLUS" label isn't in the neck, it's a substitute and isn't coat-cut.

¶ Important—Wear only an undershirt with Olus, no further underwear is necessary.

¶ If your dealer cannot supply you, write us.

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The Lone Star Ranger
A Romance of the Red West
by
ZANE GREY
The Best and Best-Selling Out-of-Doors Story of the Year.
HARPER & BROTHERS

Stern Brothers
42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

Have made additional emphatic reductions to effect
An Absolute Clearance of
The remainder of their Spring collections of
Original Paris Models

INCLUDING the very latest creations in Tailored Suits, Afternoon and Evening Gowns from the most eminent Parisian exponents of fashion,

At One-Third Less Than Original Prices
Dressmaking Salons — Third Floor

CELESTINS
VICHY
Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government
Natural Alkaline Water
Your Physician will recommend its use, to relieve
INDIGESTION
RHEUMATISM
URIC ACID
GOUT
Not Genuine without the word
CELESTINS

VOGEL'S BENCH MADE BOOTS
Strong, well made stylish boots, practically all hand made. Nothing like them in New York.
$5
E. VOGEL.

The Rewards of Neutrality

Day by day the conditions in every branch of business are visibly improving, here slowly, there rapidly, but everywhere substantially.

What is ahead for America in a business way has long been pointed out by the Harriman National Bank and should now be easily visible to the least observant. Strict economy and a growing habit of saving in the United States have resulted in the accumulation of capital, and early demand for use of this capital is clearly foreshadowed.

There has been an excessive supply over demand; presently there will be an equalization; later, with the swing of trade, there will be an excessive demand over supply. Merchant, manufacturer, farmer, and every productive citizen of the United States will benefit, but not the least pleasing aspect of the early future is the benefit that will accrue to the railroads, one of the primary factors in the distribution of the country's wealth.

The Harriman National Bank looks confidently to the future and would remind you of your need of a firm banking relation if you would avail yourself of the present golden opportunity. It is both willing and able to perform its duty toward its customers in advancing on credit, thus enabling them to enjoy their full meed of prosperity.

If you are ready to move forward, possibly we can be of assistance to you. We are always pleased to confer with prospective customers.

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
FIFTH AVENUE AND 44TH ST., NEW YORK
BANKING HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 8 P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

"We Have with Us Tonight"
A Loving Cup from Gorham

There is a fine magnanimity about a loving cup which puts sentiment ahead of price, but that is all the more reason why the price should go into the cup.

There are many reasons why Gorham loving cups are the most economical to buy, but the best reason is, that we produce by far the greatest number of loving cups in America.

Thanks to the national preference for Gorham loving cups, we have indirectly expressed more love and esteem for American citizenship than any other single agency in the kindly art of giving.

And what is true of loving cups, is equally true of trophies of all kinds and descriptions—Gorham is headquarters for the rewards of merit in all fields of human endeavor.

Let that loving cup, that chest of silver, that special memento of whatsoever triumph, carry the Gorham name, for that name of itself is a typical example of achievement.

As for price, a Gorham loving cup can be bought for $5 and all the way up to $2000

THE GORHAM CO.
Silversmiths and Goldsmiths
FIFTH AVENUE & 36th STREET
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RIGGS BANK LOANS TO TREASURY HEADS

Government Will Try to Show They Were Made to Influence Officials.

HINTS AT TWO SECRETARIES

Other Officers Said to Have Been Borrowers — Inquiry Touches Relatives, Too.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Washington is still discussing the suit of the Riggs National Bank against William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, and John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, who are accused by the bank of an attempt to ruin it on account of personal animosity toward some of its officers. The latest developments, according to information which became known today, is that the Government will bring out in the hearing of the case in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia the fact that the bank made loans to former prominent officials of the Treasury, including employes of the Controller of the Currency's office and national bank examiners, and will endeavor to show that these loans were intended to influence the persons by whom they were obtained.

Information in regard to these loans has already been furnished to the Controller of the Currency at his demand, contained in letters that called for statements of such loans, not only to the officials designated, but to members of their families, both during the time they were in office and before and after they left the Government service. The statement of the Riggs National Bank, which it is expected will be produced in evidence, will show, it is understood, that two Secretaries of the Treasury obtained loans from the bank, and that other officers of the Treasury were borrowers.

Reports have been in circulation that these loans were made without security, but it is understood that the official record shows that these reports are erroneous, although some small loans may have been made to officials on indorsements.

There have been reports also that most of these loans were never paid, but persons in a position to know something of this phase of the case say that all the loans to Treasury officials were liquidated with one exception, and that this loan is being repaid.

In its bill of particulars asking for an injunction against Secretary McAdoo, Controller Williams, and John Burke, Treasurer of the United States—Mr. Burke being only a nominal party to the suit—the Riggs National Bank referred to this phase of the trouble between the bank and Controller Williams. The bill of particulars says that on Nov. 24, 1914, Mr. Williams called for a special report of all loans made by the bank, either directly or indirectly, to the Secretaries and Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury and to Controllers of the Currency and National Bank Examiners, within ten years.

The bank says that, "although said demand was wholly unauthorized by law, yet, because of its character and the intimation it conveyed" the information was communicated to Controller Williams. As soon as the Controller received the report, the bank says, he made a call for a supplementary report showing all such loans by the bank since its organization in 1886. After this report was furnished, the Controller, the bank says, made another call for a report of all loans to employees of the Controller's office, and this was made on Jan. 8, 1915.

According to the bank, Controller Williams, in an official communication dated Dec. 22, 1914, commenting on one of the reports demanded, made what the bank calls a "gratuitous statement reflecting not only upon the plaintiff bank, but upon the honor of gentlemen who had been his predecessors in the high office of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury." This gratuitous statement was as follows:

"From your letter of Dec. 9, it is noted that the money loaned by the Riggs National Bank to the Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury during the past ten years was aparently limited to those Assistant Secretaries who were or had been in charge of the 'fiscal bureaus,' embracing the bureau having supervision over national banks. The other Assistant Secretaries, from your statement, do not apear to have been recipients of your favors."

In its bill of particulars the bank says that "not because required to do so, but in defense of its own integrity and the honor of these former high Government officials," it wrote a letter in which it said that out of nine former Assistant Secretaries named in the report the loans to five were made at times when they had no official connection with the United States Government.

According to what is said here the bank will point out, in answer to any effort of counsel for Secretary McAdoo and Controller Williams to show that the loans to Treasury officers were improper, that as a banking and national institution the Riggs National Bank numbered among its depositors the Presidents of the United States from Martin Van Buren to William H. Taft, and that it was patronized generally by public men stationed in Washington, who naturally applied to the institution when they wanted to borrow money.

GEM SALESMAN MISSING.

When Last Heard from Bernitz Wrote He Had Been Hurt in Hold-Up

Mrs. Andrew P. Bernitz, whose husband has been missing since March 11 and for whom the police had been searching Atlanta, Ga., was found yesterday stopping in Newark with her brother, Frank Vernoy, at 414 South Belmont Avenue.

Mrs. Bernitz said yesterday afternoon that she last saw her husband on March 11, when he started on a business trip, with Perth Amboy as his first stop. She said that she had received several letters from him, and in one of them he told of having been beaten and robbed. In the last letter she received, which was on April 7, Bernitz wrote that he was ill in Atlanta.

Mrs. Bernitz said that she was married about nine years ago in Houston, Texas. She says that her husband's mother was Countess de la Martimere and his father a German. She said he fought under General Gomez in Cuba. He was seriously wounded during an engagement, and was later removed to New York for treatment.

"About three years after our marriage in Houston," Mrs. Bernitz said, "we went to the Philippine Islands, where my husband represented an insurance company. His health began to fail about six months ago, and we came to Newark. On March 1 he obtained a position as a jewelry salesman with a firm in Cleveland, and on March 11 he packed his suitcase with samples of valuable jewelry and left for Perth Amboy. That was the last I saw him. On March 18 I received a letter, postmarked Charlottesville, Va., saying that he had been held up by footpads and robbed. He stated that he had suffered from a severe wound on the head when he was struck by one of the thieves. At the time of writing this letter, he said, he was on a train in care of a physician, who had instructed him not to write. He said he was writing the letter in the absence of the physician and was going to get the porter to mail it for him."

Mrs. Bernitz said that shortly after receiving the letter a package of jewelry samples followed. The package had come from Virginia, and represented about two-thirds of her husband's samples. Another letter was received on April 7 from Atlanta, Ga., in which Bernitz wrote that he was ill.

Bernitz is about 5 feet 7 inches in height, weighs about 140 pounds, and is 42 years old. He has blue eyes, iron-gray hair, and a small gray mustache. When he left home he was attired in a dark suit, black overcoat, and tan shoes.

ATTACK ON BUSINESS FRAUD

District Attorney Moves to Suppress False Financial Statements.

District Attorney Perkins, it was announced yesterday, has promised to co-operate with the New York Credit Men's Association to stamp out commercial frauds. The association has appointed Gregory, Stewart & Wrenn to act for it, and District Attorney Perkins has named Assistant District Attorney Walter S. Heilborn to handle such cases as may be brought to his attention.

False financial statements will be the form of fraud most seriously attacked.

"The business community does not seem to realize that the law makes it a crime to make a false statement in writing respecting the financial condition or means or ability of a person, firm, or corporation to pay," said a member of the association yesterday. "Already two prosecutions have been instituted at the instigation of the Credit Men's Association. In one the Secretary of a company overstated its accounts by $9,500, and he was held in $1,000 bail for Special Sessions. The other defendant was held in $300 bail for the same court."

Magistrate Appleton, after the second case, said the purpose of these proceedings was not so much the punishment of the individual offender as the prevention of commercial fraud.

QUEEN MAY LOSE HER ARM.

Elena of Italy Reveals Affliction to American Friend.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 18.—That Queen Elena of Italy may lose her right arm as the price of her heroism during the earthquake in Messina in December, 1908, was revealed today in a letter which the Queen wrote to Miss Irma Guthrie Wright, a cousin of Ambassador George Guthrie to Japan, who has spent fifteen years in Europe, most of the time in Italy. During her stay in Rome Miss Wright became a friend of the Queen.

In her letter the Queen says her arm, which it was thought had entirely healed from the injury she sustained at the time of the earthquake, has, since the birth of her child in January last, given her much trouble, and now a malignant growth has appeared which defies treatment, and amputation may be necessary. According to Miss Wright, the letter says the Italian people know nothing of the Queen's trouble, as it had not yet been deemed wise to make a public announcement.

Madrid's Comedia Theatre Burned.

PARIS, April 18.—A Havas dispatch from Madrid says the Comedia Theatre, one of the finest and most aristocratic playhouses in that city, was destroyed by fire at 5 o'clock this morning.

ADMIRAL WINSLOW FOR NEW NAVY POST

Secretary Daniels to Appoint Him Chief of Operation, in Charge of War Plans.

FLETCHER DOESN'T WANT IT

Prefers Command of Atlantic Fleet and Enjoyment of Rank of Full Admiral.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Rear Admiral Cameron McRae Winslow, a nephew of the Winslow who commanded the famous old Kearsarge in her battle with the Alabama, will be the new chief of naval operations, according to information obtained from a high source tonight. Secretary Daniels is not yet ready to announce his decision in the matter of the selection of the officer to fill this new post, created by the recently enacted Naval Appropriation bill, but it is understood that as a result of the conferences which Mr. Daniels had during the last week with Rear Admiral Winslow and with Admiral Frank Friday Fletcher, Commander in Chief of the Atlantic fleet, the decision has been reached to place Rear Admiral Winslow in charge of the Naval Operations Bureau, which will have control of the preparation of naval war plans and the readiness of the fleet for war.

The announcement of the decision of Secretary Daniels is promised before May 1, but the new chief of naval operations will not set up his office or take charge of its affairs before July 1.

The choice of the new war plans chief has been between Admiral Fletcher and Rear Admiral Winslow. Secretary Daniels has been very anxious that this new position, which he regards as vitally important in the plans of the United States Navy, should be first held by Admiral Fletcher. It is understood that if Admiral Fletcher had indicated a willingness to accept this position Rear Admiral Winslow would have been detailed to succeed Admiral Fletcher as Commander in Chief of the Atlantic fleet. According to information obtained from a trustworthy source tonight, Admiral Fletcher is not willing to relinquish the command of the fleet at this time, and in view of his splendid service in that capacity and at Vera Cruz, it is recognized in high naval circles that it would be unfair to Admiral Fletcher to insist upon his acceptance of the new post.

Admiral Fletcher has been in command of the fleet less than a year, and it is understood that he prefers to enjoy the opportunity of flying his pennant as a full Admiral in command of the fleet until his retirement from active service under the age limit on Nov. 23, 1917. As Admiral his salary is $10,000 a year. As chief of naval operations he would revert to the rank of Rear Admiral and receive only $8,000 a year. The law under which he was commissioned as Admiral provides that he may hold the rank of Admiral only while in command of the fleet.

Furthermore, as Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Fleet, which is the most important command afloat in the United States Navy, Admiral Fletcher will be free from departmental red tape and possessed of a liberty of action that would be sacrificed in any departmental position. It was also pointed out that as Commander in Chief of the fleet Admiral Fletcher, in the event of some great emergency calling for use of the navy, would occupy the position that might lead to glory and fame.

Rear Admiral Winslow is considered an officer of known courage, ability, and resourcefulness and admirably equipped for setting in motion the machinery of the new branch of the navy.

In the Spanish war, Rear Admiral Winslow, then a Lieutenant, cut the telegraph cable near Santiago, Cuba, and was wounded in the hand. He was in command of a division of the Atlantic Fleet on its visit to the Mediterranean during the first Winter of the Wilson Administration.

In April, 1914, when the attitude of Huerta in the Tampico flag incident resulted in the dispatch of the Atlantic Fleet to Vera Cruz, Secretary Daniels issued orders forming a special service squadron for service on the east coast of Mexico. He completed his last sea service on Sept. 14 last, when he was ordered to the Naval War College at Newport for special duty, on which he is yet employed.

Rear Admiral Winslow goes on the retired list on July 29, 1916.

MRS. POTTER ASKS DIVORCE.

Action Begun Here Against Nephew of the Late Bishop.

Francis Hunter Potter, a nephew of the late Bishop Potter, and for many years a member of American legations abroad, has been sued for a divorce in the Supreme Court here by his wife, Gwendolyn Cary Potter, a cousin of Mrs. Burton Harrison, the writer.

Mr. and Mrs. Potter were married on Oct. 21, 1907, in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, London, by the Rev. Dr. Bull. At the time Mr. Potter was Second Secretary of the American Legation at Lisbon. In 1909 he was transferred to the legation at London. The defendant is well known in society here. Whenever he was in this country he made his home with his aunt, Miss Sophia E. Blatchford, at Newport. Once he was sued there by a London tailor for $414.

Mrs. Potter is a nativeof Baltimore.

Grace Breen Gives Song Recital.

Grace Breen, a young soprano who was heard here last season, gave a song recital last night in Aeolian Hall. Her program comprised a group of Italian songs, another of Irish airs, and a third of songs in French, German, and English. Alois Trnka, violinist, played two groups of pieces. Walter Golde provided able accompaniments.

DROPS DEAD AT END OF PUBLIC PRAYER

Cornelius D. Weaver, an Aged Jamaica Lawyer, Had Just Addressed 200 Men.

A FRIEND TO DERELICTS

For 20 Years He Had Spent Sunday Afternoons in Religious Work on the East Side.

Cornelius D. Weaver, 75 years old, of 342 Fifty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, a lawyer with offices in Jamaica, dropped dead yesterday afternoon as he finished a prayer before 200 men in the Union Lodging House at 142 Hester Street.

For twenty years Mr. Weaver had not missed a Sunday afternoon service in the Mariners' Temple, at Oliver and Henry Streets. The most violent storms did not keep him away. Following the service there it was his habit to visit east side lodging houses and conduct religious services for the poor. He had helped scores of "down-and-outs" to work, and was widely known on the east side for his philanthropies.

He took part in the Mariners' Temple services as usual yesterday. Accompanied by William Sager, assistant pastor of the temple; Mrs. Johnson, the organist, and another settlement worker named Lombard, he went to the Union Lodging House. A small organ was set up in the big lounging room on the second floor, and 200 men gathered for the meeting. Mr. Weaver had closed his prayer with the words: "O, Lord, help us to live, that in the fullness of time we may come to thine own good rest, rich in good deeds done in Thy name and for Jesus sake."

As he turned to resume his seat he fainted and fell to the floor.

Policeman Weisenreider of the Elizabeth Street Station called Dr. Slater from the Hudson Street Hospital. Mr. Weaver was dead when he arrived. The doctor said he had died of heart disease. Mr. Weaver was a member of the law firm of E. G. Bullard of Jamaica, and despite his advanced age active in his profession.

NEW WEATHER FORECAST.

Will be Issued Weekly for Farmers and Shippers of Produce.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The Department of Agriculture announces that a new weekly forecast, designed especially to aid farmers to plan their operations and shippers of perishable products to handle their goods, will be issued by the Weather Bureau on April 20, and continued during the crop season. In order to have these weekly forecasts reach the farmers and shippers in small towns with the least possible delay, the bureau has arranged a system whereby the forecasts will be taken on Tuesday and reach the weekly newspapers, especially in the corn, wheat, and cotton districts, by mail on Wednesday morning, which will be in time for the greater number of them to use the information in their current editions. In this way the forecast for the week commencing Wednesday morning will be in the hands of farmers and shippers early. The daily papers which take press association services will get the forecast by wire.

Each distributing centre will receive by telegraph the forecast for the entire district in which it is located. The service at first will be mailed only to those weekly papers which reply to a letter from the Weather Bureau to the effect that they wish the service.

LATIN-AMERICANS COMING.

More Delegates Named for the Financial Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—More acceptances of this Government's invitation to Central and South American Republics to participate in the Pan-American Financial Conference, to be held in Washington, beginning May 24, have insured the presence of delegates from eighteen nations.

Secretary McAdoo has just been advised of the appointmemnt of the following delegates: Dr. Amara Cavalcanti, formerly Judge of the Supreme Court of Brazil, as representative of that country; Ignacio Calderon, Bolivian Minister at Washington, and Adolfo Ballivan, Consul General at New York for Bolivia; Pedro Rafael Rinconos, Consul General at New York for Venezuela, and Francisco J. Penado, former Minister, and Dr. Enrique Jimenez, present Minister, for the Dominican Republic. The delegates from Argentina have sailed, and are expected in New York in a few days.

HONOR FATHER SULLIVAN.

4,000 Knights of Columbus Attend Service in Chaplain's Church.

Four thousand Knights of Columbus gathered at the Church of St. Aloysius, at 132d Street and Seventh Avenue, yesterday, where vesper services were held in honor of the pastor of the church, the Rev. Francis J. Sullivan, who is State Chaplain of the Knights. Knights were present from more than seventy-five councils in Manhattan and the Bronx. Preceded by the color guard and the Boy Scouts' Band of the Church of the Annunciation, the Knights marched to the church from Mount Morris Park, at 124th Street.

The Rev. Francis J. Farrell of St. Peter's Church, Brooklyn, conducted the services, and was assisted by the Rev. George W. Foley and the Rev. Thomas P. Larkin. The Rev. Francis J. Sullivan preached the sermon on "Christ the Patriot."

THE UNEXPECTED
Disturbs the values of many safe looking investments. Our Guaranteed Mortgages—with 50% security above the loan, besides the pledge of $9,000,000 capital and surplus—are immune to the most unexpected events.
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"Quality Service since 1870"
Dyeing, Altering, Relaying
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Old Carpets Woven into Rugs
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LET US DO YOUR WORK
Write or 'Phone for booklet.
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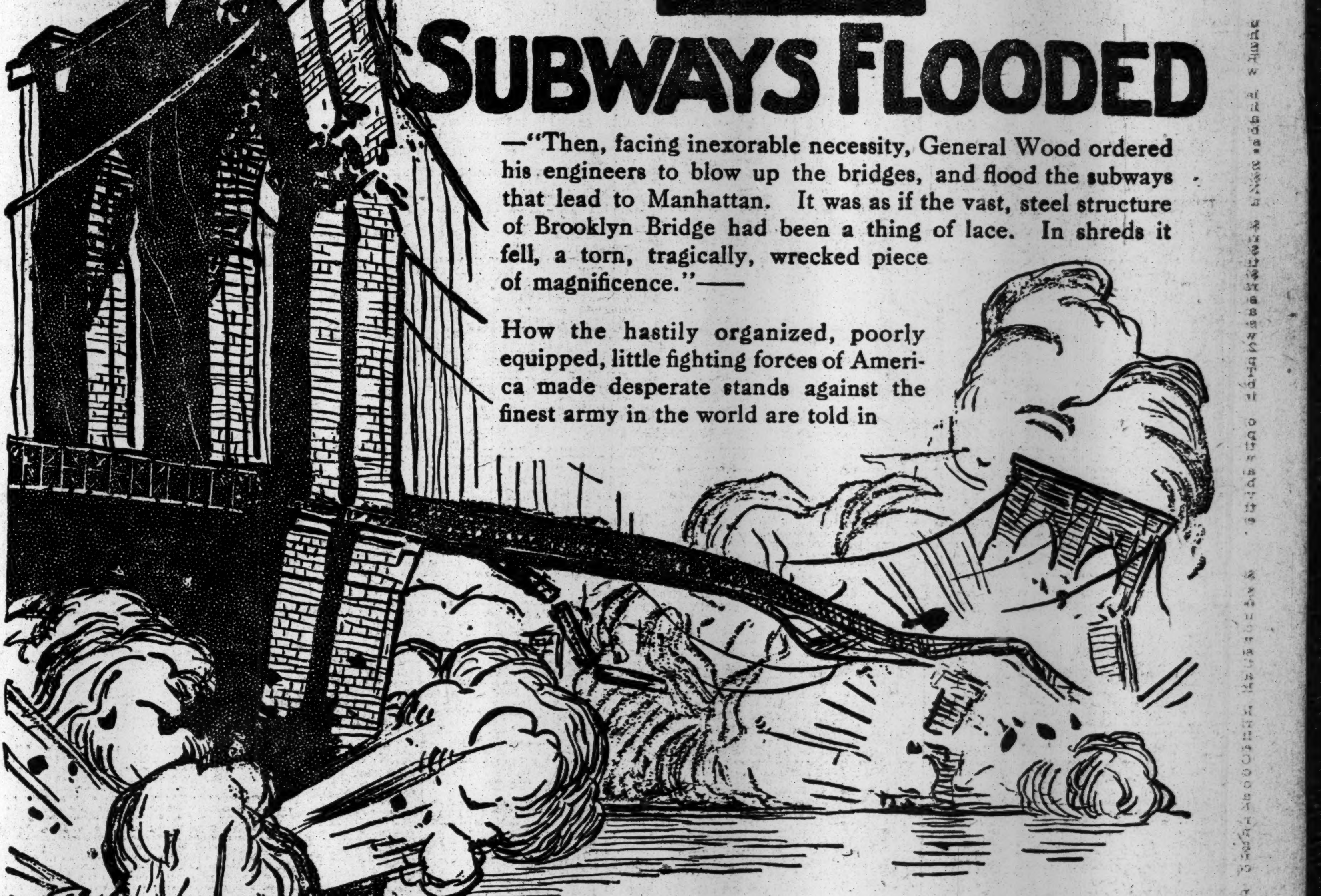
MOVING VANS AND STORAGE WAREHOUSE.

CALIFORNIA
Lackawanna Railroad
ROUND TRIP $94.30
Information at Ticket Offices, Broadway, cor. Wall St., Park Place, 28th St., 42d St.
BROOKLYN: 505 FULTON ST.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

BROOKLYN BRIDGE DYNAMITED! SUBWAYS FLOODED



—"Then, facing inexorable necessity, General Wood ordered his engineers to blow up the bridges, and flood the subways that lead to Manhattan. It was as if the vast, steel structure of Brooklyn Bridge had been a thing of lace. In shreds it fell, a torn, tragically, wrecked piece of magnificence."—

How the hastily organized, poorly equipped, little fighting forces of America made desperate stands against the finest army in the world are told in

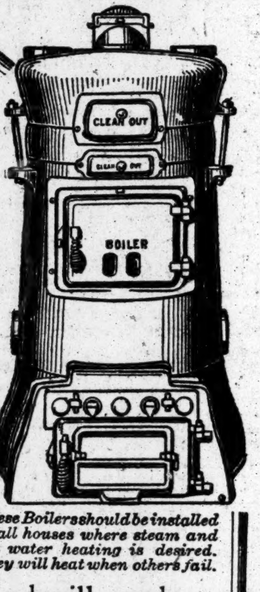
Conquest of America

The opening chapters of which appear in McClure's Magazine for May (*in the big size*). A soul stirring picture by Cleveland Moffett.

Fourteen other Big Features. Altogether it is a magazine to read—and re-read.

McClures for May
In The Big Size
10 Cents (formerly 15) On all News stands today

The Popular "Richardson" Boilers
For Steam or Water Heating
The Boilers That Make Good—
and always do the *heating* in a *satisfactory* manner.
They Please Everyone—are of latest modern construction—will save fuel—are easily managed—have quality and merit and will produce even heat throughout the residence, school or church, etc., with economical use of fuel.
Proper temperature is easily maintained during the most extreme weather conditions. Several thousand of these popular boilers are in daily use.



These Boilers should be installed in all houses where steam and hot water heating is desired. They will heat when others fail.
Richardson & Boynton Co., Mfrs.
31 West 31st Street, New York
PHILADELPHIA CHICAGO BOSTON PROVIDENCE
Installed by all Plumbers and Fitters

OVER A CENTURY IN BUSINESS—
Cowperthwait
782-786 Sixth Ave
Between 44th & 45th Sts
One Block Above Hippodrome
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COWPERTHWAIT

A STEP FORWARD INTO THE HEART OF NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTRE
THE OLD RELIABLE
Cowperthwait Furniture Store
Has Moved from 23rd St.
to SIXTH AVE., BETWEEN 44TH AND 45TH STS.
We Invite You to
OUR NEW HOME
A new, beautiful and perfectly equipped 8-story building, as complete in all appointments for the outfitting of homes as modern science can produce, and a fitting culmination of a century of progress.
A STORE WORTH KNOWING
Not only a store, but developed through reliable methods into a great home building institution worthy of a great city.
CREDIT CHARGE ACCOUNTS ACCEPTED
QUALITY FIRST

DE PINNA
FIFTH AVENUE
Owing to the death of Mr. Alfred De Pinna, the founder of the business, this store will be closed Monday, April 19th, 1915.

Bud
A DISTINCTIVE CIGARETTE in A DISTINCTIVE CASE
A case with ten perfect cigarettes 20c
Made of selected Pure Turkish Tobacco with a Blend which is appreciated by smokers of discrimination.
Plain or Cork Ends.

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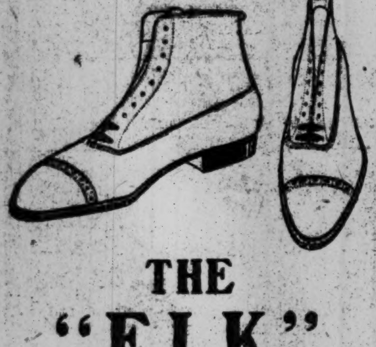
BEST HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER
Hercules

Hercules WATER

IT LIFTS THE LOAD

First thing in the morning if you feel logy—cultivate that splendid habit—purge your system with an imported natural water of recognized standing

EISNER MENDELSON CO., N. Y., AGENTS.



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REG. U. S. PAT. OFF

THE "ELK"

Has found many supporters and supports many men.

SOLD NOWHERE ELSE
JAMES S. COWARD
264-274 Greenwich St., N. Y.
(NEAR WARREN STREET)
Mail Orders Filled | Send for Catalogue

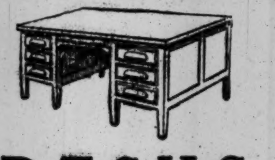
BLOOMINGDALES'.

Silken And Dainty

MILADY of to-day gives as much thought to the daintiness of her underwear as to her dress—and she should!

Kayser glove-silk underwear in white, pink and blue are dainty as can be. The garments are here, from $1.40 to $3.25 each.

Bloomingdales
59th to 60th St. Lex. to 3d Av.



DESKS

This house has for many years made a specialty of designing or making to design office furniture for business men who want something a little out of the ordinary.

Phone Beekman 2075 for catalogue.

SELLEW
111 Fulton St., New York
Established in 1838

ADVERTISEMENT.

Don't Visit the California Expositions

Without a supply of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the Shoes, or dissolved in the foot-bath. The Standard Remedy for the feet for 25 years. It gives instant relief to tired, aching feet and prevents swollen, hot feet. One lady writes: "I enjoyed every minute of my stay at the Expositions, thanks to Allen's Foot-Ease in my shoes." Get it TO-DAY.

5 REASONS FOR SUPERIORITY

No. 4, INTRINSIC VALUE

The economies of enormous production and the manufacture of their own bottles, cases, etc., make it possible for the Distiller to sell the superb quality of

BLACK & WHITE

Scotch Whisky

at a moderate price.

SHAW

THE HIGHEST STANDARD OF QUALITY

WILL WIN OR DIE, VILLA'S MESSAGE

Staking Everything on a New Attack on the Big Carranza Army at Celaya.

FAILURE MAY END CAREER

Border Hears That Angeles May Lead the Faction in Case of Another Defeat.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, April 18.—General Villa is on the eve of another big battle. In a signed message which was sent to his brother, Hipolito Villa, in Juarez, he says:

> I am entering on the greatest battle of my career. On its outcome I am staking everything, and if you will only supply my men with ammunition I am confident of victory, for that alone caused us to retreat before the enemy.
>
> We are now attacking the trenches and Obregon is completely surrounded. This battle I will win, or die fighting, for I realize that the success of my cause and that of free Mexico is at stake.
>
> My men are grimly determined and I am ready to die with them in the trenches if necessary. Believe no reports from the enemy until you hear from me. Obregon and his men must fight or die at the hands of my brave men. F. VILLA.

Villa's message was dated at 4 o'clock today and at an unknown place in the field before Celaya. No news of the actual resumption of fighting along the ten-mile battle line has yet been received, although Villa's message indicated that he was moving into battle formation. His ammunition supply was replenished today by the receipt of a car of ammunition from New York which reached here early this morning and was rushed south.

General Raoul Madero also sent two cars of reserve ammunition from Neuvo Leon and General José Rodriguez forwarded a pack train load from before Matamoros. However this will not reach Villa for several days.

Should Villa fail in the battle, it is reported on the border that General Filipo Angeles will succeed him in command of the Revolutionary forces, as Villa's prestige is being lost because of his defeats.

SAY CIVIL WAR IS OVER.

Carranza Men Talk of Peace Soon to Come in Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Exultant over the official reports from General Alvaro Obregon, in which he claims to have decisively beaten General Francisco Villa in the battle of Celaya, General Venustiano Carranza, First Chief of the Constitutionalists, telegraphed to his confidential agency in Washington today that Obregon's victory presaged the end of the war.

While disposed to wait a while longer for definite information as to the real situation around Celaya, Administration officials frankly admit that if Obregon's claims of so sweeping a victory are true the effect on the Mexican situation will be far-reaching and upon the Villa cause disastrous.

If Villa has been defeated as badly as claimed by Obregon, it is thought here that General Angeles will now enter the limelight by taking up the Villa cause where the latter may have failed It was suggested in Washington today that General Angeles might be able to unite the various revolutionary factions, but those most familiar with the situation do not believe that the Carranzistas, flushed with victory over Villa, would accept Angeles as a leader. In well-informed circles here it is the belief that if Angeles comes to the front it would have to be through the institution of an independent movement of his own as the successor of Villa, and Angeles is not likely to start such a movement so long as Villa lives and retains military power.

A message from General Carranza to Eliseo Arredondo, his confidential agent in Washington, sent last night, and received today, read:

"General Obregon reports today that the Villistas are in demoralized flight. All trains are captured and more than 14,000 of the enemy are dead, captured, and wounded. Villa himself has abandoned his army, and Obregon's cavalry is pursuing the scattered columns relentlessly. Obregon's victory spells the end of the reactionary movement, and I hope now that this war that has caused the sacrifice of so many lives of our fellow-countrymen will soon end. It has been with the greatest pain that I have inflicted this punishment on our enemies. Peace is my end."

Another telegram received by Señor Arredondo today from Vera Cruz said:

"Villa is reported to have fled through Irapuato yesterday with the remnant of his army. He is making vain efforts to reorganize his army, but gaining no ground. Americans arriving at Vera Cruz from Tampico report that no Villista forces are in the vicinity. General J. B. Trevino reports that the Villistas have retired from in front of Ebano. It is believed here that Villa's defeat by Obregon will result in Angeles now attempting to play the leading rôle for the reactionaries. Civil authorities, in an effort to help the poor, are conferring with local merchants to regulate prices on necessaries."

Señor Arredondo, the Carranza agent here, said today:

"I do not look for another battle of any importance, considering the state of disorganization in which Villa's troops are now. From now on military operations will consist principally of clearing the northern States of straggling Villistas.

"Peaceful conditions in Mexico should be shortly restored and when this is accomplished the program of reforms agreed upon by the Constitutionalists can be carried into effect."

Hospital's Friends Attack Critic.

Circulars headed, "The Truth versus Lies," were given out yesterday at Catholic churches in Richmond Hill, East New York and Woodhaven, replying to charges of mismanagement, which had been brought in The Leader-Observer of Richmond Hill against St. Anthony's Hospital, Woodhaven. Alfred J. Ball of 1133 Jamaica Avenue, Richmond Hill, publisher of the paper, was attacked by the Rev. Daniel A. Cherry of St. Malachy's Church, East New York, in his sermon last night.

RESCUE LOCKED-IN STUDENT

Policeman Uses Rope to Pull Him Out of Second Story Window.

The ingenuity of Patrolman Mazziotta of the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station in devising a huge lever made of a rope and a long ladder last night was the means of rescuing Augustus Matera, Jr., a chemist, from the deserted hallway of the College of Pharmacy, at 115 West Sixty-eight Street, where he had been locked up for more than eight hours.

Matera, who lives at 151 Forty-second Street, Corona, L. I., is a chemist for the Puritas Mineral Water Company and a graduate student at the College of Pharmacy. Yesterday morning he went to the college laboratory to make some experiments. At noon the janitor, thinking no one was in the building, went out, locking the front door.

Matera soon discovered he was a prisoner. For several hours he tried to find a way out, and at last discovered that the only opening into the outer air was a small circular window, hinged in the middle, on the second floor, at the head of a narrow stairway. He called for help, and after a time some officers in the First Regiment Field Artillery Armory heard him and came to his assistance with ladders, but they were unable to pull him through the window. They sent an appeal to the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station.

Patrolman Mazziotta, who responded, procured a long rope, climbed up to the window, and passed the rope in to Matera. He told him to tie the end of it to a radiator, then to tie it around his waist, leaving plenty of slack, and to pass the other end of it out the window. Mazziotta took the free end of the rope, passed it over a rung of the ladder on a level with the window and down behind the rung below. Then he selected several of the large crowd of spectators that had gathered and told them to pull.

The downward pull on the rope caused a horizontal pull on Matera's body and he slid easily through the window, a trifle painfully. His clothing was torn in a few places. The portion of the rope tied to the radiator inside prevented him from falling. He untied the rope and climbed down the ladder.

COLOR EFFECTS AT MUSEUM.

Exhibition There Gives Suggestions for House Decorations.

An exhibition of color effects for use in the decoration of homes of all sizes, from the smallest of Summer cottages to large mansions, was viewed by many visitors at the Metropolitan Museum of Art yesterday afternoon. The exhibition, which was the first of its kind to be attempted in this country, was brought together by the Arts in Trades Club at the request of the American Federation of Arts in Washington. The Assembling Committee was composed of William Sloane Coffin, Frank Alvah Parsons, President of the New York School of Fine and Applied Art, and William Macdougal Odom.

Mr. Coffin said his committee proposed to take the exhibit on a tour of the entire country after another week in New York.

"The war in Europe," he said, "will keep the European people altogether too busy with reconstruction work for a number of years for them to pay any particular attention to matters of art. The result is that New York is in a good way to capture the world's leadership in art matters. And New York can only assert this leadership if the country recognizes it and supports it.

"We are trying to bring out the fact so clearly that any casual visitor to our collection will see it that color schemes have certain harmonies, making up what we might call the language of color. Every home, however humble, may as well be decorated along correct principles as along incorrect principles. A study of our exhibit will teach any artisan or mechanic how to make his home a beautiful home in interior, as well as exterior, effects."

MARKS NAMES ADVISERS.

Borough President Selects Citizens to Serve on District Committees.

President Marks, in accordance with his policy of appointing local committees whom he can consult concerning the needs of various districts in the city, has appointed a West Harlem Advisory Committee. Its members are J. Gardner Smith, Chairman; Miss Helen Varick Boswell, Mrs. William Fox Roantree, Edward v. d. H. Koch, Carl A. Koelsch, Charles W. Anderson, B. Walter Barnett, Maltus J. Newman, Horace S. Tuthill, Harry Hull St. Clair, Samuel Marks, and Theodore C. Wood.

President Marks has now appointed commissions for Fifth Avenue, Chelsea, West End, Washington Heights, Greenwich Village, Kips Bay, East Side, Central Park West, Washington Square, Murray Hill, Yorkville, Gramercy Park, East Harlem, and West Harlem.

HUERTA PITIES THE BASEBALL UMPIRE

Sees a Game and Can Now Sympathize with Dictator of the Diamond.

WON'T ANSWER MADERO MEN

Meant to Make Statement but Changes His Mind—Going to Washington Saturday.

General Victoriano Huerta, in his rooms in the Hotel Ansonia, read carefully yesterday the joint statement issued on Saturday by Pedro Lascurain, Rafael Hernandez, and Ernesto Madero, all former members of the Cabinet of the late President Francisco I. Madero of Mexico, in which they branded as false most of the statement made by General Huerta last Thursday. General Huerta, after reading their charges that he was a deliberate falsifier of facts concerning the Madero administration, was at first inclined to make a formal answer.

However, he changed his mind.

"I will not engage in a controversy. American readers must judge between the sincerity and truthfulness of my statement and of the attacks directed against me," he said, and added that this was all that he would have to say in reply to Messrs. Lascurain, Madero, and Hernandez.

General Huerta said he was having a very nice time in New York, attending the theatres and taking in the sights generally. Yesterday afternoon he attended a baseball game in Jersey City. If he would have enjoyed a bull fight more than the great American game he did not say so.

He sat in a box at West Side Park in Jersey City and saw the Giants trim Manager George Wiltse's Skeeters by a score of 5 to 3. General Huerta knows baseball because he has seen many games in Mexico City. He followed every play yesterday and gave a whoop of delight in the third inning when Malcolm Barry of the Jersey City team hammered out a screeching three-bagger and drove Barney home.

General Huerta, after the game, said that all his sympathies were with the umpire. He said he knew just how Mr. Umpire felt. With him were Colonel José Delgardo, A. Z. Ratner, and General Qurros. The party sat behind the Giants' bench, and were very much interested in the work of Jim Thorpe, the Indian. Jim didn't exploit any glittering plays yesterday, however, for the distinguished visitors.

The most unpleasant of the few unpleasant features of General Huerta's visit has been the number of "fake" interviews published with him. Yesterday in a newspaper there was one a column long written by a woman whose audience with General Huerta lasted not more than three minutes.

General Huerta will go to Washington next Saturday. He will devote all his time while in the capital, it was said, to sightseeing, and will return to New York early next week.

MRS. McQUAIDE SUES AGAIN.

Former Wife Wants Accounting of Steel Man's Business.

When his wife separated from James P. McQuaide, a steel merchant, in 1903, he pledged 1,250 shares of the stock of the National Conduit and Cable Company with his partner, Edward S. Perot, to guarantee her sufficient income to support herself and her three children. Mr. McQuaide and Mr. Perot controlled the company, which paid dividends in excess of 12 per cent.

Mrs. McQuaide was to receive from the pledged stock $700 a month until her children reached their majority, when the payments were to be reduced $100 a month for each child. On Saturday she obtained from Justice Goff of the Supreme Court the appointment of Warren Leslie as a referee to take an accounting of the business of the company.

Mrs. McQuaide complained that from 1906 until 1911 she received $8,400 a year, but that the payments dropped to $6,400 in the latter year, and in 1913 fell off to $6,000. She alleged that Mr. Perot was paying himself an excessive salary as the President of the company to restrict the dividends.

Mr. McQuaide got a divorce in Florida in 1912, and married Gertrude Reynolds, who won fame in the Weber and Fields shows. He has an estate in East Molesey, Surrey, England. In 1912 the plaintiff sued him to learn why her income from the stock had fallen off, but nothing came of it.

FLAG SALE FOR WAR RELIEF.

Unemployed to Share in Proceeds of Big May Day Festival.

To obtain funds for non-combatants in Europe, and for the relief of the unemployed in New York, it is proposed to have young women sell the flags of Poland, Belgium, and America on the streets on May Day. The flags will be made by girls employed by the Vacation War Relief Committee. No price will be set upon them, and anything from a cent up will be accepted. It is hoped that every man and woman and child will buy one or all the flags. They will be sold from baskets, thus carrying out the May Day idea, and the festival will be concluded with a public ball at the Grand Central Palace, which has been donated for the occasion. It is hoped that 1,000,000 flags will be sold.

Persian Relief Fund.

The Persian War Relief Fund, subscriptions to which should be sent to Edwin M. Bulkley, Treasurer, 43 Exchange Place, now totals $25,164.15. New subscriptions of $10 or more acknowledged yesterday were:

Mr. & Mrs. D. E. Waid	$100	William F. Faber	$10
		S. W. Fleming	10

American Women's Fund.

The American Women's War Relief Fund, subscriptions to which should be sent to Brown Brothers & Co., 59 Wall Street, acknowledged yesterday these new subscriptions of $10 or more:

Charles M. Nelson	$100	James W. Johnson	$25
Mrs. W. H. Reed	50		

Vacation Committee's Fund.

The Vacation War Relief Committee's Fund, 38 West Thirty-ninth Street, of which Miss Anne Morgan is Treasurer, now amounts to $81,754.94. New subscriptions include:

Y. M. C. A.	$69	Edith M. Wetmore	$14

Gifts for Belgian-American Fund.

The Belgian American Relief and Unemployment Fund, 15 Broad Street, which is conducting a campaign to raise funds to be applied to the relief of the Belgians and the unemployed here, gave out yesterday the following list of donors to the fund, whose subscriptions amount to $20 or more:

F. A. Clark	$1,000	Charles T. Root	25
Francis L. Stetson	350	Clara A. Parker	25
O. G. Jennings	300	W. A. Stanton	25
Mortimer L. Schiff	250	John H. Brainard	25
J. W. Frothingham	250	C. W. McAlpin	25
James Byrne	250	Julius Bache	25
Mrs. J. P. Morgan	250	John B. Bassett	25
E. H. Floyd-Jones	200	G. L. McAlpin	25
Franklin Taylor	123	R. C. Post	25
Ogden Mills	100	Mrs. J. F. Archbold	25
Mrs. Percy B. Pyne	100	Lucy Frelinghuysen	25
Caroline Stehlin	100	T. R. Hoyt	25
Bertha G. Brooks	100	W. C. Symington	25
T. Frelinghuysen	100	T. W. Stephens	25
Mrs. E. T. Newell	100	George T. Brokaw	25
E. L. Mayer	100	Ellen Glasgow	25
Mrs. De L. Kane	100	F. K. Curtis	25
R. D. Douglas	100	Edward N. Burns	25
Mrs. C. H. Coster	100	W. A. Chadbourne	25
Walter Jennings	100	C. W. Leonard	25
T. J. Martin	100	Anonymous	25
William Kemp	100	Emma L. Fortune	25
F. T. Fearey	100	J. McE. Bowman	25
W. T. Hanrahan	100	T. F. Goldmark	25
James Nesmith	100	J. H. Brainerd	25
T. R. White, Jr.	100	Helen G. Chapman	25
Mrs. A. G. Vanderbilt	50	C. A. Ericson	25
Allen Wardwell	50	John E. Eustis	25
Mrs. A. R. Flower	50	Dr. C. H. Chetwood	25
E. K. Stewart	50	Mrs. A. R. Davidson	25
Mrs. C. S. Brown	50	Alice C. Crowell	25
Mrs. G. B. Case	50	Mrs. E. M. Godwin	25
J. A. Kernan	50	Mrs. Hobart Porter	25
William Hague	50	Mrs. H. Appleton	25
Adelbert Smith	50	Mrs. M. S. Laflin	25
W. G. Rugg	50	Allene Burchard	20
Olga Nazimova	50	Bernard Sachs	20
J. Kruttschmidt	50	F. G. Landon	20
H. D. Best	50	S. A. Tucker	20
E. W. Trotter & Co.	50	Louise Chamberlain	20
Edith Scoville	50	Miss L. S. Wolff	20
Otto M. Eidlitz	50	John Quinn	20
Mrs. M. W. Kellogg	50	Rev. E. J. Van Etten	20
Mrs. W. H. Garrison	50	R. V. Lewis	20
Mrs. H. L. Morris	50	C. B. Fuller	20
Isabella Sullivan	30	D. Bernstein	20
Batger & Co.	30	Mrs. H. W. Gray	20
Kate Van Wagenen	30	Mrs. Paul Wilcox	20
Mrs. H. L. Satterlee	25	H. Gitterman & Co.	20
Mrs. M. O. Wilson	25	E. M. Grinnell	20
Mrs. H. Stutzer, Jr.	25	Mrs. N. G. Carman	20

Literary Digest Fund Closed.

In its issue of Saturday The Literary Digest announced that The Literary Digest Belgian Flour Fund terminated yesterday. Its total exceeds the $100,000 which the publication at the outset thought to raise, for in exact figures it amounted to $113,184.90. In concluding its work The Literary Digest announces that if any of its subscribers wish to further assist this continuing need they may make remittances direct to the Commission for Relief in Belgium, at 71 Broadway.

Threat for a Sergeant.

Policeman Jones of the Oak Street Station found a note on the police telephone box at Franklin and Pearl Streets last night. It was written in large letters in ink on foolscap paper, and read as follows:

"Beware! Tell youn boss, Sergeant Deacher, to look out. We are after him and intend to get him.

"THE GANG."

When the note was shown to Sergeant Deacher he said he believed it was written by friends of two men whom he had arrested last Friday for assault and robbery in Roosevelt Street.

WOMEN WRANGLE OVER D. A. R. HEAD

Lack of Harmony Develops on Eve of the Convention in Washington.

ISSUE SHARP STATEMENTS

Mrs. W. T. Guernsey, One of the Candidates, Denounces Cost of the Society's Magazine.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—What was expected to be one of the most harmonious annual gatherings of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution developed tonight, on the eve of the fall of the President General's gavel, into a very lively warfare.

The struggle of Mrs. William Cummings Storey, the incumbent, and Mrs. William Thatcher Guernsey of Kansas for the Presidency General is the issue over which the congress may split. Tonight the acrimonious stage had been reached.

Mrs. Guernsey, following a meeting of the Kansas delegation, issued a statement in which she declared that the manner of publishing the D. A. R. magazine under the direction of the Storey administration had cost the society approximately $7,000 a year more than it cost under former administrations. Mrs. Guernsey advocated that the magazine "be restored to publication by a responsible firm," with arrangements for the firm to take its compensation in the subscriptions obtained for the magazine and from advertising.

The platform of the anti-Storey faction contains eight planks. Article 2 prescribes only one term of three years for all national officers. By its adoption, the Daughters declare, future factional strife will be abolished. The Storeyites have marshaled their principal forces against this plank, contending that it is inequitable, and that "one good term deserves another."

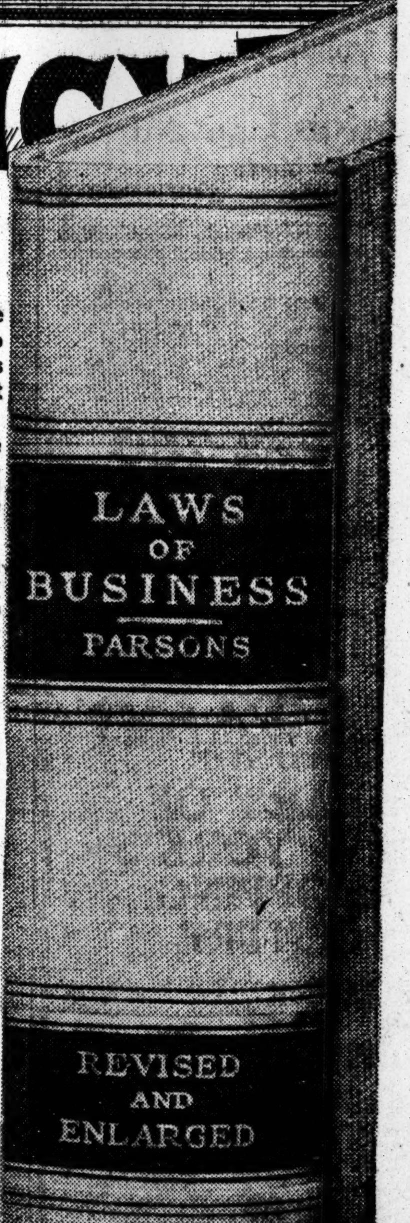
A lively contest, when the Convention opens tomorrow, was promised tonight. It centres around the action of the present administration in holding that Mrs. Will C. Barnes, not being a resident of Arizona, is not entitled to sit as a delegate from that State, although the Arizona contingent is solidly back of her. Mrs. Barnes is a foremost worker for the candidacy of Mrs. Guernsey, and it is asserted by Mrs. Barnes's friends that this is at the botttom of her attempted exclusion.

For Mrs. Barnes, it is claimed that while she resides in Washington while her husband, an official of the Forestry Service, is stationed here for part of the year, she always returns to Arizona with him when he is engaged in field service and that she is a registered voter in that State.

Labor Protest to Wilson.

As a result of an order compelling navy yard employes to be present before and after regular hours, the Central Federated Union yesterday sent a communication to President Wilson asking that the eight-hour rule be rigidly adhered to.

The order, signed by Secretary of the Navy Daniels, states that certain workmen "cannot be considered as mechanics or laborers working under regular conditions within purview of the eight-hour law, and they are not, therefore, entitled to extra compensation for work performed in excess of eight hours per diem."



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Success follows the efficient man. He simmers the broth of his activity down to the essence of competence. The waste is eliminated—and every bit of energy left means big results and a big success.

YOU must use your BRAIN efficiently not only to advance yourself but to hold your place in the Big World of Affairs. To increase your earning power, better your position, get out of a rut, or reach that ultimate goal—success—remember this:—SUCCESS DEPENDS ON A HIGH STATE OF EFFICIENCY.

The theme of every story of success is **efficiency**; and **business** efficiency is developed and inspired by a knowledge of business law. A knowledge of the law that governs your business means the highest efficiency—and spells success.

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The men who have reached the high places—the men who have been **successful**—are men who have recognized this modern force—Law—as applied to business. The question then is—are you going to recognize it now or wait for the man behind to go ahead of you? Have you the initiative to turn this force into a factor in your success?

You do not have to spend months of study, nor do you have to install a whole library of reference books, but you do require the one good, authoritative book on the subject. Parsons' is what you need. You do not buy what you will never use—just "Laws of Business," and all under one cover. Parsons' is not a set of books, nor a correspondence course. It is a practical and complete text book and reference work. Note its scope by the table of contents herewith.

What Others Think

In my estimation, the question is not whether one can afford it, but whether one can afford to be without it.—Ernest Berkel, Wichita, Kan.

Should be in the hands of every business man.—E. G. Lambert, Cimarron, N. M.

The most complete and compact we have ever seen.—Riethmann Grocery Co., Ft. Morgan, Colo.

Worth to every business man many times the price.—Frederic Carroll, London, Eng., E. C.

I expect to get a thousand per cent. on my investment.—Prentice Winchell, Worcester, Mass.

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This certificate will entitle you to a free examination of Parsons' Laws of Business for ten days. The book has been so well received everywhere that the publishers are willing to send it to you, **without any obligation**, knowing that you will instantly recognize your need of so splendid an addition to your business equipment.

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Hartford, Conn.

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ever presented by this establishment

In our greatly enlarged Department of Domestic Rugs we are now showing a profusion of artistic effects in appropriate Floor Coverings for every kind of Summer Home—from the large Country House to the small Cottage and Bungalow.

Rag Rugs in novel effects—17 different kinds; many novelties; special sizes to order.

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Seamless Chenille Rugs—"Chaumont" and other qualities.

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Scotch Style Wool Art Rugs at Special Prices.

"Invincible" Electric Vacuum Cleaners
Eight Portable Models. Stationary Plants installed.

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IN THE HEART OF THE CITY

The Lion Brewery is geographically situated in the Heart of the City, where it was established sixty-five years ago. The first brewhouse was built in what was then known as a farming district, when Manhattan only had a population of 515,000. Within the sixty-five years the city of New York has been built around the brewery and has a population of more than 5,000,000, while the brewery has become one of the largest in the East.

Lion Pilsener, the first American Pilsener brew, made the Lion Brewery famous. It is a wholesome, pure, light beer which nearly every lover of malted beverages has recognized as one of the best. Lion Wuerzburger, a medium dark beer, has also become a favorite to those who like a pronounced malt flavor. Either of these wholesome, soothing, thirst-quenching brews can be had at

All First-Class Retail Dealers.
On Draught at the Hundreds of Lion Cafes.

LION BREWERY
OF NEW YORK CITY
BREWS THE BEER THAT MAKES IMPORTED UN-IMPORTANT

$73,000,000 SPENT IN MISSIONARY WORK

This Country Leads All Others Both in Home and Foreign Fields.

$55,000,000 WAS USED HERE

Finances of Nine Societies in Good Shape, Notwithstanding War—Presbyterian Fund Slumps.

Nine of the ten big missionary societies, representing fully 7,000,000 church workers, made public yesterday financial reports for the fiscal year ending April 1. The Presbyterian Foreign Board withheld its report, but in explanation said that contributions were coming in from the Pacific Coast States. The finances of most of the societies are in good shape.

Churches in the wheat belts of the Far West made large contributions during the year and more than overbalanced the falling off of contributions from the South, where the low price of cotton seriously affected gifts from churches of all denominations. A considerable slump was also found in New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and all of the New England States.

The statistics compiled in connection with the financial reports show that the American people, through their churches, contribute $55.000,000 a year to home missions and $18,000,000 to foreign missions, in both amounts surpassing England and Scotland together, the two large missionary-supporting countries for Protestants, and France, the missionary-supporting country for Catholics. It cost last year to maintain all churches in this country, including these mission funds, $410,000,000, and in this amount America leads all other countries. Foreign mission gifts have doubled in most religious bodies in America during the last decade.

Aid German Missionaries.

While many of the societies which have work in foreign fields have been helping missionaries sent out by Germany, to the end that their work might not suffer because of the European war, it is said that this work has not been looked upon as the cause for deficits.

The most notable record was made by the missionary societies of the Baptist Church, which began the year $276,000 in debt, an accumulation of seven years. Every dollar of this debt was paid off, and one of the home missionary societies ended the fiscal year with a balance of $1,500.

The foreign missions fell behind $33,000, and the women's branch $10,000, but a committee with F. W. Ayer, the Philadelphia advertising man, at its head has been appointed to obtain funds to pay off these deficits before the Northern Baptist Convention in Los Angeles on May 19. As a result of so prosperous a year the retrenchment policy which it was feared the Baptists would have to adopt has been abandoned.

Presbyterian Fund Slumps.

The figures of the Presbyterian Home Board tell a different story. The board, which handles about $1,800,000 yearly, fell behind a year ago $138,000, the first deficit in a number of years. During the first six months $46,000 was paid off by a self-denial campaign, but when the board's books were closed for the fiscal year a slump of $258,000 was shown. This is said to be the worst record in the history of missionary finances in America if not in the world.

The home board of the Congregational Church ended its work without debt, and the Presbyterian and Baptist Societies in the South made favorable reports, most of them without debt. The Episcopal Society, which has headquarters in this city, has started an emergency campaign in the hope of raising $400,000, but the indications are that it will fall behind $100,000 for the year despite such efforts.

The enormous growth of work is said to be the cause of the falling off of the Presbyterian boards, and it has been denied that internal conditions have in any way injured the work.

MAN AND WOMAN SELF SLAIN

Clark, 55, and Girl, 22, Their Marriage Opposed, Take Poison.

AUBURN, N. Y., April 18.—The bodies of Arthur L. Clark, 55 years old, a former employe of the Eastman Kodak Company in Rochester, and Catherine Whipple, 22 years old, of this city, were found today on the porch of the Summer home on the shore of Owasco Lake of F. G. Ten Eyck, an Auburn manufacturer, by Howard Burgess, a local youth. A note pinned to the girl's coat read: "We have nothing to live for and will be better off dead." It indicated they had taken poison.

Coroner Forman learned that they had wanted to marry, but that relatives objected. Clark left here last week, ostensibly for Rochester, and the girl has been missing from her home since Wednesday.

Stebbins Arrested for Fatal Bout.

Arthur Stebbins, 23 years old, of 257 West 159th Street, who was boxing with his friend, Joseph Brogan of 1546 Minford Place, the Bronx, at the Loughlin Lyceum in Brooklyn on Thursday night, when Brogan fell to the floor and died shortly afterward of hemorrhage of the brain, was arrested yesterday by Detectives Windeberg and Comiskey at the residence of Brogan's parents just before the funeral. The detectives yielded to the pleading of the mother of the dead man and permitted Stebbins to go with the funeral party to Calvary Cemetery. After the funeral Stebbins was arraigned before Coroner Wagner and held in $2,000 bail on a charge of homicide.

B. R. T. SAFETY ADVICE.

Blames Carelessness of Public for 86 Per Cent. of Accidents.

Officials of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, in a circular issued yesterday, ask for co-operation to prevent "carelessness and recklessness," asserting that investigations made by them show that 70 per cent. of accidents are due to reckless disregard of ordinary safety principles.

"Checking up our records of car and vehicle collisions, cars striking persons and boarding and alighting accidents, it was found that in one case in seven the company, through the act of an employe or some defect in equipment, shared in the responsibility," the circular announces. "This meant that in about 86 per cent. of the common street car accidents the carelessness or recklessness of a passenger or a person using the public streets caused the trouble.

"We are now approaching the close of a year of co-operative effort in our own department under this system of organized safety. Our own studies have confirmed the verdict of the country in general that the carelessness of the individual is the foe that must be fought. We have put this proposition right up to the 10,000 men who operate the cars and the thousands more who maintain the property and supply the motive power with which it is run. These men have given this co-operation with a willingness that is most impressive.

"Now, we propose to use the circulation of our car pamphlets from time to time to spread the safety doctrine, knowing that the ideas we present will thus be read in common by a large majority of all those who run the cars and by a substantial number of those who ride."

Extra Tread, Extra Wear, Extra Safety

The extra mileage in the Empire tread is so much velvet to you. Look how thick it is—and it's as tough as it is thick.

Empire Tires RED WEAR LONGEST

The tread is entirely safe, too—slip-proof and rut-proof and next to wear-proof. You can't get less mileage than you expect; if you do, we make it square. *You must be satisfied.*

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SAFETY FIRST SOUND SPARTON

YOU who drive a motor car expect other motorists to take reasonable precautions on the road. You don't want them running into *you* at sharp corners and crossings. Then reciprocate. Protect others as well as yourself by spending the nominal sum of $4 for a SPARTON Hand Operated Horn, or if you prefer it, an Electric Motor Driven Horn at from $8 to $15.

Both are guaranteed to outlive the car. Thirty days' free trial.

SPAR-EAST CO., Inc.,
Eastern Distributors,
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Phone Col. 6991.

MAYOR ROBERTS STARTS FOR PRISON

Convicted Terre Haute Official Leaves for Leavenworth Smiling and Joking.

FIFTEEN OTHERS WITH HIM

Guard for Each Man on Special Car of the Train—Thousands at Station as They Leave.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 18.—With smiling countenances and with Mayor Donn M. Roberts leading, the fifteen prisoners convicted in the Terre Haute election conspiracy case and sentenced to terms of from one to six years in the Federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., by Judge Anderson, started on the trip to prison at 1:50 o'clock this afternoon. They are due to arrive at Leavenworth at 9:54 tomorrow morning.

While the Terre Haute men were being placed in line in the jail yard, preparatory to marching to the railway station, the eighty-two men who received jail sentences for their part in the conspiracy, shouted good-bye to those on their way to prison, and joined in passing good-natured jokes back and forth. The prisoners were not shackled, but a guard walked beside each prisoner, accompanied him into the special car, attached to the Pennsylvanai train, and occupied the seat beside him. United States Marshal Mark Storen was in charge.

None of the wives or relatives of the prisoners were permitted to accompany the men from the jail to the station. Many of the relatives of the men had been to the jail during the morning and several of the prisoners wore flowers on their lapels.

Special to The New York Times.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 18.—Several thousand persons were at the Union Station this afternoon when the special car from Indianapolis with Mayor Donn M. Roberts and fourteen others on their way to the Federal prison at Leavenworth, was in the train sheds, but no one saw the prisoners, nor did the prisoners see the crowd, the United States Marshals having pulled down the curtains of the windows.

This was the first Sunday in twenty years that any pretense was made to close saloons. In practically all pulpits today reference was made to the new order of things in Terre Haute.

The City Council has set next Friday for the impeachment of the Mayor.

CHAMPLAIN "SEA SERPENT"

Seen Again for First Time Since 1892—First Out This Season.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT HENRY, N. Y., April 18.—After remaining in seclusion for more than twenty-two years, the Lake Champlain "sea serpent" has again appeared to the veracious inhabitants of this place. He (sea serpents are always "hes") was seen at the 1892 encampment of the American Canoe Association, when, coming to the surface in the neighborhood of a flotilla of cruising canoes, he scattered the canoeists in panic.

His latest appearance, according to the testimony of several observers, was last Wednesday. When first sighted through a field glass the "serpent," which one observer says was about forty feet long, was apparently stranded on the reef at the entrance to Bulwagga Bay, near the Crown Point fortifications. Presently he released himself, and after a few wild plunges which lashed the water into foam, headed for the Vermont shore in great semicircular sweeps, finally sinking, submarine fashion, leaving a wake which was well defined on the glassy surface of the lake.

This strange creature, which the less imaginative among the natives are inclined to believe is an enormous sturgeon, has attained the dignity of a place in local histories, in which he is described as being about twenty feet long, as large around as a keg, of a drab color, having a row of spiky projections along the back, and horns like those of a huge catfish.

No appearance of the sea serpent as far south as Port Henry has ever been chronicled before. The natives explain it this season by the hypothesis that, the lake being very low for the time of year, he has been obliged to go further afield for his food. His usual abiding place, they believe, is in the deepest part of the lake opposite Essex.

WATCH BURGLARS TEN DAYS.

Detectives Capture Two Men for Alleged Attempt to Rob Factory.

Detectives Golden and White of Police Headquarters, who for ten days had kept two suspected burglars under watch, followed them last night through two lots and over three fences into the rear of the factory of A. Glickman, at 365 East Third Street.

The detectives saw the two men start to work cutting through the brick wall of the factory, but before they had removed many bricks a truck was backed up in one of the lots in the rear. At the noise the two men left their work and hurried away, carrying their tools with them. At Fourth Street, near Avenue B, the men were arrested by the two detectives. They were carrying jimmies, drills, a brace and several bits and a battery. They were locked up at Police Headquarters on charges of attempted burglary and carrying burglar's tools. The prisoners said they were Abe Heller of 386 Fourth Street and Jacob Frankel of 101 Cannon Street

The Equitable from an artistic and a practical viewpoint

Whether you regard it from an artistic standpoint, or from a practical point of view, the Equitable Building is an attractive proposition. For a commercial structure, it possesses a striking dignity of line, and its interior decorative treatment combines effectiveness with restraint. And as a business proposition, it offers tenants more than they can begin to get in any other structure, without anything like a proportionate increase in rental cost.

Building opens for tenants, April 24, 1915.

Equitable Building
120 Broadway

*The superb Steinway or Weber construction makes the Duo-Art Pianola a pianoforte for **hand-playing** that has no peer.*

Turn on the electric current, and—presto! you are listening to the incomparable performance of a Bauer or a Gabrilowitsch with every delicate shade of expression faultlessly and faithfully reproduced.

*Play the Duo-Art Pianola yourself. No pumping, but the **expression** is all yours. You are the master of this pianoforte.*

Illustrating the three uses of the Duo-Art Pianola

This is The Week of the

DUO-ART PIANOLA

at AEOLIAN HALL

AND during this week there will be an Exhibition and Demonstration of this wonderful instrument, the latest and the greatest of all Pianofortes. In the Duo-Art Pianola the pianoforte has been brought to its highest stage of *practical usefulness.*

Think of a Piano which instead of *one,* offers *three distinct methods of playing*—a piano which can be

—played by hand as the regular Piano
—by a Pianola music-roll with all the *expression* under your control, but without your having to pump the instrument with your feet, and
—by a Special music-roll which will *play itself,* with all the beauty, delicacy, soul and expression of the greatest concert pianists.

Truly this is a Pianoforte to stagger the imagination. It is so utterly impossible to convey by words any idea of the Duo-Art Pianola—its superb musical quality as a Pianoforte, its unique advantages as a Player-Piano, its miraculous ability to reproduce automatically the actual playing of great artists—that an entire week has been set aside at Aeolian Hall to *demonstrate* it.

All the week, beginning today, the Duo-Art Pianola will be on Special Exhibition and a continuous informal demonstration will be in progress.

Special Formal Recitals

will be given in the Aeolian Concert Hall on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday Afternoons at 3.00 P. M.

A well-known concert pianist will play the Duo-Art Pianola by hand. The instrument will then repeat the same numbers automatically, reproducing every shade of the pianist's expression.

An eminent soloist will sing and will be accompanied on the Duo-Art Pianola by a performer using regular Pianola music-rolls.

And two talented classic-dancers will dance to the music of the Duo-Art Pianola, showing the extraordinary capabilities of the instrument for dance purposes.

These Recitals Will Be Free to All

The Duo-Art Pianola has been upon the market a little less than a year. Its fame has already become world-wide.

Every lover of music and of dancing should visit Aeolian Hall some time during this week and learn the phenomenal development to which the Pianoforte has finally been brought.

*The Duo-Art is obtainable in either a Steinway or a Weber Pianoforte. It costs from **$1250** upwards.*

Moderate Monthly payments and liberal allowances on other Pianos or Player-Pianos in exchange.

To those interested in the Phonograph, the great Department at Aeolian Hall offers unique advantages. Here is a magnificent assortment of instruments including the justly celebrated Columbia Grafonola in all styles and the wonderful new Aeolian-Vocalion. Here also are all the famous Columbia as well as other standard Records.

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And he backs it up, as the other big racing drivers do, by seeing to it that he never goes into a race except on

Nassau Tires
"All-Mighty Tough"

The same pair of Nassaus—stock tires at that—took Resta and his Peugeot to victory in both the Grand Prix and the Vanderbilt Cup races this year. Tires that give such service, and give it (as they do) in race after race, are going to give "Surplus Service" to you.

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1915.

"THE TRUE POSITION OF GERMANY."

Dr. Dernburg now sees and says, what The Times told the German people four months ago, that Germany's dream of world empire can have no realization. "I can with full "authority," he says in his letter read at the Portland meeting, "disclaim any "ambition by my country as to world "dominion. She is much too modest, "on the one hand, and too experi"enced, on the other, not to know that "such a State will never be tolerated "by the rest." This befitting modesty is newly come to her, for no maxim of her militarist authorities has had wider vogue or more eager acceptance than "world power or downfall," familiar to every German ear. For that and for much else the time has passed, and in any attempt to form a judgment of the present stage of the war and of what conditions in the field and the temper of the belligerents portend we cannot very well exaggerate the importance of this change in the German state of mind. Dr. Dernburg speaks "with full authority" when he proclaims the abandonment of her pretensions. His letter is of the very highest significance, for it can be construed only as an admission that The Times spoke the truth when it said on Dec. 15 last:

> Germany is doomed to sure defeat. * * * The world cannot, will not, let Germany win in this war. With her dominating all Europe, peace and security would vanish from the earth. A few months ago the world only dimly comprehended Germany; now it knows her thoroughly. * * * For their own peace and safety the nations must demolish that towering structure of militarism in the centre of Europe that has become the world's danger spot, its greatest menace. The only possible ending of the war is through the defeat of Germany.

It was no offhand forecast, it was a deliberate judgment. It was rejected with scoffing in Germany, and The Times was roundly abused for it by the German-Americans. That judgment now has the important concurrence and support of Dr. Dernburg, who, "with full authority," registers the admission that the world would never tolerate German dominance. When Germany went to war she took no thought about what the world would tolerate. The world would have to bear what she chose to put upon it. And she believed she had the power to enforce her will. Now, as power fails her, she changes her purpose altogether.

Dr. Dernburg, of course, does not in so many words confess Germany's defeat. That could not be expected of him. We would not press the point, but the significance of his letter, the first authoritative German presentation of the idea and of terms of peace, cannot possibly be missed. That interpretation of it is enforced by a host of supporting testimonies, but by none more eloquently than the recently renewed and vociferous insistence of the Germans and their sympathizers that we must prohibit the export of arms and war munitions to the Allies. The war Germany was bent on making having destroyed a great part of ou. commerce and driven so many of our wage-earners to idleness and want, she would now take their sole means of earning a living from the tens of thousands who are employed in making guns and ammunition on European orders. The hopelessness of her endeavor to force us into such unneutral action and the orders recently placed here for prodigious quantities of war supplies have had their inevitable effect in Germany. Her own supplies of ammunition are insufficient, her capacity of replenishment is limited, and the limit is narrowing. Her war plans have failed, she has passed her maximum of strength, and there is good reason to believe that new assaults impend, that disaster threatens. Anybody can read the signs, and it is easy to perceive their relation to this unexpected peace appeal from the pen of Dr. Dernburg, the most accomplished representative of Germany in this country.

We regard Dr. Dernburg's letter as beyond all comparison the most hopeful augury of peace that has been revealed to a waiting and sore-tried world. The attempt to win American sympathy has been abandoned by the most distinguished and persuasive worker in that field, and he turns now to the task of convincing us that Germany will be as reasonable in peace as she was, in his contention, justified in war. In this rôle we assure Dr. Dernburg he will have a most sincere welcome from the American people. What is called the German propaganda was pressed somewhat too insistently upon us. It aroused resentments. But we will lend eager ears to all that the pleaders of Germany's cause have to say about peace. They cannot talk too much about it, and that they are willing to talk about it at all will be here construed as a fortunate portent.

It is quite unnecessary to remind Dr. Dernburg that the conditions of peace that he now sets forth in outline are subject to much revision. The main thing is that he has come to a point where he is thinking and talking about the end of the war. Compromise is of the essence of peace conferences. Each takes what he may, not all he would. The Allies, naturally, will have much to say about the putting of Germany's future commercial relations to Belgium into "a just and workable form." About relations purely commercial there would be small trouble if they were just. But Dr. Dernburg mistakes the nature of England's policy toward Belgium. It was the aim of that policy to protect Belgium against Germany, the chief menace, not to control her commerce. When Dr. Dernburg advocates freedom of commerce on the seas, in peace as in war, he may be sure of our applause. We are a peaceful nation, we intend to keep peace with all the world, and we are going to expand our trade with the world. To be free of the nuisance and the hurt of interference due to war would please us mightily.

Nor shall we offer any protest against his doctrine that preferential tariffs as between England and some of her colonies interfere with the freedom of the seas and should be done away with. Still, England might inquire how that question could be got before the peace conference. Moreover, if you once begin to carp at preferential tariffs there is no logical stop short of world-wide free trade. Any tariff is an obstruction to commerce. Germany, Dr. Dernburg tells us, strives for no territorial aggrandizement in Europe, she does not believe in subjugating unwilling nations, "yet German activity "must get a wide scope without in"fringement upon the rights of "others." So Germany's demand for her "place in the sun" is no longer peremptory and unconditioned. If the rights of others are respected that will be further and valuable evidence of the new spirit in Germany. National expansion by lawful methods is more seemly than procedure by warships, and much less likely to disturb the peace of the world. And these assurances, given in the peace conference, will have weight.

There are phrases in Dr. Dernburg's letter that, in English ears, may have a ring of arrogance. Yet in responsible Ministerial circles the language of the letter will not be misconstrued. Dr. Dernburg is not suing for peace. Germany has not yet come to that. He is in this way, and we must suppose by authority, letting it be known that Germany is disposed to consider proposals for ending the war. It is an indirect way, but the matter is of highest delicacy. England, France, and Russia will understand, as we understand. That their views of the terms of peace will be very different from those indicated by Dr. Dernburg is quite aside from the main point, the vital, immeasurably important point that a distinguished German in close relations with the Imperial Government has publicly spoken of peace terms. In such matters men ask more than they expect to get. They do not bother about what the other party to the trade is going to propose. Time enough for that when the peace commissioners meet. But whatever may be the differences of view, we are confident that in England Germany will have at the council table one who, if not now exactly a friend, will prove to be a generous foe, disposed to give support to reasonable and just proposals that promise "permanent peace." We rejoice that Dr. Dernburg used these words in his letter, presenting, as he phrases it, "the true position of Germany." Europe will insist that the fundamental condition of peace be permanence.

THE ROCKAWAY FOLLY.

The attempt to steal from the municipality of New York a large tract of land, comprising the various villages of the Rockaway section, and an ocean front more than ten miles long, has been countenanced by the legislators, who seem willing this year to advance any scheme detrimental to this city. The Rockaway City bill has passed both houses. It should go no further. The complaints of the residents of Rockaway Beach, Arverne, and Far Rockaway of increased taxation and neglect of improvements are probably well-enough founded, but a careful examination of them does not justify the secession movement. The withdrawal of the Rockaways from the city would impose new burdens on all the boroughs. The land claimed by the promoters of the new city includes a public park which in time will be of vital importance to New York. It includes more than ten miles of ocean front which should remain for all time under political control of this city. Vast improvements have been planned, and will gradually be carried out, for Jamaica Bay and the whole Rockaway peninsula. The proposed Newtown Creek-Flushing Bay and Flushing Bay-Jamaica Bay canals will be constructed, and in the interest of the metropolis the lands abutting on Jamaica Bay should be kept in its possession.

The Rockaways have a population of 12,000 in Winter, of 125,000 or more in Summer. It is in the interest of only a few of the all-the-year inhabitants that the change is proposed. It is folly to suppose that they could improve the material conditions of the neighborhood after the withdrawal. Their sewers are not what they should be, and they complain of their police and fire protection and of their schools, all of which are much better than they used to be. The Rockaway City bill should be vetoed. It is about as reasonable as a bill would be to make a new city of the Riverside Park section because Dock Commissioner Smith's admirable plans for the improvement of the water front have not yet been carried out. Nobody denies that there have been shortcomings in the Government of the Greater City, but they do not justify any attempt to break it up.

BACK TO PORK.

The French have found their herds of cattle and their flocks of sheep much diminished by the requisitions of war, and now are advising themselves to fall back upon their phalanxes of fat pigs. It is not their favorite meat, and it is hardly probable that the "Essays of Elia" are extensively read in translation, so even the literary flavor is lacking; but the French are a plucky people and make the best of a situation. They refer to their Vice Secretary of the Academy, M. Marcel Vacher, for the computation that assures them more meat, and, of course, of a richer quality, in six months from their porcine possessions than their herds of cattle would give them in three and a half years.

Vauban also is quoted as estimating that a porcine couple would enrich the community in ten years' time by 6,000,000 descendants. The farmers and peasants of France are urged to take note of these facts and increase their holdings in pigs. The Figaro is delighted with the prospect of alimentary security even in the form of sausage, which never has been considered quite the thing.

THE GOVERNMENT'S WAY WITH THE RAILWAYS.

The Government has made its argument in a mail pay case which was once decided against it. The case is not that of the mail pay question so often debated in connection with the legislation of the last session of Congress, but dates back to earlier days. It is the accumulation of arrears which makes up the claim of $35,000,000 of underpayment, not the annual payments. Regardless of the amount, the case is interesting as showing how the Government manages its business with the railways. According to the decision of the Court of Claims against the Government, the custom of weighing the mails for settling the amount of payment began in 1867. The custom then established was regulated by law in 1873, when there were few Sunday trains. The law called for weighing on "working days," but the custom known to Congress was continued of weighing the mails for seven days and dividing by six days for a week, counting only business days in calculating the rate of payment. The Postmaster General asked Congress to drop the words "working days," but Congress did not do so. One Postmaster General made an order dropping "working days," but the Attorney General ruled against it. In 1895 the appropriation act again used the old term "working days," and payment was made upon the settled custom of weighing for seven days and dividing by six for an average. In fifteen weeks there are 105 days, and the custom would have been to divide by 90. But in 1907 the order was issued to divide by 105, and it was done. That is the basis of the claim. The dispute is not over the interpretation of an act of Congress, but over the order of the department altering the custom of thirty years, under a law using the words "working days."

The argument for the Government is that there is nothing in the law limiting the discretion of the Postmaster General, and that the substitution of the new method for the old was a fair exercise of his discretion, which therefore is unassailable. Some railways were so bold as to think that their facilities ought not to be commandeered without consultation regarding the rate and method of payment, and one or two even ventured to threaten that they would not carry the mails unless the department agreed with them regarding the matter. Accordingly, the last Post Office bill, the one which failed, happily, proposed a penalty of $5,000 for such a refusal. The situation then was this: the law was to fix a maximum rate, the Postmaster General was to fix a minimum in the manner of which the railways had had sufficient experience to know what that meant, and the railways were to be fined if they refused. Such a bargain no business man would accept. It ought to be superfluous to remark that the Post Office has a special interest in fixing the rate. Its "surplus" depends upon what it pays the railways, and the hope of extending the postal parcel business as well. To be unable to compete with the express business on an unfair basis, and to have its surplus turned into a deficit, is more than the Post Office can endure.

The history of the dealings between the Government and the railways affords a perfect example of "bureaucracy run mad," in the words of Senator Bourne. The Government makes a mistake in thinking that is a popular procedure. The people are fair, and this is unfair. Mr. Elliott says that the New Haven Railway alone is underpaid $1,000,000 on its business with the Government.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Wisely Made Prompt Reparation.

In offering adequate apology to Chile for sinking the Dresden, and in doing it before more than what may be called the case of the prosecution had been presented, the British Government acted with far greater wisdom than would have been shown had it delayed in the hope of finding a technical defense for what the Glasgow did.

For such delay there would be colorable excuse and even plausible reason. In the first place, there was the conflict of testimony as to just where the Dresden was and what she was doing when fire on her was opened. As to those points, the German witnesses, who are too deeply interested for their evidence to be conclusive, are sustained by the Chilean investigators, who might be expected to show fairness as between two big customers. Against them, however, are the early reports, that seemingly came from the attacking force, to the effect that the Dresden was some ten miles from shore when attacked. But these reports, also, were from deeply interested sources, and even if repeated by the English officers under oath or on word of honor—as they haven't been, so far as known—they would stand alone.

On the other hand, Great Britain could have questioned the reality and the permanency of an internment at a place like the Island of Juan Fernandez, where no effective compulsion could have been exercised.

Instead of quibbling or fighting to escape the humiliation of apology, the British Government has preferred to abandon the possibility of exculpation or justification, and to prove the sincerity of its own expressions of respect for neutral rights by accepting the consequences of unauthorized and unintended guilt.

This sets England's official record straight, and leaves her free to continue her denunciation of infringement by others on neutral rights. That it was the expedient policy is obvious, but it was expediency of the higher kind which nations do not always see and seek. Certainly it was preferable to invoking the so-called law of military necessity, which is not a law at all, but merely a ruthless determination to do what self-interest demands, regardless of cost to others.

Reformation Proves Profitable.

That the installation of safety devices in industrial plants may do more than cut down the number of accidents to the workers and the consequent payment by employers of damages to the victims or their surviving relatives is revealed in a report just issued by certain manufacturers of enameled ware.

A year ago some of the smaller companies in this industry were moved to united action along these lines by the threat of drastic legislative action in several States. Other companies were interested, experts were hired to study the various operations by which enameled ware is made, and the recommendations of these experts as to changes in machines and processes were adopted.

Some of the advice thus given proved impracticable, and there came objections from some of the workmen that their earning powers were decreased by the precautions enforced upon them, but from the very beginning the number of accidents in the plants decreased, and now the manufacturers unite in declaring that this advantage has been attained at no decrease of production per man or per machine. Some of the companies report, indeed, that the output of both has been increased because, with the fear of injury removed, the men work with more efficiency.

All agree that the working staff is more permanent than formerly, not only because men are not as often killed or hurt by the presses that stamp out the various utensils, but because they do not drift away into safer occupations. This in itself is of great benefit to the industry, as the services of experienced workers are retained.

Among the devices adopted and now in use are gravity chutes that feed material automatically to the presses, automatic gates, sliding tables that make it unnecessary for the operators to put their fingers under the dies, and guards that allow space for material, but not for fingers, to pass.

T. R.'s Pacifism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Roosevelt's comments are psychologically interesting as an index to the contents of Mr. Roosevelt's mind, but their bearing on the Woman's Peace Party platform is slight. One wonders how Mr. Roosevelt forced himself to be content with a libel suit against the Western editor who insulted him, and whether he would have resorted to the unwritten law of force if that case had been decided against him. If he had refrained from "swatting" his enemy, would it have been from cowardice?

A PRIMARY TEACHER.

Riverside, Conn., April 16, 1915.

Incidentally.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It does not appear to me at all likely that the rival factions in Mexico will ever agree upon a native Mexican for President. Why should they not all combine together and offer the vacant post to Colonel Roosevelt? His energy and capacity might be invaluable to that distracted country if he would accept the position. Incidentally, it might also solve some home problems.

EDEN E. GREVILLE.

New York, April 10, 1915.

ODE TO MY LANDLORD.

Come, shivering Muse, dictate to me
A little ode of Spring;
Not to the buds, or bursting cells,
Or other tender thing,
But, to my shapeful landlord, pipe
A timely offering!

Why halt you so, my gentle Muse?
You'd rather stay in bed?
Can't warble just a line or two?
Cold settled in your head?
But this is sweet and balmy Spring—
My landlord so has said!

That ode, fair Muse, too long it waits;
Warm up your tuneful lyre!
Were he but chilly, dear, he says,
He'd tinker up the fire.
What? Unprofessional to sing
Unto another lyre?

Please wait till Sunday, Music—Oh!
I wonder where she went!
On Sunday, when the men are home,
I'm sure heat would be sent!
The postman! Ah, he brought my owed—
Due, balmy April rent!

EVA DEAN.

A GREAT LOSS TO INDUSTRIAL ART.

What Might Have Been Gained from Public Study of the Morgan Collection of Rare Furniture and Ornament.

By CARROLL BECKWITH.

New York, April 18, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It should be a matter of thoughtful regret to every one interested in the development of general taste, and a high order of artistic skill among American manufacturers, that the art objects contained in the Morgan Collection in Galleries 17 and 18 of our Metropolitan Museum are to disappear from public view and go into the oblivion of private ownership, or return to Europe, where they originally came from.

The very high order and unquestioned genuineness of these objects of furniture and ornament give them an authority upon the minds of all students and artisans that can never be gained by facsimiles or copies, no matter how good. Our great need among manufacturers is *authority in style.* Originality is in no way lacking, but *knowledge* is, and here in those beautiful eighteenth century rooms are gathered some of the most rare objects of the period—a period which in its perfection has no rival, unless it may have been in the fifth century B. C., of which we know little. Such examples of Riesnener and Gonthière have never been seen in this country. Clodion, Falconet, or Jean-Antoine Houdon—they are unique in the world.

That the owner has not seen fit to give them to the Museum is his personal affair, but, after the treatment of the great benefactions of Henry G. Marquand by the authorities of the Museum, I am not surprised at hesitancy on the part of our collectors to bequeath their treasured objects to the institution.

Our native art products are of a high order of taste. This has come through the refinement of the buyer, who went abroad and purchased objects to be reproduced here that were exactly founded upon the ornament which is shown in this collection and made by French artisans, who had been brought up and trained upon the originals which we have in this magnificent collection. It is, of course, possible that if these examples remained before the eyes of our public, the astute manufacturer, backed by the native skill in our workmen, would soon be reproducing them in a factory at Niles, Mich., and Boulle and Lancret would become vulgarized and you could buy reproductions at department stores in Brooklyn. But, after all, would there be any harm in this? On the contrary, the whole public taste would be raised. This is why I deplore so profoundly the dispersal and removal from public study of this part of Mr. Morgan's very wonderful collection. I personally feel that no part of his enormous collection is so valuable to the arts of design in this country as that contained in Galleries 17 and 18.

CARROLL BECKWITH.

THE WOMAN HERSELF.

She Cannot Forego Her Natural Claim on Man's Protection.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to call attention to the following passage from the decision just handed down by the United States Supreme Court. The Legislature of California passed an act limiting to eight the hours during which women could be employed in a large number of industries, including hospitals. The managers of a hospital and one of the nurses employed therein brought an action to test the validity of the act. It was shown that the enforcement of the law would greatly increase the expenses of the hospital and diminish the number of free patients who could be cared for therein. The court held that all such objections were for the consideration of the Legislature and that it had power to pass the act referred to for the following reason—I quote from the opinion of the court:

> She is properly placed in a class by herself, and legislation designed for her protection may be sustained, even when like legislation is not necessary for men and could not be sustained. * * * Even though all restrictions on political, personal, and contractual rights were taken away, and she stood, as far as statutes are concerned, upon an absolutely equal plane with him, it would still be true that she is so constituted that she will rest upon and look to him for protection; that her physical structure and a proper discharge of her maternal functions—having in view not merely her own health but the well-being of the race—justify legislation to protect her from the greed as well as the passion of man. The limitations which this statute places upon her contractual powers, upon her right to agree with her employer as to the time she shall labor, are not imposed solely for her benefit, but also largely for the benefit of all. Many words cannot make this plainer. The two sexes differ in structure of body, in the functions to be performed by each, in the amount of physical strength, in the capacity for long continued labor, particularly when done standing; the influence of vigorous health upon the future well-being of the race, the self-reliance which enables one to assert full rights, and in the capacity to maintain the struggle for subsistence.

This decision embodies the principle upon which those who are opposed to political suffrage for women stand firmly. The very fact that man owes this protection to woman, for the reasons stated by the court, makes it unfit that she should engage in political contests with him. If it be true, as your esteemed contemporary The Post argues, that the extension of political suffrage to women will make no difference, and the Chicago experiment shows that the election resulted in the same way as if the women had not voted, we taxpayers naturally ask, Why double the expense of elections if the result is to be the same? You showed recently that the expense of the last election in this State was $4,070,171. A large majority of taxpayers and wage-earners in this State are men. Why take $4,000,000 out of their pockets simply to please a few enthusiastic women who are asking to impose the burden of the franchise upon their sisters?

EVERETT P. WHEELER,
Chairman Man-Suffrage Association.
New York, April 16, 1915.

Why No Matronymics?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When I was a little girl I used to say I would not marry when I grew up because I did not intend to give up my name.

Since studying genealogy I am more than ever convinced that the custom is the gravest injustice women have to bear—for in tracing the maternal line in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred it disappears in mist, and the girls on a "family tree" are considered by the searcher as nonentities because "they marry and change their names."

Now, marriage is a partnership, and there is no reason why the names of husband and wife should not be united, as "George Jones and Clara Smith," the sons bearing the father's name of Jones and the girls the mother's name of Smith. If this were the case mothers would be as proud of having a daughter to carry their name down in perpetual descent as fathers now are with sons.

Another injustice to women is the "Miss," which tells men when they are single, (often making them very silly and annoying,) and yet women do not know whether a man whom they are addressing is a bachelor or benedict. Women should either be permitted to give up the "Miss" or insist that unmarried men be called "Master."

GENEALOGIST.

Port Richmond, S. I., April 15, 1915.

Germany's Sales of Arms.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A great deal has been said about the sale of arms to the Allies and the anger caused, by this action of American merchants, in Germany.

Unless my memory fails me entirely, German factories were willing to sell and deliver shells and gunpowder to the British during the Boer war, not so many years ago. And if I am not entirely mistaken, the German General Staff even set to work and produced an entire plan of campaign, which Grandson William presented to Grandmother Victoria, when her armies were not entirely successful in subduing the Boers.

If I am wrong, (and I have but few data upon this subject,) I hope that Dr. Dernburg will kindly correct me.

HENDRIK WILLEM VAN LOON.

Washington, April 17, 1915.

In the Outer Darkness.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The suffrage map, painting the civilized half of our country in deepest mourning, is much in evidence nowadays. Being interested in people rather than the inanimate clod, it is a relief to learn that only 8.2 per cent. of the citizens of the United States are living in the suffrage area, while 91.8 of us occupy the black space. There are 8,189,469 persons enjoying the blessings of an electorate of men and women at twice the cost of elections in the average State, while residing in the outer darkness there are 90,457,622 of us. There are 924,145 more people in the State of New York alone than in all the full suffrage States added together.

MARY RADCLIFFE,
New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage.
New York, April 16, 1915.

ZION AFTER THE WAR.

The Dream of Gustave Herve Unsympathetically Rejected.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Gustave Hervé, in his paper La Guerre Sociale, recently pointed to Zionism and the establishment of a home for the Jews of Russia in Palestine as the sole solution of the Jewish question in Russia. In Russia, he pointed out, Jews could have no safety after the war even if equal rights were promised to them on paper. Turkey, Hervé held, would be destroyed in the present war, and Palestine would fall to France, which should turn it over to the Jewish people as a land of deliverance.

Against this view a vigorous stand is taken by the Russian author B. Kamkow in the Russian progressive newspaper Mysl of Paris, (since then suppressed), from which the Frankfurter Zeitung of March 24 quotes the following:

> If God in the first months of the war had called Herve to announce to the Jewish people that the day of deliverance was come, then Herve would no doubt have interpreted this quite otherwise than at present. He would have thought that the chief source of Jewish sufferings, the deprivation of all rights, this painful heritage from the Middle Ages, would cease at last; he would have thought that even in that despotic land where systematic pogroms, political helplessness, and economic oppression of the Jewish population have become the chief principles of statesmanship, the influence of England and France would at last work a change. That would then have harmonized with the cries of "Vive le Zar!" with the "Deliverance of Poland," and a host of other absurd dreams.
>
> But seven months have passed, and in that short time all the flowers have withered and every fire has died out. The pretty dream of an internal revival of Russia has faded away; the hope for a change of the Russian form of government has vanished, for the facts of an absolutism utterly unprecedented speak only too plainly. The Jewish millions dwelling in Poland have had to endure, in addition to the general devastation of war, also a series of Cossack pogroms. The persecution of the Russian Jews, who have given more than 300,000 men to the army, is taking in its savagery forms that have never been known in the history of mankind; and to supplement the sufferings of the Russian Jews there have come also the lamentations that rise to heaven from the Galician and Bukovinian Jews, who are now being delivered from "Austrian oppression" by the "heroic" Russian Army.
>
> What, therefore, remains to be done? * * * Where are the Jews to go?
>
> M. Herve answers the question, as is seemly in war times, quickly and radically. Republican France will give Palestine to the Jews after obtaining it as its share upon the dissolution of Turkey. And after a long period of suffering the Jewish people will return to the land of its fathers! Neither the Russians nor the Jews are willing to trust to the "deliverance" which Herve—in whose name?—offers them.

D. H. J.

New York, April 15, 1915.

WOMAN'S PEACE EFFORTS.

A Reply to Colonel Roosevelt from Mrs. Gertrude M. Pinchot.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Colonel Roosevelt in his letter to Mrs. Rublee denouncing the Woman's Peace Party takes occasion to call our platform "both silly and base." We do not in the least mind his calling it so, for we consider that Colonel Roosevelt's public services in the past have been so conspicuous as to give him the right to call it anything he pleases, an opinion in which the Colonel evidently heartily coincides.

But the publication of Colonel Roosevelt's militarist doctrines is a more serious matter, for, like all half-thought-out proposals, it is accompanied with danger. He seems under the impression that war is self-starting, and that any effort to look into its causes with the object of diminishing them in the future and finding a rational means of adjustment, such as nations possess in their supreme courts and their police, is "both foolish and noxious."

That war is the natural inevitable result of certain understandable factors, and that these factors can be influenced by the spread of healthy, constructive, humane ideas, and especially by the realization of a spirit of world citizenship in politics and in commercial relations, seems not to have occurred to Colonel Roosevelt. In other words, war having up till now devastated humanity and shattered civilization, let us make no effort to understand its causes with the object of future prevention; let us simly get ready to fight, and let the women stand out of our way, because they can only bear children and not arms, and when they organize to protest against war they come under the head of "physical cowards," who "fear death or pain or discomfort beyond anything else."

It is exactly here that women find their strongest warrant for protest. No woman who has borne children can be called a physical coward, fearing death and pain beyond anything else. No, it is not for ourselves that we fear, but for the children of the whole world, for the future of the race. We of the Woman's Peace Party are trying to help open the first tiny wedge in the thick walls of prejudice and precedent, to let humanity come into its promised land of good faith and international brotherhood.

If we human beings once see that war is the consequence of false ideas instead of being a fatality like an earthquake, we shall set to work to root it out, like tuberculosis and other diseases, all of them consequences of human ignorance, misunderstanding and passion.

If this is futile, then all constructive efforts for the betterment of human living are also "futile, silly, and base."

GERTRUDE M. PINCHOT,
Chairman New York Branch Woman's Peace Party.
New York, April 15, 1915.

BORAH WOULD ACCEPT

But He Denies That He Is a Candidate for Presidential Nomination.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Senator Borah of Idaho, a progressive Republican leader in the Senate, who has a following in both the radical and conservative camps, today repeated formally what he had had frequent occasion to say privately in recent months regarding himself as a Presidential candidate. Mr. Borah is known to feel that other things being equal the geography of Idaho is against his selection, and tonight before leaving for the West he announced definitely that he was not a candidate.

At the same time, Mr. Borah said that if his party nominated him he would accept, and that any other position would be absurd. Mr. Borah has often been mentioned as a candidate who might reconcile the two factions in the Republican Party, but more lately the complete collapse of the Progressive Party has seemed to suggest that a compromise candidate was not as much required as was generally thought even a few months ago.

"If by any chance," added Mr. Borah after denying his candidacy, "the party should nominate me, I, of course, should accept. To pretend or to intimate otherwise would be absurd. But I shall not seek the nomination nor strive in any way, directly or indirectly, to obtain it. Nor have I the slightest expectation of its coming my way. In point of fact, I should not consider the matter worth mentioning at all but for the inquiries I have received from many sources, and for the circumstances that I am going to make a few speeches that I promised to make and should have made long ago if we had not been kept continuously in Washington.

"The sole purpose of this statement is to make it quite clear to those who may come to hear me that I shall speak my convictions as a liberal Republican, as a free man, wholly unhampered by political aspirations."

AID NEEDED FOR INSANE.

State Charities Association Blames Governor Glynn.

The State Charities Aid Association gave out a statement yesterday in which it was asserted that at least $1,000,000 would be needed this year for buildings and maintenance of the insane because of the neglect of the Glynn administration.

"This plain and obvious duty which for several years had been met," the statement reads, "was shirked by the Glynn administration. Not one cent was appropriated in 1914 for new buildings for the insane. The overcrowding on Oct. 1, 1913, in the State hospitals amounted to 5,584 patients. On Sept. 1, 1914, it had increased to 6,253. Still worse, this overcrowding cannot be equitably distributed through the entire State hospital system because a majority of the patients come from New York City, while the majority of the hospital beds are situated up State."

The statement says that an appropriation of nearly $300,000 had to be included in the Supply bill this year for maintenance, because with the authority of Gov. Glynn the State Hospital Commission in 1914 was forced to spend more than the appropriation provided by reason of the failure of the Legislature to provide other funds.

"It is shocking to think that patients for whom there is hope of recovery," the statement continued, "may lose that possibility because of the adverse conditions in which they are cared for, such adverse conditions resulting from the failure of the State to provide sufficient buildings for its insane wards."

TO AID POOR LITIGANTS.

Magistrate Levy Outlines Plan for City's Free Legal Bureau.

Magistrate Aaron J. Levy, Secretary Henry H. Schlacht of the East Side Protective Association, and others planned to establish a free legal information bureau in connection with the Municipal Courts at a meeting held at the rooms of the East Side Protective Association, at 1 Avenue B, last night.

The conference was held on the Municipal Court act, signed by the Governor on Thursday, which provides the machinery for conciliating quarrels and settling out of court minor controversies. Magistrate Levy volunteered at the meeting last night to pledge himself to spend three nights a week in answering practical questions about the law, and in advising prospective litigants, who lack money, as to what course they should pursue. This plan will be worked out further on Wednesday afternoon at a meeting at the Second District Court, at 264 Madison Avenue, at which Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Magistrate Levy and a number of social workers will be present.

OFFICIALS IN THE PULPIT.

Firemen and Policemen at Municipal Church Service.

Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson and the new Deputy Police Commissioner, Lawrence H. Dunham, addressed a congregation last night made up largely of firemen and policemen in the Church of the Pilgrims, in 135th Street, near Fifth Avenue. They were present at the invitation of the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Robert Bruce Clark, who called the evening "a municipal service." Most of the men were accompanied by their wives, and wore civilian clothes.

"The New York Fire Department," said Commissioner Adamson, "has been in existence only fifty years, but it leads the world in efficiency, and its honor roll of heroes compares with that of the European battlefields."

Commissioner Dunham described the new police flashlight signal system and said if there should ever be another automobile crime, the fugitives would be stopped and captured by means of this new method of control. A policeman can be hurried to any point in two minutes, he averred.

BATTLESHIPS GET A 'HOME.'

New Superdreadnoughts Assigned to Navy Yard Here.

The world's greatest two superdreadnoughts, the Nevada and the Oklahoma, which are to be put in commission soon, have been assigned in a Navy Department order to the New York Navy Yard. The order sends the dreadnoughts North Dakota and Delaware, which have had the New York yard as their home since they were commissioned several years ago, to the Norfolk Navy Yard.

The "home yard" rule, by which every ship in the navy has a home that it can call its own, was adopted in the Roosevelt Administration. The ships which will have New York as their home are, in addition to the Oklahoma and the Nevada, the superdreadnoughts Arkansas, Wyoming, New York, Texas, Florida and Utah, the submarines of the "C" and "G" classes, the destroyers of the Aylwin, Winslow, Cassin, and Henley classes, the tenders Fulton, Severn and Ozark, the hospital ship Solace, the supply ship Culgoa, and a fleet of gunboats and naval tugs.

REVIEW CITY PROBLEMS.

City Officials and Business Men to Discuss Them at Columbia.

A general review of the problems of the financial administration of the city will be given by Controller Prendergast at a meeting to be held at 4:15 o'clock this afternoon in Havemeyer Hall, Columbia University. Other speakers will be Frank A. Vanderlip, Chairman of the Committee of Finance and Currency of the Chamber of Commerce; Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., and Edwin R. A. Seligman, professor of political economy at Columbia.

The meeting will be one of a series for discussion of problems facing the different branches of the City Government. On Wednesday Borough President Mathewson of the Bronx and Commissioner Fetherston of the Street Cleaning Department will speak. Cards of admission may be obtained at the office of the Academy of Political Science, 600 Kent Hall, Columbia University.

CONTROLLER AGAINST ROCKAWAY CITY BILL

Finance Department Holds New York Would Lose $1,000,000 in Taxes if It Passes.

BONDHOLDERS MAY OBJECT

Secession Would Mean $49,000,000 of Realty, Security for Bonds, Would Be Taken from City.

A supplemental memorandum setting forth additional reasons why the Rockaway City bill that is now pending in the Legislature should not become a law, has been prepared by Chief Accountant Duncan MacInnes of the Department of Finance.

The sponsors of the bill inside and outside of the Legislature sent Assemblyman McWhinney, who introduced it, and a Mr. Pettit of Far Rockaway, to confer with Mr. MacInnes about a fortnight ago to discuss with him his first memorandum showing why the bill should not become a law. At the conclusion of the conference they promised to send Mr. MacInnes a summary of the changes made in the original bill but all they did send was the latest amendment to the bill.

After the conference statements were made to the effect that the amendments met the objections made to the bill. Mr. MacInnes, in his additional memorandum, says that nothing said by him during the conference could have been construed to mean that any changes in respect to the financial provisions met his objections.

"I am opposed," said Mr. MacInnes, "as I was in the beginning, to any disintegration of this city. I can see clearly the danger that would probably arise from allowing any part of the city to go."

Further on in his memorandum he says:

"The Rockaway City bill in its latest form does not meet the objections which I raised in my memorandum of March 31. In its financial and several other respects the bill is not satisfactory, and in my judgment it should not be accepted by the city officials."

Ex-Police Chief William S. Devery, who has a home in Far Rockaway, and is the owner of considerable realty in the section that would be embraced within the proposed new city, is doing what he can to have the bill passed. If his efforts succeed he will probably be the first Mayor of the new municipality.

The political aspect of the new move does not interest Controller Prendergast as much as the financial aspect. The area which the bill seeks to take away from this city amounts to about six-tenths of one per cent. of the taxable property of the city. The sponsers of the bill hope that the final adjustment of the financial problem will result in handing over to them about $2,000,000 to start the new municipality with.

The latest memorandum of Mr. MacInnes says that since the ninety odd municipalities were consolidated into the Greater City in 1898, contractual obligations of upwards of $800,000,000 have been incurred, the proceeds having been expended for improvements and betterments of all sections of the consolidated territory. The great part proportionately of these debts has been expended in the four boroughs outside of Manhattan, the Bronx and Queens Boroughs have been relatively large recipients of the benefits growing out of the expenditures. Mr. MacInnes says:

Big Expenditures in Queens.

"I told Assemblyman McWhinney and Mr. Pettit that the total amount of the recurring annual taxes levied against the Borough of Queens, together with the comparatively small amount of miscellaneous revenues collected in the borough, have never been enough to meet the annual budget appropriations for the borough, plus its share of police, fire, and educational expenses."

The reply to these objections was that, while the figures presented might be correct as to the borough, it was the other way around so far as the Rockaways were concerned, because the tax levy against them always exceeded the annual expenses.

"As to the firemen," Mr. MacInnes says, "they told me that the departmental cost of approximately $190,000 could be reduced to about $55,000 to $60,000 under a system known as the buffalo system, providing for a partly paid, partly volunteer fire department. As to the school teachers, they told me that their purpose would be to retain all of them they possibly could."

It was pointed out that nothing could be done that would relieve the City of New York of any part of its constitutional debt, no matter whether the proposed new city might assume its own share of the debt. Then the memorandum says:

"The lopping off from this city of the Fifth Ward, Borough of Queens, would take away from the holder of New York bonds his equity in the annual revenue realized from approximately $49,000,000 of taxable realty, and it would reduce by the same amount the security upon which he had loaned the money to the city. It seems to me that the city's creditor should have something to say whether he is willing that the security upon which he loaned his money should be impaired or reduced."

Lose $1,000,000 in Taxes.

The total amount of the tax levy of 1915 on property in the Rockaways aggregates about $1,000,000. If the pending bill becomes a law the city's annual tax levy would be reduced by this amount. The memorandum says that the policemen, firemen, school teachers and other city employes now doing duty in the "secession" district would probably elect to retain their places with the City of New York. This would make it necessary to transfer them to other parts of the city, and so the expense of retaining them would still go on and the loss caused by the decrease in the tax levy would have to be made up by the other sections of the Greater City.

Commenting on the effect of the latest amendment to the bill concerning the crediting of the appraised value of real and personal property between New York City and the new Rockaway City, the memorandum says:

"Rockaway City is to take to itself the taxing power over $49,000,000 of taxable realty, with all the revenue derivable therefrom; is to go scot free from any part of the city debt which the new city should properly assume, and is only to be required to pay a sum not less than $500,000 should the appraisal show a credit above the amount of the debt which would be chargeable against Rockaway City. This $500,000 is to be paid within ninety days after the day when the new city would come into existence. The bill does not show how this $500,000 is to be obtained and paid over within ninety days after dismemberment."

After commenting on the provision in the bill that the new city shall retain title to all the real and personal property within the limits of the Fifth Ward, now owned by the City of New York the memorandum says:

"During the upward of seventeen years since consolidation the Borough of Queens has not contributed as much to the annual cost of government as has been annually expended in administrative and operating expenses within the borough. The effect of the latest amendment to the Rockaway City bill would be to offset a debt, say, of $7,000,000 owing by the City of Rockaway by credits or equities in the appraised value of properties toward which the property owners in the Fifth Ward of Queens never contributed a dollar to acquire.

"It will be very obvious to any one giving the matter any thought that the present City of New York would not have incurred hundreds of millions of dollars of the funded debt issued since January, 1898, the principal purpose of which was to provide improvements and betterments in the outlying boroughs, if any future reduction of the taxable realty upon which such debts were secured had been looked upon as a future possibility to be brought about by the secession of any parts or districts of any borough."

GREEK PLAY TO OPEN NEW C.C.N.Y. STADIUM

Granville Barker and Company to Give "The Trojan Women" at the Dedication.

MAYOR NAMES COMMITTEE

Hopes Open-Air Classic Drama May Become a Feature of the City's Summer Life.

The plan to present Greek tragedies in the outdoor theatres of the country under the direction of Granville Barker, which had its inception at a recent dinner given at Sherry's in honor of the English producer, is to be extended to embrace the new stadium of the College of the City of New York. On May 29 "The Trojan Women" of Euripides will be acted by the company Mr. Barker is assembling as a feature of the dedicatory exercises of the structure.

The plan for the opening of the stadium with a performance of a Greek tragedy was first suggested by George McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen. Adolph Lewisohn, who gave the stadium to the college, was enthusiastic about the suggestion, as were President Mezes and the Board of Trustees, Arnold W. Brunner, the architect of the stadium, and Dr. John H. Finley, State Superintendent of Education, under whose administration as President of the college the gift was made by Mr. Lewisohn. It had been one of Dr. Finley's dreams that the performance of a Greek tragedy might dedicate the structure.

Mayor Mitchel also has taken a deep interest in the project and has corresponded with Mr. Barker at length about it. Mr. Mitchel attaches so much importance to performances in the amphitheatre that will appeal to large audiences and be of educational value that he has appointed a citizens' committee to co-operate with Mr. Barker in making the venture a success.

The Mayor's Committee.

On the committee are:

Bernard M. Baruch, Chancellor Brown of New York University, Arnold W. Brunner, Mrs. Adolph Lewisohn, Samuel Lewisohn, President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia, President Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, Walter Damrosch, Dr. and Mrs. John H. Finley, Justice Samuel Greenbaum, President of the Educational Alliance; Arthur Curtis James, Otto H. Kahn, Thomas W. Lamont, Charles E. Lydecker, Clarence H. Mackay, Miss Lillian D. Wald, Felix M. Warburg, George W. Wickersham, Frederick G. Howe, Percy Mackaye, Paul D. Cravath, Walter Lippman, Bertram G. Goodhue, Donn Barber, J. Carrol Beckwith, Mrs. August Belmont, John D. Crimmins, Robert W. de Forest, Cleveland Dodge, John Drew, Elbert H. Gary, Norman Hapgood, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, George Harvey, William Dean Howells, Brander Matthews, Morgan J. O'Brien, Isaac N. Seligman, James Speyer, Willard D. Straight, Oscar Straus, William K. Vanderbilt, Frank A. Vanderlip, Miss Anne Morgan, A. Barton Hepburn, Dr. Samuel McCune Lindsay, Clayton Hamilton, V. Everitt Macy, and Lee Kohns.

In his letter to those selected for the committee Mayor Mitchel gives the impression that he believes the City College stadium may be made an important feature of the city's education and recreation, and that outdoor performances of classical plays and spectacles may be regular features of New York Summer diversion.

At the dinner at which the suggestion of the outdoor performances was made President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia was named to appoint a committee to perfect the plan. The committee named by President Butler follows: Professor George Pierce Baker, Harvard; Professor William Lyon Phelps, Yale; Professor James C. Egbert, Columbia, Professor Frank Frost Abbott, Princeton; Professor Lewis F. Mott, City College; Professor Felix E. Schelling, University of Pennsylvania; Dean Emeritus Francs H. Stoddard, New York University.

Greatest War Drama.

At a recent conference the committee approved Mr. Barker's plans for the production of Euripides's "The Trojan Women," considered the greatest war drama every written, and his "Iphigenia in Tauris." The translations of Professor Gilbert Murray, Regius Professor of Greek at Oxford, will be used. In England Mr. Barker and Lillah McCarthy have presented seven translations of Greek classics by Professor Murray, though, on account of climatic conditions and the scarcity of outdoor theatres, most of them were acted indoors.

Keen interest has been aroused in the college world by the announcement of the performances and requests have been received from most of the universities equipped with suitable amphitheatres. Harvard has asked for two performances in the stadium in May; the Yale University Dramatic Association has requested one for May 15; in June Columbia, City College, and New York University will be patrons of at least two performances in the new stadium; Princeton wants a presentation on June 11 in its stadium as an event of commencement week, and the University of Pennsylvania has requested two performances next month.

Mr. Barker has already made considerable progress with his preparations. He has engaged the strongest company obtainable, including a chorus. The music for the chorus is being composed by Professor David Smith of Yale. Norman Wilkinson, one of the artists associated with the producer, has designed a portable stage closely resembling the stage or palace of the ancient Greek theatre. This will be taken down and moved from stadium to stadium.

Mr. Barker is convinced that the Greek tragedies properly produced will make a strong and inspiring appeal to all serious-minded people. He regards it as a great mistake to infer that only students of the classics can appreciate them, since they were written for the enormous audiences that assembled in the great ancient amphitheatres, and their appeal should be no narrower today than then. It is a part of his plan that special arrangements he made for students of colleges and universities and that children from the public schools be admitted free.

Recital for the White Door.

A recital for the benefit of the White Door Settlement, at 211 Clinton Street, will be given at 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon, April 26, at the Plaza. Ossip Gabrilowitsch and Mme. Clara Gabrilowitsch are to be the artists. Among those interested in the settlement are Mrs. W. V. S. Thorne, Mrs. Samuel Thurber, Mrs. Frank E. Carter, and the Misses Mabel Choate and Angeline V. Acker. Mrs. John E. Wilson, 260 West Seventy-sixth Street, has charge of the tickets.

INSTRUCTION.

PRATT SCHOOL—64 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotypy, Secretaryship.

The Berlitz School of Languages
Now at
30 WEST 34TH STREET
(Between 5th Ave. and Broadway.)

MUSIC FOR TWO PIANOS.

Messrs. Bauer and Gabrilowitsch Delight a Large Audience.

A new combination of pianists was tried yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall with great success. Messrs. Harold Bauer and Ossip Gabrilowitsch, two of the most accomplished and distinguished of the season's visitors, appeared together in a concert of music for two pianos. The undertaking is not a new one. There were several seasons when Messrs. Ernest Hutcheson and Harold Randolph of Baltimore gave similar concerts. The literature of music originally written for two pianos is not large, which is perhaps one reason why such a series of concerts cannot be continued indefinitely. But much of what there is is excellent and worth hearing, especially at the hands of two such admirable artists. Their playing yesterday was notable for its unity of style and feeling, its singleness of purpose, its precision, accuracy, and brilliancy of ensemble.

The program comprised Schumann's andante and variations, Op. 46; Reinecke's Impromptu on a theme of Schumann; Mozart's sonata in D minor, Saint-Saëns's variations on a theme of Beethoven, two movements from Arensky's Suite, Op. 15, and Chabrier's "España." Was this last composition, widely known in its highly colored and clangorous orchestral form, originally composed for two pianos? Saint-Saëns's variations aroused rapturous applause; perhaps because most of the young ladies present had played it, and marveled greatly that two pianists could invariably "come out even" at the end of its several sections. The two responded to this applause by playing one of Schubert's "Marches Militaires" for four hands on one piano, a sublimation of a domestic scene that amused the listeners almost as much as it delighted them. Arensky's waltz is pleasing and gracefully decorated and was rewarded for being the feeblest piece on the program by a repetition. After a splendidly spirited performance of the "España," full of reminiscences—or was it foreshadowings?—of its orchestral color, Messrs. Bauer and Gabrilowitsch played another of Schubert's four-hand marches. They appeared to enjoy themselves as much as their audience.

POLACCO TO CONDUCT 'IRIS.'

Toscanini Too Ill for Rehearsal—Last Night's Opera Concert.

While the audience at the Metropolitan Opera House last night was listening to the season's last Sunday night concert, which had been arranged to take the place of the scheduled symphony concert directed by Arturo Toscanini, it was being announced from the director's office that the conductor's condition forbade his conducting "Iris" tonight and rehearsing for his Friday afternoon symphony concert, wherefore that concert also has been abandoned. Mr. Polacco will conduct "Iris" tonight for the first time here.

The soloists at last night's concert were Frieda Hempel, Anna Case, Sophie Braslau, Giovanni Martinelli, Johannes Sembach, and Hermann Weil. Miss Hempel sang Arditi's "Parla," Miss Case gave the mad scene from "Lucia," and Miss Braslau "O Mio Fernando," from "La Favorita." Mr. Martinelli's number was "Cielo e Mar," from "La Gioconda," while Messrs. Sembach and Weil sang, respectively, the Prize Song from "Die Meistersinger" and the Evening Star air from "Tannhäuser." The orchestra, under Richard Hageman, played the "Freischütz" Overture, the Ballet Suite from Massenet's "Le Cid," Tschaikowsky's "1812" Overture, and Chabrier's "Rhapsody Espana."

SIGN LONG FILM CONTRACT.

Four Companies to Use One Distributor for 25 Years.

A contract has been signed under which the Paramount Pictures Corporation will market for twenty-five years the products of four of the foremost companies producing feature pictures. This is said to be the longest period of time ever covered by a similar contract. The manufacturing companies concerned are the Famous Players Film Company, the Jesse L. Lasky Feature Play Company, Bosworth, Inc., and Fiction Pictures, a new concern of which Louis Joseph Vance, the novelist, is President.

The significance of the contract is that it will tend to give greater stability to the feature film business by providing the distributing company with a more certain output and at the same time giving the manufacturers the assurance of a market for their films. This is a part of a general movement to place the booking of feature films on a business footing with the booking of plays.

SEEK NEW AMERICAN PLAY.

Frohman and Belasco Amend Plans for All-Star Production.

Charles Frohman and David Belasco have amended their plan to join forces each Spring for an all-star production to the extent of deciding that the next play shall be an original one by an American author containing parts for at fewest ten stars. August Thomas, Edward Sheldon and Justus Miles Forman are among the authors who have been asked to submit plays suitable.

The promise is made the author whose manuscript may be accepted that his play will be presented for as long a run as possible in New York and at the same time will be sent on tour of the larger cities with a company headed by a star. It is planned to send the American company to London and Paris for short seasons if European affairs have adjusted themselves by next Spring.

Big Photoplay Theatre for Brooklyn

Messrs. Picker & Bennett, who lease and operate two of the largest moving picture theatres in Manhattan—the Burland, in Prospect Avenue, the Bronx, and the Eighth Avenue, at Twenty-sixth Street—are extending their interests into Brooklyn. They have acquired from the realty firm of Meruk & May a plot, 100 by 207 feet, immediately behind a new block of stores at Flatbush Avenue and Cortelyou Road, and, associated with other theatrical interests, will erect there the largest photoplay theatre in Brooklyn. The orchestra will seat about 2,000, and the balcony about 800 more. For Summer there will be a large roof garden, accommodating more than 1,500. The total cost will be about $250,000.

Grand Opera Taught to Children.

A campaign to educate school children in the beauties and technique of grand opera will be begun Thursday evening, April 22, in the Wadleigh High School Auditorium with a presentation of Gounod's "Faust." The performance will be given under the direction of Miss Helen Frances Chase, one of Oscar Saenger's coaches for the Theatre Centre for Schools at 1416 Broadway. The singers will be in costume, but there will be no settings. A musical expert will tell the story and expound the mysteries of themes, arias, choruses and coloring.

Children to Play "Little Princess."

The last four performances of the Children's Educational Theatre have been announced. "The Little Princess" will be acted in the auditorium of Washington Irving High School Saturday afternoons of this and next week. On those nights a program made up of three playlets, "The Probationer," "The Vision of the Blind,' 'and "The Traveling Man," will be given. These performances will close the thirteenth year of the organization.

Twilight Club Talks on Drama.

The Twilight Club gave a dinner in the ballroom of the McAlpin last night, at which the general topic was "Forces of the American Drama." Frederic A. Knoedler was the toastmaster, and the speakers included Margaret Illington, Wilton Lackaye, Eleanor Gates, Richard Brinton, Howard Kyle, Edward Goodman, Mary Austin, Montagu Love and Ethel Watts Grant. Thomas Mott Osborne will be the guest of honor at the next dinner.

DR. A. JACOBI OPENS WARD FOR CHILDREN

Mrs. Woerishoffer's $150,000 Gift to German Hospital Is Formally Dedicated.

EQUIPMENT NOW COMPLETE

New Wards for Private Patients Likened to Hotel — President McAneny Praises Work.

The Dr. A. Jacobi Division for Children of the German Hospital, at Seventy-seventh Street and Park Avenue, was formally opened and dedicated yesterday afternoon with exercises at which the venerable Dr. Jacobi was himself the principal speaker. In his address Dr. Jacobi reviewed the development of institutions for children and of the treatment of children's diseases, remarking that the new children's department of the German Hospital was "a child's hospital whose like has not been paralleled in the history of medical endeavors in this city."

The children's division is the gift of Mrs. Anna Woerishoffer, who is now in Vienna. She became interested in the treatment of children's diseases through the work of Dr. Jacobi, who was her family physician for many years. She contributed $100,000 for the equipment of the children's division a year ago, and on Feb. 13 last gave an additional sum of $50,000 in memory of her mother, Mrs. Anna Ottendorfer, who would have been 100 years old on that day had she been alive.

The children's division is in the old private ward building of the German Hospital. The building was completely renovated, practically rebuilt inside, and accommodations were made for sixty-five beds, with a roof garden, playrooms, and other adjuncts. It is the first building devoted especially to children in connection with the German Hospital and with it, it is said, the hospital is now complete in every detail.

The ceremonies that marked the opening and dedication of the children's division, marked also the dedication of the new building for private patients, which has been open for some time. The exercises were held in the Krackowizer Hall in the Anna Ottendorfer Dispensary Building, and many more persons than could be accommodated in the room sought to attend. The Chairman of the afternoon was Dr. F. Achelis, President of the Board of Trustees of the German Hospital, and Dr. Jacobi was the first speaker.

Following Dr. Jacobi, Dr. G. Seeligman, President of the Medical Board of the hospital, talked of the growth of private wards in connection with general hospitals, and in particular of the development of the private wards of the German Hospital. He said that such private wards were unknown in America some years ago, and that they were still unknown in the European countries. The reason for their development, he said, was to be found in the change of family life in America from private dwellings to hotels and apartment houses.

Dr. Seeligman went on to say that the scope of hospitals had been extended until today they had to be "perfect hotels as well as perfect hospitals." When the new building for private patients was in contemplation, he said, Louis Kortum, Superintendent of the hospital, inspected all of the first class hotels in the city to obtain information regarding their construction, equipment, and management, which he later put to valuable use in the improvement of the building for private patients.

George McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen, and son-in-law of Dr. Jacobi, praised the German Hospital for the work it had done, saying that it and other similar institutions had led the city in the direction of relieving suffering. Dr. Karl Eggers, President of the Junior League of the hospital, appealed particularly to the younger people for support, pointing out that the greater part of the work done was of a charitable nature dependent upon voluntary support. The German Hospital, he said, was now "complete in every department of therapeutical science," and he described the different departments of the institution.

After the speaking, the guests were entertained with refreshments provided by the Ladies' Aid Society of the hospital.

Masons to Observe Mothers' Day.

An entertainment celebrating Mothers' Day, to be concluded by a dance, has been arranged by Empire City Lodge, 206, F. and A. M., in the General Assembly Room of the Masonic Temple, Twenty-third Street and Sixth Avenue, next Wednesday evening, at 8:45 o'clock. The members of the order and their wives and friends are invited.

Friendly Aid Society Dance.

A concert, followed by dancing, will take place at 8:30 o'clock this evening in the MacDowell Gallery, 108 West Fifty-fifth Street, for the benefit of the fresh air work of the Friendly Aid Society.

Arrivals on the St. Paul.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday from Liverpool on the St. Paul were:

D. F. Asbury, Albert Anvray, Mr. and Mrs. N. T. Bailey, Miss F. E. Bailey, T. R. Bailey, Miss G. F. Bailey, A. S. Balfour, E. C. A. Barber, Edward Barry, Dudley Bartlett, J. E. Bell, C. P. Beresford, Miss S. Bradman, D. J. Brown, Alexander Cairns, A. B. Carrick, Walter Cooke, D. B. Cornell, Miss Mary Corr, Miss A. M. Corr, Miss G. Darling, C. Davies, Miss Charlotte Diamond, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Downing, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Dyer, Mr. and Mrs. James Dyer, Miss W. M. Ellison, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Evans, Miss Noel Falla, Miss Lilian Gadd, Mr. and Mrs. A. Godfrey, Mrs. L. A. Gray, S. M. Halton, W. C. Hammond, F. O. Henry, H. E. Holmes, Miss E. E. Holmes, the Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Hunt, W. H. Ingram, Norman Jelland, Arthur Jones, H. Lambeth, C. Lang, Miss L. W. Lippitt, W. Martin, Miss S. E. Mitchell, Miss E. Naylor, Mrs. Lawrence Oliphant, A. W. Porter, C. J. Reynolds, Miss M. E. Sheridan, S. J. Sydney, Captain and Mrs. T. Donald Tod, the Rev. and Mrs. C. M. Turnell, Major W. C. Wallace, and G. H. Wykes.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

When "Chin-Chin" reaches its three hundredth performance in the Globe Theatre Montgomery and Stone will interpolate a medley of songs from their former successes. "Gooda-Bye, John," "He Was a Cowboy," and "Them Were the Happy Days" will make up the number.

The first of a series of six special performances of "John Gabriel Borkman" will be given tonight in the Park Theatre by the Modern Stage. Emanuel Reicher will play the title role, in which he was seen in the Forty-eighth Street Theatre last week.

The Giants have been invited to attend the performance at Hammerstein's Victoria tonight in honor of Blossom Seely, who is Mrs. Rube Marquard in private life.

Paul Swan will appear in a series of original dances at an entertainment to be given by the American Renaissance Society tomorrow afternoon in the Plaza Hotel. Dr. Horatio Dreiser will speak on "The Rebirth of Greek Ideals."

Fritzi Scheff watched her debut as a moving picture actress last night in the Broadway Theatre, when "Pretty Mrs. Smith" was shown. The picture is based on the musical farce, in which Miss Scheff was seen last Fall in the Casino.

William Courtenay has signed a contract with the Vitagraph Company to appear in a number of moving pictures, the scenarios of which have been written for him.

Arlington Art Galleries
Free Exhibition of
Paintings and Etchings
By
W. A. Sherwood
of Antwerp
274 Madison Avenue
Between 39th and 40th Streets, N. Y.

MISS SEYMOUR ENGAGED.

Niece of Fanny Davenport Will Marry Richard M. Field.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Fanny L. Davenport Seymour, a niece of Fanny Davenport, the famous actresss, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Seymour of 34 East Thirty-second Street, to Richard Montgomery Field of Jamaica Plain, Mass., a grandson of the late Richard M. Field, for years manager of the Boston Museum.

Miss Seymour has appeared in amateur theatricals, and her sister, Miss May Davenport Seymour, was on the professional stage until her marriage, several years ago, to W. Stanley Eckert. Her father, Mr. Seymour, has long been connected with Charles Frohman as general stage director and as an executive in his office. No date has been announced for the wedding.

HELD UP CARS IN BROADWAY.

Old Soldier with Unloaded Rifle Attracts Big Crowd.

Anthony O'Hara, 58 years old, of 29 North William Street, a retired Sergeant of the United States Army, stood in a crowd of 500 persons last evening and held up two surface cars at Broadway and Liberty Streets with a rifle. When Policeman Kelly of the Old Slip Station started to arrest him he aimed the rifle at the patrolman and pulled the trigger. The rifle was unloaded. Kelly took him to the police station.

To Lieutenant Sheehan O'Hara said he had been followed in Westchester by three burglars who carried magazine rifles. He said he had run home to get his rifle, and was looking for the burglars when he was arrested. In his coat was found a box of ball cartridges. The Lieutenant sent him to Bellevue Hospital.

RICHARD LYDEKKER DIES.

England's Noted Naturalist Passes Away in London.

LONDON, April 19.—Richard Lydekker, the naturalist, is dead. Mr. Lydekker was born in 1849. He had traveled extensively and written many volumes on animal life in various countries.

Richard Lydekker was one of the best known naturalists living in England. His travels and writings were more extensive and thorough than those of most of his contemporaries. His studies were in various fields, including the nature and habits of birds of many kinds and wild and domestic animals.

Mr. Lydekker was the son of the late G. W. Lydekker. He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge, from which he was graduated second in the First Class of Natural Science Tripos in 1871. In 1882 he married Lucy Marianne, eldest daughter of Canon O. W. Davys, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He was on the staff of the Geological Survey of India from 1874 until 1882, and he was a Fellow of the Royal, Geographical, and Zoological Societies.

Among his works were: "Indian Tertiary Vertebrata," "Geology of Kashmir," "Catalogues of Fossil Mammals, Reptiles, and Birds in the British Museum," ten volumes; "The Deer of All Lands," "Wild Oxen, Sheep and Goats of All Lands," "The Great and Small Game of India, Burma, and Tibet," "The Great and Small Game of Europe, Asia, and America," "A Geography of Hertfordshire," "The Horse and Its Relatives," "The Sheep and Its Cousins," and "The Ox and Its Kindred."

SENATOR ALDRICH BURIED.

Services in Providence Attended by Many Men Prominent in Nation.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 18.—Leaders in political and financial affairs of the nation were present in Grace Church today at the funeral of Nelson W. Aldrich, for many years United States Senator from Rhode Island. More than 1,000 persons were at the railroad station when the body arrived from New York, just before the hour of the services, and hundreds lined the streets from the station to the church. Flags were at half mast throughout the city.

The services were conducted by the Right Rev. James De Wolf Perry, Episcopal Bishop of Rhode Island, assisted by the Rev. Frank Warfield Crowder, rector of the church, and a large male chorus. The honorary pall bearers were ex-President Taft, ex-United States Senator George Peabody Wetmore, Senator Henry F. Lippitt, Charles P. Briggs of this city, and Frank K. Sturgis, George F. Baker, and Henry P. Davison of New York.

GEN. C. L. TREMEAU DEAD.

Was Retired Commander in Chief of the French Army.

BRIARE, France, April 18.—General Charles Louis Tremeau, former Commander in Chief of the French Army, died here today. He was 65 years old.

General Tremeau was born at Vandenesse, in the Department of the Nièvre, France, on Sept. 9, 1849. He was graduated at the cavalry school of Saint-Cyr in 1869, and entered the cavalry service. He was President of the Technical Committee on Cavalry Tactics and later was appointed a member of the High Commission on the Study of Small Arms and member of the Superior Council of War. He was promoted to Brigadier General in 1899, made a General of Division in 1902, and commanded the Sixth and Ninth Army Corps, from which he was appointed Chief of the General Staff. After his retirement from active service he was the Commander of the Legion of Honor.

Dr. George W. Marshall.

MILFORD, Del., April 18.—Dr. George W. Marshall, ex-State Insurance Commissioner and prominent in Republican politics in Delaware, died at his home here tonight from a complication of diseases. He was a member of the Board of Trustees of Delaware College and was 61 years old.

Obituary Notes.

ISAAC FRANK, a retired manufacturer of clothing, died on Saturday in his apartment at the Manhattan Square Hotel, in his eightieth year. He was born in Germany, came here in 1853, and four years later started the business from which he retired twenty years ago. He was a contributor to many charitable organizations, including the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Montefiore Home and Mount Sinai Hospital. He leaves his wife, three sons, and two daughters.

HERMAN G. E. SCHEIDING, a retired merchant, died yesterday at his home, 38 West Ninety-third Street, aged 77 years. He was a member of the Beethoven Society and other organizations. He leaves a wife, three sons, and a daughter.

SAMUEL HERMAN, employed for eighteen years in the manufacturing department of Samuel Floersheimer & Brother, 2 West Thirty-third Street, died yesterday at his home, 1,770 Madison Avenue, aged 48 years.

CHARLES K. COVERT, a decorator, in business at 963 Sixth Avenue, Manhattan, died yesterday at his home, 252 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, in his eighty-fifth year. Two daughters survive him.

ALEXANDER ROBERTS, oldest native-born resident of Harrisburg, Penn., died yesterday, in his ninety-second year, in that city. In his younger days he was an engineer in charge of construction of the Pennsylvania Railroad lines at Altoona and Pittsburgh, and after leaving the railroad company's service helped organize the first Harrisburg street railway.

1% Per MONTH UPON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY
THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.
BROOKLYN
Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.
½ PER CENT. CHARGED UPON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

SAMUEL H. KISSAM DIES AT AGE OF 84

Brother of the Late Mrs. Wm. H. Vanderbilt Expires After Brief Illness.

ONCE PROMINENT BROKER

Ex-Member of Board of Governors of the Stock Exchange—Came of Old Family.

Samuel H. Kissam, brother of the late Mrs. William H. Vanderbilt and uncle of William K. Vanderbilt, Sr., died at the age of 84 years yesterday at his home, 35 West Seventy-second Street. He had been in poor health for more than two years, but had been confined to his bed only during the last three weeks.

Mr. Kissam was for many years one of the best-known men in the New York Exchange. He was for many years a member of its Board of Governors, and was one of the administrators of the gratuity fund. His brokerage firm handled much of the business of his brother-in-law, the late William H. Vanderbilt. Mr. Kissam was considered one of the powers of the financial district up to his retirement from active business twenty years ago.

Mr. Kissam came from one of the old families of New York. His father was the Rev. Samuel Kissam, who was born in 1796, and was long the pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church at Cedar Hill, near Albany. The grandfather was Peter Rutgers Kissam, a merchant of this city, who married Miss Deborah Townsend, the daughter of Penn Townsend. The great-grandfather of Samuel H. Kissam was Benjamin Kissam of Long Island, who married the daughter of Petrus Rutgers.

Benjamin Kissam was a member of the Committee of Safety in 1776 and of the First and Second Provincial Congresses. One of the noted men who studied law in his office was John Jay, afterward Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

The first of the family to come to this country was the great grandfather of Benjamin Kissam. He emigrated when the Dutch began to settle New York, early in the seventeenth century, and he was one of the first settlers of Flushing, L. I. The sister of Samuel H. Kissam, who became the wife of William H. Vanderbilt, was Miss Maria Louise Kissam.

Mr. Kissam is survived by two children, Samuel Adams Kissam of 35 West Seventy-second Street, and Mrs. Louis S. Kerr of 145 West Seventy-fourth Street.

DEATH OF MRS. M. F. GAGE.

Her Husband Is Serving with English Forces in France.

Mrs. Moreton Foley Gage, (Miss Anna Massey Strong,) who died several days ago in Lakewood, was the wife of Colonel Moreton F. Gage, of the British Army, now at the front as Chief of Staff of the Third Division of Cavalry under Sir Julian Byng, a part of the expeditionary force in France. For three years he was attached to the British Embassy in Washington, but he asked to be transferred to active service and left Washington early last September to join the army. His marriage to Miss Strong, a daughter of the late William Everard Strong, took place twelve years ago. As Mrs. Gage could not bear the English climate Colonel Gage was transferred to Washington.

Mrs. Gage left two sons, Berkeley and Edward, aged 11 and 9 years, and some day one of them may become Lord Fitzhardinge, and if so he would be the owner of the famous Berkeley Castle in Gloucestershire, and Firle Place in Sussex, two of the finest estates in England. These boys will go to Eton and Oxford and are destined to enter the British Army. It is not yet known if Colonel Gage has heard of his wife's death. Her funeral took place last Wednesday at the home of her mother, Mrs. Strong, 5 East Sixty-fifth Street.

DR. M. L. PRICE DIES AT SEA.

Idaho Man Buried as the St. Paul Nears United States.

When the American liner St. Paul arrived at Quarantine yesterday morning from Liverpool, Captain F. M. Passow reported that Dr. Marshall L. Price of Boisé City, Idaho, 36 years old, had died of gastritis on Saturday, and had been buried at 6 o'clock that morning as the liner was approaching Fire Island.

Captain T. Donald Tod, commander of George J. Gould's steam yacht Atalanta, returned on the St. Paul with his wife and three children, who have been abroad four years. He said that the yacht was laid up in the harbour of Southampton until the end of the war.

Mrs. Laurence Oliphant, an American who married an Englishman, said she had come over to collect some of her belongings which she had left at Hempstead, L. I., on the last visit twenty years ago.

Another passenger on the St. Paul was Wong Kwong, Chinese Commissioner to the Panama-Pacific Exposition, who said that China was remaining tranquil at present, because she was not strong enough now to take part in any of the discussions between the great world powers.

Captain Passow said that the St. Paul did not sight any warships or submarines in the Irish Sea, and scudded out of the danger zone at twenty knots.

Frank W. Bowen.

OIL CITY, Penn., April 18.—Frank W. Bowen, editor of The Oil City Blizzard, and one of the founders of that paper in 1882, died suddenly today of pneumonia. He was born in Chautauqua County, New York, 62 years ago, and was an active figure in newspaper work in western New York and northwestern Pennsylvania.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born

FRANK.—April 12, 180 West 81st St., to Mr. and Mrs. I. Frank, a son.

HOFFMAN.—April 14, 728 West 181st St., to Mr. and Mrs. K. Hoffman, a daughter.

KAUFMAN.—April 11, 305 East 161st St., to Mr. and Mrs. S. Kaufman, a daughter.

LEVY.—April 14, 106 West 69th St., to Mr. and Mrs. A. Levy, a son.

SCHWEITZER.—April 15, 1,855 7th Av., to Mr. and Mrs. N. Schweitzer, a son.

SUNZBURGER.—April 12, 200 West 85th St., to Mr. and Mrs. L. Sunzburger, a son.

WAXBERG.—April 12, 19 West 101st St., to Mr. and Mrs. Waxberg, a son.

ZIMMERMAN.—April 17, Dr. Lloyd's Sanitarium, to Dr. and Mrs. D. Zimmerman, a daughter.

Engaged

PILLER—JACOBS.—May Jacobs of Brooklyn to Max Piller of N. Y.

ARONSON—SMITH.—Ethel M. Smith to Benjamin Aronson.

BAUMANN—MAY.—Martha E. May to Louis Baumann.

BIOW—MATTES.—Sophia M. Mattes to Jesse M. Biow.

BOBBE—DE BEAR.—Carolyn De Bear to Sidney Bobbe.

BRENNER — SCHWARTZ. — Jeannette B. Schwartz to Lester Brenner.

COHEN—STERN.—Sadie Stern to Sol Cohen.

ECKSTEIN—HARRIS.—Etta Harris to Arthur Eckstein.

FRANKENTHALER — STEIN. — Helen H. Stein to Alfred L. Frankenthaler.

FREY—KEPPLER.—Dora Keppler to Samuel Frey.

FRIEDWALD—SCHIFFMAN.—Gladys Schiffman to Paul Friedwald.

GANS—MEYER.—Lucille Meyer to Sol M. Gans.

GOLDBERG—SALOMON—Harriet Salomon to Herbert R. Goldberg.

GOLDMAN—LURIE.—Harriet Lurie to Samuel Goldman.

GREENBERG—JUDISKY.—Gertrude Judisky to Irving I. Greenberg.

GREENWALD—JAY.—Nettie Jay to Max Greenwald.

GROSS—ADELSON.—Evelyn Adelson to Abe Gross.

HEIM — HEIDELBERGER. — Lydia Heidelberger to Siegfried W. Heim.

JACOBIUS—MUFFSON.—Beatrice Muffson to Dr. Lawrence Jacobius.

JACOBS—SEVERIN.—Dorothy Severin to David Jacobs.

KRAMER—GOLDBERG.—Byrde S. Goldberg to Benjamin Kramer.

LESSER—LEWIS.—Etta Lewis to Julius Lesser.

LIPSCHUTZ—DAMSKY.—Sayde Damsky to Robert Lipschutz.

MARESSA — MILANO. — Mary Milano to Joseph John Maressa.

ROSENBERG — SCHWIMMER. — Anna Schwimmer to Herman Rosenberg.

ROTH—ADLER.—Sadie Adler to Phineaus Roth.

SANDERS—KASBERG.—Daisy D. Kasberg to Jerome A. Sanders.

SMITH—SELIGMAN.—Rose Seligman to Herman A. Smith.

UTTAL—GREENBERG.—Lottie Greenberg to George Uttal.

WOLFERT—SATZ.—Jean Satz to Sidney Wolfert.

YUSEN—VORZIMER.—Gertrude Vorzimer to Henry Yusen.

Married

CHASE—SOUTHWICK.—On Saturday, April 17, 1915, at the Church of the Saviour, by the Rev. John H. Lathrop, Jean Frances, daughter of Ella S. and Francis H. Southwick, to George Du Bree Chase, all of Brooklyn. Baltimore papers please copy.

FULD—TOBIAS.—April 11, Carrie Tobias to Milton Fuld.

NICHOLSON—MARIS.—April 12, Kathryn Maris to Arthur F. Nicholson.

PONEMON—STERN.—April 14, Lelie Stern to Philip R. Ponemon.

ROSEMUND—HEINE.—April 14, Etta Heine to Frederick Rosemund.

SCHWARZBAUM—REINHORN. — April 15, Celea Reinhorn to Julius J. Schwarzbaum.

Brooklyn.

COHAN—OBLER.—April 14, Gertrude Obler to Abner Cohan.

COOPER—LEE.—April 17, Edythe Lee to Harry P. Cooper.

Died

AVERY.—At Katonah, N. Y., Sunday morning, April 18, 1915, Alfred F. Avery, in his 79th year. Funeral services from the First Presbyterian Church, Katonah, N. Y., Wednesday, April 21, at 1:30 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Depot at 11:14 A. M. Interment at Kensico Cemetery on arrival of 3:09 train.

BELL.—On Saturday, April 17, 1915, Thomas Outwater Bell. Funeral service from his late residence, 668 Carleton Road, Westfeild, N. J., on Tuesday, April 20, at 3:30 P. M.

BIRDSALL.—At Somerville, N. J., on April 15, 1915, Elizabeth La Grange Talmage, widow of Samuel B. Birdsall. Funeral services at her late residence, Somerville, N. J., on Monday, April 19, at 3 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving foot of Liberty St., New York, (C. R. R. of N. J.) at 1:10 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

BRENNAN.—On Sunday, April 18, 1915, at her residence, 201 West 101st St., Ida F. P. Brennan. Services will be held from August Eickelberg's Funeral Parlors, 934 8th Av., near 55th St., Tuesday evening, April 20, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family. California papers please copy.

BRUMLEY.—On Saturday evening, April 17, 1915, after a short illness, Nellie J., wife of James L. Brumley. Funeral services at her late residence, 3d St., near Cathedral Av., Garden City, L. I., Tuesday, April 20, on the arrival of train leaving Pennsylvania R. R. Station, Manhattan, and Flatbush Av. station, Brooklyn, at 3 P. M. Return train leaves Garden City at 5:24.

BUDD.—At Garden City Hotel, Garden City, L. I., April 17, 1915, Mary Hudson Beach, widow of the late Samuel Budd. Funeral private.

BUSBY.—Suddenly, at Lima, Ohio, April 17, Lloyd G., son of Eliza A. Busby and the late Thomas M. Busby, aged 26. Funeral services at 163 East 61st St., New York City, Monday at 1 o'clock. Interment private, Kensico Cemetery. Rochester, N. Y., Papers please copy.

CAMERON.—Ellen L., on April 18. Funeral service at 6 Charles St., Tuesday, April 20, at 2 P. M.

COELOS.—On April 18, Lucie Coelos, beloved wife of Jules A. Coelos. Funeral from residence of her mother, Mrs. Emma Cote, 106 East 82d St., on Tuesday, at 9 A. M., thence to Church St. Jean Baptiste, 76th St. and Lexington Av., where mass will be offered at 10 A. M.

COVERT.—On Saturday evening, April 17, 1915, Charles K. Covert, in his 85th year, son of the late Dr. Isaac and Adaline Hickson Covert. Funeral services on Tuesday the 20th inst., at 3 P. M., from his late residence, 252 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

COVERT.—On Sunday, April 18, 1915, Florence Covert, daughter of Jennie M. Covert. Services from her late residence, 68 Putnam Av., at 8 o'clock, Monday evening.

DE PINNA.—Alfred, April 17th, 1915, at his late residence, Manhattan Square Hotel, 50 West 77th St. Funeral private. London, England, papers please copy.

FRANK.—On Saturday, April 17, after a short illness, in his 80th year, Isaac Frank, husband of the late Sarah Frank and father of Henry, Rozelle, Bernice, Jerome, and Bennett. Funeral from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Julius Oppenheimer, 11 West 87th St., Monday, April 19, at 9:30 A. M.

GRAHAM.—At his late residence, Avenue Farm, Fishkill Village, N. Y., April 18, David Graham, son of the late Ben and Evelina Graham and grandson of the late Dr. Bartow White. Funeral services at the home, Tuesday, April 20, at 4:30 P. M. Carriages will meet at Beacon, N. Y., train leaving Grand Central at 2 P. M.

GREVIER.—At Verona, N. J., our beloved mother, Alice, aged 64 years, wife of the late John C. Crevier, peacefully fell asleep, April 18. Funeral services Wednesday, April 21, at 12 o'clock, at her late residence, Verona, N. J. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment private.

HAFF.—At Englewood, N. J., April 18, Caroline Augusta, sister of the late Mrs. William P. Coe, in the 86th year of her age. Funeral private.

AUCTIONS.

Estate of the Late
Laura V.
RHINELANDER
On View This Day and Tomorrow
The Furniture
and Appointments
at the Residence
31 East 72nd Street
(COR. MADISON AVE.)
as already advertised.
For Cards of Admission Apply at Offices of Auctioneer, 5 W. 44th St.
AUCTION SESSIONS April 21st and following days at 10:30 A. M.
By order of the Executors,
Chas. E. Rhinelander & H. L. R. Edgar
The sales will be conducted by
Mr. Augustus W. Clarke.

TWO IMPORTANT RESTAURANT SALES
THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF
THE LARGE RESTAURANTS
NO. 1204-1212 B'WAY (nr. 30th St.)
TO BE SOLD TOMORROW (TUES.)
AT 11 A. M.
AND
NO. 383 6TH AV. (Bet. 23d & 24th St.)
TO BE SOLD WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, AT 11 A. M.
The whole comprising fine Restaurant and Bar Fixtures, Mirrors, Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Rugs and other paraphernalia. Large deposits required and goods to be removed immediately.
By Silo's Fifth Av. Art Galleries
Mr. James P. Silo,
Edw. P. O'Reilly,
Auctioneers,
546 Fifth Av.

Astor Trust Co.
In the Heart of the Shopping District
Condition on March 19, 1915
Capital . . $ 1,250,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Earnings 1,107,960.29
Deposits . . 23,915,932.83
Total Assets . 26,429,316.22
Arrangements may be made for interest on deposits.
Trustee for Personal Trusts
Safe Deposit Vaults
FIFTH AVENUE & 36TH STREET, NEW YORK

Died

HERZMAN.—Samuel, died Sunday, April 18, at 5 P. M. Funeral from his late residence, 1,770 Madison Av., Monday, at 1 P. M. Chicago papers please copy.

HOLT.—At her home, in Summit, N. J., Sunday morning, April 18, Agnes White Holt, wife of Philetus H. Holt. Notice of funeral later.

HUBER.—On Saturday, April 17, Max J. Huber, in his 58th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 57 Belvedere Drive, Yonkers, N. Y., Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery at convenience of family.

JACOBUS.—At East Orange, on Saturday, April 17, 1915, Charles C. Jacobus, in his 64th year. Funeral services at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Charles C. Whinery, 108 Carnegie Av., East Orange, N. J., on Monday, April 19, at 3:30 P. M. Carriages in waiting at East Orange station on arrival of train leaving Hoboken at 2:51.

KELLEY.—April 16, Josephine S. Kelley, in her 85th year. Funeral services at the CHAPEL of the HOME, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Monday, April 19, at 11 A. M.

KIMBERLY.—On Saturday, April 17, 1915, Louisa Kimberly. Funeral services from St. Anne's Church, 2d St., corner Livingston St., Brooklyn, Tuesday morning, April 20, at 10:30 o'clock.

KIRSCHBAUM.—Jeannette, (nee Ettinger,) beloved wife of Michael and devoted mother of Bertha, Pauline, Sadie, and Albert, Sunday, April 18, at her residence, 601 West 184th. Funeral Tuesday, April 20. Communiante Israelite Francaise and Dan Lot, No. 9, F. F. of I. Kindly omit flowers. Funeral private.

KISSAM.—On Sunday morning, April 18, in his 85th year, Samuel Hamilton Kissam, beloved husband of Sarah Pinkney Kissam. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 35 West 72d St., on Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

LANKENAU.—Suddenly, on April 18, 1915, of pneumonia, Ruth Christina. Funeral service Tuesday, April 20, 1915, 8 P. M., 484 East 23d St., Flatbush. Interment private.

LEVINSOHN.—On Sunday, April 18, 1915, Julius Levinsohn. Funeral services from his late residence, 973 Trinity Av., Bronx, Monday, April 19, at 10 A. M.

LYONS.—Charles, beloved husband of Minnie E. Lyons, passed away on April 16. Services held at late residence, 192 Midwood St., Flatbush, Brooklyn, Monday, at 2 P. M.

MILLS.—William A., aged 52 years, suddenly, April 17. Funeral services at his late residence, 3,884 Amboy Road, Great Kills, Staten Island, 12 o'clock high noon, Tuesday, April 20; 11 A. M. boat from New York City connecting with train. Incineration following, U. S. Crematory, Fresh Pond, L. I.

MORJE.—Johanna, aged 54, beloved wife of Benjamin Morje, after brief illness, April 17. Funeral private.

MUMFORD.—Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, April 18, 1915, Edgar H. Mumford, aged 52 years. Funeral services at the All Souls' Unitarian Church, Park Av., Plainfield, on Tuesday, April 20, at 2 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

NICHOLS.—Anthony Dey, beloved husband of Elizabeth Frink and son of the late Dr. Isaac A. Nichols and Josephine Dey of Newark, N. J., in the 58th year of his age, at Winter Park, Fla., April 16, 1915. Funeral services will be held at the University Place Presbyterian Church at 10th St., Tuesday morning, at 10:30.

REED.—Augusta G., Bernardsville, N. J., died April 17. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery, Brooklyn, N. Y., Tuesday, April 20, at 2 P. M.

RICHMOND.—At the Hotel Belleclaire, on Saturday, April 17, of pneumonia, Mary Jones, wife of James H. Richmond and daughter of the late J. S. Jackson and Rebecca T. Jones. Funeral services at 1 o'clock on Tuesday, April 20, at the residence of her brother, Samuel J. Jones, Esq., Wantagh, L. I. Interment private.

SCHEIDING.—On Sunday, April 18, 1915, at 6 A. M., Herman G. E. Scheiding, in his 77th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services on Tuesday, 20th inst., at 8 P. M., at his late residence, 38 West 93d St. Funeral on Wednesday, at 10 A. M.

SMITH.—Evelyn Waldron, April 17, wife of Dr. F. Montgomery Smith and daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Henry Adams Waldron of Newburg, N. Y. Services at St. George's Church, Newburg, Tuesday, April 20, at 1:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

TALBOT.—On Saturday, April 17, John M. Talbot, at his residence, 2,173 Broadway. Funeral services Monday morning, April 19, at 10 o'clock, Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway.

TAUCHERT.—On Saturday, April 17, 1915, at the Hotel Belle Claire, Oscar E. Tauchert, in his 73d year. Funeral services at 326 West 77th St., on Monday, April 19, at 10 A. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

TISDALL.—Fitz Gerald, second nephew of Professor Fitz Gerald Tisdall, Sunday, April 18, in his 28th year. Funeral Wednesday, (private.)

VAN ORDEN.—On Sunday, April 18, 1915, Maria Elizabeth Blauvelt, wife of James Y. Van Orden, in her 85th year. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. T. J. Haring, 316 Park St., Hackensack, N. J., Tuesday, April 20, at 4 P. M. N. J. and N. Y. train leaves Erie Depot, Jersey City, at 3:18 P. M., arriving at Central Av. Station, Hackensack, 3:40 P. M.

WAINE.—William Walter Waine, aged 58, formerly of Detroit, Mich., died at his home, 2,792 Bainbridge Av., Bronx, where services will be held Monday evening at 8 o'clock, (3d Av. "L," 198th St.) Private burial in Detroit Wednesday. Widow and six children survive. Detroit papers please copy.

WALLACE.—On Sunday, April 18, at his residence, 231 East 62d St., Vincent, son of the late John J. and Mary Wallace. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WHITE.—In San Francisco, Cal., on April 12, Agnes Avery White, widow of John Evelyn White. Funeral private.

WYNN.—On April 16, 1915, Frank Donaldson Wynn, beloved husband of Henrietta W. Dall, and son of the late Robert and Fanny Parker Wynn. Funeral service on Monday, April 19, at St. Stevens Church, West 69th St., near Broadway, at 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood. Baltimore papers please copy.

BLEIDNER.—Bertha, St. George, S. I., April 16, aged 63.

BOTT.—Frank, 661 Washington St., April 17, aged 4 weeks.

CUSTAS.—Abby, 351 West 44th St., April 16.

DALY.—Thomas F., 331 West 40th St., April 17. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

DEANAHAN.—Ellen, 304 East 59th St., April 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DINAN.—Leo, 337 West 24th St., April 16, aged 11. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DONOVAN.—Anna, 551 Westchester Av., Bronx, April 16.

FULD.—Hermine, 1,061 Trinity Av., Bronx, April 17. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

GENUNG.—Miranda, West New Brighton, April 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GLYNN.—Jackson, 139 West 96th St., April 17. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

HAGGERTY.—Sallie, 332 8th Av., April 17. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

HAGSTROM.—Ernest, 68 West 95th St., April 17, aged 2½. Funeral tomorrow, 11 A. M.

HALLACHER.—Mary A., 401 East 174th St., April 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

HARDY.—Anthony, 420 West 52d St., April 16, aged 41.

HEISSENBUTTEL.—Catherine M., 1,[illegible] [illegible]ton Av., Bronx, April 17. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

Died.

KEEGAN.—Mary, 4,445 Park Av., April 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LONERGAN.—Mary, 662 East 165th St., April 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9:45 A. M.

McMULLEN.—Robert, April 17, aged 47. Funeral 304 West 120th St.

MALONEY.—Annie M., April 17. Funeral 353 West 38th St., tomorrow, 9 A. M.

MILLER.—Lissette, 700 West 178th St., April 16, aged 86. Funeral private.

NELSON.—Anders G., 83 Jane St., April 16. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

NEUMANN.—Julius, 423 East 86th St., April 16, aged 71. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

O'CONNELL.—Michael J., 233 East 114th St., April 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

O'CONNOR.—Patrick, 456 East 135th St., April 17. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.

O'ROURKE.—Mary F., 152 West 63d St., April 17. Funeral today.

PETTIT.—Mary, 1,336 College Av., Bronx, April 17. Funeral today.

PINCKNEY.—George W., Port Richmond, S. I., April 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SEERY.—Annie, 244 East 74th St., April 16. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

SENTON.—Elizabeth, 400 Greenwood St., April 17, aged 37.

WHITE.—Jane E., 2,311 Grand Concourse, April 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ABRAMS.—Herbert O., 215 71st St., April 16. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

ANDERSON.—Gustava F., 570 Warren St., April 16, aged 59.

BACHARACH.—Jesse, 309 Washington Av., April 17.

BERCKMANS.—Elizabeth M., 1,128 Bedford Av., April 17. Funeral service today.

BREEN.—Patrick J., 21 Conover St., April 16, aged 41. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CLARK.—Robert, 82 Stockton St., April 17. Funeral notice later.

COHEN.—Israel, 1,418 Avenue P, April 17. Funeral tomorrow, 11 A. M.

CRANE.—Johanna, 163 Cumberland St., April 16, aged 28. Funeral private.

GANLEY.—Elizabeth, Metropolitan Av., April 16. Funeral tomorrow.

GANNON.—Joseph C., 1,301 74th St., April 17, aged 47. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

HOLSTEN.—Maria, 1,125 Dean St., April 17.

IZZO.—Luisa, 95 Garfield Place, April 16, aged 69. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

KAHN.—Pauline, Jewish Hospital, April 17, aged 47. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

KAUFMAN.—Martin, 93 Marion St., April 17, aged 70. Funeral service today.

MAUTNER.—Stanley F., 2,152 84th St., April 17, aged 9. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

PETERS.—Edward J., 437 Washington Av., April 17, aged 85.

REINHART.—John, 108 Baker St., April 17, aged 72. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

RICHARDS.—Bertha, 480 59th St., April 16, aged 67. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

RYAN.—Delia, 20 2d St., April 17, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow.

SMITH.—William B., 206 McDougal St., April 17, aged 36. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

SUMMERS.—John J., 1,132 Decatur St., April 16, aged 70. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SUTTON.—Susan, 419 St. Mark's Place, April 16, aged 47.

VAN ANTWERP.—Cornelia, 320 Washington Av., April 17, aged 87.

WEBER.—Eva, 1,434 Myrtle Av., April 16, aged 86. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

WEIL.—Sarah, 798 President St., April 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

WEISER.—Mary, 65 Huron St., April 16, aged 59.

Hoboken, Jersey City, Newark.

DOVELL.—Richard B., 302 Ferry St., Newark, April 17, aged 73. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HAEMERS.—Mary, 101 Hartford St., Newark, April 17, aged 66. Funeral service today.

HOFFMAN.—Horace J., 3 Emory St., Jersey City, April 16, aged 74.

HOLLAND.—John, Newark, April 16. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

HOLMES.—Catherine, 182 Hawthorne Av., Newark, April 16, aged 23.

HORROCKS.—Percy H., 253 Jeliff Av., Newark, April 16. Funeral tomorrow.

KROEGER.—William, 77 Webster St., Newark, April 17.

LERITZ.—Sadie, 241 Bank St., Newark, April 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

McCONNELL.—Mary, 40 Hawkins St., Newark, April 17.

MITTELSDORF.—Louis, 1,139 Park Av., Hoboken, April 17, aged 65.

O'SHAUGHNESSY.—Michael, 508 Ferry St., Hoboken, April 17. Funeral tomorrow.

SCHWARTZ.—Catherine, 405 Littleton Av., Newark, April 16, aged 60. Funeral tomorrow.

Long Island.

GOETHALS.—Frederick, Corona, April 16, aged 44.

McLAUGHLIN.—Charles J., Elmhurst, April 16. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

TUTHILL.—George W., Eastport, S. I., April 6, aged 75. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

In Memoriam

BECK.—Walter J., unveiling monument, Mount Neboh Cemetery, April 25, 3 P. M.

DAVIDSBURG.—Caroline, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, April 25, 3 P. M.

DECKER.—Bernhard, in memory of, died April 19, 1914.

FIELDS.—Mary, mass St. Alphonsus Church, April 23, 8 A. M.

GARRY.—Bertha, unveiling monument, Mount Hebron Cemetery, April 25, 2 P. M.

GRANNON.—William, mass St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, N. J., April 8:30 A. M.

HAAS—Matilda, in memory of; died April 23, 1912.

HAMBURGER.—Moses, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, April 25, 2 P. M.

HANNEMAN.—Andrew, in memory of; died April 19, 1907.

HELLER.—Matthew J., unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, April 25, 2:30 P. M.

HOEHN.—Martha, in memory of, died April 19, 1910.

JACOBS.—Elsie S., in memory of, died April 22, 1912.

LANG—Herbert A., in memory of, died April 19, 1909.

LINDHEIM.—Joseph, in memory of, died April 23, 1914.

LOWENTHAL.—Rose, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, April 25, 2:30 P. M.

NEUHORN.—Hannah, unveiling monument, Bayside Cemetery, April 25, 2 P. M.

O'DONNELL.—Mary, in memory of, died April 19, 1913.

PLUNKETT.—Mary A., in memory of, died April 20, 1910.

ROSENBERG.—Rose, in memory of, died April 24, 1912.

SACHS.—Cora Z., in memory of, died April 20, 1914.

SALINGER.—Julius, in memory of, died April 19, 1912.

SCHIFF.—Michael, unveiling monument, Salem Fields Cemetery, April 25, 2 P. M.

STRAUS.—Rosa, unveiling monument, Baron Hirsch Cemetery, April 25, 2 P. M.

WARSCHAUER.—Harry, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, April 25, 2:30 P. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL [illegible]

CEMETERIES.

KENSICO CEMETERY
600 acres. Permanent. Accessible by auto or trains direct from Grand Central Terminal. Office, [illegible] Park Av.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
[illegible]

CLOSE WIN FOR GIANTS—ATHLETICS—BOXING—WRESTLING—ROWING—COURT TENNIS

GIANTS WIN WITH RECRUIT PITCHERS

Batting Rally in Eighth Inning Gives New York Victory Over Jersey City.

The Giants journeyed to Jersey City yesterday, and in the presence of some 6,000 fans defeated George Wiltse's Skeeters by the score of 5 to 3. It was by no means a one-sided game, and not until the eighth inning did the Giants get the runs necessary to win. Brainerd slashed a double to right, and when Grant tapped out an infield hit went to third. He scored when Thompson heaved the ball against the stands, and Grant scampered across the plate when Robertson drove one of Mr. Thompson's curves to right.

Malcolm Barry, who holds down the first sack for Jersey City, showed his contempt for Mr. Kirkmayer's pitching when he drove out a triple in the third inning. General Huerta and his staff were interested spectators at the game.

There was an abundance of excitement in the fourth inning, when the Jersey City Club took the lead by a score of 3 to 2, and, although the Giants tied the count in the fifth inning, it looked as if Wiltse's team was going to win out until the eighth, when the Giants got two runs and won the game. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Th'rpe, cf.	5	0	1	3	0	Farrell, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	5	0	2	2	4	B'ney, cf.	4	1	2	1	0
Brain'd, 3b.	4	1	2	3	1	Barry, 1b.	4	1	1	7	0
Grant, ss.	4	1	2	1	0	Bues, 3b.	4	0	1	7	2
R'b's'n, lf.	4	2	3	2	0	T'dale, ss.	3	1	1	3	3
M'rkle, 1b.	4	0	2	9	1	Wright, lf.	3	0	1	2	1
Mur'y, rf.	3	0	1	1	0	O'L'ry, 2b.	3	0	1	4	3
M'Lean, c.	2	0	1	4	1	Reyn's, c.	4	0	0	3	4
Wend'l, c.	0	0	0	1	0	Verb't, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Kirm'r, p.	2	1	0	1	3	Th'pson, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Cook, p.	2	0	0	0	1	*Yelle	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	5	14	27	11	Total	33	3	7	27	16

*Batted for Thompson in the ninth inning.

Errors—McLean, Truesdale, Barney.

New York ....0 1 0 1 1 0 0 2 0—5
Jersey City ....0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0—3

Two-base hits—Brainerd, (2;) Robertson, Barney, O'Leary. Three-base hit—Barry. Sacrifice fly—Murray. Stolen bases—Doyle, Murray, Wright, Barney. First base on errors—New York, 1. Left on bases—New York, 7; Jersey City, 7. Double play—Thompson, Truesdale, and Barry. Struck out—By Kirmayer, 4; by Cook, 1; by Verbout, 2; by Thompson, 1. Bases on balls—Off Kirmayer, 1; off Cook, 1; off Thompson, 1. Hit by pitchers—By Kirmayer, (Truesdale;) by Cook, (Wright;) by Verbout, (Brainerd.) Wild pitch—Thompson. Hits—Off Kirmayer, 4 in 5 innings; off Cook, 2 in 4 innings; off Verbout, 7 in 5 innings; off Thompson, 7 in 4 innings. Umpire—Mr. Merritty. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago Wins First Game of Series from Pittsburgh, 2 to 1.

CHICAGO, April 18.—Gerber's fumble of Phelan's grounder paved the way to a 2 to 1 victory for Chicago after ten innings against Pittsburgh in the first game of the series. After Phelan was safe, he stole second and scored on Fisher's single to right. Singles by Lejeune, Gerber and Wagner gave the visitors their only run. Chicago's other score was the result of Bresnahan's walk, an infield out and Good's double. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Good, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	Carey, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Fisher, ss.	5	0	3	2	1	J'st'n, 1b.	4	0	0	8	0
Sch'lte, lf.	4	0	1	1	0	Viox, 3b.	4	0	1	2	1
Zim'n, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2	H'h'm'n, rf.	5	0	0	4	0
Saier, 1b.	3	0	0	8	1	Lej'ne, cf.	5	1	2	2	0
W'ms, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	Gerber, ss.	3	0	1	2	4
Knis'y, cf.	1	0	0	0	0	M'C't'y, 2b.	2	0	0	0	2
Bres'n, c.	3	1	1	12	1	*Wagner	1	0	1	0	0
Ph'l'n, 2b.	3	1	0	3	1	Cooper, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Vaughn, p.	4	0	0	0	5	Schang, c.	2	0	0	2	1
¶Corriden	0	0	0	0	0	†Smith	1	0	0	0	0
						‡Harmon	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	2	7	30	11	Gibson, c.	1	0	0	4	1
						M'Q'lan, p.	2	0	0	0	1
						Baird, 2b.	2	0	1	3	1
						Total	37	1	7	§29	11

*Batted for McCarthy in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Schang in the seventh inning.
‡Ran for Smith in the seventh inning.
§Two out when winning run was scored.
¶Batted for Good in the tenth inning.

Errors—Johnston, Cooper, Fisher, Phelan, 2.

Chicago ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Pittsburgh ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Good, Schulte, Viox, Baird. Stolen bases—Bresnahan, Saier, Phelan. Earned runs—Off McQuillan, 1; off Vaughn, 1. Sacrifice hit—Johnston. Double play—Schang and Gerber. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Pittsburgh, 10. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 2; Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Cooper, 2; off Vaughn, 3; off McQuillan, 1. Hits—Off McQuillan, 5 in 6 innings; off Cooper, 2 in 3 2-3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Cooper, (Corriden.) Struck out—By Vaughn, 9; by McQuillan, 1; by Cooper, 3. Time of game—Two hours and thirteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

Cincinnati Takes Slow Game.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 18.—In a slow game Cincinnati, by timely hitting, won the first game of the series with St. Louis here today 6 to 2. St. Louis started with two runs in the first, but after that could not score. Schneider despite his wildness holding them in check. Schneider, however, became unsteady in the ninth inning and Dale succeeded him. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	4	1	1	1	0	H'g'ns, 2b.	2	1	1	1	2
H'rz'g, ss.	3	1	1	5	2	‡Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
Kil'fer, lf.	4	1	2	3	0	B'sc'r, lf.	5	1	2	5	0
Grif'h, rf.	4	0	0	0	0	Long, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Groh, 3b.	4	1	3	3	0	Miller, 1b.	3	0	1	9	0
Olson, 2b.	3	0	0	2	3	Wilson, rf.	2	0	1	1	0
M'w'z, 1b.	4	1	2	9	0	Beck, 3b.	4	0	1	0	2
Clarke, c.	3	1	0	4	2	D'r'ger, ss.	3	0	1	1	8
Sch'der, p.	4	0	1	0	1	Glenn, c.	3	0	0	5	1
Dale, p.	0	0	0	0	0	†Dolan	0	0	0	0	0
						Doak, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Total	33	6	10	27	11	*Detzel	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	30	2	7	24	10

*Batted for Doak in ninth inning.
†Ran for Glenn in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Huggins in ninth inning.

Errors—Glenn, Clarke.

Cincinnati ....2 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 .—6
St. Louis ....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Beck, Wilson, Groh. Three-base hit—Schneider. Stolen bases—Groh, Killifer, Mollwitz, (3;) Herzog, Clarke. Earned runs—Off Doak, 3; off Schneider, 1. Sacrifice hits—Allson, Olson. Double plays—Herzog and Mollwitz; Groh and Herzog. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Cincinnati, 6. Bases on balls—Off Doak, 2; off Schneider, 7. Hits—Off Schneider, 7 in 8 1-3 innings; off Dale, none in 2-3 inning. Struck out—By Doak, 4; by Schneider, 3; by Dale, 1. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and Eason.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Baltimore Trounces Newark in a Hard-Hitting Contest.

Otto Knabe's Baltimore Federals pounded Earl Moseley, the Newfeds pitcher, in the fourth inning of yesterday's game at the new Harrison grounds with a vengeance, and scored five runs on his delivery. The final score was 12 to 5, and Baltimore thus finds itself one game to the good in the series of three played thus far on Newark's home grounds. More than 16,000 spectators were in the park.

Three hits, one of them a triple, and an error had given the visiting team three runs in the first inning, but as Newark tied up the score in their half, things looked safe. Baltimore got two more runs, so that when Moseley was hit for two triples, a double, gave three passes and also threw the ball to centre field in trying to nab a runner at second, he was properly taken out of the box. Harry Moran, the former Detroit recruit, succeeded Moseley.

The Newfeds knocked Jack Quinn out of the box in the first inning. Three hits, a base on balls, a sacrifice and a hit batsman was Quinn's record, and when three runs had been amassed, Suggs was sent in to relieve the former Yankee.

President James A. Gilmore of the Federal League saw the game from a box. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	..3 2 0 5 0 0 0 0 2—	12	13	4
Newark	..3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—	5	10	3

Batteries—Quinn, Suggs, and Owens; Moseley, Moran, and Rariden.

Easy Victory for St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—Davenport held the Chicago Federal League Club to three hits today, and enabled St. Louis to win, 3 to 1. He struck out eight men. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	..0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 .—	3	5	2
Chicago	..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—	1	3	0

Batteries—Wilson, Davenport, and Hartley; Johnson and Fischer.

BASEBALL

Results of Yesterday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Chicago, 2; Pittsburgh, 1.
(10 innings.)
Cincinnati, 6; St. Louis, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 1.
Detroit, 8; Chicago, 7.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Baltimore, 12; Newark, 5.
St. Louis, 3; Chicago, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Philadelphia	3	0	1000
Chicago	3	2	.600
Cincinnati	3	2	.600
New York	**2**	**2**	**.500**
St. Louis	2	3	.400
Pittsburgh	2	3	.400
Boston	1	2	.333
Brooklyn	**1**	**3**	**.250**

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Boston	2	1	.667
Cleveland	3	2	.600
Detroit	3	2	.600
New York	**2**	**2**	**.500**
Washington	2	2	.500
St. Louis	2	3	.400
Chicago	2	3	.400
Philadelphia	1	2	.333

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Brooklyn	**5**	**1**	**.833**
Chicago	4	2	.667
Kansas City	4	3	.571
Newark	4	4	.500
Pittsburgh	3	4	.429
Baltimore	3	5	.375
Buffalo	2	4	.333
St. Louis	2	4	.333

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Philadelphia at New York.
Brooklyn at Boston,
(A. M. and P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Chicago.
St. Louis at Cincinnati.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Philadelphia.
Boston at Washington.
Chicago at Detroit.
Cleveland at St. Louis.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Baltimore at Newark.
Brooklyn at Buffalo.
Kansas City at Pittsburgh.
Chicago at St. Louis.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Ty Cobb's Long Throw Gives Detroit Victory Over Chicago.

DETROIT, April 18.—Ty Cobb's throw from deep centre, which retired John Collins at the plate in the ninth inning, gave Detroit the opening game of the series with Chicago, 8 to 7. Detroit piled up a lead early, but Coveleskie lost control in the fourth inning. Reynolds, who replaced him was no puzzle, and Dauss took up the pitching task in the seventh, after Chicago tied the score. Young's sacrifice fly scored Baker with the winning run in the eighth. Score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	4	1	0	0	6	Quinl'n, lf.	5	1	1	1	0
Young, 2b.	4	3	3	2	1	W'ver, ss.	5	1	1	1	1
Cobb, cf.	3	3	2	4	1	E.C'ns, 2b.	2	3	0	1	1
C'wf'd, rf.	3	0	2	2	0	J.C'ns, rf.	4	1	1	2	0
Veach, lf.	4	0	2	0	0	Felsch, cf.	3	1	1	1	0
Kav'gh, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0	Brief, 1b.	4	0	1	6	1
Vitt, 3b.	4	0	0	3	2	Schalk, c.	4	0	0	9	1
McKee, c.	3	0	0	5	1	Bret'n, 3b.	3	0	0	2	1
Cov'skie, p.	2	0	0	0	3	Scott, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Rey'ds, p.	1	0	0	0	1	J'nson, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Dauss, p.	0	0	0	0	1	*Roth	0	0	0	0	0
‡Baker	0	1	0	0	0	W'fg'g, p.	2	0	0	1	1
Stan'ge, c.	0	0	0	0	0	†Fournier	1	0	1	0	0
Total	31	8	9	27	16	Total	34	7	6	24	8

*Batted for Johnson in the fifth inning.
†Batted for Felsch in the ninth inning.
‡Ran for McKee in the eighth inning.

Errors—J. Collins, Brief, Breton, Bush, Young.

Detroit ....2 3 0 2 0 0 0 1 .—8
Chicago ....0 0 0 3 0 1 3 0 0—7

Two-base hits—Brief, Young, Cobb. Three-base hits—Weaver, Felsch, Cobb. Stolen bases—Young, (2,) Breton, J. Collins. Earned runs—Off Scott, 3; off Johnson, 2; off Wolfgang, 1; off Coveleskie, 3; off Reynolds, 3. Sacrifice fly—Young. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Detroit, 7. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Scott, 4; off Wolfgang, 3; off Coveleskie, 5; off Reynolds, 1. Hits—Off Scott, 5 in 2 innings; off Johnson, 3 in 2 innings; off Wolfgang, 1 in 4 innings; off Coveleskie, 1 in 5 1-3 innings; off Reynolds, 3 in 1 1-3 innings; off Dauss, 2 in 2 1-3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Dauss, (Breton.) Balk—Scott. Struck out—By Scott, 2; by Johnson, 3; by Wolfgang, 2; by Coveleskie, 1; by Dauss, 2. Time of game—Two hours and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

Mitchell Holds St. Louis Batters.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—Mitchell held St. Louis to five scattered hits today while his teammates bunched hits with bases on balls, Cleveland winning, 6 to 1. Kauffman's double and Chapman's error in the ninth saved the local team from a shutout. Score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leib'd, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	Shot'n, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
Turn'r, 2b.	3	2	2	3	0	A'stin, 3b.	3	0	0	0	3
C'pman, ss.	4	1	3	1	4	Walsh, rf.	4	0	0	2	1
J'kson, rf.	3	2	1	3	0	K'fm'n, 1b.	4	1	3	11	0
Graney, lf.	4	0	1	1	0	C.W'k'r, cf.	4	0	1	2	1
B'rb'e, 3b.	4	0	1	0	2	Pratt, 2b.	4	0	0	4	4
Sh'lds, 1b.	3	1	1	5	0	Agnew, c.	4	0	0	5	3
O'Neill, c.	5	0	1	12	2	W'l'ce, ss.	1	0	0	2	3
Mitch'l, p.	4	0	0	0	2	W'lm'n, p.	2	0	0	0	1
						*Severeid	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	6	10	27	10	R'mn'se, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						†Howard	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	31	1	5	27	16

*Batted for Weilman in eighth inning.
†Batted for Remnease in fourth inning.

Errors—Leibold, Chapman, O'Neill, Wallace, (2.)

Cleveland ....2 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 1—6
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Two-base hits—Turner, O'Neill, Kauffman. Three-base hits—Kauffman, Graney. Home run—Jackson. Stolen bases—Turner, (2,) Leibold. Earned runs—Off Weilman, 5 in eight innings. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 8. First base on errors—Cleveland, 1; St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Weilman, 3; off Remneas, 3; off Mitchell, 5. Hits—Off Weilman, 10 in eight innings; off Remneas, none in one inning. Struck out—By Mitchell, 10; by Weilman, 3; by Remneas, 2. Passed ball—Agnew. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Nallin. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes.

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Dixon Lubricating Chart sent free upon request.
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LIMIT ATHLETES WIN BRONX RACE

Hugh Carroll Leads Big Field in Bronxdale A. C. Run—Close Fight for Team Prize.

Limit handicap athletes captured the first three places in the annual road run of the Bronxdale Athletic Club over a course of approximately five miles yesterday, with the principal award going to Hugh Carroll, unattached, of Jamaica, Long Island. Carroll led the way for more than a hundred and fifty athletes, and though forced to plod over dusty roads he covered the route in the creditable time of 27 minutes 58 seconds. More than a hundred yards behind the Jamaica lad was M. J. McDonald of the Kings County A. A., who, with Carroll, was in the first batch of athletes who started with a four minute allowance. Third place went to Edgar Dorgan of the Brooklyn Evening High School, who was not more than thirty yards in the rear of McDonald at the finish.

Twenty prizes in all were distributed, going to the first seven runners to finish, the first seven novices, the first three unattached athletes, and to the first three teams. The leading novice cup went to McDonald of the Kings County A. A., who finished second, while Carroll took the principal award for unattached runners, in addition to the first prize.

Just before the start of the race a policeman cornered several of the club officials and asked them if they had a permit to hold the run. When informed that they had not, he apparently went to a telephone and consulted with his superior officer. In the meantime the event was started, but no attempt was made to interfere with either the race or the officials. Summary:

No.	Name, Club, and Handicap.	Actual Time.
99	Hugh Carroll, unattached, (4:00)	27:58
95	M. J. McDonald, Kings County A. A., (4:00)	28:10
71	Edgar Dorgan, Brooklyn E. H. S., (4:00)	28:20
114	T. Halpin, Morningside A.C., (3:30)	27:57
107	J. Dolan, Mohawk A. C., (3:30)	27:58
122	C. L. Blankenburg, Bronx C. H., (3:15)	27:46
8	J. Hanahan, unattached, (4:00)	28:43
137	William Fairlong, Hollywood Inn A. A., (3:00)	27:48
161	Hugh Roden, Brooklyn E. H. S., (2:30)	27:21
91	M. Mittleman, Trinity Club, (4:00)	28:53
108	Sol Silverstein, Sheridan A. A., (3:30)	28:26
141	F. Guido, Y. M. C. A., College Point, (4:00)	28:59
82	T. O'Connor, St. Anselm A. C., (4:00)	29:00

86—F. Keiser, Morningside A. C., (4:00,) 29:01; 64—Fred Stein, Pennant A. C., (4:00,) 29:02; 112—R. Francisco, Hollywood Inn A. A., (3:30,) 28:33; 133—J. Philips, Bronx Church House, (3:00,) 28:18; 113—L. C. Dutka, Hungarian-American A. C., (3:30,) 28:51; 154—Joseph F. Losgar, Young Men's Catholic Lyceum, (2:45,) 28:13; 131—J. E. O'Connor, unattached, (3:00,) 28:31; 132—George Gerhard, unattached, (3:00,) 28:33; 98—T. Fisher, Presentation Club, (4:00,) 29:36; 68—B. Funkelstein, Brooklyn Evening High School, (4:00,) 29:40; 102—John D. Bell, Brooklyn Evening High School, (3:30,) 29:11; 103—James F. Roden, Brooklyn Evening High School, (3:30,) 29:12; 187—George Becker, Holy Family Lyceum, (1:45,) 27:59; 162—Charles de Bois, Hollywood Inn A. A., (2:30,) 28:15; 60—M. Crowley, Hollywood Inn A. A., (4:00,) 29:46; 35—R. Feehan, Mohawk A. C., (4:00,) 29:49; 169—R. Brand, St. Anselm A. C., (2:15,) 28:15.

TEAM SCORES.

Club.					Total.
Brooklyn E. H. S.	1	6	12	13	14— 46
Hollywood Inn A. A.	5	10	15	16	19— 65
Mohawk A. C.	3	17	21	22	23— 86
Bronx Church House	4	11	26	31	38—110
St. Anselm A. C.	8	18	27	34	36—123
Morningside A. C.	2	9	42	49	50—152
Trinity Club	7	30	33	39	61—170
Ozanam Association	20	28	35	46	47—176

Long Trip for Walkers' Club.

The Walkers' Club of America had two squads out yesterday, both leaving Edgewater at 9:15 A. M., the novice squad going through Fort Lee, Coytesville, and Palisade Avenue to Englewood and returning to Fort Lee ferry, a distance of ten miles. The second squad continued on through Highwood, Tenafly, Cresskill, Demarest, Closter, Norwood, Northvale, Tappan to Sparkill, and a return made by way of Rockland Road, Palisade, Highland Boulevard, and Alpine to Fort Lee ferry, a distance of 35 miles. It was a good practice walk for those taking part in the Philadelphia to New York race May 29. Next Sunday's walk will leave Flatbush Avenue Subway station at 9 A. M. The following completed the round trip: Pacemaker Hocking Gage, Daniells, Greengold, Goldberger, Abbihl, Gardner, Lieberman, J. Anthony, and Pallus Anthony.

Long Distance Power Boat Race.

Commodore Chapman of the New York Motor Boat Club announced yesterday that a cup had been donated by a member of that club for the long distance championship of the city. The winner, by the point system, of the New York Motor Boat Club's Albany and return race, the N. Y. A. C.'s Block Island race, the Columbia Yacht Club's New York to Stratford Shoal and return race, and of the Colonial Yacht Club's Cornfield Lightship and return will be entitled to compete for the cup. Each entry is allowed one point for finishing and one point for each other starter that it defeats. All these races are sanctioned by the American Power Boat Association. Entries will be allowed from 28 to 50 foot waterline length. The total miles in the four races is 705.

Owing to a conflict with the N. Y. A. C., the New York Motor Boat race to Albany and return will be held June 19 instead of June 22, as previously announced. This distance is 270 miles. The Block Island race, 115 miles, will be held June 26, the Cornfield Lightship and return, 210 miles, July 10, and the Stratford Shoal and return, 110 miles, on July 17.

The Colonial Yacht Club and the New York Motor Boat Club are holding a pool tournament, the teams playing alternately at the clubhouses 50 point games.

Y. M. H. A. Opens Baseball Season.

The Metropolitan League of Young Men's Hebrew Associations opened its baseball season yesterday afternoon, three games being played. At Macomb's Dam Park the Bronx Branch was defeated by the Ninety-second Street Branch by a score of 5 to 1. Borough Park defeated Brooklyn at Borough Park by 5 to 2, and at Williamsburg Bath Beach defeated Williamsburg by a score of 6 to 4. The scores of the games follow:

		R.	H.	E.
Bronx	........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—	1	2	2
92d Street	.....0 1 2 0 0 0 2 0 .—	5	10	1

Batteries: Ninety-second Street—Edelstein and Fine.

		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—	2	8	2
Borough Park	..2 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 .—	5	12	1

Batteries: Brooklyn—Pearlman, Jacobs, and Pearlman; Borough Park—Kramer and Graned.

		R.	H.	E.
Bath Beach	....0 1 3 0 2 0 0 0 0—	6	13	2
Williamsburg	..0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0—	4	3	4

Batteries: Bath Beach—Stolar and Rabinovitz; Williamsburg—Zelowitz, Rosenson, and Becker.

Four Hits for Brooklyn.

ROCKY POINT, R. I., April 18.—Cooper, formerly of the Boston Americans, held the Brooklyn Nationals to four scattered hits today and the Providence International champions won 6 to 1, aided by the visitors' wretched fielding. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Providence	..4 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 .—	6	10	1
Brooklyn	.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	1	4	6

Batteries—Cooper and Kosher; Goodbred and Wheat.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At Kansas City—St. Paul, 10; Kansas City 1.
At Cleveland—Indianapolis, 9; Cleveland, 1.
At Columbus—Louisville, 11; Columbus, 8.
At Milwaukee—Minneapolis, 9; Milwaukee, 5.

Southern Association.

At Memphis—Memphis, 6; Little Rock, 2.
At New Orleans—Birmingham, 6; New Orleans, 0.
At Mobile—Mobile, 5; Atlanta, 1.
At Nashville—Nashville, 3; Chattanooga, 2.

Johnny Evers on Hospital List.

TROY, N. Y., April 18.—"Johnny" Evers, Captain of the Boston Braves, who was injured in the game at Boston on Saturday, arrived at his home in Troy today. His physician found that Evers had sustained a severe sprain of the ankle, and it may be two weeks before he can return to the game.

WILLARD MAY BOX HERE,

Unless Champion Proves Better Theatrical Drawing Card.

It is not improbable that Jess Willard, the new heavyweight champion, will be seen in action at one of the local clubs before the Fall. The theatrical engagements of the conqueror of Jack Johnson and his appearances at boxing clubs have not been crowned with the success it was expected they would be. Willard closed a week's engagement at Hammerstein's Theatre last night, but there was no great rush for seats during the week, while his appearances at Baltimore, Philadelphia, Mount Vernon and at the St. Nicholas Rink in this city were not financial successes. Willard starts out on a Western tour this week, and unless the Western sporting public evinces a greater desire to pay to see Willard than the Eastern sport lovers did the tour may be abandoned, and the champion will then be at liberty to pick up some easy money in and around New York.

Willard could command a big guarantee to box Jim Coffey, Al Reich, Colin Bell, Charles Weinert, Tom McCarty, Carl Morris, Porky Flynn and other so-called contenders for the title. Several boxing promoters approached Manager Jones and Willard last week with a view to arranging a bout outdoors during the latter part of the Summer, but nothing will be done in the matter until the result of Willard's Western trip is known.

Local boxing followers, however, will have plenty to interest them during the next few months. The Garden will resume next week, and in addition to Coffey and Reich several important bouts will be staged. The Boxing Commission will probably issue a license to Paddy Donnelly of the Olympic Club of Harlem tomorrow to open his new club at Sulzer's Harlem River Park, which will be one of the largest in the city. Manager Donnelly has several big bouts ready for his new club.

Colored heavyweights will hold the centre of the stage on Wednesday night at the St. Nicholas Rink, when Sam Langford and Sam McVea will box ten rounds. Langford was decisively beaten by Joe Jeannette at Boston last Tuesday. Langford has never been knocked out, although the time appears to be at hand for some aggressive heavy hitter to turn the trick, and with McVea at his best New Yorkers may see the once famous Boston tar baby fall by the wayside.

The Broadway Sporting Club will stage its fourteenth matinee boxing show this afternoon, and its star attraction will be a ten-round bout between Terry Kellar, the Californian giant, who made an enviable record in Australia, and Billy Sunday, the Western cyclone. Ten three-round, semi-professional, try-out bouts will precede the main event.

The Olympic Athletic Club of Harlem announces three star ten-round bouts. The opening event will bring together two rivals for the colored bantamweight championship of New York State, Battling Chuck and Harry Gardner. The second event will be between Mickey Dunn, who has recently returned from Cuba, and Jack Irvin of the Bronx, and in the wind-up Joe Malone and Babe Davis should put up a lively bout, as the men are evenly matched and are good, clean, hard hitters.

The return match between Frankie Callahan, the clever local Ghetto boxer, and Sam Robideau, the Philadelphia boxer, who recently knocked out Gilbert Gallant, which the Broadway Sporting Club will stage tomorrow night, has aroused a deal of interest. Manager John Weismantel intends to match the winner against the foremost pugilist in his class at Ebbet's Field on May 31. Willie Kohler and Bert Spencer, Johnny Summers and Jack Gorman, Eddie Murphy and Eddie Carroll will box in the six-round sessions.

Kid Graves of Milwaukee has been secured to box Eddie Moran of New England, who has fought Jack Britton two good bouts, at the Astoria Boxing Club of Long Island City tomorrow night. Johnny Molinari of Flushing will be seen against Eddie Cook of Greenpoint in the second ten-round bout.

The 135th Street Athletic Club will stage three ten-round bouts on Friday night. Wild Bert Kenny will face Joe Gettinger in the opening contest. Pinky Burns and Leo Kahn are booked for the second bout, and Darky Griffin and Battling Chuck will wind up the show.

Harry Stone, who defeated Johnny Summers, the English champion, at Sidney, Australia, and Kid Graves have been matched to box ten rounds at the Irving A. C. on Saturday night. The two men are among the best welterweights in the country. Alex Costica of Rumania and Terry Mitchell of Brooklyn, another pair of welters, will furnish the semi-windup.

The Coffey-Reich Controversy.

Jim Coffey thinks that Jess Willard will hear no more of Al Reich after May 5. On this date Coffey and Reich will have a set-to in Madison Square Garden, and Coffey figures it out that he will so effectually demonstrate the cause of his peculiar behavior toward Reich lately that nobody will ever hear of Reich as a contender for the championship again. On the other hand, Reich dopes it out the same way, with a decided reverse English.

WALK AROUND MANHATTAN.

Dr. Finley Donates 25 Medals for Evening High School Boys.

Five hundred Evening High School Boys will compete in the first Evening High School walk through Manhattan on May 1. Dr. John H. Finley, President of the State University, has presented twenty-five medals for the winners of the walk. The walk was suggested by Dr. Finley at the recent Evening High Schools indoor athletic games. It was found impracticable at that time, and Dr. Finley later wrote John T. Nicholson, Principal of the Washington Heights Evening High School and Director of the Games, as follows:

"I am having a medal struck for presentation primarily to some boys who walked over from a school near the Massachusetts border to my office, and wrote letters about the journey. But I think of making wider use of this medal, which is of attractive and pertinent design. I am sorry that I cannot send you a copy at the moment, but I will do so in a few days. The lads to whom the first copies are to be awarded, ranging in age from 13 to 16 years, walked thirty miles in one day. That is about the length of the circumference of Manhattan Island. Can't you stimulate interest in walking and in becoming acquainted, incidentally, with the margins of that greatest little island in the world! However, if this is not an acceptable suggestion, I shall be glad to contribute toward the other."

$40,000 for Syracuse Trotting Races

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 18.—Forty thousand dollars has been offered as purses and prizes for the annual Grand Circuit races to be held in connection with the New York State Fair here next September. Of this sum, $24,000 is reserved for six early closing events, entries for which will close on May 10.

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MANY SURPRISES IN WRESTLING TOURNEY

New York Representatives Make Poor Showing in Exposition Championships.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—The finals of the national wrestling tournament conducted under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Union, in connection with the Panama-Pacific Exposition, will be held here tomorrow night. Winners of the eight classes will receive the title of national champions.

Many Eastern wrestlers took part in the semi-final contests last night. One of the surprises was the elimination of the national champion, H. H. Jenkins of Pittsburgh, in both the 145-pound and 135-pound classes. David Burns of Spokane downed the champion in the 145-pound class and Oliver Runchey of Seattle gained the decision in the 135-pound division.

A spectacular contest was furnished by George Sawtelle of Lehigh University and E. Daggett of Los Angeles, Sawtelle winning the decision.

In the 108-pound class Early Benson, Swedish-American A. C., Brooklyn, defeated Howard Browne of the University of Nevada. C. Moulinos of the New York Greek-American A. C. lost to H. Bassett of Gary, Ind., in the 115-pound competition. John Kolks of the Finn C. C., Boston, 135-pounder, defeated J. P. Parker, San Francisco, and George McLennon of Gary, Ind., was eliminated by J. Connelly of Cornell. Connelly later went down to defeat before W. Walters of San Francisco.

Louis C. Nelson of the New York Norwegian-American A. C., defeated William Huber of Los Angeles in the 145-pound class, and was in turn defeated by Burns of Spokane. In the 158-pound class Nelson was defeated by McCarthy of Portland.

CENTURY ENDURANCE RUN.

Eighteen Cyclists Qualify for Exposition Trial Race at Amityville.

Eighteen of the forty-five cyclists, who left Columbus Circle yesterday morning at 8:45 o'clock on the Pan-American endurance run of the Century Road Club Association (New York Division,) finished the required 100 miles within the allotted time of nine hours and qualified for the speed race which will decide the men to participate in the Panama-Pacific Exposition races to be held at San Francisco.

The race was not in any way a test of the riders' speed, but was merely one of endurance. The whole route for the riders was carefully planned out in advance, and the schedule called for an average speed of from sixteen to eighteen miles for the entire trip. The riders were bunched throughout most of the journey, and whenever a cyclist dropped behind for a short distance he would catch up with the field at one of the several rests along the way. The only sprint that occurred took place when the riders were within a short distance of Columbus Circle, and Edwin Jenson, Inter-Club League road champion, was the first to pedal his wheel to the finish line at 6:06 o'clock.

The eighteen riders who qualified finished in the following order: Edwin Jenson, C. R. C. A.; William Locke, C. R. C. of America; I. Taub, C. R. C. A.; J. Crowley, Yonkers Y. M. C. A.; C. Hanseg, Yonkers Y. M. C. A.; Julius Schmidt, K. Hart, T. Heisig, H. Hubbard, all of the C. R. C. of America; George Steppello, G. H. Seigel, Sylvan Seigel, J. Cauldwell, Henry Cauldwell, all of the C. R. C. A.; L. Fraysse, C. R. C. of America; William Winquist, C. R. C. A.; Gus Nagle and Walter Grenda of Newark. Grenda is no relative of the Australian rider of that name.

Tesselmeyer Takes "Cork" Race.

The five-mile cork race held by the Acme Wheelmen yesterday was won by Fred Tesselmeyer with a handicap of three minutes. His time was 15:45. T. Miller was second, J. Schaffer third, and G. Werdmeyer fourth. The quarter-mile race for the Cameron trophy was won by T. Miller in 0:29, J. Schaffer was second, and C. Ferri was third. The following riders finished behind C. Ferri in the order named: F. Ferri, F. Small, G. Grundy, F. Fesschmeyer, H. Neiburh, G. Schart, E. Spillane, and R. Fesschmeyer.

Schindler Wins Wheelmen's Race.

Ten riders started in the weekly point race of the New England Wheelmen yesterday over the Eastern Boulevard in the Bronx, and E. Schindler, with a handicap of 1:30, was the winner. Schindler's time was 11:51 4-5. The course was in fine shape, but the high winds prevented fast time being made. Yesterday was the first Sunday in four weeks that the weather permitted the holding of the race. C. H. J. Tonjes, with 1:00 handicap, was second; Mowbray Giddoes, with 1:30 handicap, was third, and W. H. Hull, Jr., with 1:00 start, was fourth.

Motor Boats on the Hudson.

Although commission days are not generally due along the Hudson River for some weeks yet, some enthusiasts have been unable to resist the pleasant weather of the past week. Andrew W. Macfail of the Hudson River Yacht Club, foot of Ninety-second Street, was the first overboard. He led the way Friday with his trunk cabin 26-foot launch, with Frank Teed and H. C. Knight in the wake. Saturday and yesterday also saw three boats of the New York Motor Boat Club in the water. Hauver brothers put their 40-foot Hauver in first. Then followed H. C. Vaughan's 30-foot raised deck cruiser Mabelle V., and A. P. Appleby's Hornet, of the same dimensions and class as Mabelle V. Robert Harrington of the Manhattan Island Club put Castine, his 40-foot, 18 horse power open boat, into commission Saturday, and Henry Engelbracht, the Vice President, followed with his 28-foot cruiser Comfort.

Revolver Association Matches.

All arrangements are complete for the annual indoor revolver and pistol matches of the United States Revolver Association, which has branches in nearly all the States of the Union. The matches, which are open to every one, began on Saturday in a dozen or more different cities, and public interest is keener in this year's contests for the reason that the association has provided for the first time special matches for police teams in every city. In New York the matches will be shot on the ranges of the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, at Thirty-third Street and Fourth Avenue, beginning on Wednesday, April 21, at 8 P. M.

THROW STONES AT OARSMEN

Youngsters Indulge in Dangerous Practice Near the Harlem River.

Boys who like to throw stones and bricks have begun to make rowing dangerous on Harlem River. Coach Sam Cramer of the Lone Stars was an unfortunate target from the east bank of the river just below the clubhouse. The missile perforated his favorite single shell. The crews are constantly bothered by the fear of being hit and missiles often drop close to the shells. Some of them are heavy enough to kill if they should land on an oarsman's head.

Other clubs have had no trouble this season, but they all agree that it is a regular Spring affair. President Waters of the Metropolitan club says that it always happens. The particular region seems to be from the railroad bridge at 156th Street down the river to Madison Avenue.

The four-oared race in the Harlem regatta still grows in popularity, the Nassau and Atalanta clubs having chosen crews for that event. Coach Jack Smith says his Nassau crew will be made up of H. Borchers, 1; Robert Conklin, 2; Wm. H. Tonk, 3; Joseph Walsh, stroke, unless Robert Winn or L. M. Doherty, substitutes, should displace one or more of them. The Atalanta crew consists of G. Weinert, 1; H. Hewitt, 2; Wm. Whitbeck, 3; Wm. Sullivan, stroke; Robert Kelly, coxswain.

A dozen members of the Metropolitans put in a hard day's work yesterday. Just north of the clubhouse there is a large excavation and also a large pile of gravel and stone. The final result of the combination of hole, rockpile, and labor is to be a tennis court. Twenty-five other members avoided the labor by having arranged a walk into New Jersey along the Palisades.

Members of the Bohemian Rowing club seem to be the champion hard-luck candidates this season. Last week senior sculler Louie Zoha ruined a single shell by striking driftwood, and Saturday the deck of the four-oared gig gave way under the constant lapping of whitecaps and the shell settled near the powerhouse. Men in rowboats along the shore put out and brought the men and shell in.

H. H. Livingstone, Yale, 1909, member of the Riverside quadruple shell championship crew of 1914, is now rowing for the Nonpareils. He will enter the singles at Philadelphia, May 22.

SCHOOLBOYS IN REGATTA.

Four Crews Will Compete on the Harlem on Memorial Day.

Four entries are now training for the high school eight-oared shell race in the Harlem regatta, Memorial Day. High School of Commerce is using a Lone Star shell, Fordham Preparatory students are working at the Atalanta Boathouse, New Rochelle High School is using a New York Athletic Club shell at the New Rochelle Clubhouse, and Flushing High School is rowing from the Wahnetah B. C. float.

Captain Samuel Cramer of the Lone Stars, coach of the Commerce candidates, has his young oarsmen more advanced than has any other coach. His boys had been working on the machines for several weeks before he took them on the water, where they have been daily for two weeks. With approximately twenty candidates he has been able to keep his barge and shell working simultaneously, and thus has been able to shift his men about more than has any competing coach in the high school division.

The result of the large number of Commerce candidates and the amount of work which they have had is a smoother stroke and a heavier and larger set of men than the others have, with the possible exception of the Fordham Preps. This crew is now rowing daily with the Freshman crews under Coach Jack Mulcahy's eye at the Atalanta. They have been on the water only one week.

Studdiford Pitt, of the 1911 Columbia crew, has eighteen boys of the New Rochelle High School working at the New Rochelle camp. Only one, Captain Lovejoy, rowed last year in the high school race. The present outlook is that the crew will be very light, weighing about 135.

The Flushing High School boys are being coached by J. W. Atkinson, Lieutenant of the Wahnetah Club. Only two of the four who rowed last year are now in school. Coach Atkinson has not used the shell as yet, depending upon the barge for their early training. They have been on the water about a week, and will take to the shell probably some time this week.

Spring Horse Show at Durland's.

The twentieth annual Spring horse show opens tonight at Durland's Academy. The proceeds of the exhibition will be devoted to the war sufferers, the show being held under the auspices of the American Hostels for Refugees in Paris, of which Mrs. Richard Derby is the American Committee Chairman. With more than 300 entries, including many horses that were winners at Brooklyn's show last week, as well as a number which have taken championships and ribbons at national shows, the charity show promises to be one of the best Spring shows held.

The judges are James W. Appleton and Henry W. Bull, hunters and jumpers; E. S. Reynal and G. Mifflin Wharton for polo ponies and ponies; E. Von der Horst Koch and H. K. Bloodgood, heavy harness class; James A. Marshall and R. Lawrence Smith, saddle horses. Robert A. Fairbairn will judge the light harness class. Drs. E. G. Gill, R. W. McCully and A. Ward are the veterinarians.

Hoyt Leads Yachtsmen at Traps.

Hazen L. Hoyt, Jr., showed excellent form yesterday at the traps of the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club at Port Washington by capturing the take home trophy at 50 "birds." He returned a score of 49 on his handicap of 2, and in the final count it was found that he was "high gun" for the day with a total of 93 to his credit out of the possible 100. Of the ten men that faced the traps in the shoot for the Monthly Cup James W. Alker made the best showing. H. L. Hoyt, Jr., tied him with a score of 24, but in the shoot-off Alker won the leg. The leg for the Yearly Cup was won by F. L. Richards, who returned a full score of 25 on his handicap of 5.

CRANE DEFEATS CHAMPION GOULD

Boston Amateur, with Aid of Big Handicap, Wins Match, 3 Sets to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 18.—Jay Gould endeavored to give Joshua Crane the unusual odds of half-thirty for a bisque in a court tennis match at the Racquet Club today and finding the task beyond his powers, at least on the day, he lost by three sets to one. It cannot be said that Gould was at his best and he certainly had less of the luck than his opponent.

Crane once more demonstrated that he is in fine form just now, and deserved his victory, although the luck did break in his favor. The score was 6—3, 6—4, 1—6, 6—3 in favor of Crane, and altogether the winner won only three games more than the loser. In every way it was an interesting match and when at the top of his form the champion might be able to give Crane the odds and a beating, he would have to be at his best to do so. Summary:

FIRST SET.
Crane ....1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1—6
Gould ....0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0—3

SECOND SET.
Crane ....1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1—6
Gould ....0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0—4

THIRD SET.
Crane ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Gould ....0 1 1 1 1 1 1—6

FOURTH SET.
Crane ....0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1—6
Gould ....1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—3

NEW PUBLIC GOLF COURSE.

Forest Park Links at Brooklyn Will Be Thrown Open May 1.

It has been settled that the public golf course at Forest Park, Brooklyn, will be opened to the public on Saturday, May 1, as the engineers have decided that their work in piping the greens will not interfere with the players.

A number of changes have been made in the course, but the entire eighteen holes of the new links will not be ready until next year. For this season there will be two starting places, one on Myrtle Avenue and one at the club house on the Woodhaven side. Caddy masters will be on duty at each, and all caddies must be engaged from them and registered. The fees will probably be 50 cents on ordinary days, 75 cents on Sundays and holidays, perhaps, also on Saturdays.

BOSTON MARATHON ENTRIES

Nine States and Two Canadian Provinces Represented in Race.

BOSTON, April 18.—Runners from nine States and two Canadian Provinces will compete tomorrow in the American marathon over twenty-five miles of roads between Ashland and Boston. While the field of seventy-five entrants is the smallest within recent years, it includes many athletes of high grade.

Canadian runners are prominent among the favorites. Among them are Edouard Fabre of Montreal, who finished second in last year's race; Arthur Jamieson of Hamilton, Ont., an Indian who won the annual Hamilton road race sensationally last fall, and Walter J. Bell of Montreal, winner of the fourth prize in last year's event.

Clif Horne of the Dorchester Club, New England's ten-mile champion; Charles Pores of New York, winner of the Brooklyn-Seagate marathon; Nick Gianakopulos and Frank Zuna of the same city, and William Kennedy of the Illinois A. C., Chicago, are leading American representatives.

Scottish Americans Win at Soccer.

One of the three big soccer cup finals, in two of which the Brooklyn Celtics are the contenders, was decided at Bartell's oval in Newark yesterday, in the presence of nearly five thousand followers of the game. The game resulted in favor of the Scottish Americans of Kearny, who, although they have been finalists twice before, in 1907 and 1910, had never captured the trophy in the twenty-five years it has been in competition. The Scots won out by the score of 1 to 0.

Columbia Oval was eliminated from the South New York League cup tie competition yesterday afternoon, when the Continentals defeated them at Manhattan Field by the narrow margin of 1 to 0.

The Overseas Wanderers and the I. R. T. Strollers played a drawn game of one goal at Hedley Field yesterday afternoon.

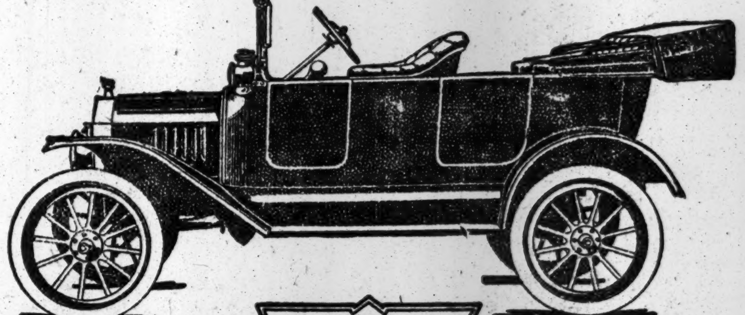
The White Rose F. C. took the Greenpoint eleven into camp at Astoria yesterday afternoon, when they meted out a 1 to 0 defeat.

Brown May Get Schoolboy Star.

There was a scramble among coaches of several New York athletic clubs on Saturday to sign up young Maynard White, the Stuyvesant High School sprinter, who was credited with even time in the hundred yards dash in the New York University games, but it is doubtful if any of them will land him. White graduates from Stuyvesant this year, and according to his present plans he will enter Brown University next Fall. It is also possible that he will become a student at New York University. Basing their opinion on his past performances, there were many athletic critics yesterday who doubted that White did ten seconds for the hundred, despite the fact that there was a good wind blowing with him during the running of his race. The Stuyvesant sprinter undoubtedly is one of the best turned out by a New York school in recent years, but his stature and style of running are against his becoming an even time man. There probably will be a big improvement in the boy in another year or two, for he is not more than 19 years old.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Baseball—Polo Grounds, Today, 3:30 P.M. Giants vs. Philadelphia.



Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR
The Ford—a great utility because it serves all the people. The popular choice, because it gives better service at a lower cost. Popular again, because it is simple and easily understood by everybody. And with all the refinements, it is still the same dependable Ford, and sells for $60 less than last year—besides the plan of sharing profits with the buyers.
Buyers will share in profits if we sell at retail 300,000 new Ford cars between August 1914 and August 1915.
Touring Car $490; Runabout $440; Town Car $690; Coupelet $750; Sedan $975, f. o. b. Detroit with all equipment.
On display and sale at 1723 Broadway, 607 Bergen Ave. (Bronx); 564 Jackson Ave., L. I. City; 1476 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn; Central Ave. and Halsey St., Newark, N. J.

C. KLAUBERG & BROS., Inc.
(Established 1819)
announce the opening of a branch store in the
WOOLWORTH BUILDING
Cutlery Kodaks
Photographic Supplies
Brushes, etc.
The same high standard of service and quality of goods which has characterized our business for nearly a century will be maintained.

BOWLING TOURNEY ENDS.

Scannell Wins First Prize in All Events with 1,935 Pins.

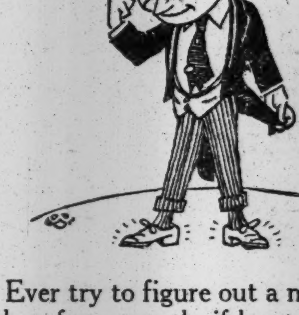
The ninth annual bowling tournament was completed at the Grand Central Palace early yesterday morning, when the last men bowled in the singles and doubles. There were no changes in the leaders of the last few days, but T. Scannell of New York by his bowling in the singles early Sunday morning took first place in the all-events. The bowling was to have been finished Saturday night, but postponed matches necessitated prolonging the tourney.

The winners of the big prizes and their scores follow:

Singles.—G. Newman, New York, 675, $85; F. Kramer, New York, 657, $70; H. Chickering, New York, 648, $65; Leo Lucke, Brooklyn, 639, $55; Theodore Smith, Philadelphia, 638, $50; C. Hummel, Brooklyn, 637, $45; E. E. Wood, Newark, 636, $40; F. Roth, Paterson, 635, $35; J. A. Smith, Rutherford, 630, $30; S. Lindsley, New York, 628, $27.50; F. Cox, New York, 628, $27.50.

Doubles.—A. Walter and J. A. Smith, Rutherford, 1,232, $125; C. Spinella and P. Spinella, New York, 1,216, $100; G. Dunbar and J. Wilson, New York, 1,206, $85; G. Riddell and H. Horton, New York, 1,202, $75; C. Klingelhoffer and F. Clute, New York, 1,200, $70; J. Watt and P. Mecon, New York, 1,198, $65; C. Eisenhower and J. Gingrich, Reading, 1,194, $55; F. Sepp and F. Cox, New York, 1,189, $50; S. Roberts and F. Gerdes, New York, 1,188, $45; J. Klumpp and P. Shulz, New York, 1,184, $40.

All Events.—T. Scannell, New York, 1,935, $30; H. Horton, New York, 1,854, $25; S. Roberts, New York, 1,848, $20; F. Clinch, New York, 1,824, $15; E. E. Wood, Newark, 1,819, $12.



Ever try to figure out a man's salary for a month, if he started with a cent a day and doubled it each succeeding day?
Somewhat like trying to figure out the number of combinations of size and pattern in our men's suits.
First, the number of sizes—32 to 54 chest.
Next, the proportions in one size—"regular," "short," "stout," "short stout," "long," "extra long," "long stout."
Then the number of models in a given proportion in a given size!
Models for tall slender men, for stout men who want to look slender, for short men who want to look tall.
Add to all this the immense variety of cloths we cut into men's suits in a season!
ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at 13th St. | "The Four Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Spring Shirts, Gloves, Neckwear, &c.
More for Your Money Than Any Other Store
Negligee Shirts, 98c
with Soft Cuffs
Regular $1.50 Value
Sample Shirts at $1.25
Regular $2.00 Values
Madras, Mercerized & Satin Striped Negligees with Soft Cuffs
$4.00 Silk Shirts at $2.35
Heavy Tub Silks, beautiful colors
Office Coats from 50c up
$1.00 Athletic Union Suits at 59c
Athletic Underwear, 25c, 49c, 85c garment

E&B Order by the full name E&B
BURKE'S GUINNESS
Look for the signs—
We sell BURKE'S—GUINNESS exclusively.
Bottled by—E. & J. Burke.

Tires: Large Size, $8 to $14.
1,000 36x5, 35x5, 37x5, 40x4, 39x5, &c. Value up to $50. Big chances!
10,000 Others; Save ½ or More
Solid Tires..........$5, $7, $10, $15, $20
Tubes..........75c., $1, $1.50, $2, &c.
Lamps, Horns, Magnetos, Sundries, &c., at
Prices That Scare Our Competitors.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
Tire and Sundries Department,
1764 Broadway, Corner 57th Street. GROUND FLOOR.

AS TO STATE LEGISLATION.

Recommendations by the Merchants' Association of This City.

The Merchants' Association has asked the Legislature to postpone action on the proposal to reorganize the State Labor Department by consolidating with it the State Industrial Commission, and placing both under the control of a new commission of three members. The association suggests that no action be taken on the proposal until the next Legislature in order to allow time for the systematizing of the work of the Industrial Commission.

The association has also entered a strong protest against a measure in the Legislature to abolish the State Department of Weights and Measures and to transfer its functions to a bureau of the State Department of Agriculture, declaring that its efficiency will in all probability be gravely impaired by placing it in the Department of Agriculture and making the tenure indefinite and uncertain.

Further than this, the association has recommended the passage of Assembly bill 1,488, which relates to the sale of goods in bulk, and has indorsed Senate bill 1,318 relating to pledges of merchandise and accounts receivable, or other choses in action creation by the sale thereof.

TRUST COMPANIES GAIN.

Great Increase of Business Shown in State Reports.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 18.—The business of New York's eighty-one trust companies increased greatly in the quarter ended March 19 last, according to statements made on that date to Supt. Richards of the State Banking Department, the tabulations of which have just been completed. Compared with the figures in the last previous reports, on Dec. 24, 1914, the aggregate deposits were greater by $118,233,059, and the resources by $159,024,117.

In the liabilities the amount due to depositors, not preferred, increased $78,566,600, and the amount due trust companies, banks, and bankers, $27,300,000.

The tabulation gives the total of resources on March 19 as $1,899,622,554, as compared with $1,740,598,437 on Dec. 24 last.

The total of deposits of all classes is given as $1,555,264,043, as compared with $1,437,030,984.

COTTON ACREAGE HIGHER.

Investigators Forecast 18.6 Per Cent. Reduction Instead of 20.9 Per Cent.

Reduction of the cotton acreage of the South, according to the April report of the statistical bureau maintained by H. F. Bachman & Co., bankers, at 14 Wall Street, will be less than was indicated a month ago. The investigators reported on March 12 that the estimated reduction of yield would be 20.9 per cent. The latest estimate, based on the canvass up to April 10, now indicates that the reduction will be 18.6 per cent. The corn acreage, according to this report, will be increased by 18 per cent.

The report covers thirteen States in the cotton belt and 603 counties of these States. The estimate means that the United States will grow 30,085,000 acres of cotton in 1915, a reduction of 6,890,000 compared with the 1914 acreage. Oklahoma will have the greatest reduction, with 25 per cent., and Florida and Tennessee the lowest, with 15 per cent. The bankers' report says:

The crop has not had a favorable start, owing to continuous cold, wet weather. Much less Fall and Winter plowing has been done, and, generally speaking, the lands are in a poorer state of preparation than usual. Our correspondents lay special stress on the largely decreased use of fertilizers as compared with last year. The increase in the corn acreage, 18 per cent., is shown to be in almost exact proportion to the indicated decrease in the cotton acreage. The change from 20.9 per cent. as the indicated decrease in the cotton acreage one month ago, as compared with 18.6 per cent. on April 10, is accounted for by the increase in the value of cotton, amounting to about $7 a bale, and also by the unfavorable weather which prevented the planting of the contemplated corn acreage. The final cotton acreage is still largely dependent upon the stands of corn obtained and the price of cotton before the final planting.

Assuming the yield this year should equal the maximum yield an acre of any year in the last ten years, the cotton States, the investigators are convinced that "with the large and increasing consumption of cotton, the demand next year will be so great that it can only be checked by greatly advanced prices."

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
April 12	$1.57¼	$1.56	$1.24¾	$1.23¼
April 13	1.58	1.56½	1.24¾	1.23½
April 14	1.63	1.57	1.33	1.23⅝
April 15	1.63¼	1.61	1.31⅞	1.29⅝
April 16	1.63⅝	1.61	1.35⅞	1.31¼
April 17	1.62½	1.61	1.36	1.33⅜
Week's range	1.63⅝	1.56	1.36	1.23¼

	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Cash, 2 Red. High.	Cash, 2 Red. Low.
April 12	$1.11⅝	$1.10½	$1.57½	$1.57
April 13	1.11⅝	1.10⅛	1.57	1.57
April 14	1.18⅛	1.10⅝	1.59⅝	1.57½
April 15	1.16⅝	1.15⅝	1.61½	1.61⅝
April 16	1.19	1.16	1.62½	1.62
April 17	1.19½	1.17	1.61½	1.61½
Week's range	1.19½	1.10⅛	1.62½	1.57

CORN.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
April 12	.74	73½	76⅜	75¾
April 13	.74	72¾	76¼	75½
April 14	74¾	72⅝	77⅜	75
April 15	74¾	74	77⅜	76½
April 16	.76	74⅜	78¾	77⅛
April 17	77¼	75⅞	79⅝	78⅜
Week's range	77¼	72⅝	79⅝	75

	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Cash No. 3 White. High.	Cash No. 3 White. Low.
April 12	77⅜	76½	73½	73
April 13	76⅞	76	73	72½
April 14	77⅜	75½	73	72½
April 15	77⅝	77	74½	74
April 16	.79	77⅝	76	75⅝
April 17	80¼	79	77	76½
Week's range	80¼	75½	77	72½

OATS.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
April 12	58¼	57½	54½	53⅞
April 13	57⅜	56⅝	54⅛	53⅜
April 14	57⅞	56¼	55⅛	53⅜
April 15	.58	56⅜	56	54⅜
April 16	.58	57	57	55⅜
April 17	.58	57½	57¼	56⅛
Week's range	58¼	56¼	57¼	53⅜

	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Cash, Stds. High.	Cash, Stds. Low.
April 12	46⅝	46	58⅛	58¼
April 13	46⅛	45¾	57¾	57⅝
April 14	46⅞	45¾	57¼	57¼
April 15	46⅞	46½	58¼	57¾
April 16	48⅛	47	58¼	57⅜
April 17	48⅞	48¼	58¼	58¼
Week's range	48⅞	45¾	58½	57⅛

Provisions.

LARD.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
April 12	$10.35	$10.22	$10.62	$10.47
April 13	10.22	10.12	10.50	10.37
April 14	10.29	10.07	10.47	10.32
April 15	10.17	10.12	10.45	10.37
April 16	10.15	10.07	10.40	10.37
April 17	10.15	10.10	10.37	10.32
Week's range	10.35	10.07	10.62	10.32

RIBS.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
April 12	$10.22	$10.15	$10.55	$10.45
April 13	10.12	10.07	10.45	10.37
April 14	10.15	10.05	10.47	10.37
April 15	10.15	10.05	10.45	10.37
April 16	10.10	10.07	10.42	10.40
April 17	10.12	10.10	10.45	10.42
Week's range	10.22	10.05	10.55	10.37

PORK.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
April 12	$17.60	$17.42	$18.12	$17.90
April 13	17.50	17.32	18.02	17.80
April 14	17.45	17.20	17.97	17.70
April 15	17.42	17.27	17.95	17.77
April 16	17.45	17.35	17.97	17.80
April 17	17.55	17.47	18.05	17.97
Week's range	17.60	17.20	18.12	17.70

NEW YORK.

COTTON.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.
April 12	[illegible]	9.80	10.26	10.06	10.69	10.50
April 13	[illegible]	9.71	10.21	10.04	10.63	10.44
April 14	[illegible]	9.84	10.25	10.09	10.68	10.52
April 15	[illegible]	9.85	10.25	10.14	10.67	10.54
April 16	[illegible]	9.94	10.36	10.23	10.77	10.64
April 17	[illegible]	10.06	10.40	10.33	10.79	10.72
Wks. rge.	[illegible]	9.71	10.40	10.04	10.79	10.44

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Mar. High.	Mar. Low.
April 12	[illegible]	10.71	10.91	10.76	11.09	10.98
April 13	[illegible]	10.63	10.85	10.70	10.90	10.90
April 14	[illegible]	10.71	10.90	10.77	11.03	11.03
April 15	[illegible]	10.78	10.89	10.81	11.07	10.98
April 16	[illegible]	10.83	10.98	10.86	11.15	11.07
April 17	[illegible]	10.91	11.00	10.94	11.17	11.17
Wks. rge.	[illegible]	10.63	11.00	10.70	11.17	10.90

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELEC. COMPANIES.

BANKS.

INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bl'k'r St. & F. Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	15	25
Do 1st 4s, '50	700,000	4	S	J. & J.	60	70
Bway & 7th Av	2,100,000	2½	Q	Jan 15,15	160	175
B'l'n C.R. ($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15,15	173	176
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	J,A,J,O	120	135
8th Av. R. R.	1,000,000	4	Q	J,A,J,O	250	300
42d St. & Gr. St	748,000	4½	Q	F,M,A,N	225	250
Ninth Av	800,000	2	Q	....	125	160
2d Av. stock	2,000,000	..	..	....	..	3
2d Av. Ry. 1st con. 5s, '48	5,631,000	2½	..	Feb 1, 08	10	20
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	F,M,A,N	115	120

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust	$1,250,000	2	Q	Feb 1, 15	360	375
Bankers' Tr.	10,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 15	430	440
B'way Trust	1,500,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 15	144	150
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 15	470	485
Columbia	2,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,15	450	465
Central	3,000,000	10	Q	Apr 1, 15	960	975
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	..	85
Empire	1,500,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,15	295	305
Equitable Tr.	3,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,15	415	425
Farm. Loan & Tr. ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Feb 1, 15	1100	1130
Fidelity	1,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	200	205
Franklin	1,000,000	6	S	Dec 31,14	255	265
Fulton	500,000	*7	S	Jan 2, 15	275	300
Guaranty	10,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,15	585	590
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Feb 1, 15	265	275
Hudson Tr.	500,000	3	S	Jan 2, 15	125	135
Kings Co.	500,000	5	Q	Feb 1, 15	595	..
Law. T. Ins. & Tr. Co.	4,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr 1, 15	113	117
Lincoln	1,000,000	8	..	Sep 30,07	100	108
Mfrs.-Citiz'ns	1,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 1, 15	137	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,15	405	415
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,15	580	590
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	20	S	Dec 10,14	950	1000
People's Tr.	1,000,000	1	M	Apr 1, 15	280	295
T. Guar. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,15	380	385
Union	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 15	340	350
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,15	390	400
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 2, 15	1040	1055

*Including 2% extra.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. B. Note Co. ($50)	$4,495,788	1	..	Aug 15,14	32	35
Do pf. ($50)	4,495,760	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	48½	50
Am. Brass	15,000,000	1¼	Q	Feb, 1915	155	165
Am. Chicle	8,000,000	†1	M	Mar 20,15	159	162
Do pf.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 15	90	94
Am. Dist. Tel. Co. of N. J.	9,965,351	1	Q	Jan 20,15	58	62
Am. Graph's.	2,627,550	1¾	..	Apr 1, 15	70	74
Do pf.	2,096,630	1¾	Q	Feb 15,15	91	..
Atlas Powder	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 10,15	132	133
Bab. & Wil'x	15,000,000	1¾	Q	J,A,J,O	96	98
Bliss, E W Co	1,500,000	‡2½	Q	Apr 1, 15	320	330
Do pf.	1,500,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	135	142
Bord, C. M.	21,264,400	4	S	Feb 15,15	110¼	111
Do pf.	7,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 15,15	105	..
Braden Cop.	6,000,000	..	..	....	8¼	8⅝
Bush Term.	5,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	58	63
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,15	133	135
Childs	8,000,000	1¼	..	Dec 10,14	68	70
Do pf.	2,499,900	1¾	Q	Mar 10,15	93	97
Com'ing-Tabulating Rec.	10,457,200	1	..	Oct 10,13	32	33
Do 6s	6,868,000	3	S	J. & J.	76½	77
Em. S. & I. pf	2,500,000	..	..	....	17	25
Gen. Baking	3,400,000	..	..	....	7	10
Do pf.	5,925,000	1	Q	Apr 1, 15	37	40
Herc. Powd. Co. pf.	5,200,000	1¾	Q	Feb 15,15	108	110
Houston Oil	20,000,000	..	..	....	15½	16
Int. Nickel	38,031,500	2½	Q	Mar 1, 15	130	131
Do pf.	8,912,600	1½	Q	Feb 1, 15	104	105
Lanston Mon	6,000,000	..	..	....	58	70
L.V.C.S. ($50)	7,525,225	2½	Q	Apr 17,15	170	175
Marc. of A. (new)	10,000,000	..	..	....	2⅞	3
Merg. Lino.	12,799,600	2½	Q	Mar 31,15	180	..
Otis Elevator	6,875,300	1¼	Q	Apr 15,15	70½	72
Do pf.	6,500,000	1½	Q	Apr 15,15	90½	92
Pierce Oil C.	10,500,000	..	..	....	15	15½
Proc. & Gam.	12,480,000	4	Q	Feb 15,15	550	570
Pr. & Gam. pf	2,250,000	2	Q	Apr 2, 15	188	..
Rem. Type.	10,000,000	..	..	....	11	12½
Do 1st pf.	4,000,000	1¾	..	Oct 1, 14	63	67
Do 2d pf.	5,000,000	2	..	Oct 7, 14	42	45
Royal Bak. P.	10,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,14	152	157
Do 6s cum. pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,14	101	102
Saf. C. H. & L.	10,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	99½	101
Singer Mfg.	60,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 15	230	232
Sterling Gum	6,000,000	..	..	....	3	3⅛
Sulz. & S. pf	10,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 15	91½	93½
Temple Coal 1st col. tr. 5s	2,320,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101
Tem. Coal pf	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr 12,15	105	106½

*Ex div. †Including 1% extra. ‡Including 1¼% extra.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Ang.-Am. O.	$9,733,000	10	..	Jan 1, 15	17½	17¾
Atlantic Ref.	5,000,000	5	..	Mar 15,15	567	573
Bourne-Scry.	200,000	$20	A	Oct 15,14	270	280
Buck. P. L.	10,000,000	$2	Q	Mar 15,15	109	111
Chese. Mfg.	500,000	$10g	Q	Mar 20,15	725	750
Colonial Oil	250,000	..	..	....	120	130
Contin. Oil	3,000,000	3	Q	Mar 16,15	232	235
Crescent P. L.	3,000,000	75c	Q	Mar 15,15	37	39
Cumb. P. L.	1,000,000	$5	A	Dec 15,13	45	48
Eureka P. L.	5,000,000	6	Q	Feb 1, 15	222	225
Gal.-Sig. Oil	12,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,15	159	161
Gal.-S. O. pf	2,000,000	$2	Q	Mar 31,15	138	142
Ill. Pipe Line	20,000,000	..	..	....	135	137
Ind. P. Lines	5,000,000	2	Q	Feb 12,15	102	104
Nat. Transit.	12,737,575	50c	Q	Mar 15,15	31	32
N. Y. Tran.	5,000,000	4	Q	Apr 15,15	211	214
Nor. Pipe L.	4,000,000	$5	S	Jan 2, 15	92	94
Ohio Oil	15,000,000	$2½b	Q	Mar 20,15	140	142
Prai. O. & G.	18,000,000	$6	..	Feb 28,13	258	261
Prairie P. L.	27,000,000	..	..	....	142	144
Solar Ref'g	2,000,000	$5	S	Dec 21,14	235	242
So. Pipe Line	10,000,000	$6	Q	Mar 1, 15	208	211
So. Penn. Oil	12,500,000	3	Q	Mar 31,15	273	276
S. W. P. P. L	3,500,000	$3	Q	Mar 31,15	110	118
St. Oil (Cal.)	49,702,400	2.50	Q	Mar 15,15	300	302
St. Oil (Ind.)	30,000,000	3	Q	Feb 27,15	398	403
St. Oil (Kan.)	2,000,000	3	Q	Feb 27,15	350	355
St. Oil (Ky.)	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 15	250	254
St. Oil (Neb.)	1,000,000	10	S	Dec 20,14	320	330
St. Oil (N.J.)	98,338,300	$5	Q	Mar 15,15	400	402
St. Oil (N.Y.)	75,000,000	2	Q	Mar 15,15	190	192
St. Oil (Ohio)	3,500,000	6f	Q	Apr 1, 15	428	432
Swan & F'ch	500,000	5	..	Mar 31,13	120	125
Union T. L.	12,000,000	2½	S	Mar 25,15	82	84
Vacuum Oil	15,000,000	$3	..	Oct 31, 14	208	211
Wash'ton Oil	100,000	$3	A	Dec 1, 14	35	38

b—Including $1.25 extra. f—Including 3% extra. g—Including $4 extra.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Conley Foil	825,000	5	Q	Jan 15,15	300	325
John. T. & M.	300,000	3	Q	Jan 20,15	130	160
J. S. Young	1,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 15	155	165
Do pf.	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar, 1915	109	111
McAnd. & F.	3,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 15,15	193	200
Do pf.	2,965,600	1½	Q	Apr 15,15	99	101
P. R.-A. T.	1,999,400	*5	Q	Mar 4, 15	185	195
R. J. Rey'lds	7,525,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 15	300	310

*Payable in scrip.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Y. d.
Am. Bank Note Co.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100¼	..
American Locomotive	5	July, 1915	100¼	100½	2.65
Am. Power & Light	6	Aug., 1921	97	98	..
Am. T. & T. sub	5	Apr., 1916	100⅝	100⅝	4.20
Am Tobacco scrip	6	Sept., 1915	100⅞	101¼	2.75
Anaconda Copper	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
Argentine Government	6	Dec 15, '15	100¾	101	4.50
Argentine Government	6	Dec 15, '16	100⅜	100¾	5.55
Argentine Government	6	Dec 15, '17	100⅜	100¾	5.70
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1915	100⅛	100¼	2.50
Bethlehem Steel	5	June 11, '15	100⅛	100⅜	2.75
B'klyn Rap. Transit	5	July, 1918	99¾	100	5.00
Canadian Pacific Ry.	6	Mar., 1924	103⅛	103½	5.50
Chesapeake & Ohio	5	June, 1919	91⅞	92½	7.30
Chicago & West. Ind.	5	Sept., 1915	100⅛	100⅜	4.00
Chicago Elevated	5	July, 1916	95½	96¼	7.55
Com. P., R. & Lt. Co.	6	Nov., 1918	99	100	6.00
City of Mon.	5	Dec., 1917	99½	100	5.00
Cons. Power (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	97½	99	6.50
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	98⅝	98⅝	5.35
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100⅝	100⅞	2.90
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1916	99	99¾	5.85
General Motor	6	Oct., 1915	101¼	101½	2.90
General Rubber	4½	July, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	2.80
Gov. of Switzerland	5	Mar., 1916	99¾	100	5.00
Gov. of Switzerland	5	Mar., 1918	97⅛	97⅞	5.95
Gov. of Switzerland	5	Mar., 1920	95⅞	96½	5.95
Har. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	100	100⅛	2.25
Hocking Valley Ry.	6	Nov., 1915	100⅞	101⅛	3.80
Int. Harvester	5	Feb 15, '15	99⅜	99¾	5.10
Lackawanna Steel	5	Mar., 1915	97½	98	7.00
L. S. & Mich. So.	5	Sept., 1915	100½	100⅝	3.35
L. S. & Mich. So.	5	Dec., 1915	100⅝	100⅞	3.70
Louisville Gas & Elec.	6	Oct., 1918	97	98½	6.55
Michigan Railway	6	1919	98	99	6.28
Minneap. Gen. El. Co.	6	June, 1917	100	100¼	5.80
Missouri Pacific	6	June, 1915	93½	94½	50.00
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	99	99¼	6.40
N. E. Navigation	6	May, 1917	96½	97½	7.35
N. Y. Central & Hud.	4½	May, 1915	100	100¼	2.50
N. Y. Central & Hud.	5	Sept., 1915	100⅝	100⅜	3.50
N. Y. Central & Hud.	5	Oct., 1915	100⅝	100⅜	3.80
New York, N. H. & H.	5	May, 1915	100	100⅛	2.25
New York, N. H. & H.	5	May, 1916	99¾	100	5.00
Pacific G. & E.	5	Mar 25, '15	100¼	100⅜	4.45
P. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100	100⅛	3.20
Pub. Ser. Corp., N. J.	5	Mar 19, '16	100	100¼	4.70
Seaboard Air Line	5	Mar., 1916	99¾	100¼	4.70
Southern Railway	5	Feb., 1916	99½	100	5.00
Southern Railway	5	Mar., 1917	98	98½	5.80
Sulzberger & S.	6	June, 1916	99½	99⅞	6.10
U. S. S. R. M.	5	June, 1918	94	95½	6.50
Union Typewriter	5	Jan., 1916	96	97½	8.00
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101	101½	5.20
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	98¼	98⅝	5.45
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	97	99	6.50
Western Penn. Trac.	6	Mar., 1917	96	99	6.50
Western Power	6	July, 1915	100⅝	100¾	8.00
West. States G. & El.	6	1917	97	98¼	6.75

BUSINESS ON THE MEND.

Idle Men and Cars Decreasing and Factories Increasing Output.

CHICAGO, April 18.—The following review of the country's business conditions is issued by the credit department of Armour & Co.:

"Conditions have improved very materially during the last ten days. An increasing number of furnaces are in blast. Many factories are increasing their output. The number of idle men continues to decrease. For the first time in many months the number of idle cars shows a decrease. The demand for export is strong. Weather conditions uniformly are favorable. Conservative optimism of a healthy type is present throughout the United States, and in all lines of trade, without exception, an improvement has occurred.

"Common sense, efficiency, thrift, economy—at no previous time since the civil war have these elements been so noticeably present. While these anchors hold our ship is safe. The past eighteen months have been educational in a tremendous degree—politically, economically, socially. Common sense is a rare bird, and its value has been too little appreciated. We are diligently nursing it and its progeny.

"Efficiency for many months has been most intensely studied and applied. Thrift and economy since Aug. 1 have added millions to our wealth. United States tourists in foreign trips spent formerly more than $250,000,000 per annum. Money has been wasted by individuals, by corporations, and by civic bodies. Much of this waste will doubtless continue. The millennium is afar off. But for the first time in many years we have taken inventory of ourselves and our nation. We at least understand ourselves, our faults, virtues, and our possibilities for development. If we proceed with sanity and business caution we are assured of success."

TO PAY $1,500,000 LOAN.

Pacific Gas & Electric Company Will Settle Half Note Issue.

The Pacific Gas and Electric Company had gross revenues in 1914 of $16,912,687, an increase over 1913 of $1,043,681. The net income was $8,306,582, an increase of $1,435,451. After paying fixed charges there was a balance for the year of $3,645,665, an increase of $922,621. Dividends on the first preferred and junior preferred stock amounted to $614,983, and after allowing for depreciation the surplus for the year was $1,476,320.

Referring to the financial status of the company, President F. G. Drum in the annual report to stockholders says that $1,500,000 one-year notes matured Dec. 15 will be paid off on April 22. There will then be outstanding $1,500,000 of these notes, but it is the company's intention to pay these off, too, in the very near future.

We continue to advise the purchase of

Batopilas Mining

for

A Big Advance

We look for Great Activity in this Issue

Former high	9⅛
A week ago	½
Saturday's close	2⅛

Fieldsteel & Co.

Members Consol'd Stock Exch., N. Y.

Tel. 343-4 Broad. 50 Broad St.

5½% GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES ON NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE

Legal investments for Trust Funds and Trust Estates. Tax exempt in New York State. We are under the supervision of the State Banking Department.

Our Booklet "A" Explains. Sent Upon Request.

FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO., Bridge Plaza, N., L. I. City, N. Y.

UNITED STATES BREWING COMPANY First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Debentures.

The undersigned, Trustees under the Mortgage or Deed of Trust given to secure certain First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Debentures issued by the United States Brewing Company under a Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated August 1, 1908, hereby give notice that they will receive at the office of the Bankers Trust Company, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 30th day of April, 1915, sealed offerings to sell on July 1, 1915, at the lowest price at which same shall be tendered, (not exceeding 105% of the par value thereof and the then accrued interest) FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. GOLD DEBENTURES, pursuant to the provisions of Article XII. of said Mortgage or Deed of Trust, in an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of Sixty-four thousand seven hundred twenty-seven dollars fifty-seven cents ($64,727.57,) of which Sixty-three thousand eight hundred forty dollars ($63,840) is to be paid to the American Trustee, as provided in the Mortgage above mentioned. Said offerings must be made in sealed envelopes, and should state the face value of Debentures offered for sale, and the price thereof, together with the Post Office address of parties making such offer, designating the Debentures by their number, and also electing where the same shall be payable, either at the office of the Bankers Trust Company, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, or at the office or agency of the United States Debenture Corporation, Limited, Old Broad Street, London.

Such holders of Debentures as may be notified of the acceptance of their offer must be prepared to deliver same for payment on the first day of July, 1915, at the price contained in their offer, the right, however, being reserved by the Trustees to reject any and all proposals in whole or in part.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee, New York City, N. Y.

Dated April 12, 1915.

UNITED STATES DEBENTURE CORPORATION, LTD., as Trustee, London, England.

THE COLORADO FUEL COMPANY

Holders of General Mortgage Sinking Fund Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds are hereby notified that bonds Nos.

102 340 428 431 637 985 1095

have, in accordance with the terms of Article 3, Section 4, of the Mortgage dated May 1, 1889, given by The Colorado Fuel Company to Atlantic Trust Company, Trustee, been drawn by lot for redemption at 110 and interest on the first day of May, 1915, at the office of the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, No. 49 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, after which date interest thereon will cease.

Dated April 8, 1915.

Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York

Successor to ATLANTIC TRUST CO., Trustee.

By BEVERLY CHEW, Vice President.

NEW RIVER LUMBER COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Thirty (30) First Mortgage 20-Year 6% Gold Bonds of the New River Lumber Company of the face value of $1,000 each numbered as follows:

12	148	254	307	363	405	445	495
81	177	270	319	365	410	473	496
97	184	273	383	390	416	475	
138	208	293	359	394	441	487	

have been drawn by lot for redemption from the amount to the credit of the Sinking Fund, and will be paid for at the rate of $1,050 per bond at the office of the undersigned, TRUST DEPARTMENT, 60 Broadway, New York City, on the first day of June, 1915, after which date said bonds will cease to bear interest.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Successor Trustee.

GEORGE E. WARREN, Trust Officer.

Dated, April 15, 1915.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE

State of New York, Office of the Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the New York Improved Meter Co., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 27th day of February, 1915, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City [Seal:] of Albany, this twenty-seventh day of February, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

C. W. TAFT, Second Deputy Secretary of State.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE THIRTY-YEAR FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS (SERIES A) OF THE PENNSYLVANIA COAL AND COKE COMPANY UNDER ITS MORTGAGE TO THE COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY, DATED JULY 1, 1902:

Take notice that a meeting of the holders of the bonds issued under the above-mentioned mortgage of the PENNSYLVANIA COAL AND COKE COMPANY is called to be held at the office of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Corporation in the Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 19th day of May, 1915, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of acting upon a proposition to release from the lien of said mortgage a certain lease from the BLUBAKER COAL COMPANY to J. L. MITCHELL, dated April 1, 1902, covering certain coal and mining rights in and under approximately 1,730 acres in Elder and Susquehanna Townships, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, together with the improvements and equipment upon the leased premises and all rights appurtenant thereto. The foregoing notice is given by the undersigned, as it has acquired the right, title, and interest of said Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company in and to the lease and property proposed to be released, as aforesaid.

Dated New York, April 9, 1915.

THE CLEARFIELD BITUMINOUS COAL CORPORATION.

By HAROLD S. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Kansas City Southern Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the Kansas City Southern Building, northeast corner of Wyandotte and Eleventh Streets, Kansas City, Missouri, on Tuesday, May 11, 1915, at the hour of 9:00 o'clock A. M., Standard Time, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

As provided by the By-Laws of the Company, the books for the transfer of the Preferred and Common Stocks will be closed for the said meeting at 12:00 o'clock noon, May 1, 1915, and re-opened at 10:00 o'clock A. M., May 17, 1915.

By order of the Executive Committee.

J. A. EDSON, President.

G. C. HAND, Secretary.

Dated April 1, 1915.

THE PREST-O-LITE COMPANY, INC. New York, April 15, 1915.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Prest-O-Lite Company, Inc., will be held at the principal office of the company, No. 2104 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on Monday, May 3, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon on said day for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors, and for the transaction thereat of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

FRANK E. SWEET, Secretary.

THE HUDSON RIVER CONNECTING RAILROAD CORPORATION.

Albany, N. Y., March 29, 1915.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of **The Hudson River Connecting Railroad Corporation**, for the election of Directors and three Inspectors of Election, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company in Union Depot, in the City of Albany, N. Y., on the third Wednesday (being the 21st day) of April, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

FIRST PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 3.
ORIGINAL PREFERRED DIVIDEND No. 37.
PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC CO.

A meeting of the Board of Directors has been called for 3:30 o'clock P. M., April 30, 1915, for the purpose of declaring dividend (No. 3) of $1.50 per share upon the full-paid First Preferred Capital Stock and dividend (No. 37), of $1.50 per share upon the Original Preferred Capital Stock of this Company, both dividends being for the quarter ending April 30, 1915, payable May 15, 1915, to those stockholders whose names shall appear of record on the books of the company at 3:30 o'clock P. M., April 30, 1915. Checks for the dividends will be mailed. Transfer books will not close and owners desiring checks payable to themselves should have stock certificates issued in their own names on or before the last mentioned date.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,

D. H. FOOTE, Secretary.

San Francisco, California, April 9, 1915.

OFFICE OF THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY

Baltimore, Md., April 14th, 1915.

The Board of Directors has declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on its Capital Stock, payable April 30th, 1915, to the stockholders of record at the close of business April 24th, 1915. The transfer books will remain open. Dividend checks will be mailed.

T. K. STUART, Assistant Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 4, 1915, for Contract 148, for furnishing and erecting about 15 miles of wire fence with concrete posts and short lengths of concrete and wood guard rails, and doing some concrete repair work and general cleaning up at the Ashokan Reservoir. The work is located in the towns of Olive, Marbletown, and Hurley, Ulster County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

MORRISTOWN & ERIE RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in compliance with the terms of the Mortgage Deed, dated September 1st, 1903, executed by the Morristown & Erie Railway Company, the undersigned, as Trustee under the said deed, will receive proposals on or before May 14th, 1915, from the holders of the bonds secured by the said mortgage to sell the bonds to the undersigned as Trustee under the provisions of the said mortgage. The Trustee will, to the extent of the available moneys in its hands, to wit, $10,121.13, purchase the bonds which shall be offered at the lowest price. No purchase will be made at a rate exceeding 110 per cent. of the principal, together with the accrued interest.

Dated, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 12th, 1915.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee,

177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SUPERIOR WATER, LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY.

Pursuant to the Sinking Fund provisions of the First Mortgage of the above Company, sealed offers of bonds to exhaust the sum of $18,854.58 will be received at the office of United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Trustee, No. 55 Cedar Street, New York City, until 12 o'clock noon, May 1st, 1915.

The right is reserved to reject any or all offers made in accordance with the above announcement.

SUPERIOR WATER, LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY,

THOMAS B. SCOTT, President.

PITTSBURGH & ERIE COAL COMPANY First Mortgage 20-Year 4½% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage, dated May 1st, 1905, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to three o'clock on the 28th day of April, 1915, for the sale to it of bonds as above described sufficient to use the sum of $11,271.39. The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders.

The NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,

By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.

Dated, New York, April 15, 1915.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received at the office of the Quartermaster General of the Army, Washington, D. C., until 2:00 P. M., Eastern time, May 17, 1915, for furnishing and delivering clothing and equipage listed in schedule 12. Information on application to Quartermaster General, or Depot Quartermaster, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City.

Recent increased trading on the New York Stock Exchange revived rumors of stock manipulation. The opinions of several members on manipulation appear in a timely article in this week's issue of The Annalist.

Also:

The financial effect of prohibition in England—should the question, now before Parliament, become a law.

Canadian securities—being placed in the American rather than the European market since the war began.

"The Open Market for Unlisted Securities"—authoritative bid and asked prices on unlisted and inactive stocks and bonds for the information of all investors.

Altogether an unusually good number of

The Annalist

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Times Square, New York.

FORECLOSURE SALES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THE NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK OF THE CITY OF ALBANY, Plaintiff, against CLARENCE E. ANDERSON, individually and as executor and trustee under the last Will and Testament of Eva Roxana Anderson, deceased, and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 30th day of November, 1914, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of May, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

"All that lot of land in the City and County of New York, with the buildings thereon, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Sixty-eighth Street, distant two hundred and forty-three feet nine inches easterly from the intersection of the southerly side of Sixty-eighth Street and the easterly side of Columbus Avenue, and which point is opposite the centre of a party wall; running thence easterly along the southerly side of Sixty-eighth Street eighteen feet nine inches; thence southerly parallel with Columbus Avenue and part of the way through a party wall one hundred feet five inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along said line eighteen feet nine inches to a point opposite the centre of the first mentioned party wall and thence northerly parallel with Columbus Avenue and part of the way through the centre of said first mentioned party wall one hundred feet five inches to the southerly side of Sixty-eighth Street at the point of beginning.

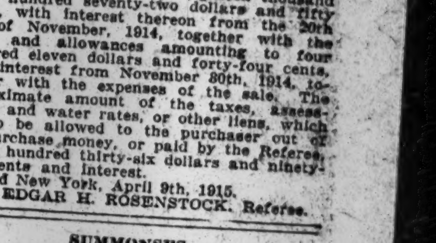
Said premises being now known as Number Fifty-four West Sixty-eighth Street."

Dated New York, April 9th, 1915.

EDGAR H. ROSENSTOCK, Referee.

ROSENDALE, HESSBERG & HAINES, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office address, 57 State Street, Albany, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 54 West Sixty-eighth Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is eighteen thousand eight hundred seventy-two dollars and fifty cents, with interest thereon from the 20th day of November, 1914, together with the costs and allowances amounting to four hundred eleven dollars and forty-four cents, with interest from November 30th, 1914, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is ten hundred thirty-six dollars and ninety-five cents and interest.

Dated New York, April 9th, 1915.

EDGAR H. ROSENSTOCK, Referee.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ANNA R. CROSSIN, Plaintiff, against VERONA SCHMUTZ, individually and as administratrix of the goods, chattels and credits of MARTIN SCHMUTZ, deceased; Adolph Schmutz, Albert Schmutz, Minnie Schmutz, Ida Konrad, Elizabeth Studerus, if living; Jules Bourry, if living; and all devisees and heirs at law of the said Elizabeth Studerus, if she be deceased, and all executors, administrators, personal representatives and next of kin of said Jules Bourry, if he be deceased, and also all persons who may by purchase or inheritance, or otherwise, claim to have an interest in the premises described in the complaint herein, derived through the said Elizabeth Studerus or Jules Bourry or either of them, or their devisees or heirs at law, or executors, administrators, or next of kin, or through any of them, which heirs, devisees, executors, administrators, next of kin and other persons, if any there be, and their names are unknown to the plaintiff; and all persons who are or make any claim whatever as executors or administrators of any person who may be deceased and who, if living, would have claimed any interest in the premises described in the complaint herein, derived through the said Elizabeth Studerus or Jules Bourry, or either of them, or their devisees or heirs at law, or executors or administrators or next of kin, which persons, if any there be, and their names are unknown to the plaintiff; Defendants.—Summons.

To each of the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated February 11, 1913.

HAROLD SWAIN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 176 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To each of the above-named defendants:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward J. Gavegan, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated March 8, 1915, and filed with the complaint in the Office of the Clerk of New York County at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Dated March 12, 1915.

HAROLD SWAIN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 176 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—DILL-BALL COMPANY, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of South Carolina, plaintiff, against ALONZO S. BAILEY, defendant.—Summons with notice.—Trial desired in New York County.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, February 23, 1915.

BARRY, WAINWRIGHT, THACHER & SYMMERS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, No. 59 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To Alonzo S. Bailey, the above-named defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Nathan Bijur, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 18th day of March, 1915, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of New York County, at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 19th day of March, 1915.

Dated, March 19th, 1915.

BARRY, WAINWRIGHT, THACHER & SYMMERS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 59 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NO. 9,075.—ADOLPHA KLYSZEWSKY vs. TELPHIL KLYSZEWSKY.—Order of Notice. State of Connecticut, Fairfield County, Superior Court, ss., Bridgeport, April 15, A. D. 1915.

Upon the complaint of the said Adolpha Klyszewsky, praying for reasons therein set forth, for a divorce, custody of minor child now pending before this court, having been returned thereto on the first Tuesday of March, 1915.

It appearing to and being found by this court that Telphil Klyszewsky, the said defendant, is absent from this State and gone to parts unknown, and that notice of the pendency of the complaint was given as required by order of notice heretofore issued, and now the Plaintiff asks for a further order of notice in the premises.

Therefore Ordered, that notice of the pendency of said complaint be given by publishing this order in The New York Times, a newspaper printed in New York City, two (2) times successively, commencing on or before the 22d day of April, A. D. 1915.

By the Court. FRED W TRACY, Asst. Clerk of the Superior Court for Fairfield County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE LINTROSS & WYLFORD ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC., a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County of New York, on the 12th day of May, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to SUPERNO COMPANY, INC.

Dated, New York City, April 9, 1915.

LINTROSS & WYLFORD ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC.,

By WILLIAM MATTHEWS, Vice President.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

ROTHSCHILD, EDWARD.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Edward Rothschild, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Rose & Paskus, No. 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of May next.

Dated New York, the 30th day of October, 1914.

HENRIETTE ROTHSCHILD, Executrix.

ROSE & PASKUS, Attorneys for Executrix, 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PROPOSALS.

The Locomobile Company of America First Mortgage Ten-Year Sinking Fund Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Pursuant to Article VI of the Mortgage, dated June 1, 1912, Bankers Trust Company as Trustee thereunder invites proposals for the sale to it of the First Mortgage Ten-Year Sinking Fund Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of The Locomobile Company of America, bearing coupons maturing subsequent to June 1st, 1915, at prices not exceeding 105% of the face value of the Bonds. All proposals should be enclosed in sealed envelopes, which should be delivered to the Trustee not later than 12 o'clock noon on May 26th, when due notice will be given to the bondholders whose proposals may be accepted, and the Trustee, to the extent of funds then in its hands and available therefor, will, on June 1st, 1915, purchase the bonds so offered and accepted at the price and in the manner provided in the mortgage.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee

Dated at New York this 19th day of April, 1915.

DIVIDENDS.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO.,

149 Broadway, New York, March 26, 1915.

The Board of Directors of Virginia Railway & Power Company has this day declared a dividend of One and one-half Per Cent., equal to One Dollar and Fifty Cents per share, on the Common Stock of said Company, payable on April 20th, 1915, to holders of Common Stock of record on April 5th, 1915. The transfer books will not be closed. Dividend checks will be mailed.

G. B. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT CO. PORTLAND, OREGON.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND No. 19.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths (1¾%) per cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY for the quarter ending April 30, 1915, payable May 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on April 23, 1915.

E. P. SUMMERSON, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

DUQUESNE LIGHT CO.

DIVIDEND NO. 1

Pittsburgh, Pa., April 16, 1915.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of

ONE AND THREE-FOURTHS PER CENT.

(1¾%) on the 7% Cumulative Preferred Capital Stock, payable May 1, 1915, to holders of record April 1, 1915. The transfer books for said stock will be closed from April 19th to April 30, 1915, both inclusive.

Cheques will be mailed.

C. J. BRAUN, JR., Treasurer.

WESTINGHOUSE

Electric & Manufacturing Company.

A dividend of one per cent. on the COMMON stock of this Company for the quarter ending March 31, 1915, will be paid April 30, 1915, to stockholders of record as of March 31, 1915.

H. D. SHUTE, Treasurer.

New York, March 24, 1915.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY,

Cleveland, Ohio, April 5, 1915.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, in the City of Cleveland, Ohio, on the First Wednesday (being the 5th day) of May, 1915, at 9 o'clock A. M. The Poll will continue open for one hour thereafter.

By order of the Board of Directors.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

SANTEE CLUB.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Santee Club will be held in Room 1,428, 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, May 4th, 1915, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing three Directors for five years, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

B. NASON HAMLIN, Secretary.

City of Chicago
4% Gold Bonds
Due January 1,
1917-1932

Prices on application

Wm. A. Read & Co.
Nassau and Cedar Streets
New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston London

Two Fundamental Principles

must always underlie conservative investment. The first of these is the factor of safety. The second is the question of fair return in the way of dependable income. During times like the present these two elements—safety and dependable income—are to be realized to a maximum degree through the medium of First Mortgage 5% Bonds selling around par. Investments of this character are deserving of your entire confidence, and we shall be pleased to aid you in making satisfactory selections.

Send for Circular 1486, Describing First Mortgage 5% Bonds

Spencer Trask & Co.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
43 Exchange Place, New York

Canadian Municipal Bonds

We shall be pleased to mail upon request a list of our April offerings of high-grade Canadian Municipal Bonds yielding from

4.90% to 6%

Wood, Gundy & Co.
TORONTO, CANADA

Bonds Legal for Savings Banks
In New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Vermont

We are preparing a booklet listing **Government, State, Municipal and Railroad issues** which comply with the provisions legalizing them for the funds of savings banks and trustees in one or more of the above mentioned states.

Savings bank officers and trustees, having in their care the placement of funds restricted to legal issues, will find this booklet of material assistance as a convenient reference.

Send for Booklet AG-45

N. W. Halsey & Co.
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Boston Chicago Baltimore San Francisco St. Louis

$250,000
City of Buffalo
4½% Reg. Bonds
Maturing 1914-44
Tax Exempt
Prices to yield 4.10%
Special Circular "T-47" on Application.

Remick, Hodges & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., New York.
Correspondents:
R. L. Day & Co. Boston

BLAIR & Co.
24 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Travelers Letters of Credit

N. J. SECURITIES
CLARENCE HODSON & C
ESSEX BLDG NEWARK

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION IN AMERICA AND EUROPE

Events in the stock market in the past week showed that those factors which affected quotations toward the close of the week before were then only gathering force for a greater demonstration. It may not be said that the extraordinary fluctuations of particular stocks, and the near frenzy of the speculative public to buy them, will be referred to in the future as the dominant characteristics of the market of 1915, but they have certainly stamped dealings in a way to long attract reference to the wild movements of Bethlehem Steel, American Locomotive, and their companions as distinctly abnormal. The present market has frequently been referred to as a counterpart, in some particulars, to the great demonstration of speculation in 1901. The records of that year, however, fail to disclose any such erratic movements as Bethlehem Steel's rise from 124 to 155, and its subsequent decline to 123 in a single day, excepting the flight of Northern Pacific when the fight was on for its control.

The natural tendency in a market such as the present is for one to pay too great attention to the progress made by issues under especial influences and too little to the general course of prices. The recurrence of million-share days—there were four last week—makes clear that trading must be fairly well distributed over a broad range of stocks, but unless attention is paid to the gauge of business in its wider application it is easy to enhance the spectacular at the expense of the non-spectacular. In the mind of many casual observers it may seem that the dazzling sweep of prices forward in case of a half-dozen or so issues indicated the total force of the upward movement. It is true that the progress of the "war stocks" was more impressive than anything the market following has seen in years, but at the same time a truer story of the week was told by issues whose strength was quiet and of the stable order. The table of fifty railroad and industrial stocks used in figuring average price movements recorded a closing quotation on Saturday a week ago of 68.26. The close last week was 71.38, showing a net gain of well over 3 points. Some of the stocks which were most prominent in supplying extraordinary features to trading are included in the list, but not all of them.

Surpassing all other influences on the market were reports of huge orders for ammunition placed in this country by Russia. Nothing distinctly new was contained in them, for purchases by the allied nations have figured for several weeks in the gossip of the Street. It appeared as though the public's speculative imagination had been merely stimulated slightly before, and became enthused with repetition of the same sort of news. Information that the American Locomotive Company was about to close a contract for millions of dollars' worth of shrapnel caused an overnight rise of 18½ points in the company's common stock. Other issues were lifted with great force at the same time and through the same general influence, and it was evident that stocks of concerns less affected by the war profited by the enthusiasm for the specialties. More and more evidence has been presented in recent days that buying is contagious, but there have been signs, too, that many hard-headed traders desire something more than business improvement of a temporary nature to fix them firmly on the constructive side. At times the market showed that the short interest had wakened from its lethargy and was feeling for indications that the maximum of the movement was close at hand.

Those who asked for a sign of genuine betterment in the basic business and trade conditions of the country thought they found one on Saturday in the Pennsylvania Railroad's announcement that $20,000,000 worth of new equipment would be built in the near future. The Pennsylvania's management has never been accused of hasty action in important matters. Coming, as the news did, not long after the American Railways Association had reported a decrease of idle cars to the extent of 8,600 between March 1 and April 1, the financial community was able to make some cheering deductions as to pending improvement in traffic. The decrease in idle equipment was small in itself, but attracted attention when first announced, because no other decline had been reported since Oct. 1 of last year. The plans of the Pennsylvania also strengthened an earlier impression that matters were looking up in the railroad world, which was derived from the announcement by President Thomas of the Lehigh Valley that $1,000,000 would be spent by the road.

The Street had little time to devote to developments in Europe, being absorbed in the stock market's whirlwind progress. It was noted daily, however, that a steady outpouring of securities came from foreign sources, and a feature of no little import was the ability of the market to absorb them without difficulty. While foreign exchange rates changed but little, except for an occasional stiffening of reichsmarks, it was thought in banking quarters that purchases of exchange as cover for security sales prevented further recessions. The importation of $7,000,000 gold from Ottawa appeared not to affect exchange rates in any way.

LONDON MARKET ACTIVE.

Nearly All Americans Above Pre-War Loaning Level.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 18.—The market remains cheerful, with moderate activity in rubber shares and Americans the prominent feature. All the leading American securities are above the prices where loans on pre-war speculative accounts can be called, except United States Steel and Canadian Pacific, and even in these pre-war accounts are partly liquidated. There are few signs of British selling of Americans apart from this closing of pre-war accounts.

Prices are below those on the New York Exchange, except where the market position is clear, as in Amalgamated Copper and the low-priced railroads, which equal the New York level. To facilitate arbitrage, some slight techincal restrictions have been relaxed, but early abolition of minimum prices is unlikely, and our restrictions on foreign sales here will be maintained.

British securities show few sellers below pre-war prices. Where any demand appears prices ease sharply and without pressure. The shortage of stocks in many markets is partly artificial. With Continental supplies cut off the brokers' chief business comes from busy industrial centres, not the usual wealthy London clientele.

There is a general feeling of caution pending military developments. Some here oppose the early establishment of a British credit in New York. The Government is now selling Treasury bills here, not by tender as usual, but for an unlimited amount, at rates fixed daily, which are now 2¾ per cent. for three months' bills and 3¾ per cent. for nine months' bills. The results are not officially stated daily, however. The market believes that £12,000,000 has been subscribed since the scheme started on Wednesday. Consequently the money market is less stable. The English copper market is very firm.

OUTLOOK CHEERS BOURSE.

Economic Activity Indicated by Increased Tax Returns.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 18.—The satisfactory March tax returns, denoting a steady resumption of economic activity, are considered here to more than offset the disappointing prolongation of the moratorium for another ninety days. The general trend of securities on the Bourse is unchanged, though French 3s again lost half a point. Spanish external 4s have benefited by the abolition of the affidavit restriction. The depression of Turkish funds has increased since the announcement of the seizure by the Ottoman Government of the fund of 150,000,000 francs, reserved by the Ottoman Debt Committee, in order to secure a new issue of Treasury bills.

The copper shares department of the Bourse is very buoyant, and Russian industrials, too, are active. The Coulisse has found a way to circumvent the restriction prohibiting dealings for account by trading in daily and fortnightly options. Transactions of this kind in the leading speculative issues have been numerous.

The Chinese Legation has given official notice annulling all certificates of Chinese 5s deposited in the Brussels Branch of the International Petrograd Bank. The return of the Bank of France is satisfactory, as usual. Exchanges are steady, despite the judicious sales of the bank.

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK.

Transactions in the leading securities on the Curb for the week ended Saturday, April 17:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
35	Am. Grapho	81	79½	80	− 1
300	Am. Thrift S. pf., w. i.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
23,625	American Zinc	35⅞	30	35⅞	+ 5
1,550	Brit.-A. Tob., Ord.	18	17¼	17⅜	− ⅛
2,600	Brit.-A. T. O. B'r.	19¼	18¼	18⅜	− ¼
1,575	Electric Boat	61½	58	60½	− 3½
117	Elec. Boat pf.	85	83	85	..
100	Elkhorn Fuel	20	20	20	− 4
200	Emer. Brant.	21	18	21	− 4
4,200	Houston Oil	16½	13	15⅝	+ 4½
600	Int.-M. M. ctfs.	1⅝	1⅛	1¼	..
1,220	Int.-M. M. pf. ctfs.	6	5½	6	..
34,100	Int. Motors	21	13	18¾	+ 4¼
5,170	Int. Motors pf.	43	31	38½	+ 5½
1,610	Int. Rub. Tr. ctfs.	8¾	7¼	8¾	+ 1¼
899	Kelly Spr'gf'd.	139½	135	135	− 3
60	K. Sp. T. new, 1st pf.	85	84½	85	..
3,750	Manhat. Tran.	¾	[illegible]	¾	+ [illegible]
6,600	Marconi of A.	3¼	2¾	3	+ ¼
8,900	N. Y. Trans.	14⅝	12¼	12⅝	+ 2⅛
620	Pyrne Mfg. Co.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	− ⅛
800	Riker & Heg. new	6¾	6	6⅝	+ ⅜
8,100	Riker & Heg. Corp.	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝	− ⅜
5,300	Sterl. Gum, w. i.	3¼	3	3⅛	+ ¹⁄₁₆
10,200	Texas Oil rcts.	6	5	5⅞	..
1,400	Tobacco Prod.	58½	57½	58	..
930	Tob. Prod. pf.	101	99	100	..
945	Un. C. St. Co. of America	110	101	105	− 7
48,800	Un. Cigar St., new	11	10⅜	10½	− ⅜
2,200	Un. Cigar St. pf., new	11⅞	11⅜	11⅞	..
25,000	Un. Profit Sh., new	3⅝	3¼	3½	..
200	U. S. Lt. & Heat., new	5¾	5¾	5¾	+ 2½
15,700	World's Film.	4¼	3½	3½	− 1

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
15,450	Anglo-Am. O.	19¼	17	17¾	− 3¼
12	Atlantic Ref.	585	567	567	−18
60	Buck. P. L.	112	111	111	..
6	Ches. M. Co.	700	695	700	+15
33	Colonial Oil	130	125	125	+25
51	Cont. Oil	240	233	233	−12
71	Cres. P. L.	39	37⅛	38½	+ ½
53	Eureka P. L.	226	221	221	− 6
53	Galena S. Oil	161	159	160	..
15	Gal. S. O. pf.	140	139	139	+ 4
330	Ill. P. L. w. i.	140	135	135	− 5
547	Ind. P. L.	105	100	103	− 1
695	Nat'l Transit	34	31	31	− 2
10	N. Y. Trans.	215	213	213	− 2
22	North. P. L.	94	92	92	..
820	Ohio Oil	144½	141	141½	− 2½
3,530	Pierce Oil n'w	15¼	14	14½	− ½
208	Pr'le P. L. w. i.	147	143	144	− 2
233	Pr'le O. & G.	260	258	258	− 2
5	Solar Refin.	242	242	242	− 3
45	So. Penn. Oil	277	273	275	..
50	South. P. L.	210	208	209	− 1
5	So'w. P. P. L.	112	112	112	..
430	S. O. of Cal.	304	297	300	..
314	S. O. of Ind.	424	403	403	−19
10	S. O. of Kan.	355	350	355	+ 1
10	S. O. of Ky.	250	250	250	− 1
490	S. O. of N. J.	404	399	400	+ 1
613	S. Oil of N. Y.	198	190	191	− 7
2	S. Oil of Ohio	435	435	435	+ 7
11	S. & Finch Co.	125	122	125	..
365	Union Tank	88	80	83	− 4
162	Vacuum Oil	214	208	210	− 3

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
17,510	N. Y. Central.	[illegible]	⅛	⅛	..

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
94,500	*Atlanta	44	40	41	− 2
31,400	Al. Cn. M. Co.	95	88	90	− 1
38,300	Al. Juan., w. i.	16⅛	13	15	+ 1
100	Ariz. Cons.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	..
5,200	Big Cot'wood.	12½	12	12	..
45,500	Booth	50	41	45	..
17,700	Braden Cop.	8½	8¼	8½	− ⅛
200	Carib. Cobalt	57	57	57	− 3
34,100	Cashboy	10	8	9½	+ 1½
6,000	*C. O. D.	7	6	6½	+ ½
63,200	Con. Ariz. S.	1¹⁄₁₆	⅞	1	− ¹⁄₁₆
46,000	Con. N.-Utah	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	+ ¹⁄₁₆
8,600	*D. Blk. Butte	3	2	2½	− ½
8,315	Dome Mines	15	12⅝	14⅝	− 1⅝
36,000	Ely Con.	12	7	10	..
8,800	Emma Cop.	37	33	36	+ 3
5,000	*Florence	68	60	64	− 1
1,000	*Gold Hill	20	20	20	+ 1¼
1,300	G'field Cons.	1¹¹⁄₁₆	1⁹⁄₁₆	1⅝	..
76,300	*G'field Merg.	32	25	30	+ 3
1,850	Gr.-Can., n.	32½	29½	32	+ 1¼
200	*Halifax Ton.	40	40	40	..
115,500	Jumbo Ex.	1⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]	+ [illegible]
270	Kerr Lake	5	4⅞	5	+ ¼
19,350	*Kewanas	22	17	19	− 1
5,875	La Rose Con.	⅝	½	⁹⁄₁₆	..
100	Mason Val.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ 1⅛
21,700	*McK.-Darra.	37	31	36	+ 1
20,000	Mother Lode	20	17⅛	18	..
3,100	*Nev. Hills	29	26	27	..
8,100	New U. Bing.	1	*75	1	+ ¼
3,660	Nip. Mines Co.	6⅝	6¼	6¼	− ½
56,300	*Oro	13	11½	12	− 2
13,900	Sand. Ken.	12	10½	11½	+ 1½
3,200	*Sells	38	36	37	..
16,900	*Silver Pick.	12½	11	12	+ ½
4,600	U. S. Mines	[illegible]	[illegible]	⅝	..
5,800	Stand. Sil.-L.	1⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	..
21,800	Stewart	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	..
44,400	*Sup. C. M.	20½	18	20½	+ 2½
13,000	*Ton. Merger	46½	40½	41	− 2
11,200	Ton. Exten.	3⅝	[illegible]	[illegible]	− [illegible]
875	Ton. M. of N.	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	− [illegible]
8,500	Tularosa	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	..
11,500	Tri-Bullion	[illegible]	[illegible]	¼	− ⅛
36,500	Tuol. Cop.	[illegible]	[illegible]	¼	+12
1,800	Wasatch	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛	..
5,500	*W. E. Consol	75	68	73	+ 6
29,300	*W. E. Exten.	7½	5	6	− 1
4,400	Yukon G. M.	3	2⅝	3	+ ¼

*Cents per share.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
$15,000	Chi. El. n. 5s	96½	96	96	..
19,000	Con. Ariz. 5s	21	19	21	− 4
14,000	Col. G. d. 5s	53½	50	53½	..
15,000	Pierce Oil 6s	80	80	80	− 2
23,000	West. Pac. 5s	35½	33¼	35½	− 3½

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Week Ended April 17, 1915.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$21,057,000	$207,123,500
Same period last year	12,647,000	252,228,500

	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Average price 40 bonds	84.24	84.01	84.24	81.51
Same period last year	88.15	87.68	89.42	86.40

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Exp. 4s	72	72	72	2½
Alaska G. M. cv. 6s	140	130	140	472
Albany & Susq. 3½s	83⅝	83½	83½	2
Allegheny Valley 4s	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	1
Am. Ag. Ch. cv. 5s	102	101½	101½	7
Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s	92	92	92	12
Am. Cotton Oil 4½s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	13
Am. Cotton Oil 5s	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜	9
Am. Hide & L. 6s	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	23
Am. Ice Sec. 6s	89	88	88	7
Am. Smelters Sec. 6s	105	104⅝	105	5½
Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	103¼	99¼	102⅜	1,453
Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	1
Am. T. & T. col. 4s	88½	87¾	88⅜	110
Ann Arbor 4s	60	60	60	4
Armour & Co. 4½s	92⅛	91⅞	92⅛	23
A., T. & S. F. g. 4s	95	94⅛	94¼	293
A., T. & S. F. g. 4s rg.	92½	92½	92½	1
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s sta.	86	85¼	86	28½
A., T. & S. F. cv. 4s, '60	102⅜	102	102	255
A., T. & S. F. cv. 4s, '55	102½	101⅞	101⅞	237
A., T. & S. F. 5s	101	101	101	16
At. & Char. A. L. 4½s	91¼	90½	91	22
Atl. Coast L. 4s	91½	90¼	91½	42
At. C. L., L. & N. col. 4s	85¼	84	85¼	20
Baldwin Loco. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	200
B. & O. pr. l'n 3½s	91⅝	91¼	91⅝	15
B. & O. gold 4s	90½	89½	90¼	34
B. & O. cv. 4½s	87	86¼	86½	233
B. & O., P., L. E. & W. 4s	82	79	82	32
B. & O., P. J. & M. 3½s	87	87	87	5
B. & O. So'w. 3½s	89½	88½	89	34
Beth. Steel ext. 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100¼	29
Beth. Steel ref. 5s	89½	88⅜	89	422
Brook. City R. R. 5s	100½	100½	100⅛	2
Brook. R. T. gold 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	11
Brooklyn R. T. 5s, '18	99⅞	99⅜	99⅜	115
Brook. Union El. 5s	100⅜	100⅛	100⅜	15
Brook. Union Gas 5s	103½	103¼	103½	49
Bruns. & Western 4s	92⅜	92¼	92½	5
B., N. Y. & E. 1st 7s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	5
B., R. & P. con. 4½s	101	101	101	35
Bush Terminal 5s	86	85½	86	2
Bush. Term. Bldgs. 5s	85½	85	85½	4
Cal. Gas & E. 5s	93¼	93	93¼	14
Can. So. con. 5s, Ser. A	103⅛	102⅝	103⅛	10
Cent. District Tel. 5s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜	1
Central Leather 5s	99	98⅝	99	125
Central of N. J. 5s	115	115	115	2
C. R. R. & B'k'g Co. of Ga. 5s	92⅝	92¼	92¼	6
Central Pacific 1st 4s	88⅜	87⅞	88⅜	347
Cent. Pac., Thro. S. L. 4s	85½	85½	85½	2
Central Pacific 3½s	88¼	88¼	88¼	2½
Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	104	103⅝	104	17
Ches. & O. gen. 4½s	88⅛	87¼	88⅛	45
Ches. & Ohio cv. 4½s	76⅝	74⅜	76⅝	157
C. & O., R. & A. 1st con. 4s	84⅛	84	84⅛	3
Chicago & Alton 3½s	47½	45	47½	8
Chi., B. & Q. joint 4s	96⅜	96¼	96½	222
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	1
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	91½	91	91⅜	36
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 3½s	84¼	84	84	10
C., B. & Q., Neb. ext. 4s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	2
Chi. & E. Ill. gen. 5s	66¼	65	66¼	80
Chi. & E. Ill. ref. 4s	23	23	23	1
Chi. & E. Ill. con. 6s	100	98½	100	26
Chi. & Erie 1st 5s	104	104	104	1
Chi. Gt. Western 4s	72	70⅜	72	24
Chi., I. & L. ref. 6s	113	113	113	1
C., M. & St. P. ref. 4½s	90½	88⅜	90½	64
C., M. & St. P. cv. 4½s	99	96½	99	268
C., M. & St. P. cv. 5s, full paid	102⅞	102⅛	102⅜	709½
C., M. & St. P. g. 4s, Series A	91	90½	90¾	15
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4½s	101⅛	101	101⅛	27
C., M. & St. P., C., P. & W. 5s	102⅞	102⅜	102⅜	15
C., M. & Puget S. 4s	88½	88⅛	88½	17
Chi. & N. W. gen. 4s	94⅜	94½	94½	3
Chi. & N. W. gen. 5s	112⅛	111	112⅛	4
Chi. & N. W. s. f. 6s	109½	109½	109½	1
Chi. & N. W. gen. 3½s	80½	80½	80½	4
C. & N. W., St. L., P. & N. W. 5s	105	104¾	105	33
Chicago Rys. 5s	95¾	95¾	95¾	2
Chi., R. I. & P. 6s	102	102	102	1
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	85	84½	85	26
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s, reg.	82½	82½	82½	2
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s, Series N	90	90	90	1
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	71¼	70	71	242
C., R. I. & P. deb. 5s	67	64½	64¾	838
Chi., St. L. & N. O. 5s	109¼	109¼	109¼	3
C., St. P., M. & O. 6s	117	117	117	1
Chi. & W. Ind. gen. 6s	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	1
Choctaw, Okla. & G. con. 5s	97½	97½	97½	1
C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	70½	70	70	13
Clev. Short Line 4½s	93½	93½	93½	2
Col. Fuel & I. gen. 5s	89	89	89	1
Columbus & 9th Av. 5s	99	99	99	5
Colorado Ind. 5s	74⅛	71½	74⅛	21
Col. & South. 1st 4s	90	89¾	89¾	6
Col. & So. ref. 4½s	84	84	84	9
Con. Gas deb. 6s	116¼	114	116	507½
Con. C. M. ref. 5s	88¼	88¼	88¼	1
Corn P. R. 5s, '34	93½	93	93½	5
Cumb. Tel. 5s	97	96½	96½	6
Cub.-Am. S. c. t. 6s	98	96	98	2
Del. & Hud 1st r. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	74
Del. & H. d. 4s, 1916	99⅞	99¾	99¾	35
Denv. & Rio G. i. 5s	79	79	79	7
D. & R. G. con. 4½s	82¾	82¾	82¾	2
Den. & Rio G. r. 5s	48	47½	48	18
Den. & Rio G. c. 4s	75½	74⅝	75½	49
Detroit Edison 5s	103	102¾	103	5
Detroit United 4½s	75½	74	75	16
Distillers Sec. 5s	58½	50½	52	164
Dul., M. & N. gen. 5s	104½	104½	104½	1
Dul. & Iron R. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	5
Du Pont Pow. 4½s	89	88	88¾	41
East T., Va. & Ga. c. 5s	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	7
Ed. E. I. of B. 4s	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	2
Erie 1st con. 7s	106½	106½	106½	3
Erie 1st cv. 4s, S. A.	65⅜	65	65⅜	79
Erie 1st cv. 4s, S. B.	69¼	68¼	69¼	102
Erie gen. 4s	71	70	70½	22
Erie con. 4s	82½	82	82	6
Fla. C. & P. 1st c. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	1
Gen. Elec. deb. 5s	103½	103½	103½	3
Gen. motors 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼	7
Cranby Con. cv. 6s	101	100	101	127
Great Nor. ref. 4½s	99⅛	98⅞	98⅞	3
Green Bay deb. A	70	70	70	2
Green Bay deb. B	13	12¼	12½	49
Hock. Val. 4½s	94	94	94	10
Hud. & Man. r. 5s	75½	74	75½	217½
H. & M. adj. inc. 5s	27⅜	26¼	26¾	336
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1952	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	11
Ill. C., St. L. D. 3½s	80	80	80	7
Ill. Cent. 4s, 1955	83¼	83¼	83¼	2
Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	87	86⅝	87	14
I. C., C., St. L. & N. O. jt. 5s	100	99⅞	100	7
Ill. Cent., W. L. 4s	88	88	88	1
Illinois Steel 4½s	84	83⅞	84	8
Indiana Steel 5s	99⅜	99⅛	99⅛	23
Insp. Copper 6s, 1919	125½	123½	125	316½
Insp. Copper 6s, 1922	126	123	124	1,185
Interbor.-Met. 4½s	78⅝	77¾	78¼	555
Int. R. T. 1st ref. 5s	98	97⅞	98	197
Int. Mer. Mar. 4½s	42	42	42	12
Int. M. Ma. 4½s, tr. r.	45	40	45	42
Inter. Paper 6s	100½	100¼	100¼	6
Inter. Paper cv. 5s	80	79⅜	79⅜	9
Int. Steam Pump 5s	45	43	45	8
Iowa Central 1st 5s	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	1
Iowa Central ref. 4s	54¼	53	53	50
Jamest'n, F. & C. 4s	90½	90½	90½	5
Kanawha & M. 2d 5s	95¾	95¾	95¾	1
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	72⅝	72½	72½	3
Kan. City South. 5s	91½	91	91	11
Kan. City South. 3s	67½	67½	67½	14
Kan. City Term. 4s	91	90¼	90¼	2
Kentucky Central 4s	87½	87½	87½	1
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s	104	104	104	1
Kings Co. Elev. 4s	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞	5
Laclede Gas ref. 5s	100	100	100	2
Lack. Steel 5s, '23	91	91	91	3
Lack. Steel 5s, '50	71¼	69	71¼	69
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	92½	92	92	10
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	91⅜	91⅛	91⅜	46
Lake Shore 3½s	83	82½	83	7
Leh. V. of N. Y. 4½s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	3
Leh. Val. of N. Y. 4½s, reg.	99	99	99	1
Liggett & Myers 7s	123½	123⅜	123⅜	12
Liggett & Myers 5s	100¾	100½	100¾	33
Long Island gen. 4s	85¼	85¼	85¼	1
Long Island fd. 4s	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	12
Lorillard 7s	122⅞	122⅛	122¾	16
Lorillard 5s	100¼	100	100¼	18
L. & N. gen. 6s	113	113	113	1
L. & N. unif. 4s	94	93¼	93½	38
L. & N. gold 5s	106¾	106¾	106¾	1
Manhattan 4s	90	88½	89	22
Manhat. 4s, tax ex.	90	90	90	1
Mex. Petrol. cv. 6s, Series A	103	100	103	30
Mex. Petrol. cv. 6s, Series C	102	100	102	8
Mich. Central deb. 4s	81	81	81	2
Mich. State Tel. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	2
Milwaukee Gas 4s	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	2
Mil., L. S. & W., Mich. 6s	111½	111½	111½	2
M., Sp. & N. W. 5s	90⅜	90	90⅜	4
M. & S. L. ref. 4s	57	57	57	6
M., St. P. & S. S. M. con. 4s	91¾	91¼	91¼	3
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	79⅞	79¼	79¾	36
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	63	62½	62½	21
Mo., K. & T. ref. 4s	56	55⅝	56	5
Mo., K. & T. s. f. 4½s	70½	70½	70½	1
Mo., Pacific con. 6s	101½	101	101½	25
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917	94½	94½	94½	1
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1920	92½	92	92	6
Missouri Pacific 4s	53⅜	50⅝	53½	131
Mo. Pacific cv. 5s	47¼	46	46	98
Mobile & O. new 6s	110½	110½	110½	1
Mon. P. 5s, Ser. A	92	92	92	9
Morris & Essex 3½s	85	85	85	1
Nat. En. & Sta. 5s	93¼	92⅝	93¼	38
National Tube 5s	98½	98⅜	98⅜	3
N. Y. Air B. cv. 6s	98	95½	98	15
N. Y. Cen. gen. 3½s	80¼	79⅝	80¼	22
N. Y. C. deb. 4s, '34	85½	84⅜	85⅝	41
N. Y. C. deb. 6s w. i.	100⅝	100⅛	100⅝	1,834
N. Y. C. ref. & imp. 4½s	88¼	88	88¼	115
N. Y. C., M. C. col. 3½s	71⅜	71	71	34
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	72⅜	72¼	72⅜	16
N. Y., Ch. & St. L. 1st 4s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	1
N. Y. & E. 2d ext. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	10
N. Y. & E. 4th ext. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	5
N. Y. C., E. L., H. & P. 5s	102½	102	102	2
N. Y. G., E. L., H. & P. 4s	84	82⅜	84	8
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6s	110	108½	110	39½
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, '56	75	75	75	2
N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛	4
N. Y. & Q. El. L. & P. 5s	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	7
N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s	72½	72	72¼	173
N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s	51⅝	50¼	51⅜	360
N. Y., Susq. & W. 1st ref. 5s	93	90	93	3
N. Y. Tel. 4½s	97	96½	97	78
N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	75¼	75	75¼	37
Norfolk & So. 1st 5s	101	101	101	1
Norfolk & W. con. 4s	92½	92	92¼	76
Norfolk & W. gen. 6s	117⅜	117¼	117¼	2
N. & W., New Riv. 6s	119	119	119	10
Norf. & W. 10-25 yr. cv. 4s	103⅜	103½	103½	11
Norf. & W. cv. 4½s	104¼	103½	104¼	48
Norf. & W., Poca. C. & C. 4s	88⅜	88¼	88⅜	12
Northern Pacific 4s	92⅞	92⅜	92⅝	384
Northern Pacific 3s	65⅛	64⅝	65⅛	341½
Ontario Pow. s. f. 5s	94	94	94	1
Ore. & Cal. 1st 5s	100⅜	100½	100⅝	17
Ore. Short Line 6s	109	108⅝	109	8
Ore. Short Line 5s	108½	103	103	5½
Ore. Short L. ref. 4s	90⅜	90	90¼	36
O. R. R. & N. con. 4s	90¼	90	90¼	15
Pacific of Mo. 1st 4s	87½	86⅜	86¾	22½
Pacific T. & T. 5s	96⅛	96½	96⅜	66
Penn. gtd. 4½s, reg.	100	100	100	1
Penn. con. 4s, 1948	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	1
Penn. 3½s, 1915	100⅛	100	100	95½
Penn. 3½s, 1915, reg.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	2
Penn. con. 4½s, ctfs. full paid	104½	104	104¼	253
P. Gas, Chi., con. 6s	114½	114½	114½	1
P. Gas, Chi., ref. 5s	101	100⅜	101	5
P., C., C. & St. L. gtd. 4s, Series D	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	1
Poca. Collieries 5s	88	88	88	2
Public Service 5s	88⅜	87½	88⅜	12
Ry. St. S., Int.-O. 5s	91½	91½	91½	6
Ray C. C. cv. 6s	116½	112½	116½	144
Reading gen 4s	94½	93½	94½	87
Reading-J. C. col. 4s	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜	10
Rep. I. & S. 5s, 1940	94	93½	93⅝	9
Rich. & D. deb. 5s	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	1
Rio Gr. West. 1st 4s	74	73	74	14
St. L., I. M. & So. g. 5s	99	98½	98⅜	22
St. L., I. M. & S. u. & r. 4s	67	67	67	9
St. L., I. M. & S., R. & G. 4s	67	66¼	66¼	2
St. L., R. M. & P. 5s, tr. r.	82	82	82	1
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 6s	108½	108½	108½	3
St. L. & S. F. Ry. gen. 5s	100⅝	100	100⅝	2
St. L. & S. F. R. R. ref. 4s	69½	69½	69½	6
St. L. & S. F. ref. 4s, t. r., sta.	66½	66½	66½	10
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s	50	49½	49½	4
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s, t. r.	50	49	49	31
St. L. & S. F. R. R. g. 5s, t. r., sta.	47½	47½	47½	1
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	75½	75	75	10
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	62	61	62	8
St. P., M. & M. c. 4s	95	95	95	1
St P., M. & M. c. 4½s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	1
S. P., M. & M., M. e. 4s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	9
St. P., M. & M., M. C. 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼	1
San. A. & A. P. 4s	73⅝	73½	73⅝	3
Sea. A. L. g. 4s, sta.	80¼	80	80	8
Sea. Air Line ref. 4s	70	70	70	10
Sea. Air L. adj. 5s	67½	66⅝	67	78
So. Car. & Ga. 1st 5s	101	100⅝	101	6
South. Bell Tel. 5s	97⅞	97	97⅜	37½
South. Pac. col. 4s	85¼	84¾	85	58
South. Pacific cv. 4s	83⅜	82⅝	83	426
South. Pac. cv. 5s	100	99⅝	99⅞	617
South. Pac. ref. 4s	87¼	85⅝	87¼	301
So. P., S. F. T. 4s	81⅜	81¼	81½	35
South Ry. 1st 5s	99⅝	99¼	99¼	74
South. Ry. gen. 4s	67½	66⅜	67⅛	86
Texas Co. cv. 6s	100	99½	100	127
Texas & Pac. 1st 5s	94⅞	94½	94⅞	3
Third Avenue 1st 5s	107	106	107	2
Third Avenue ref. 4s	82	81⅜	81⅞	24
Third Avenue adj. 5s	78⅜	77⅜	78	75½
Tol., Peoria & W. 4s	65	63⅛	65	10
Tri-City 5s	96½	96	96⅛	30
Ulster & Del. 5s	101	101	101	3
Union Pacific 1st 4s	85⅝	85¼	85⅜	138
Union Pac. 1st 4s, reg.	94¼	94¼	94¼	1
Union Pacific ref. 4s	90⅝	90¼	90½	161½
Union Pacific cv. 4s	91	90¼	91	78
Un. R. R. of San F. 4s	46	44	44	15
U. S. Realty & Imp. 5s	74¾	74	74	6
U. S. Rubber 6s	102⅜	102¼	102⅜	20
U. S. Steel 5s	101⅞	101½	101⅞	352
U. S. Steel 5s, reg.	101⅞	101½	101⅞	6½
Virginian Ry. 1st 5s	96¼	96	96	32
Va.-Car. Chemical 5s	94¼	94¼	94¼	2
Va. Iron, C. & C. 5s	85	85	85	18
Wabash 1st 5s	100⅛	99⅞	100	22
Wabash 2d 5s	90	90	90	2
Wabash ref. 4s	29½	28½	28½	86
W. ref. 4s, Eq. tr. rcts., sta.	26	24½	25	150
W. P. Term. 1st 4s, C. t. r.	8¾	7½	8½	63
W. P. Term. 1st 4s, Col. tr. r. for C. tr. r.	7½	7½	7½	5
W., P. T. 2d 4s, Eq. tr. rcts.	⅝	⅝	⅝	5
Western Electric 5s	101½	101	101¼	11
West. Maryland 4s	70½	69⅜	69⅜	11
West'house E. & M. cv. 5s	97¼	93¼	96¾	107
Westh. E. & M. 5 p. c. notes	99⅜	99⅛	99¾	26
W. N. Y. & P. 1st 5s	102½	102	102	8
Y. N. Y. & P. gen. 4s	76¼	76⅛	76¼	6
W. Un. Tel. r. e. 4½s	92½	92½	92½	2
W. U. Tel. col. tr. 5s	97	97	97	6
West Shore 4s	92	92	92	2
West Shore 4s, reg.	89	89	89	1
Wh. & L. E. cn. 4s	65½	65	65	8
Wis. Central gen. 4s	86½	86⅜	86⅜	6

Total sales $20,679,000

Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
U. S. 3s, registered	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	½
U. S. 3s, coupon	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	1
Japanese 4½s	78	78	78	5
Jap. 4½s, 2d series	78½	78½	78½	3
Jap. 4½s, 2d ser., Ger. sta.	78½	76½	77	109
Rep. of Cuba 5s, 1904	96¼	96	96	23
Rep. of Cuba 5s, 1914	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜	2

Total sales $143,500

State Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Palisades Park 4s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	2
N. Y. State, 4¼s, '65	104½	104⅛	104½	12
N. Y. Canal 4½s	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜	1
N. Y. State 4s, 1961	100⅝	100½	100⅛	1
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1960, reg	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	10
N. Y. State 4½s	109	108¾	108¾	6
N. Y. Canal 4s, 1961	101½	101½	101½	5
Va. def. 6s, B. B. & Co. ctfs	57¾	57	57½	11

Total sales $48,000

New York City Issues.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
3½s, 1916	98¾	98¾	98¾	2
3½s, May, 1954	87½	87½	87½	4
3½s, Nov., 1954	85⅞	85⅝	85⅝	7
3½s, 1955	86	86	86	1
4s, 1957	95½	95½	95½	½
4s, 1959	96	95¾	95¾	11
4¼s, 1960	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞	73½
4¼s, 1964	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞	58½
4½s, 1963	105⅛	104¾	105⅛	18
4½s, Nov., 1957	105	104⅜	105	11

Total sales $186,500
Grand total 21,057,000

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE. Week Ended April 17, 1915

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
560	Alaska G. M.	36½	38⅝	36	38
410	Al.-Chal. Mfg.	13⅝	19	13⅝	18¼
39,740	Amal. Cop.	68	76⅜	67⅞	76½
2,220	Am. B. Sugar	46⅝	49½	46	48½
9,240	Am. Can	36	39	34½	38⅜
410	Am. C. & Fdy.	49	59¼	47⅜	57½
560	Am. Cot. Oil	50⅝	52⅝	50⅝	52¼
40	Am. H. & L.	5⅞	6	5⅝	5⅝
90	A. H. & L. pf.	32½	36⅝	32½	36
700	Am. Ice Sec.	32	34	32	33
60	Am. Linseed	12	13½	12	13½
3,470	Am. Loco	32⅝	62½	31⅜	58
11,160	Am. S. & Ref.	69⅞	73⅝	69¼	72⅞
280	Am. Sugar R.	109	111½	109	111
20	Am. T. & T.	122	122	122	122
1,670	Ana. Cop. Co.	34⅜	37	34⅛	36½
270	A., T. & S. F.	103	103¼	102	103⅛
840	Balt. & Ohio	75⅝	77⅛	75¼	76⅝
2,370	Beth. Steel	110	150¼	110	139
1,980	B. R. T.	91	92⅝	90	91½
1,120	Cal. Petrol	15½	20	15½	18⅛
180	Can. Pacific	168½	170⅜	168½	169¼
5,610	C. Leather Co.	37⅝	43¼	37	43¼
960	Ches. & Ohio	46¼	47⅞	45⅛	47
30	Chi. Gt. West.	12⅝	13	12⅝	13
1,360	C., M. & St. P.	92½	96¼	91½	95½
3,710	C., R. I. & P.	34⅞	38⅜	32⅜	36⅝
540	Chino Cop.	41½	45	40⅝	44⅜
1,660	Col. F. & I.	32⅜	36½	31	35¼
154	Consol. Gas	122	127¼	122	127
990	Corn. Pr. Ref.	12⅜	14½	12⅝	14
40	D. & R. G. pf.	14½	14½	14½	14½
80	Distillers Sec.	9⅛	9¼	9	9
2,870	Erie	27¾	29⅞	27⅝	28⅜
500	Erie 1st pf.	44⅞	45⅛	44	45⅛
3,020	Goodrich, (B. F.,) Co.	50½	53⅛	49⅛	50¼
240	Gt. North. pf.	119⅝	121	118⅝	121
2,460	Gt. Nor. Crts. for O. Prop.	36½	41⅜	36½	39½
60	Gug'h'm Exp.	56	59½	52⅝	59½
1,220	Insp. Copper	30⅛	31¼	29½	29½
6,530	Inter.-Met. V. Tr. ctfs.	16	22	15⅝	20⅛
4,740	Int.-Met. pf.	67⅜	75¼	66⅝	72⅝
30	Kan. City So.	25½	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝
460	Lehigh Valley	141½	144¼	141	143¼
755	Max. Motors	45½	57⅝	45	52
100	Max. M. 2d pf.	39	43⅝	39	39
2,300	Mex. Petrol.	74⅜	84½	73	83
794	Miami Copper	24⅜	26⅜	24	26
1,070	Mo., K. & T.	14	15	13¼	14
6,940	Mo. Pacific	14⅝	16⅝	14⅝	15⅞
20	Nat. Enam. & Stamp. Co.	15	15	15	15
480	Nat. Lead Co.	63⅜	67⅞	63¼	67
440	Nev. C. Cop.	14⅛	15½	13⅞	15½
660	N. Y. Central	88⅜	89	87¾	88⅛
820	N. Y., N. H. & H.	61⅝	65¼	60½	64⅜
20	N. Y., N. H. & H. rights	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
60	N. Y., Ont. & Western	28⅜	28½	28¼	28¼
590	Nor. Pacific	108⅜	109⅝	107⅛	109⅝
180	Pacific Mail	21¾	23¼	21½	21½
480	Penn. R. R.	109½	110¼	108⅝	110⅛
20	Peo. Gas, Chi.	120½	120½	120½	120½
430	Pitts. Coal	22½	24⅜	22½	24
330	Pr. Steel Car.	34¾	43¼	34⅜	43
460	Ray Con. Cop.	21⅜	22⅜	21¼	22¼
49,290	Reading	151⅜	153⅝	149⅞	153½
1,520	Rep. I. & S.	26⅞	34	25¾	31½
10	R. I. Co. pf.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
2,080	So. Pacific	91⅞	92⅜	91½	92⅜
240	Southern Ry.	19	19	18¼	18⅝
1,165	St'baker Co.	67⅜	68⅜	65	67
500	Tenn. Copper	32⅜	33⅜	31⅜	33⅜
760	Texas & Pac.	16⅛	16⅞	16⅛	16⅝
2,920	Third Ave.	58¼	58	53⅛	56
20	U. B. & P. Co.	5⅜	6	5⅜	6
27,540	Union Pacific	129¾	132½	129	132
1,100	U. S. Rubber	73½	74	71	71⅜
106,030	U. S. Steel	55⅜	60	55½	59⅞
2,290	Utah Copper	59⅞	66¼	59⅜	66
50	Va.-C. Chem.	28⅜	30⅜	28½	30¼
90	Wabash pf.	3	4⅛	3	4⅛
570	W. Union Tel.	66	69½	66	68½
3,050	W. E. & M.	76⅝	88½	75⅝	86⅞
331,848					

$395,000
City of Elizabeth, N. J.
4½% School Bonds
due January 1, 1955

Exempt from Federal Income Tax, and Tax Exempt in New Jersey

Coupon Bonds of $1,000 each, with privilege of registration as to principal.

Price to yield 4.20%

Clark, Dodge & Co.
51 Wall Street, New York

Exempt from Federal Income Tax; eligible for Postal Savings Funds and for the investment of Insurance Companies.

$430,000
City of Nashville, Tenn.
Coupon or Registered 5% Street Imp. Bonds
Principal and Interest April and October, payable at Irving National Bank, N. Y. City

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation	$82,950,064
Net Debt	6,365,253
Value of property owned by the City	14,638,872

Population—(1910), 110,364; (1915), 137,234

PRICES AND MATURITIES (April 1st, of the following years):

$46,000...1918 @ 101.67	$13,000...1924 @ 104.42	$13,000...1930 @ 105.97
46,000...1919 " 102.18	13,000...1925 " 104.81	14,000...1931 " 106.25
46,000...1920 " 102.67	13,000...1926 " 104.74	14,000...1932 " 106.51
13,000...1921 " 103.13	13,000...1927 " 105.07	14,000...1933 " 106.76
13,000...1922 " 103.58	13,000...1928 " 105.39	14,000...1934 " 107.00
13,000...1923 " 104.00	13,000...1929 " 105.69	14,000...1935 " 107.23

Prices yield 4.40% maturities, 1918 to 1925—4.45% 1926 to 1935

Descriptive Circular on Request.

Hornblower & Weeks 42 Broadway, N. Y.
Geo. B. Gibbons & Co. 40 Wall Street, N. Y.

Dayton Power & Light Company
6% Cumulative Preferred Stock

The earnings of this Company are double the amount required for payment of dividends on the Preferred Stock.

The control of the Company is held by very strong financial interests and the management is highly efficient.

Earnings are increasing rapidly, having doubled in the last five years.

Application will be made to list this security on the New York Stock Exchange.

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PARMELEE & CO.,
31 Nassau St., New York.
Tel. 5318 Cortlandt.

From 50 Wall St. to 20 Nassau St.

ON APRIL 26th
The Mechanics & Metals National Bank, which recently absorbed the business of the Fourth National Bank of New York, will move into the old home of the Fourth National at 20 Nassau St., which has been remodeled to meet the needs of the institution's rapidly increasing business. The new banking rooms will be open to the public on and after April 26th.

The Mechanics & Metals National Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Capital, Surplus and Profits $14,000,000
Deposits $112,000,000

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DuPont Powder Common Stock
E. W. Bliss Com. & Pfd. Stock
Fidelity-Phoenix Insurance Stock
German American Insurance Stock
Hercules Powder Common Stock
Interborough Rapid Transit (Old) Stk.
New Jersey Zinc Stock
Prairie Pipe Line Stock
Phelps Dodge & Co. Stock
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60 Wall St. Phone 5980 Hanover. N. Y.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Week Ended April 17, 1915.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	5,952,186	28,673,094
Same period last year	2,112,711	25,794,244

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks	71.79	67.56	71.61	58.99
Same period last year	69.07	67.23	73.30	67.23

Range Year 1915.									
High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Sales.
96	Apr. 13	80	Jan. 22	ADAMS EXPRESS.	96	96	96	+4½	100
38⅞	Apr. 16	26⅛	Jan. 7	Alaska Gold Mines..	38⅞	36	38	+1¾	32,300
19	Apr. 17	7¾	Jan. 12	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	19	13½	19	+5¼	56,435
56	Apr. 9	33	Feb. 10	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. pf	55	51½	55	+3⅞	16,455
76¼	Apr. 17	50⅝	Feb. 24	Amalgamated Cop...	76¼	67½	76	+8	368,580
56½	Apr. 13	48	Jan. 4	Am. Agr. Chemical.	56½	52	54½	+2½	6,450
93	Apr. 16	90	Mar. 27	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	93	91	93	+3	400
47¼	Apr. 10	33¼	Jan. 6	Am. Beet Sugar.....	49¼	45¾	48	+1¾	150
86¾	Mar. 22	83	Feb. 1	Am. Beet Sugar pf..	..	..	85	..	....
92¼	Mar. 22	87⅛	Feb. 25	Am. Brake S. & F.	..	..	91	..	....
137¾	Jan. 22	132½	Mar. 25	Am. Brake S. & F. pf	136	136	136	..	100
39	Apr. 17	25	Feb. 24	Am. Can	39	34½	38⅝	+2⅝	188,950
99	Apr. 13	91½	Jan. 5	Am. Can pf	99	97⅛	98½	..	5,600
59¼	Apr. 16	40	Feb. 23	Am. Car & Foundry.	59¼	48	57½	+8	35,560
115½	Apr. 15	112	Feb. 23	Am. Car & Fdy. pf..	115½	115½	115½	+2	200
60	Jan. 12	46¼	Apr. 7	Am. Cities pf.	..	..	46¼	..	....
102	Apr. 12	82	Jan. 20	Am. Coal Products..	102	99	99	−2	1,822
109	Apr. 8	109	Apr. 8	Am. Coal Prod. pf..	109	107	109	..	95
52¾	Apr. 16	39	Jan. 4	Am. Cotton Oil	52¾	49½	51¼	+1¾	16,410
97⅞	Apr. 10	97½	Jan. 8	Am. Cotton Oil pf...	..	..	97⅞	..	....
96	Apr. 17	83	Mar. 1	Am. Express	96	95	96	+2	410
7	Apr. 17	4⅜	Feb. 19	Am. Hide & Leather	7	6	6¾	+¾	8,940
39	Apr. 17	19¾	Jan. 5	Am. Hide & L. pf...	39	30⅛	39	+7¾	26,500
34¼	Apr. 14	20⅝	Jan. 4	Am. Ice Securities..	34¼	32	33	+¾	20,600
13½	Apr. 17	7¼	Jan. 2	Am. Linseed	13½	10⅜	13½	+2¼	16,610
34¼	Apr. 16	24	Jan. 5	Am. Linseed pf	34¼	29¼	33⅝	+2¾	4,400
68	Apr. 16	19	Mar. 2	Am. Locomotive	68	31¼	56¼	+23¼	162,795
100⅛	Apr. 16	75	Mar. 6	Am. Locomotive pf.	100⅛	92	99¼	+10¼	2,000
6	Jan. 22	3⅞	Apr. 14	Am. Malt	4⅝	3⅞	4	−⅞	1,025
32½	Mar. 31	26	Apr. 14	Am. Malt pf	29¼	26	26	−2¼	440
73¾	Apr. 15	56	Jan. 2	Am. Smelt. & Ref...	73¾	69⅛	72⅞	+2⅞	62,375
105⅛	Apr. 14	100	Jan. 4	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf.	105⅛	104⅜	104⅜	−⅝	1,450
80⅝	Feb. 3	78	Jan. 19	Am. Smelters pf. B.	80⅝	78½	80⅝	+2⅝	400
155	Jan. 29	144	Jan. 16	Am. Snuff	..	..	154	..	....
106	Feb. 1	103	Jan. 19	Am. Snuff pf	105	105	105	+1	100
37	Apr. 17	24⅛	Mar. 5	Am. Steel Foundries	37	31½	37	+4	4,480
112	Apr. 17	99½	Feb. 24	Am. Sugar Refining.	112	107½	111	+2	19,227
114½	Jan. 29	109	Feb. 5	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	114½	114	114	+2	200
60¾	Apr. 9	58	Mar. 18	Am. Tel. & Cable...	60	60	60	−¾	145
123¾	Apr. 17	116	Jan. 4	Am. Tel. & Tel....	123¾	119⅝	123¼	+2½	31,675
234¾	Jan. 29	220	Jan. 4	Am. Tobacco	233	230	232½	+2½	2,355
108	Mar. 8	103¼	Jan. 4	Am. Tob. pf., new..	107	106½	107	−¼	400
24	Apr. 17	15¾	Mar. 6	Am. Woolen	24	19	24	+5¼	2,400
84¾	Mar. 18	77¼	Feb. 27	Am. Woolen pf.	83⅝	82¼	83⅝	+⅞	700
13	Apr. 17	7	Feb. 18	Am. Writing P. pf..	13	13	13	+3	100
36⅞	Apr. 15	24¾	Feb. 24	Anaconda Copper...	36⅞	34	36¼	+1¾	107,450
9	Apr. 10	5	Jan. 4	Assets Realization..	6¾	6¾	6¾	−2¼	260
104	Apr. 10	92½	Feb. 24	Atch., T. & S. F....	103½	102	102½	−⅝	30,575
99⅞	Apr. 9	96	Jan. 5	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	99¼	98½	98½	−½	1,655
112	Apr. 13	98	Mar. 1	Atlantic Coast Line.	112	108	110	+4	1,400
55½	Apr. 17	26⅝	Mar. 3	BALDWIN LOCO...	55½	38¾	54	+15¼	37,920
103½	Jan. 15	92	Mar. 9	Baldwin Loco. pf...	102	102	102	+2	100
77¼	Apr. 14	63¾	Feb. 25	Baltimore & Ohio...	77¼	75⅛	76¾	+⅞	42,373
73¼	Jan. 20	67	Feb. 23	Baltimore & Ohio pf	71¼	70½	71	−⅛	4,259
2	Apr. 17	½	Feb. 5	Batopilas Mining....	2	⅞	1⅝	+⅞	6,675
155	Apr. 13	46¼	Jan. 2	Bethlehem Steel	155	107	137½	+29½	98,200
113	Apr. 8	91	Jan. 2	Bethlehem Steel pf.	112	107	111	+1⅛	7,300
92½	Apr. 15	84½	Jan. 6	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	92½	90	91⅛	+½	26,600
130	Apr. 17	118	Jan. 5	Brooklyn Union Gas	130	129	130	+1¾	925
26⅛	Apr. 17	26⅛	Apr. 17	Brown Shoe	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	..	100
6	Apr. 6	4¼	Mar. 12	Brunswick Term.	5	5	5	..	50
*90	Apr. 1	*90	Apr. 1	Buff., R. & Pitts...	..	..	*90	..	....
32¼	Apr. 15	27	Feb. 4	Butterick Co.	32¼	30	31	+1	1,200
21⅜	Feb. 8	12¾	Apr. 1	CAL. PETROLEUM	20⅛	15½	17½	+1⅛	26,500
54¾	Feb. 8	38	Apr. 6	Cal. Petroleum pf...	47½	42	45	+1¾	2,900
*56½	Feb. 13	*56½	Feb. 13	Canada Southern...	..	..	*56½	..	....
170¼	Apr. 14	153¼	Mar. 1	Canadian Pacific....	170¼	167⅝	169½	+⅛	22,950
83¼	Apr. 16	77	Mar. 1	Case (J. I.) Co. pf..	83¼	80	83¼	+3¼	200
43	Apr. 17	32⅝	Feb. 20	Cent. Leather Co...	43	36⅞	43	+6	93,800
104	Jan. 27	100⅜	Jan. 7	Cent. Leath. Co. pf.	103½	103	103½	+½	2,410
325	Jan. 22	324	Jan. 22	Cent. R. R. of N. J.	..	..	325	..	....
*118	Mar. 10	*110	Jan. 6	Cent. & S. A. Tel...	..	..	*118	..	....
47½	Apr. 15	40	Feb. 23	Chesapeake & Ohio.	47½	45⅝	46½	+½	14,050
9⅝	Jan. 27	9	Apr. 10	Chicago & Alton....	..	..	9	..	....
11⅛	Feb. 27	11⅛	Feb. 27	Chicago & Alton pf.	..	..	11⅛	..	....
13	Apr. 10	10¼	Jan. 4	Chicago Great West.	12⅞	12¼	12⅞	+⅛	3,250
35⅝	Apr. 13	27	Jan. 11	Chi. Gt. West. pf...	35⅝	34	34	−⅜	9,225
96	Apr. 17	83¼	Feb. 24	Chi., Mil. & St. P...	96	91½	95¼	+3	38,430
130	Jan. 22	123	Feb. 25	C., M. & St. P. pf...	127¼	126¼	127¼	+⅝	900
132	Apr. 15	121	Mar. 3	Chi. & Northwest...	132	128⅝	130	+1	3,000
*175	Jan. 30	*166	Feb. 10	Chi. & Northwest pf	..	..	*170	..	....
39	Apr. 10	18¼	Mar. 1	Chi., R. I. & P.....	38⅝	32¾	37	+1¾	230,656
*114	Apr. 8	*114	Apr. 8	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	..	..	*114	..	....
45	Apr. 15	32¾	Jan. 6	Chino Copper	45	40½	44⅝	+4⅛	72,500
31	Apr. 9	25	Feb. 23	C., C., C. & St. L...	31	31	31	..	100
65	Apr. 1	58⅛	Feb. 17	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	..	..	60	..	....
*159	Apr. 15	*159	Apr. 15	Cleve. & Pittsburgh.	159	159	159	..	25
102	Mar. 15	98	Jan. 20	Cluett, Pea. & Co. pf	101	100	100	−1	700
36½	Apr. 16	21¾	Jan. 5	Colorado Fuel & I..	36½	30¾	34¾	+2⅜	41,860
32	Apr. 8	24	Mar. 15	Col. & Southern....	31½	31	31½	−½	200
54¼	Apr. 5	45	Jan. 18	Col. & So. 1st pf....	54	52⅞	54	−¼	300
49½	Apr. 3	37	Jan. 18	Col. & So. 2d pf....	..	..	48	..	....
129¼	Apr. 17	113¾	Jan. 4	Consolidated Gas....	129¼	121⅛	129	+7¼	14,400
65½	Apr. 5	40¼	Jan. 4	Continental Can	62½	61	62	−1⅜	2,520
97	Apr. 6	88½	Jan. 5	Continental Can pf..	94⅝	94½	94¾	−1⅝	2,111
14⅜	Apr. 16	8	Jan. 2	Corn Products Ref.	14⅜	12⅞	14	+⅞	43,653
78¼	Apr. 16	65	Jan. 5	Corn Prod. Ref. pf..	78¼	73½	77	+3	5,132
*45	Feb. 24	*45	Feb. 24	Crex Carpet	..	..	*45	..	....
70	Apr. 5	38	Jan. 25	Cuban-Am. Sugar...	63	58	63	+3	2,662
95	Mar. 24	93	Mar. 10	Cuban-Am. Sug. pf.	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	−⅛	100
89	Feb. 11	86	Apr. 8	DEERE & CO. pf...	87	87	87	+¼	100
152	Jan. 18	142	Jan. 4	Del. & Hudson.....	152	150	151	..	1,400
429¾	Apr. 10	399⅞	Jan. 6	Del., Lack. & West.	..	..	429¾	..	....
8	Apr. 9	4	Jan. 12	Den. & Rio Grande.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	−⅜	100
15½	Mar. 31	6½	Jan. 7	Den. & Rio G. pf...	14¾	14½	14½	−¼	1,050
7¼	Apr. 9	4	Feb. 3	Des M. & Ft. Dodge	..	..	7¼	..	....
29½	Mar. 4	29½	Mar. 4	Des. M. & Ft. D. pf.	..	..	29½	..	....
114¼	Mar. 10	112	Feb. 2	Detroit Edison	114¾	114	114¾	..	15
61	Apr. 15	52¼	Apr. 1	Detroit United Ry..	61	61	61	+8¾	130
13¾	Jan. 25	5½	Mar. 2	Distillers' Securities.	10⅞	9	9	−¼	8,200
5	Jan. 11	4	Feb. 5	Dul., S. S. & Atl...	..	..	3¾	..	....
10	Jan. 18	7	Jan. 18	Dul., S. S. & Atl. pf.	10	9	9	+½	200
91	Apr. 7	90¾	Apr. 14	Du Pont Powder pf.	90¾	90¾	90¾	−¼	100
29	Apr. 15	19⅞	Feb. 24	ERIE	29	27⅝	28¾	+¾	115,400
45¼	Apr. 10	32¼	Feb. 24	Erie 1st pf	45¼	43¾	44⅞	+⅛	19,300
36¼	Apr. 17	27	Feb. 25	Erie 2d pf	36¼	35	36¼	+1⅛	1,900
12	Apr. 15	8	Mar. 24	FED. MIN. & SM...	12	9½	12	+2	400
32½	Apr. 17	20	Mar. 13	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf.	32½	30	32½	+1½	1,000
205	Apr. 14	165	Jan. 26	GEN. CHEMICAL..	205	202½	202½	+10½	536
108⅜	Feb. 10	106	Mar. 1	Gen. Chemical pf...	107½	107½	107½	..	500
154⅞	Apr. 17	138	Mar. 3	General Electric	154⅞	149	154¼	+4¼	12,885
150	Apr. 10	82	Jan. 2	General Motors	149	141	143½	−1¾	10,650
105¾	Apr. 13	90⅝	Jan. 4	General Motors pf..	105¾	101¼	101¼	+¾	3,025
53¾	Apr. 9	24½	Jan. 7	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	53	49	50¼	−1¼	78,110
102¾	Apr. 8	95	Jan. 14	Goodrich (B.F.)Co.pf	102	101¾	102	−¾	450
121⅛	Apr. 16	112¾	Jan. 2	Great Northern pf..	121⅛	118¾	120⅝	+¾	20,218
41⅜	Apr. 13	25¼	Jan. 2	Gt.N.cfs.for ore prop	41⅜	36¼	39⅛	+2¾	156,100
59¾	Apr. 16	45⅛	Jan. 7	Guggenheim Expl'n.	59¾	55⅞	59	+2¼	39,000
*79	Apr. 5	*71	Mar. 13	HAV. EL.RY.,L.&P.	..	..	*79	..	....
112	Jan. 20	112	Jan. 20	Helme (G. W.) pf..	..	..	112	..	....
118	Apr. 10	112	Apr. 15	Hocking Valley	112	112	112	−6	100
116	Feb. 24	116	Feb. 24	Homestake Mining..	116½	116	116½	..	23
110	Jan. 22	102½	Mar. 11	ILLINOIS CENT...	109¼	108⅝	109¼	+¼	800
31¼	Apr. 13	16⅝	Jan. 2	Inspiration Copper..	31¼	29½	30¼	+⅛	92,900
22	Apr. 15	10⅝	Jan. 16	Inter.-Met. vot. t. c.	22	15⅞	20⅞	+4¾	281,075
75⅝	Apr. 15	49	Jan. 19	Inter.-Met. pf.	75⅝	66⅞	72⅞	+4⅜	114,325
7⅞	Apr. 3	5½	Mar. 31	Int. Agricultural....	..	..	7	..	....
14	Mar. 30	8	Mar. 15	Int. Agricultural pf.	..	..	14	..	....
103	Apr. 12	90½	Mar. 5	Int. Harv., N. J....	103	99	99	−2½	2,500
117	Jan. 9	112	Mar. 24	Int. Harv., N. J., pf.	..	..	114	..	....
80	Apr. 10	55	Feb. 20	Int. Harv. Corp.....	..	..	80	..	....
114	Jan. 14	90½	Mar. 6	Int. Harv. Corp. pf.	100½	100	100	..	200
10⅞	Apr. 17	8	Jan. 6	International Paper.	10⅞	9¼	10⅞	+1¼	5,400
42	Apr. 17	33	Feb. 24	Internat. Paper pf..	42	38½	41½	+2⅝	5,950
5¾	Apr. 17	⅞	Mar. 3	Int. Steam Pump...	5¾	1⅞	5¾	+3⅞	8,865
15	Apr. 16	5	Jan. 4	Int. Steam Pump pf.	15	9	15	+7	800
10	Feb. 16	6	Feb. 4	Iowa Central	..	..	7	..	....
18	Feb. 13	18	Feb. 13	Iowa Central pf....	..	..	18	..	....
65	Feb. 4	65	Feb. 4	K. C., FT. S. & M.pf	..	..	65	..	....
26⅛	Apr. 10	20⅝	Feb. 24	Kan. City Southern.	25¾	24½	25⅜	−⅝	5,000
60	Apr. 10	54⅞	Feb. 24	Kansas City So. pf.	59⅝	58⅝	59	−¾	1,400
83½	Apr. 17	77½	Feb. 20	Kayser (Julius) & Co	83½	83½	83½	+½	100
108¾	Mar. 25	107	Jan. 13	Kayser(Julius)1st pf.	..	..	108¾	..	....
*6½	Feb. 15	*6½	Feb. 15	Keokuk & Des M...	..	..	*6½	..	....
*122	Apr. 14	*120¼	Mar. 22	Kings Co. E. L. & P.	122	122	122	..	10
126½	Apr. 7	99	Jan. 18	Kresge (S. S.) Co...	125	123	123½	+½	600
109	Apr. 15	105¼	Feb. 15	Kresge (S. S.) Co. pf	109	109	109	+1	400
43	Apr. 17	28	Jan. 7	LACK. STEEL.....	43	33	40½	+2½	7,850
106	Apr. 13	92⅞	Jan. 15	Laclede Gas	106	100	105	+6	2,900
8¾	Apr. 15	5	Jan. 5	Lake Erie & West..	8¾	7¾	8¾	+¾	700
22	Apr. 15	20	Apr. 5	Lake Erie & W. pf..	22	21	22	+⅜	600
144½	Apr. 15	129¼	Feb. 24	Lehigh Valley	144½	141	143⅝	+1⅝	17,280
225¼	Apr. 14	207	Jan. 9	Liggett & Myers....	225¼	224	224	−½	800
119½	Jan. 21	113¾	Jan. 5	Liggett & Myers pf.	117⅛	117	117	..	300
39	Jan. 20	30	Jan. 11	Long Island	36	36	36	+3	100
31	Jan. 11	16	Feb. 17	Loose-Wiles Biscuit.	23	22	22	−¼	425
105⅛	Jan. 13	86	Feb. 20	Loose-W. Bis. 1st pf	97¾	97¾	97¾	+2¾	110
65	Mar. 11	60⅛	Apr. 8	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf.	62½	62½	62½	+1½	100
184	Mar. 8	165½	Jan. 6	Lorillard (P.) Co...	175	175	175	−5	100
118	Jan. 19	112¼	Jan. 6	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf	117	117	117	..	100
124¾	Apr. 17	110	Mar. 1	Louis. & Nashville..	124¾	120½	124¾	+3¾	2,000
79½	Apr. 9	72⅝	Jan. 11	MACKAY COS......	81½	81½	81½	..	50
69¾	Jan. 19	65	Feb. 25	Mackay Cos. pf.....	68⅞	68	68⅞	−⅛	400
2	Feb. 9	2	Feb. 9	Manhattan Beach...	..	..	2	..	....
128	Jan. 20	127	Mar. 31	Manhattan El. gtd..	..	..	128	..	....
51	Jan. 29	50	Jan. 28	Manhattan Shirt	..	..	50	..	....
101½	Feb. 4	101½	Feb. 4	Manhattan Shirt pf.	..	..	101½	..	....
58	Apr. 14	15¼	Jan. 6	Maxwell Motors.....	58	44½	52⅛	+5⅛	83,850
87¾	Apr. 14	43¼	Jan. 2	Max. Motors 1st pf.	87¾	81⅞	82¾	−2¼	20,155
43⅞	Apr. 14	18	Jan. 6	Max. Motors 2d pf..	43⅞	38¾	39⅝	−⅜	29,500
56	Mar. 2	41⅛	Apr. 17	May Dept. Stores....	47¼	41⅞	41⅞	−5⅝	1,450
98½	Mar. 15	95	Apr. 14	May Dept. Stores pf.	95	95	95	−1½	100
85	Apr. 16	51	Jan. 9	Mexican Petroleum.	85	72¾	83⅜	+8⅞	115,150
83⅛	Apr. 15	67	Jan. 15	Mex. Petroleum pf..	83⅛	79½	83	+5	2,400
26¾	Apr. 15	17¼	Jan. 6	Miami Copper	26¾	24	25¾	+1⅛	53,855
*100	Feb. 8	*100	Feb. 8	Michigan Central...	..	..	*100	..	....
19⅝	Feb. 15	10½	Jan. 11	Minn. & St. Louis...	17	16¼	16½	..	1,485
49	Feb. 15	25	Jan. 18	Minn. & St. L. pf...	41¼	40½	41	..	670
120¾	Apr. 15	106	Jan. 4	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	120¾	119¼	120¾	+⅞	2,650
131	Apr. 17	126	Jan. 14	M., St.P. & S.S.M.pf.	131	128	131	..	300
75	Mar. 3	75	Mar. 3	M., S.P. & S.S.M. l.l.	77½	77½	77½	..	50
15	Apr. 15	7⅞	Jan. 4	Mo., Kan. & Texas.	15	13	13⅞	..	28,750
40	Apr. 5	26	Jan. 4	Mo., Kan. & T. pf...	39	35	36	−1	2,800
16⅞	Apr. 12	6⅜	Jan. 8	Missouri Pacific	16⅞	14¼	16	+1⅝	110,850
54½	Mar. 29	42	Jan. 4	Montana Power	58½	50¾	52	..	4,150
103	Apr. 15	99	Jan. 29	Montana Power pf..	103	101	102	+1	1,150
112½	Apr. 6	112	Apr. 16	Montgom. W. & Co.pf	112	112	112	−½	100
168	Mar. 15	167½	Mar. 16	Morris & Essex	..	..	168	..	....
126	Jan. 27	121	Apr. 7	NASH., C. & ST. L.	125	123	125	+4	350
132	Jan. 22	116	Apr. 3	National Biscuit....	125	121	121	−4	800
126	Jan. 28	120⅛	Feb. 19	National Biscuit pf.	122	121	121	−¾	400
80½	Mar. 31	68	Mar. 25	Nat. Cloak & Suit..	76	72	72½	−¾	1,740
106⅛	Apr. 16	100¼	Mar. 27	Nat. C. & S. pf.....	106⅛	103⅛	106	+3¼	700
16⅜	Apr. 13	9½	Jan. 4	Nat. Enamel. & S...	16⅜	14½	15¾	+1⅜	12,200
80⅛	Mar. 29	79	Apr. 1	Nat. Enam. & S. pf.	80	80	80	+1	250
67¾	Apr. 16	44	Jan. 4	Nat. Lead	67¾	62½	67⅛	+3¼	38,120
109⅞	Apr. 13	104¾	Jan. 4	Nat. Lead pf.	109⅞	109	109⅝	−⅛	600
23	Jan. 5	23	Jan. 5	Nat. Ry. of M. 1st pf	..	..	23	..	....
6⅛	Apr. 13	4⅞	Jan. 23	Nat. Ry. of M. 2d pf	6⅛	6	6⅛	+⅛	400
15½	Apr. 15	11¾	Feb. 24	Nevada Con. Cop...	15½	14	15⅛	+1	25,355
98	Apr. 17	56½	Feb. 26	New York Air Brake	98	71	93¾	+22⅝	16,090
92¾	Jan. 22	81½	Mar. 1	New York Central.	89¼	87	88¼	−½	18,350
36½	Apr. 9	32	Mar. 30	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	..	..	36½	..	....
*116	Apr. 5	*112	Feb. 2	N. Y., Lack. & W...	..	..	*116	..	....
65½	Apr. 16	43	Feb. 25	N. Y., N. H. & H...	65½	61	64⅝	+3⅛	24,300
29¾	Apr. 1	21¾	Jan. 6	N. Y., O. & West...	29	27	28¼	−⅜	4,024
25	Feb. 15	25	Feb. 15	Norfolk Southern...	..	..	25	..	....
105	Apr. 9	99½	Jan. 4	Norf. & West......	105	104⅛	104⅞	+⅝	3,700
85½	Jan. 26	85	Jan. 27	Norfolk & West. pf.	..	..	85⅛	..	....
77	Apr. 17	64	Jan. 19	North American....	77	66¼	76½	+6¾	11,700
*84¾	Jan. 27	*84¾	Jan. 27	Northern Central...	..	..	*84¾	..	....
110	Apr. 10	99½	Feb. 24	Northern Pacific....	109¾	107¼	109⅝	+1⅛	32,475
4	Apr. 17	2	Feb. 23	ONTARIO SILV. M.	4	2⅞	4	+1½	4,135
67	Apr. 1	63	Apr. 16	PACIFIC COAST...	63	63	63	−4	100
22¾	Apr. 13	18	Mar. 17	Pacific Mail	23¾	21	21	−½	4,100
39½	Apr. 16	26⅛	Feb. 11	Pacific Tel. & Tel..	39½	28	37	+9¾	4,170
*91	Mar. 26	*88	Feb. 15	Pacific T. & T. pf..	..	..	*91	..	....
110⅛	Apr. 17	103⅜	Feb. 24	Pennsylvania R. R..	110⅛	108½	110⅛	+⅝	13,182
123½	Apr. 3	117⅞	Feb. 24	People's Gas, Chi...	120¼	119	120¼	+⅜	2,695
11	Apr. 15	4	Jan. 5	Peoria & Eastern...	11	8½	11	+4⅛	900
15	Mar. 5	15	Mar. 5	Pettibone-Mulliken..	16	16	16	..	50
81	Apr. 10	71	Apr. 7	Philadelphia Co.	79	77	77	−3	430
72	Jan. 18	68	Mar. 15	Pitts., C., C. & St.L.	70	70	70	−2	100
24⅝	Apr. 17	15¼	Jan. 4	Pittsburgh Coal	24⅝	22	24	+2	26,820
98	Feb. 10	81⅝	Jan. 4	Pittsburgh Coal pf..	95⅞	93	94	−¼	4,600
*158	Jan. 22	*158	Jan. 22	Pitts., Ft. W. & C..	..	..	*158	..	....
*75	Feb. 1	*75	Feb. 1	Pittsburgh Steel pf.	..	..	*75	..	....
45	Apr. 17	25	Mar. 6	Pressed Steel Car...	45	34¼	44⅞	+10⅝	22,500
102¼	Jan. 25	86	Mar. 10	Pressed Steel Car pf	94	94	94	−2⅝	300
106	Jan. 13	104	Apr. 13	Pub. S. Corp., N. J.	105¼	104	105¼	−¾	300
156¼	Apr. 17	150⅛	Mar. 12	Pullman Co.	156¼	155	156¼	+¼	900
1⅞	Jan. 12	¼	Mar. 15	QUICKSILVER	⅝	⅜	½	−⅛	2,900
2¼	Jan. 22	¾	Mar. 29	Quicksilver pf.	2	1¼	1⅜	−⅛	3,700
36	Apr. 17	19	Mar. 6	RY. STEEL SP'G..	36	26	35¼	+8¾	18,550
90	Apr. 15	86½	Apr. 12	Ry. Steel Spring pf.	90	86½	90	+3	300
23	Apr. 16	15¼	Jan. 2	Ray Con. Copper....	23	21	22¼	+1	49,900
153⅞	Jan. 22	140⅛	Feb. 24	Reading	153½	149⅝	152⅞	+⅝	258,200
86½	Jan. 11	85	Mar. 8	Reading 1st pf.....	..	..	85½	..	....
85½	Feb. 2	80	Feb. 23	Reading 2d pf	85	85	85	..	200
34½	Apr. 16	19	Feb. 1	Rep. Iron & Steel...	34½	24¾	32	+5¼	61,310
88¼	Apr. 16	72	Jan. 30	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	88¼	83	86⅝	+2½	4,150
1⅛	Apr. 9	½	Mar. 25	Rock Island Co.....	1⅛	⅝	¾	−¼	5,400
2½	Apr. 9	⅞	Mar. 23	Rock Island Co. pf..	1½	1	1	−½	12,800
5¼	Apr. 9	⅞	Jan. 22	Rumely (M.) Co....	4⅜	3⅜	4	−½	4,800
16	Jan. 5	2½	Jan. 20	Rumely (M.) Co. pf.	10⅝	8	8	−3	2,900
4	Apr. 12	1¾	Mar. 22	ST. LOUIS & S. F..	4	3¼	3¾	+¼	4,450
11⅜	Mar. 31	10	Jan. 25	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	11	11	11	+½	100
8	Mar. 31	3	Jan. 18	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	7¼	7	7	+1	750
17⅞	Mar. 30	15	Feb. 15	St. Louis Southw'n.	..	..	17	..	....
37	Jan. 21	33	Mar. 23	St. L. Southw'n pf..	36¼	34	34½	−½	900
16¼	Apr. 8	11¼	Jan. 4	Seaboard Air Line..	16	15⅛	15¾	+¼	4,250
42	Apr. 10	32	Feb. 25	Seaboard Air L. pf..	41½	39¾	39¾	−1	3,150
209½	Feb. 1	131¾	Mar. 17	Sears, Roe. & Co...	140⅝	138⅝	139½	+½	1,550
125½	Feb. 19	121⅛	Jan. 4	Sears, Roe. & Co. pf	123⅛	123⅛	123⅛	−1⅛	100
42	Apr. 16	24	Jan. 6	Sloss-Shef. S. & I.Co	42	34	41¼	+6¼	5,700
55	Apr. 14	44	Apr. 7	So. Porto R. Sugar..	55	46	55	+11	600
93½	Apr. 12	89⅝	Feb. 4	So. Porto R. Sug. pf	93½	93½	93½	+4⅛	100
93⅝	Apr. 10	81¼	Feb. 5	Southern Pacific	92⅞	91⅛	92½	+½	92,547
104⅞	Apr. 12	94⅞	Feb. 20	Southern Pac. t. c...	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	+2	100
19⅜	Apr. 9	12⅜	Feb. 24	Southern Ry.	19¼	18¼	18⅞	−⅛	16,010
63	Jan. 26	48	Feb. 25	Southern Ry. pf	61½	58½	58½	+2⅞	2,195
55⅝	Apr. 6	43½	Feb. 23	Standard Milling....	54¼	54	54	−1	350
73	Mar. 22	66	Feb. 17	Standard Milling pf.	70	70	70	..	40
69¼	Apr. 9	35¾	Jan. 2	Studebaker Co.	68⅞	64	66½	−1	42,326
102⅜	Apr. 8	91	Jan. 2	Studebaker Co. pf..	101	99½	99½	−1½	1,370
33¾	Apr. 16	25½	Feb. 24	TENNESSEE COP.	33¾	31⅝	33½	+¾	14,900
144	Apr. 9	123¾	Feb. 24	Texas Co.	141	137½	139	−½	2,500
16⅞	Apr. 14	11	Jan. 11	Texas & Pacific.....	16⅞	15½	16	+½	5,900
*98	Apr. 17	*98	Apr. 17	Texas Pac. land tr..	98	98	98	..	66
58	Apr. 15	35	Jan. 2	Third Avenue	58	53	55½	+2	45,760
102½	Apr. 16	100½	Apr. 15	Tobacco Products pf	102½	100½	102	..	3,300
2½	Mar. 31	1	Jan. 6	Toledo, St. L. & W.	..	..	2½	..	....
9⅜	Jan. 23	6	Jan. 6	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	7	7	7	..	500
99½	Jan. 14	95⅝	Feb. 25	Twin City R. T.....	98½	97½	98½	+1½	520
68	Apr. 13	55	Feb. 18	UNDER. TYPE....	68	68	68	+2	100
100	Mar. 10	100	Mar. 10	Underwood Type. pf.	..	..	100	..	....
7¼	Apr. 6	4⅜	Jan. 4	Union Bag & Paper.	7	6	6¾	−¼	4,200
30⅞	Apr. 6	25¼	Mar. 27	Union Bag & P. pf..	30	28½	30	..	1,100
132⅝	Apr. 14	115¾	Jan. 2	Union Pacific	132⅝	129	132	+1½	220,650
81¾	Feb. 26	79	Mar. 1	Union Pacific pf....	81	80	80½	−¼	5,675
30	Apr. 14	27¼	Feb. 24	Union Pacific war..	30	30	30	+⅝	314
50	Apr. 15	42	Jan. 25	United Cigar Mfrs..	50	47⅝	49¾	+2¾	1,200
105	Feb. 11	102¼	Feb. 1	United Cigar Mfrs.pf	104½	104	104½	+1½	200
66¼	Apr. 15	48½	Jan. 12	United Dry Goods pf	66¼	60	65¾	+9¾	300
14¼	Jan. 20	8	Jan. 5	United Rys. Invest..	14¼	12	12	−1	4,600
35	Jan. 19	21¼	Mar. 13	United Rys. Inv. pf.	34	31¼	31¼	−1¾	4,000
14⅞	Apr. 17	8	Jan. 8	U. S. Cast I., P. & F.	14⅞	11	14⅞	+2⅞	1,210
45	Apr. 13	32½	Mar. 3	U. S. C.-I., P. & F.pf	45	42	44	+1	1,050
78¼	Mar. 9	65	Apr. 10	U. S. Express.......	68	68	68	+3	100
27½	Apr. 14	15	Jan. 27	U. S. Ind. Alcohol...	27½	27¼	27½	+½	200
80⅞	Apr. 16	70	Jan. 26	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf	80⅞	79	80	+1	1,350
50	Jan. 12	36	Feb. 11	U. S. Realty & Imp.	44	44	44	−4½	100
2¾	Apr. 10	1	Apr. 9	U. S. Red. & Ref. pf	2½	1½	1½	−1¼	500
74¾	Apr. 14	51⅞	Jan. 2	U. S. Rubber	74¾	70¾	71¾	+1¼	69,170
110	Apr. 9	101⅜	Feb. 24	U. S. Rubber 1st pf..	109	107	107¾	+1	2,628
76½	Feb. 1	76½	Feb. 1	U. S. Rubber 2d pf..	..	..	76½	..	....
60	Apr. 17	38	Feb. 1	U. S. Steel	60	55⅝	59¾	+3¾	708,334
109½	Apr. 9	102	Feb. 1	U. S. Steel pf.......	109	108¼	109	..	5,400
66½	Apr. 16	48½	Jan. 6	Utah Copper	66½	58½	66⅜	+6½	156,155
30¾	Apr. 16	15	Jan. 4	VA.-CARO. CHEM..	30¾	25½	29½	+3⅝	5,100
95	Apr. 17	80	Jan. 6	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	95	90	95	+4	800
45	Apr. 13	36½	Feb. 11	Va. Iron, Coal & C..	45	44	45	+3	600
10	Apr. 17	5	Jan. 21	Vulcan Detinning...	10	10	10	+5	140
21	Jan. 22	21	Jan. 22	Vulcan Det. pf......	..	..	21	..	....
1⅝	Jan. 22	⅝	Feb. 24	WABASH	1⅝	1⅜	1½	..	4,150
4	Apr. 14	1⅜	Feb. 24	Wabash pf.	4	3	4	+1	2,550
100	Apr. 14	77⅛	Jan. 6	Wells Fargo Exp....	100	97	100	+3	450
26⅞	Apr. 12	9¼	Jan. 4	Western Maryland..	26⅞	23¼	24	−2¼	4,325
40	Mar. 30	25	Jan. 5	West. Maryland pf.	40	37	37	−2	600
69¼	Apr. 16	57	Jan. 2	Western Union Tel..	69¼	65⅛	68¼	+2⅞	33,580
89	Apr. 16	64	Feb. 24	Westing. E. & M...	89	76	86	+8¾	126,590
119	Mar. 10	117	Mar. 12	Westinghouse 1st pf	..	..	117	..	....
232½	Apr. 6	232½	Apr. 6	Weyman-Bruton...	..	..	232½	..	....
3¾	Jan. 18	1¾	Jan. 6	Wheeling & L. E...	3	2	2½	−½	1,600
16	Jan. 18	10	Mar. 24	Wheel & L. E. 1st pf	12	12	12	−½	100
6	Jan. 18	2⅞	Apr. 16	Wheel & L. E. 2d pf	3½	2⅞	2⅞	−1⅝	800
135	Apr. 8	87	Feb. 23	Willys Overland....	132	127	129	−3	7,500
103	Apr. 8	95⅛	Feb. 17	Willys Overl'd pf....	101½	101⅜	101½	+½	550
39⅞	Jan. 21	30⅝	Feb. 24	Wisconsin Central..	36	35	36	+1⅛	500
111½	Apr. 14	90¼	Jan. 6	Woolw'h (F. W.) Co.	111¼	107	107	−2¼	13,610
120⅛	Apr. 14	115	Jan. 8	Woolworth pf.	120⅛	118⅞	119	..	660

Note.—Highest and lowest prices of the year are based usually on sales of not less than 100 shares, but where exceptions are made the prices are marked with an asterisk (*.) †Par $50. ‡Par $25. §Par $20. ¶Par $10. ||Par $5.

MONEY

	On Call. High.	On Call. Low.	On Call. Last.	Renewals.
April 12	2½	2¼	2¼	2½
April 13	2½	2	2	2¼
April 14	2½	2	2¼	2½
April 15	2½	2	2¼	2½
April 16	2¼	2	2	2
April 17	2¼	2	2	2

	On Call.	Renewal Rates.
Week's range—		
High	2½	2½
Low	2	2
Same week last year—		
High	2	2
Low	1¾	1¾
Year to date—		
High	3	2¾
Low	1¾	1¾
Same period last year—		
High	10	4½
Low	1½	1¾

On Time.	60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
April 12	2¾@3	3 @3¼	3½
April 13	2¾@3	3	3¼@3½
April 14	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3¼@3½
April 15	2½@2¾	2¾@3	3¼@3½
April 16	2¾@3	2¾@3	3¼@3½
April 17	2¾@3	2¾@3	3¼@3½
Week's range—			
High	3	3¼	3½
Low	2½	2¾	3¼
Same week last year—			
High	2¾	3	3¼
Low	2¼	2½	3
Year's range to date—			
High	4½	4½	4½
Low	2½	2½	3
Same period last year—			
High	4	4	4½
Low	2¼	2½	2¾

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 30 or Less.	30 to 60.	60 to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	4	4	4½	5
New York	4	4	4	5
Philadelphia	4	4	4½	5
Cleveland	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	4½	4½	4½	5
Atlanta	4½	4½	5	5
Chicago	4	4	4½	5
St. Louis	4	4	4½	5½
Minneapolis	4	4½	5	5
Kansas City	4	4	4½	5½
Dallas	4	4	4½	5
San Francisco	4	4	4½	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

LONDON.

	Demand. High.	Demand. Low.	Demand. Last.
April 12	$4.79½	$4.79¼	$4.79 5/16
April 13	4.79 7/16	4.79¼	4.79¼
April 14	4.79 7/16	4.79 5/16	4.79⅜
April 15	4.79 7/16	4.79 5/16	4.79⅜
April 16	4.79 5/16	4.79 3/16	4.79¼
April 17	4.79¼	4.79 3/16	4.79¼

	Cables. High.	Cables. Low.	Cables. Last.
April 12	$4.79¾	$4.79 9/16	$4.79½
April 13	4.79 11/16	4.79⅝	4.79⅝
April 14	4.79 13/16	4.79 11/16	4.79 11/16
April 15	4.79 13/16	4.79 11/16	4.79¾
April 16	4.79 11/16	4.79½	4.79 9/16
April 17	4.79 9/16	4.79½	4.79 9/16

	Demand.	Cable.
Week's range—		
High	$4.79½	$4.79 13/16
Low	4.79⅛	4.79⅜
Same week last year—		
High	4.8705	4.87¼
Low	4.8675	4.87
Year's range to date—		
High	4.85¼	4.85⅝
Low	4.78¼	4.78⅝
Same period last year—		
High	4.87	4.8735
Low	4.8535	4.8555

	Paris. Dmd.	Paris. Cab.	Berlin. Dmd.	Berlin. Cab.	Switzerland. Dmd.	Switzerland. Cab.
Apr. 12	5.32⅛	5.32	81⅝	81⅞	5.36½	5.35
Apr. 13	5.32½	5.32	81⅜	81½	5.35	5.34
Apr. 14	5.32	5.31⅝	81⅞	82	5.34	5.32½
Apr. 15	5.32¼	5.31¾	82½	82⅝	5.33½	5.32
Apr. 16	5.32⅜	5.31⅞	82⅛	82¼	5.33	5.32
Apr. 17	5.32⅜	5.31⅞	82⅛	82¼	5.33	5.32

	Holland. Dmd.	Holland. Cab.	Italy. Dmd.	Italy. Cab.
April 12	39 7/16	39 7/16	5.78½	5.78
April 13	39⅜	39 7/16	5.79	5.78½
April 14	39 5/16	39 7/16	5.79	5.78½
April 15	39 5/16	39⅜	5.78¾	5.78¼
April 16	39 5/16	39 7/16	5.78¾	5.78¼
April 17	39 5/16	39 7/16	5.78¾	5.78¼

	Russia. Cables.	Austria. Cables.
April 12	43.00	15.35
April 13	43.00	15.35
April 14	43.00	15.35
April 15	43.00	15.35
April 16	43.00	15.35
April 17	43.00	15.35

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	S. L.	San F.
April 12	Par	Par	Par	*60c
April 13	Par	Par	*5c	*60c
April 14	Par	Par	*10c	*60c
April 15	Par	*5c	*10c	*60c
April 16	Par	*5c	*10c	*60c
April 17	Par	*5c	*15c	*60c

*Premium.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	Discounts. Short Bills.	Discounts. 3 Mos.	Paris. Ex. on Lon.
April 12	1¼@1½	2⅞	3	25f 57c
April 13	1¼@1½	2⅞	3	25f 55c
April 14	1¼@1½	3	3⅛	25f 55c
April 15	1¼@1½	2 15/16	3 1/16	25f 55c
April 16	1¼@1½	2⅞	3	25f 55c
April 17	1¼@1½	2⅞	3	25f 55c

BAR SILVER AND GOLD PREMIUMS.

	Bar Silver. London.	Bar Silver. N. Y.	Gold Premiums. Lisbon.
April 12	23⅝d	50⅛c	46
April 13	23½d	49⅞c	46
April 14	23½d	49⅞c	46
April 15	23 9/16d	50c	46
April 16	23½d	49⅞c	46
April 17	23 9/16d	50c	46

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	Brit. Consols, London.	Rentes, Paris.
April 12	66⅛	72f 60c
April 13	66⅛	72f 40c
April 14	66 5/16	72f 30c
April 15	66 5/16	72f 10c
April 16	66 5/16	72f
April 17	66 5/16	72f

FOREIGN BANK RATES.

	Rate.	When Fixed.
Bank of England	5	Aug. 8, 1914
Bank of France	5	Aug. 20, 1914
Bank of Germany	5	Dec. 23, 1914
Bank of Belgium	5	Aug. 27, 1914
Bank of Austria	5½	Dec. 24, 1914
Bank of Italy	5	May 9, 1914
Bank of Switzerland	5	Sep. 10, 1914
Bank of Russia	6	July 29, 1914
Bank of Spain	4½	Oct. 27, 1914
Bank of Portugal	5½	Jan. 15, 1914
Bank of Sweden	5½	Jan. 5, 1915
Bank of Norway	5½	Aug. 20, 1914
Bank of Denmark	5½	Jan. 5, 1915
Bank of Bengal	6	Nov. 6, 1914
B'k of The Netherl'ds..	5	Aug. 20, 1914

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, Week Ended April 18, 1915.

STOCKS, (Shares.)

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Monday	882,008	243,939	174,614
Tuesday	1,057,207	533,990	424,373
Wednesday	1,088,564	309,448	209,553
Thursday	1,206,677	420,261	255,640
Friday	1,110,793	405,689	235,978
Saturday	656,937	199,384	79,940
Total week	5,952,186	2,112,711	1,380,098
Year to date	28,673,094	25,794,244	28,146,813

BONDS, (Par value.)

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Monday	$3,575,000	$1,570,500	$1,310,500
Tuesday	3,449,500	2,627,500	2,740,000
Wednesday	3,611,500	2,849,000	1,943,500
Thursday	4,030,500	2,383,000	1,958,500
Friday	4,114,500	2,133,500	2,060,500
Saturday	2,276,000	1,083,500	1,025,000
Total week	$21,057,000	$12,647,000	$11,038,000
Yr. to date	207,123,500	252,228,500	181,053,000

In detail last week's dealings compare as follows:

STOCKS.

	Apr. 17,'15	Apr. 18, '14	Change.
R. R. & mis.	5,952,173	2,112,376	+3,839,797
Banks	13	35	−22
Mining	..	300	−300

BONDS.

	Apr. 17,'15	Apr. 18, '14	Change.
R. R. & mis.	$20,679,000	$10,325,000	+$10,354,000
Gov't	143,500	97,500	+46,000
State	48,000	1,086,000	−1,038,000
City	186,500	1,138,500	−952,000
Total all	$21,057,000	$12,647,000	+$8,410,000

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

52d Dividend
AT USUAL RATE OF 4½% PAID JAN. 1, 1915
Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before April 30 earn from May 1.
Even $1 starts you. Begin now or write for Booklet A. Simple Mailing System.

The Franklin Society
FOR HOME BUILDING & SAVINGS.
38 Park Row, New York. 27th Year.

$790,000
6% Three Year Secured Municipal Notes
of
South Vancouver, British Columbia

$160,000, dated March 15, 1915. Due March 15, 1918.
$630,000, dated May 1, 1915. Due May 1, 1918.

Optional at any interest date after March 15, 1916, and May 1, 1916, respectively. Principal and semi-annual interest payable in New York, Toronto, Vancouver and London, Eng. Denomination $1,000.

These Notes are a direct and general obligation of the Municipality of South Vancouver (an important part of Greater Vancouver) and in addition are secured by the deposit and pledge of long term 5% Bonds of the Municipality at the rate of approximately $125 for every $100 of Notes, with the Equitable Trust Company of New York as Trustee. There is no limit to the amount of general tax that can be levied if necessary for their payment.

APPROVAL OF PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT
Each note is endorsed by the Inspector of Muncipalities of British Columbia certifying that validity is incontestable

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
Assessed valuation 1914 (Real Estate only)......$43,815,311
Actual valuation 1914 (Real and Personal)...... 76,790,000
Value of Municipality's assets, Dec. 31, 1914.... 7,837,164
Net bonded debt (including this issue)........ 3,604,646
Population 1914, 39,600

Genuineness certified by Equitable Trust Company, Trustee
Legality approved by Messrs. Dillon, Thomson & Clay, N. Y.

Having sold the greater part of these Notes we offer the balance, subject to prior sale, at
100½ and Interest
Full details on request for Circular A 89

Spitzer, Rorick & Co.
Successors to
SPITZER & CO., ESTABLISHED 1871
Toledo 5 Nassau Street, New York Chicago

"Has It Come to Stay?"
This is the question that is running in the minds of everybody in connection with the re-awakening of activity in the security markets.
What Is the Answer?
Ask for a copy of John Moody's "Review of Financial Conditions" for this week and you will have the answer.
Moody's Investors Service,
JOHN MOODY, President.
35 Nassau Street, New York.
Tel. 1299 Cortlandt.

LEGAL FOR NEW YORK SAVINGS BANKS
$40,000
City of Trenton, N. J.
REGISTERED 4½% BONDS
Due April, 1945.
Population over 100,000.
Price to Yield 4.20%
W. N. COLER & CO.,
Investments.
43 Cedar St., New York City.

DU PONT POWDER
HERCULES POWDER
C. C. Kerr & Co.
15 Wall St., N. Y. Phone 2622 Rector

MEGARGEL & CO.
Investment Bonds
35 Pine Street New York

TO THE HOLDERS OF

Two-Year 5% Secured Gold Notes

DUE MAY 1, 1915,

OF

Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company

The Officers and Directors of the Railway Company, in conference with holders of large amounts of the above Notes, have been considering plans for the readjustment of the Company's financial position in connection with the approaching maturity of the Notes, and the Directors have appointed a Committee of their number consisting of Messrs. Horace E. Andrews, Geo. W. Davison, Lewis B. Franklin, A. J. Miller, and Frank Trumbull to perfect without delay a plan for presentation to the Stockholders.

The present emergency is not due to lack of earning power, as the property is showing increases both in gross and net earnings and a surplus over all fixed charges, but is due to the maturing at an unfavorable time of this large amount of capital obligations. Any plan necessarily involves action by the Stockholders of the Company, in order to provide for the payment of the Notes and the consequent protection of their interest in the property. It has been impossible to work out a definite plan in time for submission to the Stockholders at their recent annual meeting, as a large proportion of the stock is held abroad and foreign holders could not be consulted in time.

The Committee is proceeding diligently and hopes to make an announcement at an early date. The plans under consideration contemplate an issue, to be offered to Stockholders, of securities carrying a contingent charge or of Preferred Stock, which latter has only become practicable through the enactment by the Kansas Legislature of an Act shortly to become effective authorizing such issues upon consent of the holders of three-fourths of the stock.

In the meantime, the Company, in the interest both of the Noteholders and Stockholders, is obliged to ask for an extension of the Notes and has therefore entered into an Agreement dated April 14, 1915, with Central Trust Company of New York as Trustee, providing for the extension for one year, viz., until May 1, 1916, of these Notes, **WITH INTEREST AT THE RATE OF 6% PER ANNUM, INSTEAD OF 5% PER ANNUM,** payable semi-annually, November 1 and May 1, the Extended Notes to be redeemable in whole or in part at 101 and accrued interest at any time upon thirty days' previous notice.

Noteholders may become parties to such Extension Agreement by depositing their Notes with the coupons due May 1, 1915, attached, with CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Depositary, at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City, or any other Depositary designated by Central Trust Company of New York, as provided in the Extension Agreement.

The Depositary will issue temporary receipts for the deposited Notes without charge to Noteholders. On the Extension Agreement becoming effective, the Railway Company will pay to the holders of receipts on presentation thereof on or after May 1, 1915, at the office of the Depositary the instalment of interest payable on that date, such payment being noted on the receipts. Holders of receipts on surrender thereof to the Depositary, will be entitled to an equal amount of Extended Notes with additional coupons, when ready for delivery or, in the event that the Extension Agreement shall not become effective, to the return of Notes of equal face amount, with the coupon payable May 1, 1915, attached.

Noteholders should deposit their Notes on or before April 26, 1915, as provided in the Extension Agreement, copies of which may be obtained at the office of the Company, that of Central Trust Company of New York, or of any Depositary designated as provided therein.

The Railway Company reserves the right to rescind the Extension Agreement if the Board of Directors shall determine that holders of a sufficient amount of Notes have not agreed to the extension.

Holders of more than a majority in amount of the outstanding Notes have already agreed to the extension.

New York, April 14, 1915.

By order of the Board of Directors,
FRANK TRUMBULL, Chairman.
C. E. SCHAFF, President.

NEW YORK CENTRAL
AND THE
RETURN OF PROSPERITY

The vast resources and potential earning power of the greatest American railroad system will be fully described on the Dow-Jones News Bulletins (in all well-equipped New York financial offices) and in The Wall Street Journal (P. M. Edition) beginning Monday, April 19th.

OUT TO-DAY
At All News Stands
THE MAGAZINE OF WALL STREET
Fortnightly
Tricks in Steel Stock Speculation
By H. M. Jacoby
United Cigar Stores & United Profit Sharing
By William T. Connors
ATCHISON & SO. PACIFIC COMPARED
By Siegfried Strauss
Other Valuable Articles that Show You How to Make Money
Fifteen Cents the Copy
Eight Issues by Mail for $1.
The Magazine of Wall Street
42 Broadway, Dept. "T." New York.

Lima Locomotive Corp.
Common Stock
Bought, Sold and Quoted
Particulars upon request.
C. H. Hensel
Tel. Rector 3672-3-4-5. 115 Broadway, N.Y.

We Finance
Electric Light, Power and Street Railway enterprises with established records of earnings.
Electric Bond & Share Co
Paid-Up Capital and Surplus $13,500,000
71 Broadway, New York.

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Av. & 38th St. Fifth Av. & 60th St.
ACTS AS EXECUTOR, GUARDIAN, TRUSTEE, ETC.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL $2,000,000
SURPLUS $7,000,000

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

AT A MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, held on Tuesday, April 6, 1915, Henry Parish, Jr., was unanimously nominated to fill a vacancy in the board.
New York, April 6, 1915.
J. LOUIS VAN ZELM, Assistant Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders and Directors of The Cleveland Osborn Mfg. Co., and American Wire Brush Co., will be held at their office, 204 Centre Street, N. Y. C., on May 4th, 1915, at 12 M.
F. L. GILBERT, Secretary.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, P. O. Bldg. Motions:

Re Bruner. Re Alco Film Corp. Smith<Bickford. Gibson<Am Graph Co. General calendar: Weeks<U S (2). Marconi Wireless<De Forest Co (3). N Y C & H RR<Murphy. Walcott<Un Ferry Co. Lee Dock<U S. Jeung Bow<U S. U S<Quan Wah. U S<Lau Chu. U S<Lee Chee. Armstrong Siatag Co<Smith's Island Co. Computing Scale Co<Toledo Co. Eaton<Conn Gen Life Ins Co.

Eaton<Conn Mutual Life Ins Co. McCaskey Register Co<Mantz. U S<Marshall. Lanston M Co<Curtis. Kennedy<Un Cork Co. Lehigh, W Coal Co<H & N Y Trans Co. H & N Y Trans Co<Plymouth. Staples T Co<Minnie. Reid<Minnie. Graton & Knight Co<Citta di Palermo. Schoonmaker<N H. New Eng SS Co<Portchester. Farmer<U S. Hartley<U S. Brookheim<Grunbaum. Miller<Sirl (2).

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Hart<North Deutsche Ins Co. Brechter<Fidelity & Deposit Co of Md. Recito<Penn RR. Fletcher<Trenton Brass & Mach Co. U S<Feist Realty Co. Int Bk<Elec Cable Co. U S<Thirty Ladies' Watches. Kleist<Breitung.

Frankfurt Barnett Co<Wm Prym & Co. U S<One Pear-Shaped Diamond. U S<One Set Furs, Stole, and Muff. U S<One Pearl Necklace. Cohen<Penn RR. Berger<Hartford. Beaman<N Y, N H & H RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar. Case on—Videl<So Amer Sec Co. No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar. Case on—Kintner<Atlantic Com Co. No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.

Van Kennel Rev Door Co<Straus. Bosselman<St George & Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 235, 5th fl., P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.

Bank'cy discharges: Ernest J Scott, Samuel E Levine, M G Tigar, Herman S Fiske, Jacob Parnes, Edward S Luther, Geo H Knaust, John T Abell, Isaac Seiler, Natl Lith Co, B Jacobson, Baron & Heitner, Benedetto P Bonona, Lester Morgan, Wm E Coles, Under objections: Geo E Kellogg, Layton W Crippen, Samuel Kaufman, elia Schaefer, Frank E Roberts, Valentine Fink, Nathan Greenberg, urman & Garbus, Cafe Boulevard. Adjourned cases: iegel & Alperstein, Jacob Triwasch, Involuntary cases: Petition<Klein & Mittenthal. Petition<John Rompapas. Motions: e Annex Homes &c, colo Dimarco,

Silverman Bros, Philip W Strauss, Antonio Canessa, Wm S Lehrbach, Carmine D'Apice, Louis Sissenwein, Stellar Photoplay Co, Jas Flanagan, Stoppani & Hotchkin, Gustav Stickley, Isaac Krivitsky, Rockwell Furnace Co, Hyman Himmelstein, S Heilemann & Co, Tower Const Co, B B Kadetsky, H Bischoff & Co, Samuel Rottchberg, Klein & Mittenthal, NY State Const Co, J F Pierson & Co, Atwell Const Co, L & S Appell, Hamler Bros, Louis Salzman, Isaac Simchowitz, Black Mandel Cloak Co. Gustav Stickley, M L Globe & Son, Abraham Samuels, Adolf Mandel (2), Mitchell & Co, M & L Jarmulowsky, Tobenck Const Co, M & L Jarmulowsky, Pusey & Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Bank'cy calendar: Re Clarence E Hopkins. Admiralty calendar: Rudolph<CNY.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department DAY CALENDAR.

Murphy<Hoffman Co. People<Tarpy. Same<Dunn. Same<Smith. MacArthur<Order Un Comml Trav of Am. Ketcham<Provost et al. Post<Logan. Colbert<McCleary.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

mann<Un Bookg Off. osner<Posner. e Biasetti. obinson<Robinson. itter<NY Fire I Ex. ck<I R T. ncoln Mtg<NY Tel. ndelman<Aufses (2) apoatian<Bayajian Twin Bros. cWilliams<McW'ms. senstein<Levinson. Kelly. Wolf. alter<Farrell. uncan<Gomprecht ausage Co. vey<Imp Wareh'se. tty<Hopkin. nier<Autosales um, &c, Co. ter<Horter. uch<Belling. Adler Gilding Co. icht<Nevins. Young<Tefft. Walter. <Belmont Ir Wks Everywhere Pub. h<Yeager. (2.) i<Kissel Motor C. al Life Ins< elger. ender<Katz. t Sub Imp Co< oenberg. Everen<Brodie. ire Co<Di Lello. feldt & Co<Mc- lor-Dougles. yon, (Myers.) am Spec<Simon. einler Press< lips Pub Co. Elec Lamp Co< ight Co of Am. rt<Long Isl RR. wn Cont Co< isticker. Bk<Malawista. rs<Mills. rg<Arkaway. ro<Weisbecker. <Gibson Co. nt<Keap Cont. <Garvin Mach. <Kane. man. re<Rush. weig<CNY. r<same. offan<same. kovsky<same (2.) h<Yeager, (2.) same. same. same. same. same. same. same. me, (2.) same. tz<Gewirtz. bloom<Steiber. Eddy-Peruvian. CNY. <Rovere. archo<McGovern. ose<Hotel Const. <Astor. <Gas Eng, &c. nto<Cosgrove. ton<Thoms. Leonard. Ind, &c, Co< Baking Co. Interurban Gen Co. <Smith. cher<CNY. us<McGuire Co nicipal Ry Corp ly. <Martin. <Pell. <Shewan. Feist. <Leonard Ep- rew Co. alisbury Rlty. ame. same. <Hewitt Rlty. aites Motor torage Co.

Sullivan<Comstrock. India Wharf Brew Co<Amer Molasses Co. Hung Genl Credit Bk<Titus. Cupples<Wedemeyer. Lorenzo<Lorenzo. Mun Lien Co<Brevoort, (2.) Moss<Moss. Maier<Maier. CNY<NY Rwys Co. Re Verrilli. Obermeyer & L<Spinner. Di Miceli<Pelham Op. Doty & Orr Co<Redesdale Corp. Doremus<Doremus. Looschen Piano Co<Palmer Piano Co. Batashoff<Johnson. Corrao<Smith, Gray & Co. Kanowsky<Int News. Ward<Ohl. Schader<Lewkowitz. Blanc Rlty Co<Kraus. Powers<Shaw. Van Damm<Van Damm. US Trust<Meyer. German<German. Gilmore<Clarke. Mack<Kraus. Udall<Lynch. People<Borchard. Florsheim<Cohen. Abbrescia<Jacobs. Kiernan<Kiernan. Mearns<Hollins. Godhelf<Ptitz. Morris<Cahn. Fish<Iselin, Jr. Same<Vanderlip. Okun<Duval Co. Re Vaugham. Ketchum<Ketchum. People<De Angelis. De Angelis<Kieb, (2.) People<De Angelis. Loewe<Brand. Brightson<Hoschke. McKean<Van Slyck. De Graw<Parisi. Oppenheimer<Seligm'n. Re Jacobs. Lamson<Meister. Re McIlvain Co. (2.) Re Young. Jacobs<Jacobs. Samarelli<Samarelli. Adams<Fitzgerald. Wacht<Simon. NY Ferrotype Co<Prechaf. Lyon<US Chicle Ref Co, (2.) Brandreth<Brandreth. Wonahan<Slattery Const Co. Jacobson<Jacobson. Re Tabar Co, Inc. Rosenberg<Kreeger. Acken<Acken. Linder<Katz. Quintano<Fleischmann Bros Co. Van Boskerck<Honer. Neebe<Levene. Campbell<Martin. Waxberg<L & D Rlty Corp. Re Ballard & G, Inc. Re Phillips, (133 W 16th St.) Re Westervelt, (129 W 16th St.) Duffy<Ament. Ahearn<Ahearn. Goldstein<Met Lumb'r. Libman Cont Co<Oltarsh Ir Wks, (2.) United Paperboard Co<Stand Fibre Bas. Phillipson Decorat Co<Brush. Schmitt<Hrawood Barley Mfg Co. Jacobs<Friedman. Amer Clean & Dye Co<Costin. Lensing Co of Del<Smith. Re Lyth Tile Co. (Kinsella.) Ketchum<Ketchum.

II.—Hendrick, J.—Ex parte business, 30 A. M.

II.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

s: issel Mot Car inkney. <Schaefer. h Av. Bank<Cohen. Comm Co< Aultman. is. Hauser. <Harper's ryant. St Nicholas nt Ep Ch. ale<Di Pas- Sav Bk< ty Co<Sat- odman. ecunda. <McEach- Sheppard. causes

Case on—Bklyn Bldg Material Co<Zucker. CNY<Gerry. Farley<Hollingsworth. Townshend<Wuerfel. Verlo Land Co<Anchor Land Co. Ward<Union Tr Co. Tene House Dep<200-202 Manh Av. Brown<CNY. Moses<Moses. Schaefer<Schaefer. Calkins<Calkins. Morgenthau Co<Comfort. General calendar: Baumgart<Rosenthal. Shanley<Ryan. Hopper<Malatesta (2). Simberg<Simberg. Goeltz<CNY. Baldwin<Gregory. Miller<Miller. Brulatour<Brulatour. Falihee & McCaul<Raisler. MacLeod<MacLeod. Goldstein<Goldstein. Campbell<Campbell Art Co.

Jonasson<Goodman. Muss<Muss. Alterson & Rothman<Ozdoba. Alterson<Alterson & Rothman. Commoss<Commoss. Glass<Glass. Sisson<Seesselberg.

Silkman<Dry Dock Sav Inst. Van Hoven<Van Hoven. Life Photo Film Corp<Bell. Porter<Denny. Volpe<Volpe. Wright<Northrop. Case on.

PART IV.—No day calendar.

PART V.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART VIII.—Blanchard, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Shearn, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Adams<Deiches. Franklin Sugar Ref Co<Herman. Fair<Brick. Willis<Barashick. Rambaut<Tevis. Stone<Weiss. Redmond-Beaufils Co<McCord. Turner<Turner. Campbell<Martin. Keresey<Keresey. Wolff<Goldberg.

Wilson<Wilson. Northern Bk of N Y<Smithson. Appell<Prendergast. Samarelli<Samarelli. Kinemacolor Co of Am<Pennock. I Note, &c, Co<Renza. Steinbock<Falke. Goldmuntz<Baumgold. Fleischmann Bros Co<Heineman. Clear.

PART III.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Inquest—Israelson<Pepe. Inquest—Lavery<Met Transp Co. Roswell<Beadleston & Woerz (2). Berkowitz<CNY. Rizzo<N Y & Q Co Ry. Doyle<Seagrist. Meyers<Hillman. Tucker<Jantzen & Overbaugh Co (2). Goldstein<Hoffman. Kennedy<Gleason. Shanley<Prickett. Bauman<Somerville Rty Co. Robias<same.

Dunlevey<Fuller. Javna<Ward Bak Co. Yavny<same (2). Nalewajke<Tenn C Co. Timper<Brad Con Co. Jaeger<Libscher. Smith<Cunard SS Co. Hubner<Freedman. Sieber<Erie RR. Bitolio<Brad Con Co. Coffey<N Y Rys. Hayes<Int R T Co. O'Brien<42 St &c RR. Mero<Int R T Co. Ignoetz<3d Av RR. Irwin<Int R T Co. Golightly<N Y Rys. Case on.

PART IV.—Philbin, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

S Rosenthal<Union Dyeing, &c, Wks. M Rosenthal<same. Mulligan<CNY. H V Allier & Co<Post. Fox<CNY. Caroccio<Shults Bread Co. Fey<Levy. Middleton<Whitridge. Montana<McMullen, Snare & Triest. A Miranda<N Y Rys. R Miranda<same. Lange<Dickey. M Wechler<L I RR. A Wechler<same. Rand McNally Co<Owen. Nyquist<Cauldwell Wingate Co.

Curtin<Van Beuren. Quill<Sheffield Farms S. D'Allesandro<Bonn. Persian<same (2.) D'Allesandro<same (2) Persian<same. Miller<Sorge. Asnes<Salit. Mattes<Aubeck. Phillips<David Shuldiner, Inc. Smith<Flint. McKearney<N Y Cons RR. Kelly<Federal Print Co. Heckel<Locke. Miller<same. Case on.

PART V.—Page, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Gelzer<Nassau Elec RR. Roddy<Yale Club. Hasselberg<Fargo. Chrusick<Cent Union Gas Co. Nenowich<Cohen. Merrifield<N E SS Co. Gilson<Silverstein. Riordan<CNY. Kattenbach<Weinert. Schneider<CNY. Cahill<Kriete. Cahill<same. Weiner<Gore. Teitelman<Melrose Plumb Co. O'Neill<Greenhut Siegel C Co. De Renna<Brown. De Baud<L I RR. Frank<Borden's Cond M Co. Lopotinsky<N Y & Bklyn Mer Co. Gray<Int Rys. Feldman<Ehrlich. Rosenbaum<N Y Cons RR.

Broggini<Walsh. Hoert<same. Creighton<Luna Amus Co. D'Anna<CNY. Stein<Fuller's Express Co. Kelly<Joyce. Leonard<Int R T. Lurich<Levy. Mullen<L C Frees Const Co. Rosenson<Oppenheimer. Wolski<Penn RR. Eberhagen<Mason Seaman Tr Co. Esposito<N Y Carved Molding Co. Rodriguez<Beach. Roshevsky<Kenny. Mayer<Lohr. Sobotik<Int R T. Mahoney<N Y Rys. Schilt<Pitts Const Co. Lynch<N Y Times Co. Toparowski<Greeley Sq Hotel. Clear.

PART VI.—Lehman, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Breen<Santononi Cont Co. E Donohue<same (2). M Donohue<same. E Donohue<same. P Fressiello<Linch. L Fressiello<same. Bone<NY Rys. Abrams<same. Kuest<Johnstone. Mermelstein<Kuttner. Beddoe<Gimbel Bros. Eisenberg<NY Rys. H Bercow<same. C Bercow<same.

Herman<same. McDonald<Crane. Simmons<McManus. Schechter<C I & B RR. Constantinopoli<Bkn H RR. Holland<Metz. Growe<Kinnier. Kelley<NY Rys. M King<Donohue. T King<same. Clark<Mason Seaman T Co. Sass<Powells. Clear.

PART VII.—Recess. No further day calendar.

PART VIII.—Delany, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Olson<Baker, Smith & Co. Weir<Eulert. Glockner<F & L Bldg. Shaffer<Kiechlin. Resinckoff<Postal Trans Serv. Kopezynski<Pullman. Jacobs<I R T (2). Tesar<Knick Ice Co. Foley<Thomson. Scheuner<NY Rty & Imp Co. Schneider<Cons Gas Co. Argenziano<Eastern S S Corp. Lamanda<Kann. Simmons<Lincoln Taxicab Co. Klubnik<Cutting. Montague<Taylor.

Simon<I R T (2). Meyers<NY Rys. Carter<same. Griffiths<I R T. Stuhr<NY Rys. Kordowsky<I R T. Salinsky<NY Rys. Portera<same. Shapiro<same. Campbell<G A Fuller Co. Jennings<same. Bonner<Van Smyth. Hemerowsky<Forsyth Bath Co. Kunstler<Morgan. Berliner<Fur News Pub Co. Horton<Interboro Brew Co. Clear.

PART IX.—Ford, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Haggerty<O'Rourke Eng, &c, Co. Cox<St Luke's Home. Held<Mutnick. Conners<N Y Rys. Loos<Rieh. Alexander<Borden's Cond Milk Co. La Croix<Horton. Kratzman<Ryan C Co. Zinman<N Y Rys. Abbrescia<Jacobs. Duffy<Brad St C Co. Rosenberg<Moore. McClelland<Schanck. Kozicka<McGuire. Viatrofsky<Becker.

Downing<Joseph. Hagan<Pitts Con Co. Stewart<Brad Con Co. Bradley<Owen. Dillbaum<Fishman. Goldstein<Chap C Co. Schwartz<same. Chayes<N Y Rys. Silverman<same. McAllister<same. Wagner<same (2). Coffey<same. Fischer<Pardua. Gleason<Lief. Brynn<O J Gude Co. Clear.

PART X.—Goff, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Mack<Dock Cont Co. Artyskewitz<O'Rourke Eng & Const Co. Torim<Jaeger. Kopances<Ocean SS Co of Sav. Lewis<Gt Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Strolimier<Graf (2). Beers<McNaught. Curzio<Ward Bak Co. Smith<same. Hirsh<Radt. Rowan<Geo A Fuler Con Co. Feeney<Seeligman. Walsh<NY Rys.

Levy<NY Rys. Caruso<Spadacini. Frankel<Un Metal Covered D & S Co. Heyniw<T Cunningham Co. Puma<Cranford. Socalsky<Teichman. M Kirshner<NY Rys. L Kirshner<same. Parisi<Goldstein. Sindes<A Perlman Ir Works. Kirwin<Duncan H Co. Brady<Adams Flanigan Co (2). Clear.

PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Helin<McMullen, Snare & Triest. Goodman<Kaminsky. Brown<Degnon Cont. Reidy<Iselin. Mollan<NY NH & H RR. Pascole<Teicher. Pompeian Co<Roncallo. Abrahams<Int R T Co. Rottenstreicher<Ehret. Esterkes<Lieb. Kennedy<Reach. J Bascomb<Mason-Seaman Transp. A Bascomb<same. Kelly<McMullen Co. Milici<CNY. Florsheim<Cohen. Schneider<Markel. Pettibone<Hammerstein.

NY Rys<Bradley C Co. Adenitz<Northport St'b't Co. Kassabian<42d St, &c, RR. Cruicolo<Brooklyn, Queens Co, &c, RR. Brosnan<Jenkins. Union & NY Trust Co<Ketcham. Leichen<Prog Con Co. Tremmel<Ruhl. Mott<Marie Ant H Co. McNamara<Canavan Bros. Pierrepont<W El Co. Jenkins<Robinson. McSorley<B H RR. Donohue<Cons Tele, &c, Co. Larson<Nicholson. Case on.

PART XII.—Recess.

PART XIII.—Sutherland, J.—Adjourned to April 20.

PART XIV.—Dugro, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Dupay<Galbind. Honesdale Nat Bk<Fisher. Levy & Nathan<Century Bank. G Van Norden<C Van Norden. C Van Norden<G Van Norden. Smith<Ubert. Bond<Gallick & S. Zadek<Alds, Wortman & King. Hall<6 E 39 St Co. Sullivan<Silverman. Whalen<Whalen. Potash<Manno. Coutant<Mason. Berry<Barstow & Co.

Vorhaus<Assuschkewitz. Trop<Max Held, Inc. Sainsbury<Bang. CNY<Smith. Same<Kuhn, (2.) Same<Bryan. Same<Kuhn. Same<Siff. Same<Kuhn. Same<Rep Const Co. Peoples Surety Co<Mack Pav, &c, Co. Damers<Barber. Hershfield<Kovinsky. Weinschinker<Ocean Acct Co. Taylor<Ryan. Warner<Bleichrode. Oliver<Fershay. Case on.

PART XV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Jacobs<Weingarten Bros. Delmar<Highland Knit Mills. Gallo<CNY. Gray<Am Surety Co. Van Gorkum<Chiapperine. Stone<Burnham. Farley<Schwarz. Daly<Harriman N Bk. Cramp & Co<Mass Bond & Ins Co. Bennett<Monarch RR. Morris<Lennon. Ehrich<Lockhart. Clark<Cullen Trans Co. Shoemaker<Burrows. Tittlefield<McTignue. Cobre Grande Cop Min Co<South Pac Co, (3.) CNY<Fitzpatrick. Same<Winter Garden.

State Bank<Savarese. Hayek<Casey. Kirschbaum<A M F. Reilly<CNY. Smith Cont Co<same. Sloane Aeroplane Co<Baysdorfer. D'Utassy<So Pac Co. Title Guar, &c<CNY. Bernard<Sternberg. Belden<Fitchett. Erland<Haight. Weber<Gr Neck Villa. Farmers L & T Co<Rollins. Peschmanns<Hayes. San<Mohawk Cloth Co. Oliver<NY Cent RR. Fischer<Schram. Cohen<Giants Silk M. Strysower<Block. Case on.

PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Read & Co<Clark. McDonald<Jacobs. Kirby<Spiegel. Rhoades<Forest City S, &c, Co.

Dennis<Gen Acci, &c, Corp. Globe Stock Co<Rosenberg.

Iriquois Door Co<Newport Rty Co. Sedalia Trust Co<Devel Co. Munroe<Comp Francaise. Ubert<Welsh Mach Works. D Shannon Co<Blumenthal. Barbey<Haggin. Hellman<Sterling F I Co. Federal Trust Co<Carberry. Froatz<Sup Council C M B A. McGibbon<Parker. Roach Rty Co<Stone. Butler<Isman. Hammacher<Rumely Prod Co. Chaffee<Holston Underwear Mills.

Murphy<N Y C & H R RR. Barranger<Butler. Lowe<Penn Rubber Co. R & L Co<P Feuer & Co. Deambri<Cortina. Fallert<Mass Bonding, &c, Co. Mann Bros Jewelry, &c, Co<Sheppard. Beno<Federal Ins Co. Murray<Universal M T Co. Shiebler<Shiebler. Dammann<New England Cas Co. Dreyfus<Kaplan. Papier<Lowenthal Co. Welch<Baker. Clear.

PART XVII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Sheffman<Employers Liab Assn. Content<Robertson. Bloch<Miller. White Co<CNY. Paine Lumber Co<Ambrose Rty Co. Hennessy<Schubert Piano Co. Bridgeport Metal, &c, Co<Forsheim. Schrieber<Levinson. Fried<Morana. Morgan<Legrand Bronze Co. Parnall<Seeber. Batgen<Neward. Tariello<Doscher. Jacobs<Dowling. Neebe<Levene. Montrose Rty Co<Greenberg. Sullivan<Bernstein. Carpenter<St Vincent's Hosp. Kenny<Stewart. Scharfman<Brill & Kaplan Co.

Lion Brewery<Schwab. Norris<Myers. Borden<Newcomb. Pease & Elliman<Terminal Warehouse Co. Bonney<Boland A & M Co. Detroit Cad, &c, Co<Fogarty. Nat Surety Co<Spielberg. Ament<Schubert Piano Co. Hawes<Title Guar, &c, Co. Operatic Progr, &c, Co<Century Opera Co. Gotham M C Co<Dumary. Whitman Co<Michaels. Hayden<Pinchot. Eagle<Simplex Auto Co. Schmidt<Siemund. Clear.

PART XVIII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Chanet<Smith. Seymour<Dininny. Kraschstart<Trippett. Boedicker<Sackett & Wilhelms Co. Bryant<Pardee, Inc. Hall<Williams. Kuschner<Smith. Am Fld Co<Stokes. Sec Title, &c, Co<Stewart. Bertini<Heymann. Nimis<Krauss. Savage<McMorrow Eng &c Co. Smith<CNY. Warner<French. Blumberg<Barnett. Levi<Weiss. Clark<Schoonmaker (2). Alls<Bengulat.

Standard Pneu &c Co<Fargo. O'Brien<Withington. Herisson<Friedman Inst of NY. Cohn<Fries. Dawbarn<Swaab. Stewart<same. Hamilton Bank<Geo Mertz Sons. Fried<Lofari. D Shannon Co<Vogt. Losee<Forest City Land &c Co. Century Opera Co<Pub Printing Co. Sherman Nat Bk<Bernstein. Bway Rty Co<Lawyers Title Ins &c Co. Mullen<Spiwak. May<Miller. Clear.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Wills for probate: Edward Early, Hans J Graefe, Elizabeth Fullick, Alice V Ford. Amedee D Moran, Kate Sloane, Theresa Hirsch, Harriet A Cullen.

TRIAL TERM—Conalan, S. Estate of: Jane Dow Flockhart Greer. Contested wills: Cornelia R Van Steenberg. Mary E Pearce. Estate of: Harriet Quimby.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

Reese<Herbert, Robinson & Co. Schweitzer<Levy. Litnitzky<Russian E A S S. Cohn<Memphis R Co. Ostertag<Aschendorf. Pariser<Wasserman. Goldstein<same. Basile<Viane. Veronica R Corp<US Rubber. Burdick<Dodge. Goodman<Rosefeld. US P & Lith<Jackson. Steger<Anspacher. Salant<Samuels. Saltofomaggio<Stanley H & M. Knapp<Burke. Dudman<Singer S M. Saltzman<Hutkoff. Cohen<Weisner. Cicoto<Micwiel Co. Moran<Beinhauer. Kilimnick<Friend. Berman<Yachnowitz. Taub<Waller. Madden<Durcan. Berkaw<Frost. Senke<P & R C & I. Culver<Lang. Baruch<Saxe. Koch<Roebling Const. Adelstein<same. Goss<Dolan. Goldberg<Meigs. Interboro Brewg<Ind Cons Ice.

Lankutos<Am Brass. Fashinsky<Sturtz. Sayers<Lutz. McKeown<Foster. Silver Motor<Busteed. Simmonds<Adams & M. Davidson<Noack. Frankel<Rosen. Hopkins<Stearns Co. Karsch<Singer. Mulstay<Michaelson. Reznitsky<Soman. Schwartz<Zauderer. German Exch Bk<Simon. Vingut<Ulmann. Emmet<Markel. Starkman<Herbst. Interboro Brew<Ind Cons Ice. Miller<Jones. Hamerschlag<Title Guar & Trust. Myers Co<Sturm. Wang<Weinman. Goodhul<Ostro. Todesco<Panetta. Sophian<Riley. Rosalind Rlty<West In. Same<St P F & M Ins. Schwartz<Simon. Callender<Dressler-Beard Mfg. Crommette<Trenholm. Lind<Liberman. Greenfield<Epstein. Weisl<May. Ruzow<Charnin.

PART II.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

G Washington Cof S Co<R M Winans Co. Kugel<Ostro Cons Co. Cohen<Levy. Eichen<Ottenberg (2). Lexmeter<Rechel. Richter F K U Verein, &c. Hellenberg<Picariello. Burger<Agnew. Jensen<Haas. Quade<Bondecker. Spargot<Silberstein. Duplan Silk Co<Glenlyon Dye Works. Landau<Gainsburg. Zarewitz<NY Rys. Senay<same. Dreal<same. Weinstein<same. Afelta<Lloyd Sebando Societa, &c. Prussak<J F Stevens Const Co. Brown<Cons & Elec Subway Co. Brown<N Y Ed Co. Carter<NY Rys. Lewis<Int R T Co. Siegel<D Mayer B Co. Jensen<Thomas Mulligan Const Co. Bronston Bros Co<Bouquet F & F Co. Levy<Ullman. Hill<Ill Surety Co. Herman Finkelstein, Inc<Fried.

Sohmer<Fanning. Hartman<Goldstein. Policastro<Sirotta. Gallagher<Johnston. Paterno Bros<Frazer. J Bell Co<Butler. Rosenthal<Borch (2). Moss<Gilford. Zalka<Musgrim. F E Smith & S<Wylie. Theedeman<Linch. Flammer<Burghardt. Diamond<Longo. Gotthelf<Underwood Typewriter Co. New Trading Co<Rubenstein. Kriskan<N Y Sav Bk. Everart<Hilands. Spiridon<Picatelli. Rittig<J E Moore Co. Weiner<Int R T Co. Nustyn<NY Rys (2). Partyka<same. Thomas<Beche. Freyhan<Kurtze. Tobin<Zarland Rty Co. Miclio<NY Rys (2). Odze<Lese. Giuseppi<NY Rys. Katz<Int R T Co. Lobue<M J Adrian Co. Jones<Fitzgerald. Hollander<Int R T Co. Bass<NY Rys. Vaughn<Jordan. Tarloff<Solomon. Lewis<NY Rys.

Highest number reached on General Calendar, 7,237.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Roselinsky<Kossoff. Greenberg<Weisberg. Marcus<Bumkin Coat & Suit Co. Lindsay<Stuyvesant Ins Co. Bauman<Gotman. Fordyce<Wolff. McGowan<C C Duncan Co. Greene<Goldberg. Lind<Liberman. Newman<Dietzel. Murray<Williams. Sarasohn<Fish.

Kuppins<Feldman. McGovern<Bridgeport Textile Mfg Co. McNamara<Cont Asphalt Paving Co. Goldman<Levitan. Nichols<Hillas. Douglass<Provident Loan Society. Sicree<Kivowitz. Lehman<N Peristein, Inc. Steger<Anspacher. Washafsky<Boss. Clear.

PART II.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Cases to be sent from Short Cause Calendar for trial. Case on.

PART III.—Ransom, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial Calendar.

Kupfer<Golden. Bolino<Maiori. Pick<Wood. Scheinberg<Feirverger. Hammerschlag<Title Guar & Trust Co. Roth<Samuels. Crystal<Sauvage-Ward Brake Co. Wimpfheimer<Schneider.

Hudson W & L Co<Aldrich. Live Stock Nat Bank of Chicago<Hoyt. Kandel<Gen Fire & Life Assur Co. Weitzman<Siff. Lipsky<Wolf. Naughton<White Co. Keiser<Liebowitz.

The following cases will be called, but will be passed for the day as of course if counsel on either side so requests. Applications for adjournment for more than one day should be made by affidavit in strict compliance with the rules of the court:

Blumberg<Sisenwein. Karp<Fenster. Hirsch<Phillips. Hephta Realty Co<Murphy. Richmond Found & Mfg Co<Ornamental Lighting & Pole Co. Buol<Hoffman.

Standard Br & Nov Co<Cohen. Dworkowitz<Nathan. Campbell<Bergkamp. Scott<Pacific Motor Car Exchange Co. Lipshitz<Blank. Hartman<Herzenstein. Case on.

PART IV.—Lynch, J.—Clear.

PART V.—Allen, J.—Clear.

PART VI.—Zeller, J.—Clear.

PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—Case on.

PART VIII.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Case on.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Lazarus Marshall<Israel D Schlachtzki—Rudolph A Seligmann.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Kinnicutt<Weilhart—Thomas A Churchill. Hochstein<Schlanger—Edward Jacobs. Re Joseph—Isidor Cohn. Gilbert<7th Av Holding Co—Wm Klein.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Greenwich Sav Bk<Davidson—Samson Friedlander.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—PART I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M. Motion calendar.

Wildey<McGregor. Von Rehder<Metallic Lathers Un. Johnson<Yonkers RR Co. Pederson<same. Desch<Desch.

Goldsticker<Denver Rty Co. Re Farley (Pfister.) Koerner<Myres. Beekman Const Co<Aurora Inv Co (4.)

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Brady, J.

Nolan<Nolan. Zam<Techt. Mutual Trust Co<Schmidt. Wolfson<Richter. Dietzel<CNY.

Astor<Thwaites. Gluck<Gluck. Hartwig<Corgill Rty Co. Cohen<Rosenberg (2.) Levy<Harvey.

Martens<Schill. Tenenbaum<Harden. Lederman<Koch-Kellar Co. Boscobie Bldg Co<Montag. Gurney Heater Mfg Co<Morris. Torregini<Monaco Const Co. Regorio<Malcke Bldg Co. P Guthy, Inc<Berliner. Blackwood Rty Co<Donohue. Kaiser<Hennessy. Cardo<Fox.

Silverman<Pitts Life & Tr Co. Simberg<Simberg. Hyams<Hyams. Morris Pk Est<McIntyre. Ferguson<Ferguson. Shipley Const & S Co<CNY. Waller<Waller. Brooks<Bklyn Sav Bank. Laing<McCue. Filigno<Filigno. Schwartz<Schwartz. Riehm<Riehm. Becker<Becker.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Motion calendar. Estates of: Charlotte Kirchof, Theodore R George, Louis Leith. Wills for probate: Mary Kemner, Bridget J Doyle, James Bonner, Elizabeth Volze, Thomas C Bolton.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—Contested wills. Mary McMananey, Ernst Sporman.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

Engle<Grubsmith. Colarito<Rogers. Schmitt<Union Rway. Healy<Terens. Henry<Schussler. Klein<O'Connell.

Begelman<Taterka. Colletti<Union Rway. Pollack<same. Byrnes<Rodgers & Hagerty, Inc.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—East Bay Land Imp Co<Bronx Artificial Stone Wks—Patrick J Walsh.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Blackmar, J.—Motions.

Ridgewood Nat Bank<NY & Q C E L & P. Marx & Rawolle<Cent RR of N J. Noerrenberg<Mirabella. Re Morgan (Crosney). Mongan<Solari. Re Bay 7 St (Paynter) Same (Turner). Spangler<Jaggers. Woods<Mantonya. Baldwin<Garfinkel (3) Kronheim<Caragan. Salzman<Eisenbach Rlty Con Co. Burn<Rosenberg. Balboat<Holbrook C & R Corpn. Coyle<same. McAneny<same. Re Rose. Weinstein<Glory of Israel H I. Kirkham<Cooper. City<Hovell & Hovell. Re Simon Nager Jr Inc. Williams Auto Ser Co<Field. Owen<Rochford. Re Friedberg (Rosenthal,) (2.) Swan<Swan. Re Krushefsky (Sulsky). Seebeck<Seebeck. Mitchell<Mitchell. Hastings<Spicer. Schmidt<Duncan. Soper<Buck. Pearsall<Pearsall. Mott<Mott. Althause<Wright. Grimes<Aitken. Back<Tartakoo. Bayer<Bayer. Chsaitis<Leh Val RR. Abrams<Haggerty. Kronot<I R T (2). Cahill<C I & B RR. Re Helk. Cohen<Friedman. Behlmer<Mod Woodmen of Amer. Re Bay 34 St (Nichols). Re 57 St (Nelson). Re Pub Park-Fulton St, Chauncey St & Lewis Av. Re W 37 St. Cohen<Friedman.

Wills<Shubert. Levi<Deitch. Molloy<McCarthy. Zenower<Harding. Powell<Wygodski Eng Co. Re Farley (Hormann). Re Belmont Av (Eytzinger). Powers<Gewertzman. Stover<Stover. Calandrillo<NY Bottle Box Co. Evers<Palladino. Kaplan<NY Mun Ry. Patten<Patten. Sellew<Lippman. Garahan<Geer. Nappi<Ludwig. Field<Field. Ross<Behrens Estate Corpn. Menzer<Chafetz (2). Reiner<Hurley. Henderson<Balz. Globe Constr Co<No Side Bank. Timpano<Press Pub Co (2). Wells & Zerweck<Goeller. Langvon<Friedman. Bierman<Levine. Re No Henry St. Re Sullivan St. Kaiser<Kaiser. Nappi<Ludwig. Hamilton T Co<Dobbin (2). Mandel<Meyer. L I Water Fr Co<Towns. Re Greenp Pol Co-op S & L Assoc. Small<Machpelah Cem Assn. Druss<Taunay. De Allessandro<Krasner. Grossman<Bresson. Parfitt<City. Kronheim<Caragan. Savitz<Julius Rty Co. Bolen<Bridgman Smith Co. Ford<Ford. Shanin<Order Keser Torah &c. Funk<Globe Indemnity Co. Brodie<City. Perillo<Perillo.

PART II.—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Crane, J.

Herkey (demurrer)<Agar Mfg Co. Richards<Island City Real Estate Co. Schiffman<Illions. Wynberg<Lancaster. Re Public Service Com First Dept. Brockhagen<Brockhagen. Samuels<Samuels. Williams<Kings Co. Lodge. Storch<Storch. Parascondola<Parascondola. Gordon<Steinhard. Serentino<Serentino. Francis<Francis. Schmerkowitz<Mayer. Koster<Weisheit. Kennedy<Kennedy. Turnan<Turnan. Hand<Highway Amuse Co. Hochman'sSons<Purdy Con Co. Miller<Mooney et al. Shanin<Order of Keser Torah. Molloy<McCarthy. Duberstein<Berlin et al. (2.) Eagle S & L Co<Nicholson. Municipal Liens Co<Scarlata. Henry<Henry. Kandel<Kandel et al. Ryan<McBride & C. Galande<Galande. Keoskie<Keoskie. Petralia<Petralia.

Ruaff<B'hood L Fire. Reserved calendar: Herrigan<Herrigan. Peo S N Y<Umberg. Levey<Levey, (2.) Geraci<De Carlo. Smith<Palatial Homes Bldg Co. Ayers<Willis. Fenimore<Fenimore. Linderman<Linderman. Richter<Gartner. Glassman<Brandriss. Hevenor<Hevenor. U S Radiator Co<Auer. McGrath<McGrath. Ferlazzo<Ferlazzo & Co. CNY<Cummings. Eagle S & Loan Co<Feenan. Weller<Potts. Albany H R Co<Tilden Const Co. Doyle<Doyle et al. Kneeland<Williams. Eagle S & L Co<Raynor. Lehey<Board of Educ. Schwartz<Keil. Springsteen<Springsteen. B, Q & Sub R R<C N Y. Callahan<Escher. Carlsen<Eagle S & L. Gruhn<Eppig. Siegrist<Eagle S & L. Spoeeri<same. Dumarest<Dumarest. Rototo<Olivieri.

Highest number reached on the regular call, 1967.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kelby, J.; Part II., Jaycox, J.; Part III., Benedict, J.; Part IV., Van Siclen, J.; Part V., Clark, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Aspinall, J.

Causes, irrespective of the time required for trial thereof, will be assigned on Fridays. If not finished that day will be carried over to the following Monday.

O'Rourke<Haviland. Samsony<Nassau RR. Barry<Schaffer. Nappi<Ludwig. Franke<Transit Dev Co. Barzilay<same. Griffin<B H RR. Southern<Erie RR. Friedman<Schlesinger. Labriola<Kings Co Li Co. Halfpenny<F & D Co. Guttieri<Bradley Cont Co. McKeon<Lackner Co. Alkoff<Greenfield. Furlong<Nas RR. Guignard<Palmer. Moore<Garbutt et al. Marmur<Kaatze Milk Co. Eagleston<B, Q Co & Sub RR. Leder<B H RR. Robaey<N Y Consol RR. Shea<N Y Consol RR. Gundol<C I & B RR. Van Allen<Arundel Rty Co. Meyer<CNY. Owens<NY & Q Co Ry Co. Kratchman<B H RR. Kratchman<B H RR. Pfeiffer<Ormond.

Mechanics Bank<Hendrickson et al. Cook<O'Leary. Harley Plumbing Co<B of Educ. Schuster<N Y Consol RR. Nicoletti<Nat Licorice Co. Ricci<42d St M & St Nicholas Av Ry. Barbuto<McQuade Steve Co. Hayes<B H RR et al. Heiderman<B H RR. Larocca<Fargo, &c. De Franciscis<Amer Car & Found Co. Hill<Saladino. Piazza<Sharkey. Deramgian<B H RR. Morrissey<Loeffler et al. Dewhurst<Robins Dry D Co. Golden<Oxfeld & Aaron et al. Ipcar<Queens Land & Title Co. Hamburger<Goldstein. Brodie<CNY et al. Levy et al<Heyman et al. Stehlin<Stehlin. Elberth<CNY. Timpano<Press Pub Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.

Southard<Gray. Maclean<CNY. Hayes<B H RR. Miethke<Schumm. Feinberg<Necker. Interboro Brew Co<Acme Furn Eq Co. Caramanja<B H RR. Juliah<B H RR. Sokolow<Carnes. McWhorter<B H RR. Ballou<Block et al. Reed<Koller & Smith. Merrigan<B H RR. Flathman<Tietjen. Tanz<Warhaft. McPherson<B El RR. Nathanson<Schwartz et al. Tragirovsky<Batterman Co. Berguel<Nawrocki. Larsen<Whitney Dup Check Co. McIlroy<Morris. Leviton<Kraushaar et al. Genoy<Beresford et al. Hart<Schuman et al. Cox<B H RR. Silverstein<CNY.

Madden<Avitable et al. Eckel<Carlton Mov Pictures Co. Bete<Nassau RR. Wallace<Luckenbach. Leone<Gray et al. Browne<Robinson. Griffiths<Smith. Schueler<Order of Prosperity. Abramowitz<Zyttenfeld. Casey<C I & B RR. Vatier<B, Q Co & Sub RR. Yuknewiczus<Hoe & Co. Wolfson<NY Cons RR. Durando<Drummond. Dirla<Powells. Satchell<C I & B RR. O'Hara<Miraglia. Christie<B H RR. Stein<C I R B RR. Ulrich<Dailleduoze. Kremsaljuk<East NY Laundry Co. Donstein<NY Con RR. Mikalski<Mollenhauer Sugar Ref Co et al.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6484.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of: William Harkins, Harry A Spencer, Regina Schwanewedel, Ellen Mary Mangin, Harriet H Petty, Elizabeth C Hughs, John J Ennis, Benjamin Schwartz, Pauline Bachman, Wm P Bogenschneider, Simon Bingswanger, Lisetta Nicholai, Mary J McLaughlin, Henrietta Vass, Peter Duffy, Henry McDonald, Margaret Bradburn, Accountings of: Gustav Hoppenste

Thos R Blake, Mortimer Cogswell, Henry Loeffler, Moses Karmel, Marie Kutz, Christian Braum, John G Norman, Herman B Homan, Anna Fuffstuck. Administ. of: Vasiliya Matzkewitz, Lena Shor, Lucia Caleo. Estates of: Wm F Crane, Jacob Heyman, Celia Skinner, Samuel E Vernon, Wm McDonald.

County Court.

PART IV.—Fawcett, J.; Part V., Dike, J.—Calendar called in Part IV.

Inquest—Broadwin<Fernschield. Fallen<B H RR. Whitney, Jr<Preston. Walker<McCauley. Goodbread<Bklyn, Q Co & S RR. Gross<Loeser & Co. Low<B H RR. Young<same. Kellerman<C I & B RR. Flanagan<B H RR. Katz<Nassau E RR. Meissner<Owens. Dardia<Huner. Chassen & ano<Condelman. Haas<Ross & Son Co. Hornstein<B H RR.

Blumenfield<Rosenberg. Lindwall<Bklyn, Q Co & S RR. Goode<Nassau RR. Flack<Moser. Worth<NY Cons RR. Bennie<Edison Co. Birnbaum<Coney I & B RR. Holterman<Wenzil. Abalnick<Bindel. Rautenberg<B H RR. Long<B H RR. Tedeschi<Pasquarcala. Peterfreund<Nass RR. Coportino<Palmer. Simmons<Chandler Piano Co.

Highest number reached on regular calendar, 3376.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Part I.—Keogh, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Springsteel<Horton. Young<Sentinel Print Co. Same<Ely. Whalen<N Y C & H R RR. Peo<Vos. Same<Zymkowitz. Johnson<Merrill Bros. Cortlandt Mort Co<Vreeland. Poellmitz<Benjamin (2.) Scully<N Y C & H R RR.

Yonkers Brew<Gabil. Ranft<Risele. Ruppert<Hall. Burns<Rector Gas Lamp Co. Schippeni<N Y, N H & H RR. Robinson<Taylor's Theat Ent. Carpenter<Wagner. Ross<Rogers & Haggerty.

The following causes may either be marked ready or marked over to another day:

Knowles<N Y, N H & H RR. Keller<Beach (2.) Michaelson<Ebling Brew Co. Mazel<N Y, N H & H RR. Fast<Bugbee (2.) Schipponi<N Y, N H & H RR. Pagano<Webber. Dunn<N Y C & H R RR. Alexander<Chase. McGinley<Spero. Young<Keystone St Cons Co. Tobin<Yonk E L & P Co. Goldins<Mason & Hanger Co. Durko<Holbrook, C & R. Shields<N Y, N H & H RR. Keating<Alex Smith & Sons C Co. Thompson<Inter R T Co (4.)

Reilly<N Y C & H R RR. Sledzenski<Dunwoodie C C. Imundi<Wright. Bonngiovanni<Canavan Bros Co. Butterworth<C of N Roch. Montisione<same. Klein<Delaphaine. Harrison<Chester Hill A S Co. Bister<Bister (2.) Pace<West St Ry Co. Grogan<Maxwell Briscoe Co. Riddick<Jackson. Hayden<C of N Roch. Farrell<Bradley Con Co. Lach<Lipshitz. Wilson<Waite. Gallelo<West Elec RR Co. Trioa<Guggolz. Kidd<Whitridge, as recr.

Highest number reached on regular call, 1050.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Part II.—Tompkins, J.

Brown<Namur. Ferguson<Van Schaick. Myer<Ericson. Kohn<Breunn. Kessler<Mahoney.

1st Nat Bk of White Plains<Van Wyck (2). Same<Hammond (4). Rich<Kalck. N Y C & H RR<Co of Westchester.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Garretson, J.—At 10 A. M.

No case will be set down for a day on the call of the day calendar.

Cases must be ready for trial when reached.

Usbeck<Usbeck. Bebell<Bebell. Triebel et al<Gallucci et al. Gallucci et al<Triebel et al.

Quent<Becker. Hirsch<Mayer et al. Jenkins<Malsky et al. Wilson<Wilson. Lasher<Zaret et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call:

Baggs<Hencken et al. Cooper<Read Rty Co. & Amer Sur Co of N Y. Pearsall, as comm<Pearsall. Kopf, as admr<Kopf. Dinger<Dinger et al. Reilly<Reilly.

Towner, as admx<Babcock, as admx. Sage Foundation Homes Co<Eder et al. Morina<Gordano et al. Casmus et al<Jones Wood Rty Cor.

Highest number on the calendar is 573.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Kapper, J.

It is required that the name of trial counsel be filed with the Clerk in Part I. before the calendar is made up.

No case will be held for the engagement of counsel unless his name has been filed with the Clerk.

Attention of the Bar is called to Rules 6, 7, and 8, Calendar Rules, Queens County.

Cases must be ready for trial when reached in their order.

Whalen<L I RR Co. Grawin<same. Parrott<NY & L I Traction Co et al. Quinn an inf<Amer Druggists Synd. Lisena as admx<Jas A Stevenson Co. Genova<Trans Dev Co. Hinsman<Hubbard. Farley as commr<Kruger et al. Kopp<Richey, Browne & Donald, Inc. Duffy<Bklyn H RR.

Green<L I Elec Ry. Robinson<Eon Eng & Cont Co. Wanisco<Steel & Masonry Cont Co. Roche et al<CNY. Bradley<B H RR. Hyatt<same. Kelly<P Ryan Con Co. Golden<B H RR. May as admx<F & M Schaefer Brg Co. Swenson<Patk Ryan Construction Co.

The following causes if marked ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call.

Toth<Grunbaum. Ambrosio<Meo. Masters<Freid et al. Schneider<NY & Qu Co Ry Co. Hurnung, an inf<Packard Mot C Co. Lusch as admr<L I RR Co. Seufert<CNY. Carpentiere, an inf<Franklins, Inc. Pasquale<Canavan Bros Co. McCullough<Consum Brewing Co. Lush<Stuyvesant Real Estate Co et al. Martensen as admr<Degnon Cont Co. Metzler, as admr<L I RR. Laimbeer<same.

Eckhardt as admx<Stier, Inc, & ano. John R Carpenter & Co<Tunis. Nainby<Haupt et al. Stein<Henry et al. Same<Henry. Steinmann<Hilfreich et al. Egan as admx<CNY. First Mort Guar Co<Mass Bond & I Co. Farrell<CNY. Heinlein<Mulcahy & Gibson & C & E Co. Cooper<Am Surety Co. Myrick<Carr. Herzberg<NY Rys. Behrend<Mayer & Loewenstein. McGinty<Eclipse Light & Trans Co.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1,159.

County Court.

TRIAL TERM—Humphrey, J.—At 10 A. M.

Williams<NY & Q C Ry Co. Deptulksi<Gudeski. J R Carpenter Co<Wellbrock. Gechminski<Daly Iron Co. Zambo<Walter. Miller<B H RR Co. De Bino<E E Smith Cont Co. Killen<B H RR.

Buck, an inf<N Y & Q El L & P Co. Hawley<C I & B Ry. Locastro<Locastro et al. Coppola<B H RR. Shomar<Straeber et al. Koster<C I & B Ry. Pedicini<B, Q Co & Sub Ry. Scherer<B H RR.

Remainder of calendar passed for the day.

TRADE SALES THIS WEEK.

Monday.

J. W. & W. H. Reid, 647 Broadway, Brooklyn—Shoes.

Karp Bros., 477 Broadway—Men's suits and men's and boys' hats.

Burling & Dole, 130 Fifth Av.—Axminster, tapestry, and velvet carpets and rugs; continues during the week, 10 A. M.

J. H. Mayers, assignee sale: Superior Paper Box Co., 115 Mercer St.—Paper boxes, raw materials, machinery, office furniture, fixtures, &c., 10 A. M.

Samuel Marx, 461 Eighth Av.—Soda fountain.

D. Greenwald & Co., 105 Hudson St.—Sheriff's sale of fixtures.

Charles Shongood, bankrupt sale: Johnston Elliot & Co., Inc., 10:30 A. M., at the warehouse of Lawrence Son & Garrish, Inc., 206 South St.—Cocoa, paper, &c.

Charles Shongood, assignee sale: Gustav Korn, 382 Bleecker St., 10:30 A. M.—Women's and men's furnishings; also hardware, &c.

Tuesday.

David W. Biow Co., 520 Broadway—Dry goods, cloaks and suits, women's and men's furnishings.

A. Schaap & Son, 394 Broadway—Straw hats.

J. Weisz, 7 Lispenard St.—Women's cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts, and other wearing apparel.

Van Praag & Co., 15 Greene St.—Clothing.

J. H. Mayers, assignee sale, United Novelty Jewelry Co., 61 East 8th St., 10:30 A. M.—Jewelry novelties, mesh bags, machinery, office furniture, fixtures, &c.

Samuel Marx, 5,218 Fifth Av., Brooklyn—Assets of A. Grossman & Co., 10:30 A. M.—Men's furnishings.

Charles Shongood, assignee sales—Empire Home Furnishing Co., 241 West 23d St., 10:30 A. M., household furniture; Mme. Martha, 8 West 45th St., 10:30 A. M., waists, dresses, trimmings, and fixtures.

A. R. Gross, 29 Greene St.—Women's cloaks, suits, and raincoats, 10:30 A. M.; also Friday.

Wednesday.

J. H. Mayers, assignee sale, Manhattan Undergarment Co., 137 West 29th St.—Women's muslin underwear, machinery, fixtures, &c.; 10:30 A. M.

Henry Lilly Co., 88 Reade St.—Shoes; also Friday.

David W. Biow Co., 520 Broadway—Men's, youths', and children's clothing.

Samuel Marx, 324 Church St. — Jewelry, pictures, cut glass, &c., from estate of Belle Smallbath; 10:30 A. M.

H. Perelmutter, 208 Canal St. — Cloaks, suits, and silk dresses.

Charles Shongood, bankrupt sale, Wm. C. Munz, 409 East 18th St., 10:30 A. M.—Lumber and office furniture.

Charles Shongood, assignee sales — Louis Birnbaum, 3,975 3d Av., 10:30 A. M., household furniture; Freeman Bros., 26 West 125th St., 10:30 A. M., dresses, suits, coats, fixtures &c.

Thursday.

Van Praag & Co., 15 Greene St.—Shoes.

S. Richmond, 27 Greene St.—Women's and misses' dresses, silk and crepe kimonos, neckwear, &c.; also Friday.

Charles Shongood, assignee sale, Wm. Adler, Theatrical Costumer, Inc., 105 West 39th St.—10:30 A. M.—Theatrical costumes and machinery.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—Akron D. G. Co.; J. H. Vineberg, notions, laces; 72 Madison Av.
AKRON—M. O'Neil Co.; R. Cruikshank, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
AKRON, Ohio—C. H. Yeager Co.; C. F. Yeager, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil Co.; R. Cruikshank, carpets, rugs; 37 W. 26th.
ALTOONA—Wm. F. Goble & Co.; J. G. Anspach, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—Holzheimer & Shaul; P. D. Shaul, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
ATLANTA—M. Rich & Bros.; Mrs. E. Argo, laces; Miss R. Kling, embroideries; 148 W. 23d.
AUBURN, N. Y.—Foster, Ross & Co.; C. Kierst, carpets, rugs; 69 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; J. Postley, house furn. goods; H. A. Richards, rugs, carpets; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss C. Fuld, children's wear; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; H. A. Richard, rugs; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; H. Weiss, rugs; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; A. Delevie, carpets, rugs; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—T. J. Buckley, cloaks, suits; Hermitage.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; J. F. Ross, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; C. J. Brady, carpets, rugs; 31 Union Sq.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; W. H. Ross, carpets, rugs; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—Houghton & Dutton Co.; T. W. Rich, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
BRIDGEPORT—Howland D. G. Co.; J. S. Greening, carpets, rugs; A. A. Sprague, toys; 75 Spring.
BRIDGEPORT—Smith-Murray Co.; I. Lewis, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; P. Schaeffer, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; H. D. Hosmer, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; W. Bader, carpets, rugs; 31 Union Square.
CANTON, Ohio—W. R. Zollinger & Co.; T. C. McClure, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—C. Denecke, Inc.; A. Bartells, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
CEDAR RAPIDS—Killian Co.; C. Falkenau, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; J. R. Weymouth, rugs, house, furn. goods; 39 W. 32d; Gregorian.
CHATTANOOGA—D. B. Loveman Co.; W. M. Sporborg, mdse. mgr.; 148 W 23d.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Miss Thal, misses' coats, suits, dresses; J. A. Albies, carpets, rugs; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears-Roebuck Co.; V. J. Bert, domestics; G. F. Mitchell, dry goods; 438 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss S. Bernstein, ladies' waists, basement; Miss J. Coughlin, millinery; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; J. D. Rutter, carpets, rugs; 116 W. 32d.
CHICAGO—"Hillman's;" J. D. Rutter, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
CHICAGO—The Catalogue House; J. N. Rosenthal, furs, fur coats; 132 W 21st.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; Max Meyer, dress goods, silks; 116 W. 32d.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; M. Meyer, women's wash dresses; 116 W 32d.
CHICAGO—The Fair; J. Godfrey, men's, boys' clothing; 225 4th Av.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; H. H. Frost, wash goods; 200 5th Av.; Gregorian.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—Fries & Schuele Co.; K. C. Schuele, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor Son & Co.; M. J. Rogers, carpets, rugs; 470 4th Av.
COLUMBUS — Morehouse-Martens Co.; W. Wharton, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
DANVILLE—Emery D. G. Co.; J. Emery, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; R. Elder, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
DES MOINES—Harris, Emery Co.; G. V. Hall, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
DES MOINES—Harris, Emery, Co.; G. V. Hall, rugs, carpets; 320 Church.
DES MOINES—J. Mandelbaum & Sons; S. A. Harscher, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; H. Barmby, carpets, rugs; 43 Leonard.
ELMIRA—Sheehan, Dean & Co.; W. H. Creighmile, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
ELYRIA, Ohio—J. Lersch & Co.; C. T. Lersch, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
ERIE—Trask, Prescott & Richardson Co.; D. D. Coyle, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Andres Co.; W. J. Nance, rugs, carpets; 320 Church.
FALL RIVER—R. A. McWhirr Co.; B. G. Twitchell, toys; J. E. Bannister, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
GLOVERSVILLE—Martin & Naylor Co.; F. Barney, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y.—The Fashion Store; M. J. Dorsnan, ladies' and misses' ready-to-wear; 51 W. 23d.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Wurzburg Dry Goods Co.; J. Murphy, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
GRAND RAPIDS—Chas. Trankla Co.; C. Trankla, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
HARRISBURG—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; W. Speakman, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
HARTFORD—Brown, Thompson & Co.; J. J. Henry, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
HARTFORD—Brown, Thompson & Co.; G. W. Gay, dry goods; 2 Walker.
HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; M. J. Sullivan, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; H. S. Sheffield, toys; T. P. Abbott, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; M. Guthrie, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis D. G. Co.; F. L. Pettis, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; G. Anderson, rugs; 71 W. 23d.
ITHACA, N. Y.—Rothschild Bros.; Miss M. Crance, muslin underwear, millinery; Imperial.
JACKSON, Miss.; R. E. Kennington Co.; L. C. Bailey, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—N. Nathan Bro.; Miss Melanophy, jobs ladies' untrimmed hats; 72 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Jones Store Co.; E. G. Aruffo, carpets, rugs; 23 E 26th.
KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird Thayer D. G. Co.; M. M. Kevan, carpets, rugs; 25 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Geo. B. Peck D. G. Co.; J. W. Wilson, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
KNOXVILLE—M. M. Newcomber Co.; M. M. Newcomber, general mdse.; Miss R. Kessler, millinery; 45 W. 34th; Wallick's.
LAWRENCE—Robertson, Sutherland Co.; A. G. Sutherland, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
LANCESTER—Watt & Shoad; W. O. Smith, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
LANCASTER—Hager & Bro.; J. F. Ripple, carpets, rugs; P. H. Fowey, toys; 75 Spring.
LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; Miss H. Ogden, misses' suits, dresses; 95 Madison Av.
LOUISVILLE—H. P. Selman & Co.; H. P. Selman, women's ready-to-wear; 1,261 Broadway.
LOUISVILLE—Kaufmann, Strauss Co.; E. Durand, cloaks, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.
MERIDEN, Conn.—Ives, Upham & Rand Co.; W. I. Wilcox, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; Miss K. M. Riordan, toys; H. A. Leonard, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
MIDDLETOWN, N. Y.—Tompkins D. G. Co.; S. Millspaugh, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
MILWAUKEE—E. A. Schuster & Co.; L. F. Krenger, dry goods; 116 W. 32d.
MILWAUKEE—Ed Schuster & Co.; H. Kaestner, Mr. Kroeger, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld-Phillipson Co.; J. B. Brisbane, carpets, rugs; 31 Union Square.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; P. P. O'Halloran, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
MUNCIE, Ind.—W. A. McNaughton Co.; A. L. Murray, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
NEW BEDFORD—New Bedford D. G. Co.; G. Thibedean, toys; W. J. Hoyle, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; A. A. Breton, toys; O. C. Herman, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
NEW HAVEN—E. Malley Co.; J. T. Duff, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
NEW ORLEANS—Leon Fellman; L. Feibelman, notions, laces, ribbons; 43 Leonard.
NEW ORLEANS—Economy Co.; W. A. Bloom, women's, children's ready to wear; 39 W. 32d.
NEW ORLEANS—D. H. Holmes Co.; Mrs. R. Sherwood, cloaks, suits, waists; G. A. Barnum, carpets, rugs; 15 E. 26th.
NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; H. L. Linnell, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
NORWICH—Porteous-Mitchell Co.; W. G. Kaslaski, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
NORWICH—Reid & Hughes Co.; C. I. Smith, toys; W. E. Bulkley, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
OSHKOSH, Wis.—F. Stein & Co.; F. Stein, ready to wear; 1,133 Broadway.
PADUCAH—Wm. M. Rieke & Co.; J. C. Rieke, toys, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
PAWTUCKET—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; J. H. Hogan, toys; W. L. Brown, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
PEORIA—Clarke & Co.; H. H. Whitney, carpets, rugs; 31 Union Square.
PHILADELPHIA—R. Hirst Co.; R. Hirst, rugs; Broztell.
PHILADELPHIA—Kramer & Abramoff; S. Kramer, rugs; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—A. S. Lyman & Co.; A. Hyman, rugs; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA — Tinkler & Co.; J. G. Clements, rugs; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—Glanz & Hall; J. E. Hall, C. L. Glanz, carpets, rugs; Imperial.
PITTSBURGH—J. J. Porter & Co.; Miss K. Wells, millinery; Grand.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; B. F. Whitehead, clothing; Miss F. Hobson, Miss L. Spieler, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Meyer, Jonason & Co.; M. G. Cohen, cloaks, suits, millinery; 11 W. 25th; Wallick's.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; L. A. Hubach, rugs; 470 4th Av.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—England Bros.; F. H. Muller, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
PORTLAND, Me. — Porteous-Mitchell-Brun Co.; O. A. Moore, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
POTTSVILLE—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; D. Bible, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
PROVIDENCE—Ogus, Rabinovitch & Ogus; W. Zeimer, millinery; 621 B'way.
PROVIDENCE—Callendar, McAuslan & Troup Co.; F. P. Burlingame, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; O. Hunt, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
PEORIA, Ill.—Block & Kuhl Co.; F. Aubertine, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.—G. B. French Co.; G. E. French, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
PUEBLO—Crews, Beggs Co.; A. L. Sullivan, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; J. S. McQuay, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
RICHMOND—J. B. Mosby & Co.; Miss C. E. Cunningham, millinery; 39 W. 32d.
RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; E. B. Sydnar, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; J. T. Otto, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
RICHMOND—Cohen Co.; W. Peristein, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
ROANOKE—Geo. McBain Co.; A. A. Johnson, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
ROCKFORD, Ill.—C. V. Weise Co.; H. P. Gingrich, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
SALEM, Mass.—Almy, Bigelow & Washburn; H. Campbell, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
SALEM—W. G. Webber Co.; J. Donovan, toys, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
SARATOGA—R. Starbuck & Co.; R. Starbuck, carpets, rugs; 105 Grand.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; J. J. Milburn, cloaks, suits, waists; 470 4th Av.
SAULT STE MARIE—Prenzlauer Bros. Co.; W. R. Cowan, wash dresses; 31 Union Sq.
SALT LAKE CITY—Walker Bros. Dry Goods Co.; E. J. Donnelly, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
SAVANNAH—Frank & Co.; H. I. Frank, dry goods, notions, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
SCHENECTADY—H. S. Barney Co.; Miss E. Ledger, toys; H. Gilbert, rugs, carpets; 75 Spring.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Clarke Bros.; J. W. Penny, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
SCRANTON—Jonas Long's Sons; D. L. McCarthy, house furn. goods; 315 4th Av.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Bon Marche, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
SIOUX CITY—Davidson Bros. Co.; L. E. Rappleye, rugs; 1,261 B'way.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—J. E. Ellsworth; N. Fuller, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
SOUTH BEND—Wenderoth & McGill; J. P. McGill, rugs; Martinique.
SPARTANSBURG, S. C.—J. B. Lyles, dry goods; Collingwood.
SPARTANSBURG, S. C.—A. W. Smith Co.; H. F. McGee, dry goods; Collingwood.
SPOKANE—Spokane D. G. Co.; C. C. Mecum, carpets, rugs; 225 4th Av.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Culberton, Grote, Rankin Co.; A. C. Elbert, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
SPRINGFIELD—Meekins, Packard & Wheat; A. A. Packard, toys, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; C. B. Hitchcock, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—Ed. Wren Co.; R. A. Staley, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Smith & Murray; J. Hoge, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; V. M. Anderson, carpets, rugs; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Mrs. M. H. Block, muslin underwear; Miss J. Bishop, ribbons, ladies' neckwear; 37 W. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; L. Toben, rugs; 258 Church; Latham.
ST. LOUIS—Ferguson, McKinney Mfg. Co.; J. J. Woods, prints, dress goods, silks; 358 Bwy.
ST. PAUL—Lindeke, Warner Sons; L. W. Walterstorf, laces, white goods; 350 Broadway.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Mannheimer Bros.; O. H. Mathies, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
STEUBENVILLE—I. Sulzbacher; F. Marshall, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
TERRE HAUTE—Root D. G. Co.; Miss K. Fitzpatrick, cloaks, suits, waists; 23 E. 26th.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner Co.; J. C. McIlhaney, carpets, rugs, draperies, floor coverings, curtains, shirtwaist boxes; 20 W. 22d.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; H. J. Sanger, flannels; 15 W. 26th; Grand.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; J. V. Mogue, rugs; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; H. H. Miller, carpets, rugs; 215 4th Av.
WATERBURY—Reid & Hughes D. G. Co.; A. K. Burnham, toys; W. E. Minor, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
WHEELING—Stone & Thomas; H. M. Helfrich, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
WOONSOCKET—Harris & Mowry Co.; J. J. Harrington, toys; T. A. Engelbach, carpets, rugs; 75 Spring.
WORCESTER—Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co.; E. I. Darby, carpets, rugs; R. Illsley, toys; 75 Spring.
WORCESTER—Barnard, Sumner, Putnam Co.; R. A. Illesly, china, art goods; 75 Spring.
WORCESTER—John C. MacInnes Co.; D. H. Mylott, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; R. Keith, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
YONKERS, N. Y.—Marshall-Matheson Co.; J. J. Matheson, carpets, rugs; 432 4th Av.
YORK—P. Wiest's Sons; Miss Jennie Smyser, gloves, hosiery, umbrellas, parasols; Miss Nellie Smith, knit underwear, handkerchiefs, sweaters; Leon S. Hydeman, coats, suits, dresses, &c.; 116 W. 32d.
YOUNGSTOWN—G. M. McKelvey & Co.; F. Barclay, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
ZANESVILLE—H. H. Sturtevant Co.; J. W. Dulan, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.

THIS WEEK'S AUCTION SALES

Monday.

Anderson Galleries, Madison Av. and 40th St.—Standard books from library of Miss Mary Waddington and the law library of the late Justice Henry Bischoff; also this evening and Tuesday afternoon.

Wednesday.

American Art Galleries, Grand Ballroom of Hotel Plaza—Oil paintings by masters of early English, French, Flemish, Dutch, and Italian schools, from Blakeslee Galleries; also Thursday and Friday, 8:15 P. M.

Augustus W. Clark, 31 East 72d St.—Furniture, art objects, &c., from estate of Laura V. Rhinelander; also following days at 10:30.

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, 333 Fourth Av.—Mahogany furniture from estate of S. H. Russell, including reproductions of Chippendale, Hepplewaite, Sheraton, and Adam; also home furnishings, Staffordshire china, copper and silver lustre, English cutglass, &c.

Silo's Art Galleries, 546 Fifth Av.—English and French master cabinetry, rare old porcelain, crystal and glass, Welsh fixtures, &c., from G. G. Craven, England; continues Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, 2 P. M.

Thursday.

A. Kaliski, 88 University Place—General household furniture and effects.

Broadway Art Galleries, 1,362 Broadway—Furniture, bronzes, oil paintings, works of art, &c., from estate of Rudolph Aronson; also Friday and Saturday, 2 P. M.

Friday.

Anderson Galleries, Madison Av. and 40th St.—Old and modern prints, framed and from portfolios, including consignment from estate of Colonel H. M. Cronin, Brooklyn; 8:15 P. M.

J. W. & W. H. Reid, 19 Willoughby St., Brooklyn—Household furniture, &c.

Rubber Embargo Does Not Apply.

The Merchants' Association recently received complaints from some of its members that the terms upon which Great Britain was permitting the exportation of crude rubber to this country were being construed to prevent the re-exportation of manufactured articles containing small quantities of rubber, such as carpet sweepers and clothes wringers. The association took the matter up with the State Department at Washington, which promised to make inquiry of Great Britain as to whether the rubber embargo was intended to apply to such articles. This was done, and a letter indicating that the embargo was not intended to prevent the export of these manufactured products to neutral countries was received by the association last week from Acting Secretary of State Lansing.

BUSINESS LOCATIONS.

OFFICES and small lofts; monthly rents $15 up. 149 West 35th Street.

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

SALESMAN WANTED for a popular priced waist house; one who is thoroughly acquainted with the resident buyers of NEW YORK CITY. Exceptional opportunity to the right man; only those who can show references and refer to resident buyers need apply; salary or commission. Address RESULTS, Box 245 Times Downtown.

EUROPEAN AGENCIES WANTED. Englishman returning to London, seeks one or two first-class agencies for Gt. Britain, France, Spain, and Greece; could possibly obtain orders for all kinds of war stores; any commissions undertaken for the above countries. Address H. Sherwood Norris, Rubinat Co., 241 W. 42d St., New York. Telephone 7157 Bryant.

AM OPEN FOR JOBS OF LADIES' UNTRIMMED SHAPES; QUANTITY NO OBJECT; SPOT CASH. TELEPHONE 7197 MADISON SQUARE. CALL MONDAY MORNING. BEN F. LEVIS, RESIDENT BUYER, 72 MADISON AV.

An A1 side line to take to the coast; only first-class firms making dependable merchandise and prompt deliveries considered; commission basis; references exchanged. Address "Coast," Room 1,005 Woolworth Building.

OUR NEW TELEPHONE NUMBERS ARE CHELSEA 3143-4. R. KRAUSE & SON, 22 WEST 19TH STREET.

An Opportunity for embroiderers to procure fully equipped up-to-date plant, consisting of three ten-yard machines, mending machines, office furniture, at less than half its cost; sell or rent. S 49 Times.

LADIES' COATS, all wool serge, half satin-lined, color black, at $2.75; also lot of cravenettes and Balmacaan coats to close. THE PANARD COMPANY, 34 West 27th St., City.

Large jobbing house ready to look at Fall samples of children's, junior misses', and ladies' coats, and junior misses' and ladies' suits; write immediately for appointment. R. H., 241 Times Downtown.

2,000 MEN'S SPRING SUITS To Close at Big Reductions. Bargain Hunters, here's your chance. S. J. NATHAN SON & CO., 84 Fifth Av.

BIG JOB OF COLORED AND WHITE DRESSES, also silk waists, to close out at low price. SCHWARTZ BROS., 39 West 19th St.

Wanted.—For special sales, for cash, any quantity ladies', misses', and children's wearing apparel of every description; will also buy jobs. Z 204 Times Annex.

Job of Woolen Cloths, suitable for cheap coats, suits, or skirts; also lots of skirts to close out. Klein & Flower, 12 West 27th St.

HAVE TO CLOSE OUT at once 1,000 crepe de chine and silk poplin dresses at very low price. Charles Steger Co., 60 West 33d St.

Jobber looking at infants', children's, ladies', and juniors' pile fabric coats; all week from 9 A. M. to 12. 5 W. 17th St., 9th floor.

Jobbers or Manufacturers! We are making one special, Palm Beach suits or dress, $2.25; well made; big value. L 20 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, traveling salesman, desires responsible position in city; best references given; selling ability. W 174 Times.

Buyer for general stores desires jobs, cheap for cash, in ladies' and misses' apparel. B. R. S. Co., 32 Greene St. Tel. Spring 358.

500 DOZ. WHITE UNDERSKIRTS to close out, $3 up. Gilbert Underwear Co., 136 Prince St.

BIG LOTS of snappy Spring coats to close out, at low prices. Ulin Bros., 54-56 West 3d St.

READY TO CLOSE OUT 200 suits; latest style material; low prices. Pacific Cloak and Suit Co., 3 East 17th.

JOBBER WILL LOOK AT Fall line coats and suits. Room 907, 11 West 25th St.

JOBBER LOOKING AT wash dresses. Apply 35 West 21st St., fifth floor.

JOBS IN COTTON WAISTS, any quantity, bought for cash. Dane & Co., 232 6th Av.

CASH FOR JOBS ladies', misses' wearing apparel. Gross, 29 Greene St. Spring 886.

WILL LOOK AT Fall cloth and pile fabric coats. Rubin & Seiff, 39 West 32d St.

FELLOWS, 31 Union Square, wants jobs muslin underwear, also basement dry goods.

JOBBER looking at Fall skirts. Call with samples at once. 5th floor, 56 W. 22d St.

Jobber will look at wash dresses between 1-4, 7th floor, 151 West 19th.

Job of silk dresses to close out. Lasker, 33 West 34th.

For the New York Home of
North Shore Wash Dresses
Retailing at $1 to $7.50
Remember the 35's
35 West 35th St.
is our address
3535 Greeley
is our phone number
Drop in and let us tell you what North Shore Service is.
ROYAL MFG. CO.

ADVERTISEMENT.

An Open Letter

GENTLEMEN: WE WANT TO BUY FOR CASH 1,000,000 POUNDS OF OLD BOOKS, RECORDS, BAGGING, BURLAP AND OLD ROPE. NO QUANTITY TOO LARGE. WHAT HAVE YOU TO OFFER? SEE OR COMMUNICATE WITH OUR MR. GATTO, MAIN PAPER STOCK CO., 25-31 PECK SLIP, N. Y. C. TELEPHONE BEEKMAN 3810.

ACCOUNTS
Collected in every State. Small charge. Fidelity Collection Co., 63 Park Row. B'kman 3853.

ADDRESSING.
Folding, Mailing, Multigraphing. Phone Gram. 1358. BURNHAM ADDRESSING CO., 10-12 E. 23d.

ADVERTISING
Boost Your Business At a Low Cost. Write Bailey-Scott Co., Inc., 303 Fifth Ave.

AEROPLANE TOYS.
FLYING TOYS that FLY, 10c to $20. Ideal Aeroplane & Supply Co., 84 W. B'way.

BELTS.
Ladies' Belts and Gate Bags at Popular Prices. BIENENZUCHT BROS., 109-111 Spring St.

COMMERCIAL PRINTING.
ARTISTIC PRINTING AT MODERATE PRICES. STAR PRINTING CO., 301 W. 37th St. Greeley 883.

CURTAINS (Novelty.)
See the New Curtains SPOKE STITCH. EUGENE NEUMAIER & CO., 3 West 18th St.

DRESSES.
WASH DRESSES. Wonderful values. PH. MARK & CO., 71 W. 23d St. Gram. 4414.

DYEING OF FANCY TEXTILE FABRICS
JACOB FEIBEL. Telephone Spring 1291. 117 Spring St.

FAVORS & PAPER HATS.
Novelties for all occasions, wholesale & retail. Mrs. I. Davidsohn, 201 W. 145th St.

GIRDLES
Newest Novelties at Slote & Schaffer, "The Belt House of N. Y.," 49 East 21st St.

LEGHORN HATS
White Hats. Milton S. Sommerich, Room 1,300, 38-40 West 32d St.

MEN'S SPRING COATS.
Balmacaan regular models, $5.00-$8.00, worth double. Andrews, 172 5th Av., Room 3.

MEN'S DRESS SUITS.
FULL DRESS, FROCK COATS, PRINCE ALBERTS. } CHAS. N. MELTSNER & BRO., 21-23 Waverley Pl.

NOVELTIES.
10,000 Seasonable Favors and Novelties. B. Shackman & Co., 906 Broadway, N. Y.

OVERALLS.
"THE BOYS' FRIEND OVERALLS." $1.50 Per Dozen. S. COHEN, Mfr., 39 East Broadway, N. Y.

RAINCOATS AND RAINCAPES.
B. Boonims, manufacturer. Job lots always on hand. See me first. 17 East Broadway.

WAISTS.
BLOOM & MILLMAN
WALDORF B'LD'G.
2-16 WEST 33d ST.
$9.00 WAISTS & MIDDIES

5c., 10c., AND 25c. GOODS.
The Five and Ten Cent Exchange, 10-12 West 20th St.

Auctioneers

whose announcements of sales appear on the Business Page of The New York Times:

Merchandise.

DAVID W. BIOW & CO., 520-522 BROADWAY.

Special Sales Salvage Merchandise Only. LEOPOLD GANS CO., 46-50 Wooster St.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer of high-class merchandise, 15 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 4299.

HARRY M. MOSES, Auctioneer & Appraiser, 189 Broadway. Cortlandt 1233.

Sam H. Richmond, Inc., Auct. & Com. Mer. Cash advanced on mdse. 27 Greene. Sp. 889.

Chas. Shongood, Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Van Praag & Co., 15-17 Greene, largest cash buyers; mdse., fixtures, machinery. Sp. 1056.

Michael M. Weisz buys all kinds mdse., machinery, fixtures. 7 Lispenard. 2847 Frank.

HENRY LILLY CO., 88-90 Reade St. Trade Sales of Shoes Every Wed. & Fri.

A. R. Gross Co., Inc., 29 Greene St., Auction and Commission Merchants. Liberal advances made on consigned mdse.

National Purchasing Co., 8 Lispenard, Fra 4343. Cash buyers of mdse.; advances on consignments; settlement 24 hrs. after sale.

Retail.

Art, Furniture, Rugs, etc.

Works of art, pianos, bric-a-brac, paintings bought, any quantity. Broadway Galleries, 1362 Broadway.

Highest prices furniture, pianos, antiques, &c. A. Kaliski, 88 Univ. Pl. 'Phone 2377 Stuyv.

WISE, Auctr., 428 Columbus Av., 7175 Schuyler, pays highest cash prices, furniture, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, Sell Tomor'w, Tuesday, April 20, at 10:30 A. M., At Our Salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y., $15,000 Stock Hand-tailored, Latest Model

CLOTHING

From a most prominent retailer & manufact'r
1,000 FASHIONABLE MEN'S SUITS
Finest stripes, checks, tartans, worsteds, serges and cashmeres. All hand-tailored and snappy patterns.
50 FULL DRESS AND TUXEDO SUITS,
800 PR. MEN'S WORSTED TROUSERS,
500 Boys' Worsted and Serge Suits, Men's Raincoats, Spring Overcoats, etc.
This is an unusual stock of high-grade clothing and should be attended by high-class dealers.

AT PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE
1,000 Dozen Men's Baltimore Made
STRAW HATS
AND GENUINE PANAMA HATS
Will be sold Tomorrow, Tuesday, April 20th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., at our salesrooms, 394 Broadway, N. Y. C. This stock comprises about 800 dozen Men's Straw Hats (Baltimore made) in original cases; all this season's goods in the latest shapes and styles. Also about 200 dozen Genuine Panama Hats in fine weaves and good staple styles.
☞ This above sale should command the attention of live retailers.
A. SCHAAP & SONS, Auction Department, 394 Broadway, N.Y.C. Tel., Franklin 42-43.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Long Term Leases
for industrial sites on remarkably advantageous terms in Long Island City, the very heart of New York's industrial centre; 8 minutes to Times Square; great transit facilities; the Barge Canal Terminal adjoining property. Ravenswood Holding Co., 1 Madison Ave. Tel. 780 Gramercy.

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EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY to rent, with option to purchase, on the south shore of Long Island, 43 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; good boating, bathing, and fishing; $500 for the season; $250 of this money will be allowed as part of first payment in case of purchase; also have two improved lots for $800, on which we will build a house to suit; ready for occupancy before July 5, 1915. Address S. E., 84 Times.

KENSINGTON, GREAT NECK
Owner will sell plot of 8 lots on Arleigh Road for $1,000 less than real estate company asks for adjoining plots in this fine residential park. Part cash, balance easy terms. Kenneth Gardner, 54 Wall St.

An Unusual Opportunity.
48 acres, good soil, nearly all cleared; beautiful Sound views, fronting two highways; mile to shore and trolley; $400 per acre. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I., or 47 West 34th Street.

NEW JERSEY FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$6000 Easy Terms. 10-Room
House, all improvements, steam heat, etc.; half acre ground; near express station on main line D., L. & W. R. R.; only 55 minutes from Broadway. Great Bargain. Will send photo and floor plans.
Address OWNER,
Post Office Box 180, N. Y. City.

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Beautiful Brick Houses
FOR RENT, $30.
Semi-detached brick and stone, 7 rooms, bath; elegantly decorated. Send for booklet. MANAGER, 60A Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Cort. 2552.

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We've something new and superior in office lighting—the new Nitrogen Electric Lamp combined with indirect lighting. Call and see what it means to you.
41 Park Row &
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Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
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IRVINGTON HALL
355 West 51st St.
Just completed, handsomely finished, modern fireproof elevator apartment house, consisting of two, three, and four room apartments, with bath, kitchens and kitchenettes; block to Subway and "L"; rent, $35 to $55.

Attractive Corner Apartments
Near 86th St. "L" & Subway Stations.
9 ROOMS, 2 AND 3 BATHS.
High-class, fireproof house; selected tenants.
Rents Very Reasonable—Including Electric Light
WILLIAM R. WARE. B'way & 86th St.

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The West Point & Annapolis Court,
575 Riverside Drive—634 W. 135th.
Five, six, seven, eight large rooms.
New high class elevator Buildings.
Most beautiful view and location, best services guaranteed, $60-$80. Concessions. Supt.

PORT ROYAL, 246 W. 129th
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT;
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT;
MODERN RENTS. BIG VALUE.
5-6-7 Large, Light Rooms.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
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$21 to $45
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3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms & Bath
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

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20 MINUTES FROM MANHATTAN
AT HAYES AV. AND 25TH ST.
ONE BLOCK SOUTH of JACKSON AV.
Steam heat, hot water, electric light, Janitor service, telephone in each apt.
HOW TO GO: From Manhattan end of Queensboro Bridge at 59th St. & 2d Av., take Jackson Av., Flushing, or College Point Trolley direct to 25th St. and Jackson Av.
THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
Bridge Plaza, North, Long Island City.
Telephone Astoria 801.
Renting Office, Jackson Av. & 25th St.
Telephone Newtown 1214.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEE Kew Gardens FIRST
15 Minutes From Herald Square.
Call, write or phone for list of new houses ready for occupancy. JOHN J. BRITTON, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., N. Y. Telephone Greeley 5250 and 5251.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful All-Year Home
OVERLOOKING THE WATER
WITH LARGE GARAGE
PLOT 100 BY 209 FEET.
$42.50 MONTHLY
Pays All Carrying Charges.
Price $8,000. Easy Terms.
Very convenient to express station; 51 min. on Lackawanna R. R.
Fine views; near Country Club; best of outdoor recreations; boating, bathing, and fishing.

11 ROOMS, 2 BATHS
Beautiful living room 34 feet long, with open fireplace, is a feature of this house. A fine, unusually well-built house, with every convenience. This home is complete in every detail. In select neighborhood. For further particulars and photographs address
R. F. BARNES, 170 B'way, N. Y.
Tele. 1521 Cortlandt.

BRADLEY BEACH, N. J.,
FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT.
OCEAN AND PINES.
SEND FOR BOOKLET "B. B."
RICHARD McNEELY AGENCY.

FARMS ALL KINDS BARGAIN PRICES
WRITE FOR OUR LIST.
BUHOT FARM AGENCY, Flemington, N. J.

City Property.
Thirty cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

ELEGANT 4-story, 2-family dwelling; 16 rooms, 2 baths; exclusive section, near Subway; sacrifice. 577 West 161st St.

158th, 630 West.—Ten rooms, two baths; $18,000; any terms; house free, clear; will rent; inspection any time.

Clifford B. Harmon & Co., Real Estate, Vanderbilt Avenue Bldg., opposite Grand Central.

FLORIST.
47th, 9 West; basement and lawn fronting street.

40th St., 8 West, new 20-story building.
OFFICES 229 SQ. FT. TO 4,600 SQ. FT.
Ewing Bacon & Henry, 101 Park Av.

MARK RAFALSKY & CO.,
56 West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7848.

211 East 61st St.—Brownstone private. Owner on premises.

Rents Collected; Property Managed. Firm of L. J. Carpenter, 25 Liberty St.

We sell improved subdivision quickly, accessible populated districts. Bliss, 7 East 42d.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

2 nice waterfront lots, 50x200, at Throggs Neck, Bronx; sacrifice. Orth, owner, 370 E. 139th St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

TWO MODERN FLATBUSH HOMES.
Owner will rent or sell either; gilt edged property; best restricted section; prices reduced, $16,500, $14,000; rent $90 per month. Telephone 2281 M Flatbush.

An Ocean Parkway Bargain.—Eleven rooms, 2 baths; stone tile roof; 30 by 150 fireproof garage; mortgage to suit; price, $17,000. Attorney, 123 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted—Lots, plots, farms, to sell, commission basis. Rampolla, 192 Bowery, N. Y.

Property Out of the City.
Thirty cents an agate line.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, fourteen minutes from town; charming, small English house, unusually conveniently planned; ten rooms, three bathrooms, dumbwaiter, splendid nursery floor; garden, large trees; reasonable offers considered. Apply owner, S. Hale, 165 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 300.

A 256-acre country seat or stock farm on Jericho Turnpike, State road; large dwelling and outbuildings, spring ponds; suitable for country club or golf links; $400 acre. Codling or Mott, owners, Northport, L. I., or 27 Cedar St., New York City.

For Sale.—At Forest Hills, L. I., Sage Foundation homes; a 60-foot plot; contracted for in 1911; a fine location; ideal home site; a fair price on reasonable terms. Y 347 Times Annex.

A 250-acre farm, near Smithtown, house, barn, outbuildings; pond and well water; 2 miles road front; sell or rent; only $175 per acre. Mott, owner, Northport, L. I., or 27 Cedar St., N. Y. City.

Sacrifice 2 lots in the best part of Long Island City in the vicinity of the new Post Office. Orth, owner, 370 East 139th.

A two-family brick house. Inquire at 103 Madison St., Jamaica, L. I. No reasonable offer will be refused.

Nichols & Hobbie | 7 E. 42 st. | Hudson Riv, Westchester Co., farms, estates, houses to let.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Distinctive country houses, Westchester County. Rousseau Realty Co., 2 East 23d St.

Larchmont.

LARCHMONT.—Eight-room detached cottage, all improvements, $41.67. Collins, 54 Franklin St., New York.

New Rochelle.

New Rochelle, N. Y., (15 Fairview Place.)—Fine large suburban house; garage; plot 108x150; block from Pelham Road; near Locust Av.; 5 minutes station, Sound; fine neighborhood; $14,000; reasonable terms. Telephone 554 New Rochelle, or 3844 South.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY
THE BANKING DEPARTMENT
State of New York
Offers at private sale over 1,000 parcels of real estate located at Grantwood, Morsemere, Leonia, Hudson Heights, Palisade, and Edgewater, New Jersey, (about opposite Grant's Tomb,) consisting of modern houses and bungalows and high-class building lots.
BARGAIN PRICES PREVAIL
The above properties are owned by two corporations in process of liquidation, and the extremely low prices are calculated to bring quick sales and hasten the closing of the companies' business. Liberal terms. Title guarantee policies furnished free with all sales. Now is the time to purchase, while the range of choice is greatest. For full information address Benj. D. Haight, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, 601 Times Bldg., N. Y. City.

BARNEGAT BAY.
Excursion to visit this section next Sunday for sale of the lots right down on the beach and bay. Particulars and free tickets address W. Westerfield, 45 West 34th St., Room 407.

Bungalows and cottages; all modern improvements; large plots; excellent location; exceptional quality and price; would rent to intending buyers. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED HOUSE.
12 rooms, 2 baths, on most picturesque lake; near express depot; 51 min. to N. Y. City on Lackawanna R. R. Address M. Kelly, 170 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1522 Cortlandt.

Beautiful corner house, 6 rooms, bath; all modern improvements; ¼ acre high ground; fruit and shade trees; $3,700; little cash; $25 monthly. Ida Hallberg, Bergenfield, N. J., opposite station.

For Sale.—11-room house, all improvements; lot 100x125; the best location in Fort Lee; price right, terms easy. J. F. Burdett, Fort Lee, N. J.

Beautiful, new, well-located 7-room home; $4,850; easy payments; full particulars. T. Sinsabaugh, 20 Park Av., Rutherford, N. J.

Fine sixteen-room house, opposite Grant's Tomb, overlooking Hudson River, on bluff; sale or lease. C. Stack, 406 Lafayette St.

To Let.—Modern house, 45 minutes metropolis; garage. Thurber, 321 Boulevard, Passaic, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or to Let.

Shore and country property, in vicinity of Norwalk. H. E. Donn, Norwalk, Conn.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

For sale or rent, furnished, Berkshire Heights, a beautiful country home, 14 rooms, 5 baths; 20 acres; few minutes from station; city water, steam heat, electricity; sleeping porches; large studio; ice and wood; a new 1916 Overland car at a bargain. M. S. Zimmele, Great Barrington, Mass.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT.
Bungalows; private lake; all conveniences; close to railroad and supplies. Norman Hoffman, Marshalls Creek, Pa. Post Office East Stroudsburg, Pa., R. F. D. No. 2.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Houses and lots exchanged for income property or acreage; fine income investments. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

Country Property
Thirty cents an agate line.

To Let—Furnished.

Get the salt air through forest of pine trees; combination country and seashore home; bus to and from bathing beach; newly built nine room, furnished French bungalow; large screened porch; piano, tennis, bathing, fishing; hour out from Penn. Station; rent whole or part or take few paying guests; price, $400. Address Goss, 446 Manhattan Av.

Will rent partly furnished house in country, $15 month; rent free balance of year after fifth month; boating, fishing, &c. H. Hanners, Room 624, 52 Broadway.

Lake Champlain.—For rent, charming, small cottage on Whallons Bay, south of Essex; 6 rooms, furnished; secluded; $150 season. E. W. Leaning, Loudonville, N. Y.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished
Thirty cents an agate line.

Middle-aged single gentleman desires furnished floor (parlor, bedroom, bath) in private house where no other rooms are let till July 1 only; not over $75 a month. Reply, stating terms and location, S 79 Times.

Bachelor, mother and sister want furnished housekeeping apartment, west side, May to October. Write L. Graves, 144 Waverly Place.

Wanted, furnished bachelor apartment, 58th to 72d St., from west side Lexington Av. to Central Park West. Address, stating terms, S 81 Times Downtown.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FLATBUSH STUCCO! $4,250
$1,000 under price through builder's loss. All improvements. Beautiful street; 3 minutes from Ave. J Sta. Brighton "L." Rent-like terms. Send for photos. OTTO SINGER, E. 13th St. and Av. K. Brooklyn.

Flatbush—New Bungalow Type.
TWO FAMILY—Startlingly Attractive
One part leased, $408 year. Pays all expenses. 11R, 2B, Choice Spot, South Midwood Section. 3 min. to Brighton L. $7,750. Want $1,500 cash. Builder, W. H. Goldey, at Av. H Sta. Bright. L.

Automobile Exchange
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Exceptionally fine 6-cylinder, 5-passenger touring; like new, $650; also Chalmers 36, like new, $475; both cars fully equipped, including electric light, self starter; only used one season. Chauffeur, 2 Grace Court, corner Hicks St., near Borough Hall Subway station, Brooklyn.

Electric truck for sale, at a sacrifice; brand-new; latest design, with improved features, batteries in excellent condition; will dispose at mere fraction of real value. Philadelphia Storage Battery Co., 655 W. 43d St.

For Hire—Beautiful Packard landaulet, limousine Renault; private cars; latest models; by month; reasonable. B. Talot, 300 West 49th St. Phone Bryant 7720.

1913 Pierce-Arrow 6-66 seven-passenger touring; perfect in every detail; starter and electric lights; price very low if purchased at once. Telephone 4114 Riverside. Address N 149 Times.

For Sale.—White, 30 horse power, 1914 roadster; special body; rumble; driven 1,700 miles; $1,500, or will exchange for touring car. Phone 7986 Plaza.

FORDS.—Monthly payments accepted; cash prices; immediate deliveries. Ford Agency, S 56 Times.

Packard touring; hourly, monthly; owner drives. Veriangieri, 4,832-4,421 Harlem. 156 East 120th St.

S. G. V. 1914, 35 runabout, $1,600. Practically new. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. 9869 Columbus.

PACKARD, 1913, 6-48, 5-pass., excellent condition. Karp, 1,790 B'way. 9869 Col.

Simplex (1915) limousine, 38 h. p. Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Automobiles for Rent.

EGIDI AUTO SERVICE
Pierce-Arrows, Packards, Renaults,
By Hour, Day or Week.
Special Rates Monthly and Yearly Contracts.
Phone 774 Circle. 123 West 52d St.

PACKARD AUTO SERVICE.
Monthly, Weekly, Daily.
Specialty, Week-end Trips.
Gilbert, 1780 Circle.

Elegant Renault Landaulet for rent to responsible parties; monthly or season; owner drives; best of references. Address, Zula, 234 E. 58th St., City.

Gentleman's private Packard, with excellent driver; few hours daily; reasonable. Telephone 4235 Schuyler.

Automobile Supplies.

Automobiles, bodies, tires, tubes, sundries; lowest prices anywhere. 1,763 Broadway, (upstairs.)

Automobile Instruction.

Owners' and Chauffeurs' Courses.
Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL.
Largest and Best in Brooklyn.
BOOKLET AND VISITOR'S PASS FREE.
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., Bedford Av., B'klyn.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

To Let for Business Purposes
Thirty cents an agate line.

Lofts up to 20,000 square feet, each; separate buildings, one to four stories; low rentals; excellent shipping; all classes of help; can fill practically any demand for factory space, large or small. J. B. Fisher, 242 Broadway, Brooklyn. 'Phone 3564 Wms.

Unusual opportunity for small manufacturer; opposite all shipping; three lofts, 22x85 each; will separate; $25 and $30 each monthly; West St., near Cortlandt. Apply 143 Liberty St., Room 636.

407-409 EAST 31ST ST.
Size 50x65, $800.
Smaller loft, $500.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 E. 42d St.

THE SUB-LEASING CO., 1,472 Broadway.—Offices and lofts to SUBLET at attractive rentals, all parts of city. Put it up to us. 'Phone 5785-5786 Bryant.

Attractive factory building, 13th St., near 8th Av.; fully equipped for light manufacturing; handsome office, fixtures; low lease; will sell. Read, 100 4th Av.

43d St., 11 East.—Large, airy, light parlor floor; well heated; electricity; use professionally.

LOFTS, LIGHT MANUFACTURING OR STORAGE; ELEVATOR; $40 UP. G. B. RAFFETTO, 408 WEST 13TH.

49th, 36 East.—Large, light street store, suitable milliner, tailor, &c.; very low rental.

Store.—Excellent store, basement, and loft, cheap. 109 Reade St., near Broadway.

Desk room; stenographer, telephone. Evening Post Building, 20 Vesey St., Room 401.

Store, fine front $55. Jean D'Arc, S. W. corner 14th St., 7th Av.

Lofts, excellent light four sides; elevator; $83. 124 West 18th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted—Wall spaces, suitable for bulletin and paint displays. M 377 Times Downtown.

Apartments to Let
Furnished.
Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

Will sublet my two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, kitchenette and bath suite on 49th St., near 5th Av., to desirable tenant; long or short period; antique furnishings. By appointment. Dew. Phone Murray Hill 3178.

Will sublet apartment, three elegant rooms, furnished or unfurnished; private entrance. Apply Harperly Hall, 64th and Central Park West.

SUBLET.
Three rooms and bath.
HOTEL WALTON, 104 West 70th St.

Attractive apartment on Morningside Heights to rent, furnished, for Summer; 7 rooms; all outside. N 66 Times.

To Sublet.—Six-room apartment, fully furnished; all outside rooms; elevator; references. Apartment 65, 700 West 180th St.

GRANT COURT.
610 W. 113th, near Riverside Drive, 5-room, beautifully furnished; high class. Fischer.

86th, 200 West.—5 furnished light rooms; May-October. Schuyler 5200. Gilmore.

Riverside Drive, 244.—Five rooms; very reasonable; until October; piano. Meek.

94th, 205 West, (Opposite Hotel, Broadway.)—Five outside rooms; elevator apartment; $55.

East Side.

157 East 81st St.—Sublet, furnished, May-October, six rooms, bath. 7202 Lenox. Crombie.

Apartments to let, furnished or unfurnished; high-class hotel service; Summer prices now in effect; restaurant; two rooms and bath, furnished, $40 monthly and up.
Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.
Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished.
Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

70th, 104 West.—Unfurnished apt. to sublet; 4 rooms and 2 baths; could be divided into 2 apts., 2 rooms each; southwestern exposure. Hotel Walton. Tel. 2934 Columbus.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
308-310 West 15th St.
2 rooms and bath, $32.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

To sublet, very desirable 6-room apartment in West 90's; convenient to all transportation lines; all outside rooms; high-class residential section. W 153 Times.

Sublet Unfurnished.—Six large rooms, fifteen outside windows; elevator apartment; very reasonable, account leaving city. 470 Convent Av.

5 LARGE HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, $60.
Elevator building; all conveniences.
40 Morningside Av., cor. W. 118th St.

202 WEST 130TH ST.
Seven large, light rooms; one ground floor; $45-$55.

92d St., 214 West.—7 rooms; $1,100 up; also corner apartment. Lewis B. Preston, Inc., 165 Broadway.

177th St., 500 West.—3 to 5 large rooms overlooking park; $23 to $35; elevator, electric light, telephone.

Five large rooms; select elevator apartment house; rent $50. 608 West 139th.

East Side.

1,186 MADISON AV., (AT 87TH ST.)
Seven rooms, corner, modernized; parquet floors, electric light, tiled baths; rent $1,200. Superintendent, or agents, 507 5th Av.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.

29th, 128 East. Corner.—Six light rooms, bath; steam, hot water; $55.
LOUIS CARREAU, 796 6th Av., 45th St.

49th St., 36 East.—Apartments, one, two, and three rooms with bath, in very high-class house; very low rentals until Oct. 1.

Brooklyn.

St. James Place, 224, (near Fulton.) Exceptional 6-room apartment; $42; two flights; resident Superintendent. Golden Realty Co.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH, 29 EAST.—Large and small rooms, running water; excellent table; moderate.

15TH, 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Double, single rooms; excellent table, home cooking; telephone.

47 5TH AVENUE.
PERMANENT, TRANSIENT; TABLE BOARD.

MADISON AV., 302, (near 42d.)—Neatly furnished rooms; all conveniences; telephone.

MADISON AV., 165.—Large, small rooms; private bath; one block 34th Subway.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; unexcelled board; telephone; table guests.

57TH, 325 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; southern exposure; best accommodations; references.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large room; suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Communicating rooms; southern exposure; small room; continuous hot water.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private baths; $7-$14 up; Southerners accommodated, families.

71ST ST., 62 WEST. — DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; SUMMER RATES.

72D, 111-117 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, with board; ideal location.

73D, 112 WEST.—Rooms, with board; elevated and Subway express; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Attractive rooms; good table; homelike; parlor dining room; references.

76TH, 127 AND 129 WEST.
ROOMS; EXCEPTIONAL TABLE; REASONABLE.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Attractive rooms; parlor dining; references.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Select; near Riverside; double, single rooms; superior table; electricity.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive pensions, with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones. Booklet on request.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; private bath; electricity; excellent table; references.

80TH, 106, 108, 110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; new, high type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; references.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Excellent accommodations; private baths; continuous hot water; excellent cuisine.

82D, 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; excellent table; references.

82D, 124 WEST.—(Graycourt) new open for transients and permanent residents; attractive; modern; references. write for booklet.

86TH, 114 WEST.—After April 17, large and small room; references.

89TH, 306 WEST.—Refined Jewish home can accommodate couple or gentlemen; references.

93D, 21 WEST.—Large, small front rooms; park, "L"; telephone; board optional.

113TH, 625 WEST, (Riverside.)—Attractive, large rooms; special attention to guests; reasonable.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; electricity, closets; unexcelled cuisine; reference.

149TH, 544 WEST, (near Broadway Subway.)—Beautiful Riverside; nicest, healthiest section; "Audubon," select family hotel; first-class accommodations; very reasonable rates. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

REFINED, reliable gentleman may have ideal home life, cultured family, Riverside Drive. Y 370 Times Annex.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming family hotel of highest order.
Grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c. fare.
Lovely furnished rooms, suites, every comfort.
Excellent chef and service; separate tables.
Delightful atmosphere; worth investigation.
Weekly $9-$12 per adult, with meals.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.
Take Subway, "L," or trolley to South Ferry.

WEST END AV., 909, (103d Subway.)—Beautiful room, excellent meals; parlor dining.

Country Board
Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Spring and Summer engagements now made; spacious dining room; unexcelled home cooking; river view. W. E. Robinson, 2161 Yonkers.

Hotel Francis, 65 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J.—A quiet, restful family hotel, in most desirable section; rates moderate; tennis courts free; eight minutes to station.

Pianos and Organs
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Sohmer grand; upright; cost $600; sell cheap; going Europe. 237 West 113th St.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, held at the Court House in the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on April 12th, 1915.—Present: Hon. AUGUSTUS N. HAND, District Judge.—In the matter of STEPHEN H. P. PELL, CHARLES A. KITTLE, and HOWLAND H. PELL, individually and as co-partners doing business under the firm name of S. H. P. PELL & CO., Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 20159.

Upon the petition of Theodore H. Price, Arthur R. Marsh, and Joseph M. Hartfield, verified April 8th, 1915, the order herein of Judge Julius M. Mayer made and entered October 10, 1914, appointing George C. Holt, Esq., Special Master, the affidavit of Robert Forsyth Little, verified April 8th, 1915, wherein it appears that all of the loans made by the bankrupt to Simon Borg & Co., the Century Bank, Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co., Fulton Trust Co., Goldman, Sachs & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the Manhattan Co., the Market & Fulton Bank, F. S. Smithers & Co., the Standard Bank of South Africa, and that the surplus after the payment of said loans is now in the possession of the receivers herein; and upon all the papers and proceedings herein; and on motion of Robert Forsyth Little, attorney for the said petitioners, it is

Ordered, that all creditors of the above-named bankrupts and all other persons, firms, and corporations claiming any interest in or title to any securities which were on July 31, 1914, held by the banks, trust companies, corporations, and firms above named as security for loans theretofore made to the bankrupts, or any interest in or title to the surplus or any part thereof now in the possession of the Receivers herein, after the payment of said loans, or to any property relating to or in connection with said loans which is in the possession, custody, or control of said Receivers be, and they hereby are directed to file duly verified statements in writing of any and all such claims which they or any of them may have with George C. Holt, Esq., as Special Master, at his office in the Woolworth Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 22nd day of May, 1915; and it is

Further ordered, that any and all creditors or other persons, firms, or corporations claiming specific bonds, stocks, securities, sums of money or other assets or the proceeds thereof, which were on July 31, 1914, held by said banks, trust companies, corporations or firms as security for loans theretofore made to the bankrupts, or any interest in or title to the surplus or any part thereof now in the hands of the Receivers after the payment of said loans, or any property relating to or in connection with the said loans which is in the possession, custody or control of the Receivers herein who shall not file their claims to said stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money or other assets or the proceeds thereof, or to the said interest in or title to the surplus of said loans after the payment thereof, or to any property relating to or in connection with said loans which is in the possession, custody or control of said Receivers, on or before May 22nd, 1915, be, and they hereby are forever barred from making any claim against or asserting any right, title or interest in or to the said stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money or other assets or the proceeds thereof, or interest in or title to the said surplus or other property or any part thereof; and it is

Further ordered, that the determination of all rights, title and interest, if any, in and to any or all of the said stocks, bonds, securities, sums of money or other assets or the proceeds thereof, or the interest in or right and title to the surplus of said loans after the payment thereof, or any part thereof, be and the same hereby are referred to George C. Holt, Esq., who, under the order of this Court entered October 10, 1914, has been appointed Special Master for that purpose, to hear and determine the rights of such creditors and claimants, and the said Special Master is directed in all respects to determine, adjust and adjudicate the right, title, interest, equities, claims and liens therein and thereto, and to report to this Court his determination thereon; and it is

Further ordered, that service of this order be made upon the creditors or other firms, persons or corporations interested herein, by mailing on or before April 22nd, 1915, a copy of this order to each of them at their respective addresses as the same may appear upon the schedules herein, and by publishing a copy of this order in The New York Times prior to April 22nd, 1915, which shall be and is hereby declared to be sufficient service thereof; and it is

Further ordered, that the Receivers herein may apply for such other and further relief in the premises as may be necessary or proper.

AUGUSTUS N. HAND, U. S. D. J.
ROBERT FORSYTH LITTLE, Attorney for Theo. H. Price, Arthur R. Marsh, Joseph M. Hartfield, Receivers of S. H. P. Pell & Co., Office and Postoffice Address, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

15TH, 105 EAST, (opposite Union Square Hotel, Subway express.)—Apartment 94; Parlor, bedroom, tiled bath; piano, electricity, elevator, telephone; handsome fireproof building; bachelors; $10.

27TH ST., (Cor. Madison Av.)—Fireproof; telephone in every room; rooms with hot and cold running water; $6 and $7 weekly; with private bath, $8, $9, and $10 weekly. Hotel Madison.

43D, 16 EAST.—Gentleman tired hotel or club life may find comfortable room, with or without bath; breakfast optional.

45TH, 22 EAST.—Large, sunny room with private bath; exceptional house; breakfast optional; small room.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Elegant rooms; bright, modern; greatly reduced prices; French teachers' house.

56TH, 75 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms; elevator; floor; exclusive surroundings; meals if desired.

"ALLERTON HOUSE," 138 E. 38TH ST.
FOR BACHELORS.
The delightful comforts of the home and the genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new 12-story building; roof garden, private showers, billiard room, library, and lounge; no tipping; running water in every room; single rooms, $4 to $8 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $4 weekly each.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

West Side.

12TH, 61 WEST.—Attractive front, alcove room; also single and connecting rooms; telephone.

32D ST., (off Broadway, New Hotel Strand.)—Large, light rooms, with private bath, $9, $10, $12 per week; same rate for one or two people in room; some rooms at $7 per week.

32D, (Bet. B'way and 5th Av.,) Hotel Aberdeen.—Rooms with private bath, $10 per week; same rate for 1 or 2 persons in room.

47TH, 31 WEST.—Beautiful front room; elegant bathroom; steam; electricity; elevator; select.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Elegant room; private bath; electricity, steam; select.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

47TH, 11 WEST.—Unusually attractive parlor floor; other rooms; all modern conveniences.

47TH, 9 WEST.—Private home; handsomely furnished, large room and private room.

51ST, 70-72 WEST.—One, two rooms, suite; private bath; $3.50-$7 weekly.

53D, 62 WEST.—Attractive double room; private bath; medium and small rooms; reasonable.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Large, light rooms; modern conveniences; Subway, elevated; references. Hammond.

57TH, 256 WEST.—Superior accommodations in exclusive house; refined surroundings; references. Tappan.

66TH, 130 WEST.—Exceptionally large, clean rooms, $4-$7; Subway, elevated. Pearson.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, $4, $5, $7; perfectly kept house; references.

69TH, 103 WEST.—Delightful rooms; large, small; baths; very reasonable; private house.

70TH, 36 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with and without kitchenette; bath, electricity.

71ST, 282 WEST.—Large, small, sunny rooms; hot, cold water; references; suitable physician.

71ST, 206 WEST.—Exceptionally large front room, facing Broadway; private residence; smaller room.

72D, 248 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; also parlor floor; table guests. Tel. Columbus 1894. References.

73D, 153 WEST. — Attractively furnished, large and small rooms; electricity; telephone; Subway express.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath, electricity; board optional.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; large, small rooms; $5, $6, $7; telephone.

75TH, 104 WEST.—Two exceptionally pleasant rooms; kitchenette optional; other rooms; all conveniences.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, small rooms; running water; private bath; modern.

76TH, 125 WEST. — Attractive front room; handsome back parlor, with private bath.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Nicely furnished, pleasant rooms; with or without bath; Summer rates.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive, sunny front room; all conveniences; superior house; references; reasonable.

79TH, 160 WEST.—Sunny, airy room, comfortably furnished; moderate; phone Schuyler 5503.

79TH, 149 WEST.—Pleasant, small room; all conveniences; Subway, "L."

80TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive rooms, well furnished; running water; reasonable; references.

81ST, 265 WEST.—(Exceptional,) south, attractive room, running water, bath; modern. Inquire elevator.

81ST, 251 WEST.—Attractively furnished room, facing Broadway; high-class apartment. Holton.

82D, 68 WEST.—Parlor floor, single, en suite, bath; other desirable rooms.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Private house, large and small rooms; private bath; reference.

87TH ST., 312 WEST.—Large, front room, suitable two; medium-sized room; private shower bath; electricity; private house; reasonable; references.

93D, 253 WEST. — Attractive large, small rooms, baths; singly, en suite; private residence.

93D, (2,491 Broadway.)—Double, sunny rooms; running water; elevator; private family. Purdy.

93D, 303 WEST.—Rooms de luxe; private baths; singly; en suite.

94th, 32 West.—Large, modern room with alcove, one flight up; electricity, gas, phone; adjoining bath; $6. Riverside 1224.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Newly renovated, large, small rooms; 3d floor; telephone; references.

95TH, 122 WEST.—NEWLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; $3 WEEKLY; EVERY CONVENIENCE.

101ST, 16 WEST.—Attractive suites; telephone; electricity; $7; desirable rooms, $4; housekeeping. McNamara.

105TH, 248 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; elevator apartment; convenient Subway. Copeland.

111TH, 515 WEST.—Large and small rooms, elevator, improvements. Newburn. Apt. 14.

115TH, 620 WEST.—Adjoining bath, river view, subway, surface, bus. Apt. 62.

118TH, 405 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining bath; elevator; shower; reasonable. Apt. 82.

118TH, 419 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Attractive front suite, single rooms. Apt. 52.

120TH, 417 WEST.—Specially desirable, light, airy rooms; elevator; $4, up. Cooper.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; near Subway, parks, and Drive; Columbia grounds opposite; beautiful double room with kitchenette; single room also. See Yetman.

121ST ST., 265 WEST.—Newly furnished outside double rooms; every convenience; telephone; references; reasonable.

168TH ST., 601 WEST.—Single or en suite; overlooking Hudson; modern apartment. Subway. Ellsworth.

BROADWAY, 2,788.—Large room, bath, shower; closets; no other guest; to business man with references. Inquire elevator boy.

BROADWAY, 2,787.—2, 3, large, light rooms, bath. Telephone 1702 Riverside. Nielsen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, (137th Subway.)—Rooms; best accommodations; hotel service. Apartment 4D.

WEST END AV., 543.—Rooms, with private bath; also small room; reasonable; references.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 21,518.—In Bankruptcy.—JOHN D. MANTON, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said John D. Manton are hereby given notice that on April 13th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, April 30, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 21,323.—In Bankruptcy.—HOROWITZ & KURLAND DRESS CO., INC., Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Horowitz & Kurland Dress Co., Inc., are hereby given notice that on March 22d, 1915, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, April 30, 1915, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21,076.—In Bankruptcy.—EXCELSIOR OUTFITTERS, INC., Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Excelsior Outfitters, Inc., are hereby given notice that on March 26, 1915, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, April 29, 1915, at 12:00 o'clock noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
Dated, New York, April 17, 1915.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Situations Wanted Female
Fifteen cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; double-entry experience; capable taking entire charge; $14. M 365 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, executive ability; charge correspondence; trial balance; $15. S 27 Times.

DAY'S WORK.—Colored girl wishes day's work or cleaning; references. Write Fletcher, 2,164 5th Av.

GOVERNESS.—Nursery, north German, long experience; good sewer, highest references, desires position Christian family. E. E., 235 E. 60th.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Managing, very capable; American, (48;) excellent cook; understands care home, managing help, &c.; highest reference. S 76 Times.

LADY'S MAID to one, two ladies; good hairdresser; traveler; dressmaker; best references. Write M., Apt. 1W, 154 East 92d St.

NURSE.—North German, kindergarten experience, wishes position with family going to Southampton or nearby; best city references. E. B., 233 East 60th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Graduate of stenographic department and model office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references; will start at $7. Miss D., 36 West 123d St. 'Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight years' experience, desires permanent secretarial position; able correspondent, with knowledge of proof reading and capable of composing excellent advertising letters and copy; best references; $20-$25 per week. M 371 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' practical experience; educated, refined American; good address; unquestionable references; no agencies considered. A 274 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, TYPEWRITER.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; neat beginner; graduate, full course; $6; no agency; good speller; plain penman; American. Miss N., 271 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 5 years' experience; general office routine; moderate salary; excellent references. Rothstein, 1,391 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; knowledge of bookkeeping; high school graduate; willing; competent; salary $7. Write S., 23 Av. A.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, assistant bookkeeper, office detail; five years' experience; $12. M 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Brainy; charge correspondence, office; good grammarian; $10-$12. S 35 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (23,) five years' experience; thoroughly competent and reliable; $12. M 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; business school graduate; will work hard for advancement. Alice Krupp, 37 E. 58th St. Phone 2994 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean cut; quick comprehension; common sense; good grammarian; $9. N 176 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Exceptional beginner; high school education; excellent penman; refined; $8. N 272 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (20;) high school graduate; moderate salary. Box 56 D, Northside News, Bronx.

STRONG COUNTRY GIRL, not afraid of work, city experience, knowledge cooking, housework, serving, wants position private family; adults; salary $25; references. S 78 Times.

TEACHER, experienced; colleged graduate; all branches; public school methods; coaching. Progress, Times Harlem.

TRAINED BABY NURSE; 3 years' reference from last position; no cards. Call Jonas, 424 East 79th St.

VIOLINIST or ACCOMPANIST.—An experienced pupil of Sevcik wants a position as violinist or piano accompanist; will do orchestra work. S 29 Times.

Employment Agencies.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

CAPABLE HOUSEWORKER. — Experienced colored girl; good cook; city references. Telephone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT colored help, short notice; references. TULL AGENCY, 2,297 7th Av. 8022 Morningside.

COOKS.—German, Scotch, $30-$35; waitresses, $25; houseworkers, $18-$25; laundresses, nurses, $30. Domestic Exchange Agency, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKERS. — English-speaking girls, seeking positions. Polish-American Agency, 209 East 11th. Orchard 5607.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

COMPETENT SERVANTS procurable short notice. Progressive Agency, Harlem 5370, 34 W. 131st.

Help Wanted, Female
Twenty-five cents an agate line.

HOUSEWORK.—A respectable girl for general housework, washing, ironing, fine cooking for family of 3 adults; wages $20; references. Call 9-12 at 349 Central Park West. 5th, south.

NURSE wanted; white, for 3-year-old girl; must have personal city references. Apply before 10:30 A. M. this morning or between 5:30 and 8:30 o'clock this evening, 318 West 100th St.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, assist children, country. Farm, Y 375 Times Annex.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of W. S. BISHOP & CO., INC., Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 21,078.

It appearing to my satisfaction by the petition of Ellwood M. Rabenold, verified the 12th day of April, 1915, that a petition was filed in this court on the 18th day of January, 1915, praying that the above named W. S. Bishop & Co., Inc., be adjudged a bankrupt and that a subpoena directed to said alleged bankrupt was duly issued out of this court to the marshal of this district, and that the said marshal has been unable to serve the same, and that said alleged bankrupt is not now within this district so that personal service may be made upon it, and that diligent efforts have since been made to ascertain the whereabouts of the said alleged bankrupt and its officers, but that said officers of said alleged bankrupt are not now within the jurisdiction of this court, it is

Now, on motion of Ellwood M. Rabenold, Esq., attorney for the receiver herein,

ORDERED that the above named alleged bankrupt plead or answer on or before the 7th day of May, 1915, to the petition herein filed in the office of the Clerk of this court, on the 18th day of January, 1915; and in case of its failure to plead or answer adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of said petition.

And it is further ordered that this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 19th day of April, 1915, and that a copy of this order be mailed to the said alleged bankrupt at its last known place of business, No. 333 Washington Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the date of the first publication.

Dated New York City, April 12th, 1915.
A. G., Jr. LEONARD HAND, D. J.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—KNIGHT and SMITH and FREDERICK S. HAMM, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Frederick S. Hamm, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 13th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 24th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 17th, 1915.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHNSTON, ELLIOTT & CO., INC., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, April 19th, 1915, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at Lawrence Son & Gerrish, Inc., 206-9 South St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of 18 bbls. Peters Cocoa containing 3600 lbs., 17 bbls. Royal Cocoa containing 2975 lbs., 150 bundles 1 M-20, 75 bundles 2 M-12, 24 bundles 2 M-10, 38 bundles 4 M-4, 74 bundles 2 M-7, 29 bundles 2 M-4. STANLEY M. ISAACS, Trustee.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee,
Woolworth Bldg., City.
J. GARFIELD MOSES, Attorney for Trustee,
52 William St., New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21,502.—In Bankruptcy.—MORRIS LEHNER, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said Morris Lehner are hereby given notice that on April 9th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, April 30, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Situations Wanted Male
Fifteen cents an agate line.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Balances, audits, $5 monthly, upward; books systematized, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 2351.

ACCOUNTANCY. — Experienced accountant prepares and audits balance sheets; systematizes accounts; supervises payments; writes up confidential books. C 68 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, (20;) typist, office assistant; 2½ years' experience; reference. Maurice Feigenson, 3,394 Boulevard, Jersey City.

AUDITOR.—(25,) Three years with public accountants, desires position as office manager or head bookkeeper; references. M 231 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, 24, experience seven years, capable of taking full charge; understands controlling account, balance sheet, trial balances, financial statements, &c. W. S. Phillips, 612 5th Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (25;) understands credits; correspondent; also stenographer; thoroughly experienced; highly indorsed; salary $18. Rosenfeld, 201 Clinton St., City.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER; statistical work; typist; all-around office man; experience 12 years; married; 31; excellent references. N 219 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (double entry,) correspondent, credit man, bill clerk, notary public; thoroughly experienced; married; excellent references; reasonable salary. N 153 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER. — (20;) thoroughly experienced; able, clean-cut American; $15. M 274 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright, reliable, Christian boy; good reference. Address N 259 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, &c.—Couple; English; Butler and chambermaid, or any position of trust; highest references of character and ability. F. R., 319 West 33d St.

CHAUFFEUR, COACHMAN.—Italian, Rome; long private service; experience; city or country; best references. Address Louis Rezzi, care Di Stefano, 427 West 54th St., N. Y. C.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, single, careful driver, 7 years' experience, own repairs, wages moderate, wishes private position; references. S 80 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Expert mechanic, competent driver, 12 years' excellent references; strictly sober, honest, reliable; single. Michael, 342 West 55th.

CLERICAL.—Ambitious young man (25) desires responsible position; understands office work thoroughly; good penman; accurate at figures; knowledge of bookkeeping; typist; not afraid of work; 5 years last position; excellent references; moderate salary to start. S 42 Times.

COUPLE.—Man and wife wish positions on farm; man handy with tools, wife plain cook. Poppe, 15 Manhattan St.

FARMER AND GARDENER — Experienced in all branches; expert poultry man; all farm machinery; good milker; horses, cows, all farm stock, flowers, lawns, roads; by American brought up on large farm in this State. Boyce, 149 East 33d St., City.

SALESMEN, experienced in industrial life or health and accident insurance; salary and commission; also men to devote part time at highest commissions. Continental Casualty Company, 200 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman and office man, 24; neat appearance; convincing talker; 7 years last firm; highest references. N 245 Times Downtown.

SEARCHER, expert, familiar foreign languages, patents, dyestuffs, wants work. Maurice, care of Schoenbaum, Candler Building, New York.

STENOGRAPHER, (28,) experienced clerk and stenographer, desires position; best references. M 369 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner; American boy; intelligent worker; good penman; $8. N 270 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER.—4 years' experience; references; $12. Moore, 1,764 1st Av.

USEFUL MAN, 30; single; steady; sober; willing; references. Fisher, 50 W. 12th St.

YOUNG BUSINESS MAN,
strong on selling, formerly manager, sound business experience, capable inside man, desires connection with manufacturing concern. L 24 Times.

YOUNG COUPLE, one child, want work in country; wife cook, laundress; man porter, fireman. Golden, 241 West 67th St.

YOUNG MAN, 25, traveling salesman, desires responsible position in city; best references given; selling ability. W 174 Times.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping, seeks business connection. W. B., 85 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position at anything; five years' references. N 276 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position experienced general clerk, collector real estate experience; moderate salary. R 604 West 146th.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires evening vocation; college education; bookkeeping, anything. S 82 Times.

WATCHMAN, packer, maker, penman, wants position; experienced, trustworthy; moderate salary. Address A. B., care of Boesswetter, 1,844 Arthur Av., Bronx.

Help Wanted, Male
Twenty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN WANTED
for a popular priced waist house; one who is thoroughly acquainted with the resident buyers of
NEW YORK CITY.
Exceptional opportunity to the right man; only those who can show references and refer to resident buyers need apply; salary or commission. Address
RESULTS, Box 345 Times Downtown.

MACHINE OPERATORS wanted; first-class operators on Jones & Lamson and Potter & Johnson turret lathes; also screw machine, vertical milling, horizontal boring mill, and Fox lathe hands; applicants must be experienced on high-grade and accurate work; state age and experience. The Locomobile Company of America, Bridgeport, Conn.

SALESMEN (3) to call on families in Brooklyn; salary and commission; permanent, and chance for advancement if satisfactory. Call, 9 to 10 A. M. only, N. Y. M. S. Co., 84 Broadway, Brooklyn, below Williamsburg Bridge Plaza.

BOOKKEEPER, CLERK.—Prominent Long Island country club wants bookkeeper-clerk; must be competent, experienced in hotel or club work, and of good bearing; permanent position if qualified. Address letter only S. B., 1,208, 37 Liberty St.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Young man, stenographer and bookkeeper, wanted; general assistant; manufacturing company; must be first class; state age, experience, present employment, salary, and nationality. N 249 Times Downtown.

CLERKS WANTED.
by New York Stock Exchange house, Clearing House clerks, assistant cashier, check clerk, bookkeeper, marking clerk. Write, giving experience and references. H 56 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Bright men will be instructed how to make big money selling bungalow sites, near water, Long Island; commission. Edwards, 41 Park Row.

SALESMEN.—High-grade specialty; willing worker; a rare opportunity for the right men; please call; commission. Aldrich, 41 Park Row.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, DISTRICT OF New Jersey.—In the matter of the LORENTZ IRON AND MACHINE WORKS, Bankrupt.—L. S. Sampson, Auctioneer, will sell today, Monday, April 19, at 3 P. M., on the premises, corner of Jersey Ave. and 16th St., Jersey City, personal property of the Bankrupt, consisting in part of Perkins engine lathes, Garvin drill presses, Perkins drill press, Frontier drill press, planer, 9 power bending rolls, Long and Alstatter punch, Cockburn punch, Long and Alstatter shears, large steam hammer, portable and platform forges, 80 h. p. boiler with stack, 25 h. p. engine, 12 h. p. vertical engine, air compressor and accessories, 5 ton traveling crane with chain hoist, 1 ton traveling crane with chain hoist, jib cranes with chain hoists, 100 tons of wrought, angle, flat, T, and channel iron, power hack saw, blower, emery wheel, &c.; rivets, bolts, fittings, &c.; fixtures, large safe, roll flat and bookkeeper's desks, typewriters, horse, wagon, harness, and in fact everything that goes to make a complete plant.
EUGENE W. LEAKE, Receiver,
239 Washington St., Jersey City.
BILDER & BILDER, Attorneys for Receiver,
Kinney Building, Broad Street, Newark.
GEORGE R. BEACH, Referee.
Auctioneer's Office, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City. Telephone 2087 Jersey City.
☞ Take Grove St. car from Jersey City Ferry to 16th St., walk 1 block west.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 21392.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ACME METAL CEILING CO., INC., Bankrupt.
Acme Metal Ceiling Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 31st, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on April 29th, 1915, at 2 P. M. Said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE,
April 17th, 1915. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21503.—In Bankruptcy.—ORVILLE E. SHORT, Bankrupt.
Orville E. Short was duly adjudicated bankrupt on April 6, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on April 29, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Lost and Found
Forty-five cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LIBERAL REWARD, April 16, gold watch and fob, lost Subway, engraved "E. O'C.," and fob engraved "E. M. O'C."; no questions asked. Phone 3878 John. M. O'Connor, 15 Dutch St.

LOST—Pelham; male chow dog, coal black, answers name Fang, April 9; $20 reward; no questions. Warland, 221 Corlels Av., Pelham.

$500 REWARD is offered for return of large diamond fleur-de-lis pin; lost Hotel Vanderbilt, Friday evening, April 9; no questions asked. Howard & Co., 5th Av. and 50th St.

LOST.—Amethyst link bracelet in neighborhood of 159th St. and St. Nicholas Av., Saturday. Reward if returned to Mrs. E. H. Randolph, 461 W. 159th St.

LOST—A lady's gold bracelet watch, in Moretti's, on 35th St., on Broadway to 42d St., name of Phelps and Perry on watch; reward. L. P. Dixon, 295 Fifth Av.

LOST—Saturday, centre of city, lady's gold expanding watch bracelet; monogram "R. T." on back; reward. S 77 Times.

Found.

FOUND—A gold monogrammed vanity case, jeweled monogram, Grand Central Station, April 15. Owner can have same by identification; letter only. Y 361 Times Annex.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

LOST—WHITE SCOTCH OR WEST HIGHLAND TERRIER; ANSWERS TO NAME OF BOBBIE; LAST SEEN IN NEIGHBORHOOD OF 50TH ST. AND 5TH AVE. $100 REWARD FOR RETURN TO 35 WEST 53D ST. AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED.

LOST.—53D AND 9TH AV., SMALL WHITE MALE POODLE. LIBERAL REWARD IF RETURNED, APT. 71, STANWOOD APARTMENTS, 321 WEST 55TH.

LOST—Saturday, dog, dachshund, brown, 8 months; reward. Spengler, 352 3d Av.

Public Notices
Forty-five cents an agate line.

THE HEIRS OF MARY DURKAN ENGLER are requested to communicate with F. J. Orfila, Hennen Building, New Orleans, La.

Business Opportunities
Forty-five cents an agate line.

MERCHANTS, ATTENTION!
A corporation that has the strongest financial backing is about to open a large public market in a new and handsome building, that is located in the very heart of a well-known shopping district, and within a stone's throw of a very congested residential section; they want a party to fill a large space with medium and cheap priced dry goods and wearing apparel of every description, and in lieu of rent, to pay a percentage on the gross receipts; they will furnish light, heat, elevator service, cleaning and advertising free of charge; absolutely a certain success is assured with no risk whatever; if there is a live merchant, either wholesale or retail, who is looking for a big outlet, write at once making an appointment. H 54 Times Annex.

A stock of unmounted pearls and mounted pearls and diamonds, of the value of over $25,000, will be offered for sale to the highest bidder on behalf of a client; sealed bids for the said property will be received and opened at our office, 320 Broadway, on Monday, April 19, 1915, at 2 P. M. Every bid must be accompanied by a certified check of at least 10% of the amount of the bid.
The said property may be inspected at our office on Friday, the 16th, and Saturday, the 17th of April, 1915, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. H. & J. J. Lesser, Attorneys for Vendor.

SUMMER BUNGALOW COLONIES,
established several years, offer critical investors opportunity in its
HIGHLY PROFITABLE BUSINESS.
$10 TO $10,000 INVESTED NOW
will return large dividends.
Write for particulars.
McCOURT BROS., INC.
South Beach, Staten Island, N. Y.

Large, high-class gown manufacturing and dressmaking business for sale near to New York; handsome premises, prosperous business; every equipment; fine class of operators; large quantity of orders on hand; would suit single lady looking for paying business; easy to handle; cash required about $2,000. Box Y 363 Times Annex.

Rare opportunity; active man, with $15,000, to become interested going and well-established manufacturing business; valuable contract and orders on hand. L 13 Times.

Prosperous manufacturing business desires treasurer; Dun's, Bradstreet's references; investment required. Y 355 Times Annex.

Complete cloak and suit factory for sale, including 16 machines. S 84 Times.

Business Notices
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Jewelry.

Diamonds; jewels at wholesale prices; resetting, repairing quickly and reasonable. E. J. Feitel, 7 W. 45th St.—Sells, Buys, Appraises.

Diamonds at Wholesale.—Bought, sold, and appraised. M. J. Averbeck, 10 Maiden Lane.

Business Loans.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manufacturers' and wholesalers' outstanding accounts financed, notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

Printing and Multigraphing
Forty-five cents an agate line.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000 $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,005.

Purchase and Exchange
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Cash paid immediately for pawntickets, diamonds, pearls, gold, silver, platinum. Bank references, established 1895. Bryant 4684. BENJAMIN'S, 1,584 Broadway, bet. 47th and 48th Sts. Opposite the Strand Theatre.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ARTHUR L. BRAUS, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that the trustee herein will sell certain assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of stock of ladies' suits, dresses, millinery, corsets and furs, and fixtures, now in premises, 10 East 14th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and certain fixtures now in premises 29 West 15th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and a 1914 seven passenger Chalmers touring automobile, now at the storage warehouse of P. Brady & Son Co., 554 West 58th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, as follows: Sealed written bids may be submitted to the trustees for the whole or any part of said property. Said bids must be accompanied by a deposit of cash or certified check for 10% of the amount of said bids. Said bids will be opened at the office of William H. Willis, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, on the 19th day of April, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. The trustee reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
The property may be inspected upon the premises on the 15th, 16th, and 17th days of April, 1915, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. For further particulars inquire of the undersigned.
You will further take notice that a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the said referee on the aforesaid date for the purpose of considering any bids which may be submitted, and to take such other and further action as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated New York, April 6th, 1915.
HENRY B. SINGER, Trustee,
55 Liberty Street, New York City.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
80 Beaver Street, New York City.
MAX D. STEUER, Attorney for Trustee, 42 Broadway, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment of GUSTAV KORN to HENRY LESSER for the benefit of creditors.
Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, will sell at public auction, at the debtor's place of business, No. 382 Bleecker Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, this day, the 19th day of April, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., property herein, consisting of a stock of dry goods, ladies' and gents' furnishings, hardware and crockery, and fixtures, including National cash register, shelving, and counters.
This property can be inspected on April 16th and 17th, 1915, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. The assignee reserves the right to withdraw any property from sale or reject any and all bids.
Dated New York, April 9th, 1915.
HENRY LESSER, Assignee.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Assignee, 320 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21,240.—In Bankruptcy.—HIGGINS & SEITER, Bankrupt.
Creditors of said HIGGINS & SEITER are hereby given notice that on April 17, 1915, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, April 29, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, April 17, 1915.

SUNDAY'S TEMPLE IS NOW PAID FOR

In Two Weeks Collections Come to $14,946, Which Is More Than the Building Cost.

HE TALKS TO 12,000 MEN

"Ma" Sunday Addresses Three Women's Meetings—Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont at Evening Service.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., April 18.—The Billy Sunday Tabernacle is now paid for, that is the cost of purchasing material and erecting the building has been realized in the collections taken at the services. Today's collections, amounting in all to $2,834.67, brought the grand total to $14,946.81, and the tabernacle cost the Sunday committee $14,000. Sunday's first service for men only was held this afternoon, and to use Sunday's own words, it was "one of the best and most enthusiastic gatherings of men that I ever preached to."

More than 12,000 men crowded the tabernacle when the evangelist spoke on "When Chickens Come Home to Roost." More than 2000 men were turned away. Sunday was 'phoned for at 1:30 and en minutes later he arrived in the automobile and started on his sermon. At his invitation a greater part of the men removed their coats and Billy preached the sermon with neither collar or coat.

Before he had talked fifteen minutes his shirt was dripping with perspiration, and when the sermon was over he was tired out. The success of the first men's meeting prompted Sunday to announce that on next Sunday both the afternoon and evening services would be for men only.

The anarchists who are coming to Paterson tomorrow night were scored by the evangelist when he said that if the world lost faith the red, white, and blue of the star spangled banner would dissolve into the red of blood. "That means anarchy," shouted the evangelist. "When anarchy gets nto power that means the end of the world."

"I'm going to sacrifice my own preferences and talk plain," he sad in introducng his subject. He attacked the cry of "personal liberty," saying: "I occasionally hear a man say, 'it's nobody's business how I live'; then I say he is the most dirty, low-down, whisky-soaked, beer-guzzling, bull-necked, foul-mouthed hypocrt that ever had a brain rotten enough to conceive such a statement and lips vle enough to utter it."

He called upon the men to see to their children when they were young, saying that the time to teach and guide was during youth.

In the evening 10,000 people heard Sunday preach on the text "What Shall I Do with Jesus?" He called upon the people to repent their sins and accept the Lord. He shouted, "Some people say that they're too good for hell and too bad for heaven, and they try to force the moral issue. God doesn't keep any halfway house. It's heaven or hell for everybody."

While Sunday was busy at the tabernacle in the afternoon "Ma" Sunday was talking to women at the Regent Theatre, with overflow meetings at the Y. M. C. A. and the First Baptist Church. In the Regent Theatre there were 2,400 women, in the Y. M. C. A. 600, and in the church 450. During these meetings there were fifty-seven "trail-hitters," although the "trails" in these instances were either the theatre aisle or the chruch aisle.

Trail-hitting was in evidence at all three tabernacle services, and the total who took Sunday by the hand was 1,016. Of these 413 were men at the afternoon men's meeting. At the morning meeting there were 220 persons, and in the evening 403 came forward. This makes a total of trail-hitters for four days of 2,263, and Billy expressed himself as more than pleased with the results tonight.

The evangelist attracted his first newspaper man in the Paterson campaign up the golry trail tonight when Irving Bacon, dramatic critic on The Newark Evening Star, stepped from the press box at the side of the platform, and, taking his wife with him, grasped the evangelist by the hand and took his place with the converts on the benches.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont of New York and Miss Belle Storey, the actress, were on the platform during the evening service. Under questioning on suffrage along with her opinion of the evangelist, Mrs. Belmont said, "Oh, I don't want to talk of suffrage now, this is so much a greater thing." Miss Storey said that she was deeply impressed by Sunday. Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs was with Mrs. Belmont.

Besides attending the ministers' meeting at the Calvary Baptist Church, New York, tomorow, Sunday's party may attend the baseball game during the afternoon at the Polo Grounds. He said today that he would like to "take a slant" at the players again, and would certainly see the game if he had time.

SUNDAY'S THE NEW RELIGION.

Dr. Holmes Says He Marks the Eclipse of Faith by Morality.

The Rev. John Haynes Holmes, pastor of the Church of the Messiah, preaching yesterday on "The Religion of Tomorrow," said in part:

"It is interesting to note that the Rev. 'Billy' Sunday, who seems to hate Unitarians so cordially, is, as a matter of fact, one of the most ardent exponents of their interpretation of religion. Mr. Sunday's crusade has, of course, all the outward characteristics of the orthodox revivals of the past. All this, however, is merely on the surface. He who thinks that 'Billy' Sunday is a reincarnation of Whitefield or Evans, and this revival only a duplication on a somewhat larger and more vulgar scale of the great revivals of the past, is deceiving himself.

"The one thing which is most remarkable about this movement, to my mind, is the extraordinary fact that here, amid all these old-fashioned surroundings, there is being preached the new truth of modern liberalism—that religion finds its true expression in the moral life.

"'Billy' Sunday thinks he is absolutely faithful to the 'old-time religion.' Nothing would shock him more than to be told that he is a triumphant representative of that very Unitarianism which he attacks with such bitterness and hate. He uses all the old phrases, plays all the old tricks, handles all the old paraphernalia, and does it a little more effectively, perhaps, than it has ever been done before, but at the bottom his work, all the same, is not theology, not conversion, not faith in Christ as the Son of God, not acceptance of the Cross, but plain, matter of fact, everyday morality.

"The one thing that 'Billy' Sunday seems to be genuinely interested in is getting people to be decent. He ridicules, denounces, insults those who declare that conduct and character are the great things. He asserts with unexampled picturesqueness of phrase that belief in Christ and Him crucified is the only road to salvation, but all this seems to be mere sound and fury, signifying nothing.

"What he realy cares about, as I have said, is to get people to be decent, to be good parents, to be honest citizens, to be clean in their personal life, to stop drinking, to cut out frivolity and selfish indulgence, to pay their bills, to care for their homes, to destroy the liquor traffic, to clean up the town.

"All this means that the Rev. 'Billy' Sunday is not orthodox at all. Judged from the old-time standpoint he is a heretic of the heretics. In spite of all his ignorance, shocking vulgarity, and wild denunciation of the advocates of liberalism, this man is himself a liberal and a standing proof of the fact that the old religion of faith is gone and the new religion of plain morality is come."

HER MIND SUDDENLY BLANK.

Girl Forgets Name and Address in Street and Appeals to Policeman.

Special to The New York Times.

UNION HILL, N. J., April 18.—While Patrolman Louis Spanford was walking along Bergenline Avenue, near Third Street, this afternoon, a young woman about 22 years old, asked him if he could tell here where she was. She had become ill suddenly while on a trolley car, she said, and could not remember her name or address.

Spanford saw that the young woman was hysterical, and took her to a drug store, and later to North Hudson Hospital. A card in the pocket of her jacket bore the name of Charles Haight, an employe of William Necker, an undertaker in Union Hill. Haight identified the girl as Miss Marion C. Dick, and said that she lived with a Mrs. Young at 26 Horatio Street New York. He believed, he said, that she had relatives in Union Hill, and he had seen her here several times, but not recently.

Miss Dick's condition improved quickly after her removal to the hospital, but her memory did not return. Physicians said that they believed she was suffering from amnesia. Her relatives were notified.

DEBATE TO SETTLE STRIKE.

Summit, N. J., Committee to Hear Arguments on Both Sides.

Special to The New York Times.

SUMMIT, N. J., April 18.—The committee appointed by Mayor Francis H. Bergen to try and settle the strike of employes at the Summit Silk Mills Company held its first meeting last night at the City Hall and heard the mill owners' side. All the members were present.

Paul Gerli, President of the company; Paul F. Dorgevil, Superintendent, and Harry C. Compton, Assistant Superintendent, were heard. The causes leading to the strike as far as the company was concerned were reviewed by Mr. Gerli. The strikers' side will be heard by the committee Monday night. Henry Twombly will look after their interests. In a statement given out after the meeting, the committee expressed the hope of settling the strike by hearing each side separately and in private.

"If no settlement can be reached each side will be given time to answer points given by the other," the committee added.

It is not expected that a decision will be reached before a week or ten days.

CLINIC APPEALS FOR FUNDS.

$7,000 Required to Support Bellevue Tuberculosis Work.

The Woman's Auxiliary to the Bellevue Hospital Tuberculosis Clinic, at 419 East Twenty-sixth Street, which is responsible for the care of all the consumptives between Fourteenth and Forty-second Streets and Fourth Avenue and the East River, has had greater needs in recent months than its financial resources can meet. Mrs. William Willis Reese of 103 East Thirty-seventh Street, Treasurer of the Clinic, says contributions have decreased in the last nine months, and $7,000 is required to meet the deficiency. Mrs. Reese, to whom contributions may be sent, says:

"The health and happiness of nearly 4,000 consumptives who will come under the care of the clinic this year are involved in the problem of raising funds immediately. The Woman's Auxiliary supplements the work of the Bellevue Tuberculosis Clinic by maintaining social service work at the Clinic, by cooperation in the work of a day and night camp for consumptives, a garden for children who are predisposed to the disease, and a playground and a settlement house, on the roof of which the patients find accommodations of an open-air sanitarium."

Dr. James Alexander Miller, Director of the Bellevue Tuberculosis Clinic, points out that the work is both preventive and curative.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Conditions and general forecast:

The pressure is relatively low over all parts of the country, readings being below thirty inches generally except in the Ohio Valley and on the Georgia coast. A prominent feature of the map Sunday night was the abnormally warm weather over practically all parts of the country except the Southern Rocky Mountain region. Another feature was the heavy rainfall, 6.72 inches, attended by a thunder storm, hail, and high winds at San Antonio, Texas. Local rains were also reported from the Rocky Mountain region and Texas. The indications are that the weather will be generally fair during Monday and Tuesday over practically all parts of the country. The temperature will rise in the Southern Rocky Mountain region, and it will change little elsewhere.

Winds for Monday and Tuesday: North Atlantic, fresh to strong northwest and west; Middle, Atlantic, moderate west; South Atlantic, moderate variable.

FORECASTS FOR TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Northern and Southern New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Western Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, Kansas, West Virginia, Ohio, Western Pennsylvania, Western New York—Fair and warmer Monday. Tuesday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	52	49	4 P. M.	62	68
6 A. M.	52	45	6 P. M.	63	67
9 A. M.	59	52	9 P. M.	60	62
12 M.	64	60	11 P. M.	60	59

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 56, for the corresponding date last year it was 58; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 49.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 47, at 8 P. M. it was 65. Maximum temperature 68 degrees at 3 P. M., minimum 45 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity 51 per cent. at 8 A. M., 26 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.96 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.78 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
10:30—197 St. bet. B'way and Ft. Washington Av.; C. K. G. Billings	None
11:10—180 St. and Monterey Av.; Van Bueren & Co.	Slight
11:30—1,601 Jerome Av.; Wm. Mead	Slight
11:30—80 W. 90 St.; Alma Schmitt	Slight
P. M.	
1:20—B'way opp. Arden St.; not given	None
1:25—880-9 Av.; Adolph Hirsch	$15
1:30—337-339 E 94 St.; Mr. Goldberg	Slight
3:10—2,091 Prospect Av.; Harry Feelman	Slight
3:10—153 Orchard St.; Sam'l Honic	Slight
5:25—901 1 Av.; J. Guth	Slight
5:45—N. End of Van Cortlandt Park, W side of Jerome Av.; not given	None
6:00—222-4 5 Av.; E. J. Dickson	Slight
6:50—859 Southern Bvd.; not given	None
7:00—Riverside Drive, bet. 185 and 186 Sts.; not given	None
7:20—215 St. and 9 Av.; not given	Not given
7:25—119 West 106 St.; Amelia K. Lamp	Slight
7:40—63 Columbia St.; I. Rosenfeldt	Slight
8:25—33 St. at 7 Av.; Mason, Seaman, (auto)	Slight
8:30—340 E. 34 St.; F. Gorino	Slight
8:55—1,545 Fulton Av.; M. Weinraub	Slight
9:15—236 W. 37 St.; McCall Packing Co.	Slight
9:20—815 E. 161 St.; Sam'l Greenberg	Slight
9:50—2,235 Bway.; A. G. Mandaniels	Slight
10:00—2,276 3 Av.; Irving Hat Co.	Slight
10:30—63 Mangin St.; not given	Slight

ADVERTISEMENT.

"RADNOR"
THE NEW
ARROW
COLLAR
2 for 25 Cents

DOCK HEAD DEFENDS HIS RIVERSIDE PLANS

Commissioner Smith Says He Has Been Misrepresented by West Side Association.

DENIES FAVORING RAILROAD

Issues Illustrated Pamphlet to Show Contemplated Changes Would Beautify Waterfront.

Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith made a reply yesterday to the report presented to the Public Service Commission of the Legislature by a special committee of the West End Association, in which the Dock Commissioner is charged with "dereliction of duty and attempts at commercialization of the Riverside waterfront in contravention of the wishes and desires of the community." The statement of Commissioner Smith, which he terms is "in rebuttal" of the accusations of the committee and of the injunction suit brought by the association to restrain him from constructing a building for the Department of Street Cleaning at Seventy-seventh Street and North River for shipping refuse and garbage, is issued in connection with an illustrated pamphlet, printed at his own expense.

"The charges are made against the present and past Dock Commissioners," said he. "I may with propriety speak for the present Commissioner of Docks. I may even defend him, and I say that much time and expense has been wasted by the committee and its learned counsel in loading up the record with irrelevant, incompetent and immaterial matter.

"The Commissioner admits that he paid little or no attention to the west side plans during the last six months of 1913, and is ready for any sentence the court may impose for devoting that much time and effort to conserve the commerce of this port and for securing valuable and profitable leases for the city involving millions of dollars of new construction without calling on the city for any financial aid.

"The Commissioner fully recognized the great value and important factor that the railroads were to the commerce of the port, and without impairing the requirements of maritime trade, present or future, gave the railroads prompt and fair treatment, without which this city could not properly conserve its commerce."

At the request of the Mayor, Commissioner Smith said, he had carefully reviewed the most vital questions involved in the port problem, the Brooklyn Municipal Marginal Railroad plans, the elimination of the Eleventh Avenue surface tracks, and readjustment of the technical and physical questions involved in the New York Central west side tracks.

"This study called for impartial consideration and practical, not theoretical, treatment," he holds:

In addition to the improvement to the neighborhood by the construction of the proposed building for the Street Cleaning Department at Seventy-seventh Street, he asserts, it would result in a saving of $10,000 a year to the city, which is now paid to a private contractor for maintaining the nuisance of an open dumping place. The structure would be artistic and available for recreation purposes for mothers and children.

"The misrepresentation to which the Commissioner has been subjected in this matter," continued Mr. Smith, "is typical, and he is prepared to bear it resignedly."

Photographs taken by the committee are reproduced by Commissioner Smith in his pamphlet, and on the opposite pages he presents photographs of his drawings, which show how the conditions complained of will be removed when his proposed improvements are made. The photograph of the Riverside Park waterfront at Seventy-second Street taken by the committee, charging that "filling in of land there is for railroad purposes," is contradicted by the photograph of the Commissioner's improvement plans on the opposite page, in which is depicted Riverside Park extending over and concealing the railway tracks in an enclosed tunnel, with sidewalks and park roads on top of the tunnel and a street and marginal walk between the tunnel viaduct and the river.

The improvements for banishing the unsightly street cleaning plants are shown in similar form, the plans throughout providing for extension of the present space of Riverside Park to the water line of the North River. The Commissioner concludes:

"The main running tracks of the railroad are completely hidden and no more of a nuisance than similar tracks under Park Avenue, and at the same time furnish the city with a most attractive esplanade, not to be equalled in any city in the world."

IN NEW JERSEY.

HACKENSACK—The strange disappearance of Constable George Rockelein of Lodi Township, near here, who left home on April 12, is causing considerable worry to his wife and members of the family. It is feared that he may have been the victim of some person whom he arrested.

HACKENSACK—When H. G. Glatz of 107 Clinton Place, Hackensack, returned home shortly after midnight Sunday, he found burglars had been busy and all his silverware gone. His loss may reach $300.

HACKENSACK—Two barns on the estate of the late ex-Mayor Hugh J. Grant at Oradell, near here, were destroyed by a grass fire yesterday. The loss was $4,000.

HACKENSACK—The barn of John B. Van Dien on West Ridgewood Avenue, Ridgewood, was destroyed by fire yesterday. The flames set fire to the Duffy flats, destroying a Chinese laundry and the rear of the jewelry store owned by Bertram Weber. The loss was estimated at $5,000.

ORANGE.—Many charter members and some original officers attended the special services at All Saint's Church, Orange, yesterday in observance of the thirtieth anniversary of the parish. The Rev. William Richmond, S. T. B., rector honorarius and founder of the parish, was unable to deliver the anniversary sermon, as he is at present at Summerville, S. C.

PLAINFIELD.—Suspected of being responsibl efor a fire which destroyed the large barn, outbuildings, a team of horses, a cow, and 150 chickens owned by Charles Kelley of Oaktree at midnight Saturday, William Shoemaker, 45 years old, was arrested yesterday at his home near South Plainfield and is being held for a hearing Monday.

ELIZABETH.—Miss Henrietta K. Koechlein of Westfield arrived here yesterday after completing six months' hospital service at Paugnton, South Devon, England. During Miss Koechlein's stay there more than 1,200 wounded soldiers were treated, of whom only two died.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..5:17 | Sun sets..6:42 | Moon sets..12:00

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:39	10:58	4:50	4:35
Governors Island	10:51	11:03	5:29	5:12
Hell Gate	12:41	12:53	7:09	6:52

Arrived—Sunday, April 18.

SS St. Paul, Liverpool, April 10.
SS Glenmay, Marseilles, March 24.
SS City, Nice, April 19.
SS Helena, Rotterdam, March 27.
SS Roma, Port Arthur, April 7.
SS Satilla, Jacksonville, April 15.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Duca degli Abruzzi	Gibraltar	April 16
Ryndyk	Port Talbot	Mar. 31
Kelbergen	Hull	Mar. 31
Ryswyck	Rotterdam	Mar. 30
Themistocles	Piraeus	Mar. 31
Devon City	Shields	Mar. 31
Ghazee	Hull	April 1
Grigorios Anghelatos	London	April 2
Posillipo	Genoa	April 1
Lewis Luckenbach	Balboa	April 8
Kasama	Gibraltar	April 6
Queen Margaret	London	April 15
Vard	Rotterdam	April 1
Tuscania	Liverpool	April 11
Arundo	Rotterdam	April 2
Purus	Rio Janeiro	Mar. 31
Brazos	San Juan	April 14
Bermudian	Bermuda	April 17
Pastores	Port Limon	April 11
Grayson	San Juan	April 14
Tivives	Santiago	April 14
El Occidente	Galveston	April 13
Alamo	Tampa	April 14
DUE TOMORROW.		
Oscar II	Copenhagen	April 8
Roma	Azores	April 12
Indrawadi	Huelva	April 5
Havana	Nassau	April 17
Comus	New Orleans	April 15
John D. Rockefeller	New Orleans	April 13
Alamo	Mobile	April 13
Nueces	Galveston	April 14
Touraine	Havre	April 13
Honduras	Vera Cruz	April 12
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Samland	London	April 10
Tonawanda	London	April 7
Carlo	Gibraltar	April 7
Norhilda	Tyne	April 5
Honduras	P'to Cortez	April 13
Lenape	Jacksonville	April 18
El Alba	Galveston	April 15
DUE THURSDAY.		
Pannonia	St. Nazaire	April 11
Stanley	Algiers	April 7
Falstria	Clyde	April 6
Lapland	Liverpool	April 14
Rotterdam	Rotterdam	April 14
Wacousta	Las Palmas	April 6
Zacapa	Santa Marta	April 13
Antilles	New Orleans	April 17
Huron	Jacksonville	April 19
DUE FRIDAY.		
Lusitania	Liverpool	April 17
Allianca	Cristobal	April 17
Zulia	San Juan	April 17
City of St. Louis	Jacksonville	April 20
El Sol	Galveston	April 17
DUE SATURDAY.		
New York	New York	April 17
Rinaldo	Hull	April 9
Franklin	Gibraltar	April 9
Comanche	Liverpool	April 12
Mohawk	Jacksonville	April 21

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Orduna, Liverpool	1:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Ryndam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hungarian Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Dagland, Sonta Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Tellus, Montevideo	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Sergipe, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Sant' Anna, Marseilles	———	3:00 P.M.
El Mundo, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Adriatic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Caracas, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Jamestown, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
United States, Christiansand	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Panama, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Santa Clara, Havana	———	12:00 M.
Paloma, Caibarien	———	12:00 M.
El Sud, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Sao Paulo, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Guantanamo, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Duca degli Abruzzi, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
St. Paul, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Touraine, Havre	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Verdi, Rio Janeiro	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Mexico, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pastores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hellenes, Argentina	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Eastern Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Tuscania, Glasgow	———	12:00 M.
Nueces, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Grayson, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

SHIPS REPORTED BY WIRELESS.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, passed Galveston Bar at 7:50 P. M. 17th.
SS Zulia left Mayaguez for New York at 3:30 P. M. 17th.
SS Monterey, Vera Cruz to New York, was 245 miles E. of Vera Cruz at 7 P. M. 17th.
SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 285 miles S. E. of Mississippi Bar at noon.
SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, was 15 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS J. D. Rockefeller, Baton Rouge to New York, was 186 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Dia, New Orleans to New York, was 76 miles S. E. of South Pass at 6 P. M.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah to New York, was 131 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Illinois, Port Arthur to New York, was 235 miles S. of Hatteras at noon.
SS Alamo, Mobile to New York, was 345 miles S. of Hatteras at noon.
SS Mexico, Havana to New York, was 735 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS El Sol, Galveston to New York, was 315 miles S. E. of Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.
SS Cherokee, Georgetown to New York, was 257 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 232 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Satilla, Jacksonville to New York, was 193 miles S. at noon.
SS Comet, New Orleans to New York, was 128 miles S. at noon.
SS Brazos, San Juan to New York, was 188 miles S. at noon.
SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was 114 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Radiant, Sabine to New York, was 60 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Rio Grande, Brunswick to New York, was 60 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Pastores, Limon to New York, was 20 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Keene, Belfast to New York, was 80 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 26 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS J. D. Archbold, New Orleans to New York, was 118 miles S. at noon.

Suicide was Robert H. Spencer.

The body of a man who committed suicide on Thursday in the Hotel Chelsea, and had registered as A. B. North of Chicago, was yesterday identified as that of Robert R. Spencer of 210 N Street, Washington, D. C. Mr. Spencer was identified by his mother-in-law, Mrs. Louise M. Hood.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Potsdam, at Falmouth, April 17.
SS Tenadores, at Colon, April 18.
SS Gryfevale, at Newcastle, N. S. W., April 16.
SS Westerdyk, at Maasluis, April 17.

Sailed.

SS Carolyn, from Colon, April 18.
SS Kelvinhead, from Buenos Aires, April 16.

Passed.

SS Giovanni G., New York for Venice, passed Sagres.
SS Oosterdyk, New York for Rotterdam, passed Isle of Wight.
SS Crios, New York for Rotterdam, passed Prawle Point.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. April 24, SS St. Paul.
France—Close at 11 A. M. April 24, SS Touraine.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. May 1, SS Canopic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. April 28, SS Themistocles.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. April 19, SS Bassam.
Netherlands—Close at 7:30 A. M. April 20, SS Ryndam.
Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Close at 7:30 A. M. April 20, SS Ryndam.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. April 22, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. April 24, SS Duca degli Abruzzi.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Siberia	April 19
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	April 22
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Marama	April 23
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Chicago Maru	April 25
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Chuzo Maru	April 26
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	April 30

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Thurs. at 8:15. Fidelio. Kurt, Schumann; Sembach, Braun, Goritz, Reiss. Cond., Hertz.
Fri. at 8:15. Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Scotti, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
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